
pysisyphus Documentation

Release 0.7.6.post2

Johannes Steinmetzer

Jun 17, 2022

CONTENTS:

1	Overview of pysisyphus	3
1.1	Entry points	4
1.1.1	pysis	4
1.1.2	pysisplot	4
1.1.3	pysistrj	5
1.2	Available calculators	5
1.2.1	Excited state capabilities	5
1.2.2	Ground states capabilities	5
1.2.3	Pure python calculators & Wrappers	5
1.3	Available algorithms	6
1.3.1	Chain Of States Methods	6
1.3.2	Chain Of States Optimizer	6
1.3.3	Transition state optimization	6
1.3.4	Intrinsic Reaction Coordinate integrators	6
1.4	Additional remarks	7
2	Installation	9
2.1	Preparing an environment	9
2.2	Installation from PyPI with pip	9
2.3	Installation from source	10
2.4	Setting up .pysisyphusrc	10
2.5	Example runpsi4.sh	12
2.6	Example runmopac.sh	12
2.7	Verifying Installation	12
3	Installation via Nix	13
3.1	Prerequisites	13
3.2	Caching	13
3.3	Usage	14
4	Worked example	15
5	Coordinate Systems	27
5.1	Supported Coordinate Systems	27
5.1.1	Cartesian Coordinates	27
5.1.2	Redundant Internal Coordinates	27
5.1.3	Delocalized Internal Coordinates (DLC)	28
5.1.4	Translation & Rotation Internal Coordinates (TRIC)	28
5.2	Supported File Formats	28
5.2.1	Z-Matrix example	28

5.3	YAML Input	29
5.3.1	Inline input	29
5.3.2	Types of Primitive Coordinates	29
5.3.3	Define Additional Primitives	31
5.3.4	Freeze Atoms	31
5.3.5	Constraints	32
5.3.6	Isotopes	32
5.4	Geometry & RedundantCoords	33
5.5	Related Literature	43
6	Calculators	45
6.1	YAML input	45
6.2	Calculator base classes	46
6.3	OverlapCalculator base class	50
6.4	Calculators with Excited state capabilities	53
6.4.1	Gaussian09	53
6.4.2	Gaussian16	53
6.4.3	OpenMolcas	55
6.4.4	ORCA 4.2.1 / 5.0.1	56
6.4.5	PySCF 1.7.6	58
6.4.6	Turbomole 7.x	58
6.4.7	DFTB+ 20.x	60
6.5	Calculators with Ground state capabilities	61
6.5.1	MOPAC 2016	61
6.5.2	Psi4	62
6.5.3	QCEngine	62
6.5.4	XTB 6.x	62
6.5.5	Dalton	64
6.5.6	OpenBabel	65
6.6	Meta (wrapping) Calculators	65
6.6.1	ExternalPotential	65
6.6.2	Restraint	65
6.6.3	HarmonicSphere	66
6.6.4	LogFermi	66
6.6.5	AFIR	66
6.6.6	ONIOM	68
6.6.7	Dimer	70
6.7	Pure Python calculators	71
6.7.1	Sympy 2D Potentials	71
6.7.2	Lennard-Jones	72
6.7.3	FakeASE	73
6.7.4	TIP3P	73
7	Minimization	75
7.1	YAML Example	76
7.2	Convergence Thresholds	77
7.3	Available Optimizers	78
8	Minimization with Microiterations	85
8.1	YAML input	86
8.2	Example using pysisyphus' ONIOM	87
8.3	Example with sockets & i-PI-protocol	89
9	Relaxed Scans	93

10	Excited State Optimization	95
10.1	YAML Example	95
10.2	Optimization of Conical Intersections	97
11	Chain Of States Methods	99
11.1	String method	99
11.2	Nudged Elastic Band	99
11.3	General remarks	100
11.4	YAML example(s)	100
11.5	General advice for COS optimizations	102
11.6	Chain Of States base class	102
11.7	Chain Of State Methods	104
11.7.1	Nudged Elastic Band (NEB)	104
11.7.2	Adaptive NEB	105
11.7.3	Free-End NEB	106
11.7.4	Simple Zero-Temperature String	106
11.8	Growing Chain Of States base class	106
11.9	Growing Chain Of State Methods	106
11.9.1	Growing String Method	106
12	Transition State Optimization	109
12.1	Hessian Based TS Optimization	109
12.1.1	YAML example	109
12.2	Dimer Method	111
12.2.1	YAML example	111
12.3	General advice for TS optimizations	112
12.4	TS-HessianOptimizer base class	112
12.5	TS-Optimizer using hessian information	113
12.5.1	Restricted-Step Partitioned-RFO	113
12.5.2	Restricted-Step Image-Function-RFO	114
12.5.3	Trust-Region Image-Function Method	114
12.6	TS-Optimization without hessian information	115
12.6.1	Dimer method	115
13	Intrinsic Reaction Coordinate (IRC)	117
13.1	YAML example(s)	117
13.2	IRC base class	118
13.3	IRC Integrators	120
13.3.1	Damped-Velocity-Verlet integrator	120
13.3.2	Euler integrator	121
13.3.3	Euler-Predictor-Corrector integrator	121
13.3.4	Gonzales-Schlegel-2 integrator	121
13.3.5	Local-Quadratic-Approximation integrator	122
13.3.6	Modified-Ishida-Morokuma-Komornicki integrator	122
13.3.7	Runge-Kutta-4 integrator	122
14	Plotting	123
14.1	Example - Diels-Alder reaction	123
14.1.1	Plotting optimization progress	123
14.1.2	Plotting COS optimization progress	126
14.1.3	Plotting TS-optimization progress	128
14.1.4	Plotting the Intrinsic Reaction Coordinate	130
14.2	Example - AFIR	130
14.3	Example - Excited State Tracking	132

15 Working with Geometries	135
16 pysisyphus	137
16.1 pysisyphus package	137
16.1.1 Subpackages	137
16.1.1.1 pysisyphus.benchmarks package	137
16.1.1.2 pysisyphus.calculators package	138
16.1.1.3 pysisyphus.cos package	196
16.1.1.4 pysisyphus.db package	203
16.1.1.5 pysisyphus.drivers package	204
16.1.1.6 pysisyphus.dynamics package	212
16.1.1.7 pysisyphus.intcoords package	218
16.1.1.8 pysisyphus.interpolate package	242
16.1.1.9 pysisyphus.io package	244
16.1.1.10 pysisyphus.irc package	247
16.1.1.11 pysisyphus.line_searches package	257
16.1.1.12 pysisyphus.modefollow package	261
16.1.1.13 pysisyphus.optimizers package	263
16.1.1.14 pysisyphus.plotters package	280
16.1.1.15 pysisyphus.stochastic package	280
16.1.1.16 pysisyphus.tests package	283
16.1.1.17 pysisyphus.tsoptimizers package	283
16.1.1.18 pysisyphus.wrapper package	286
16.1.2 Submodules	287
16.1.3 pysisyphus.Geometry module	287
16.1.4 pysisyphus.TableFormatter module	294
16.1.5 pysisyphus.TablePrinter module	295
16.1.6 pysisyphus.color module	295
16.1.7 pysisyphus.config module	295
16.1.8 pysisyphus.constants module	295
16.1.9 pysisyphus.elem_data module	295
16.1.10 pysisyphus.exceptions module	295
16.1.11 pysisyphus.filtertrj module	296
16.1.12 pysisyphus.helpers module	296
16.1.13 pysisyphus.helpers_pure module	297
16.1.14 pysisyphus.init_logging module	299
16.1.15 pysisyphus.linalg module	299
16.1.16 pysisyphus.pack module	300
16.1.17 pysisyphus.peakdetect module	300
16.1.18 pysisyphus.plot module	304
16.1.19 pysisyphus.run module	305
16.1.20 pysisyphus.socket_helper module	307
16.1.21 pysisyphus.testing module	307
16.1.22 pysisyphus.thermo module	307
16.1.23 pysisyphus.trj module	307
16.1.24 pysisyphus.version module	308
16.1.25 pysisyphus.xyzloader module	308
16.1.26 pysisyphus.yaml_mods module	309
16.1.27 Module contents	309
17 Indices and tables	311
Python Module Index	313
Index	317

pysisyphus is a software-suite for the exploration of potential energy surfaces in ground- and **excited states**. It implements several methods to search for stationary points (minima and first order saddle points) and the calculation of minimum energy paths by means of IRC and Chain of States methods like Nudged Elastic Band and Growing String. Furthermore it provides tools to easily analyze & modify geometries (aligning, translating, **interpolating**, ...) and to visualize the calculation results/progress.

The required energies, gradients and hessians are calculated by calling external quantum chemistry codes. *pysisyphus* can also be used as a library to implement custom quantum chemistry workflows.

If any issues arise please open an [issue](#) and I'll see if it can be fixed and my time permits it. Contrubtions are welcome, so feel free to submit a PR.

This software is still work in progress. Use at your own risk. Also take a look at the [license](#)

OVERVIEW OF PYSISYPHUS

pysisyphus is a software-suite for the exploration of potential energy surfaces in ground- and **excited states**. User input is read from YAML files, but it can also be used as a python library to set up custom workflows.

Below you can find a screencast of the transition state (TS) search for the famous alanine dipeptide isomerization at the *xtb* level of theory. It starts with pre-optimizations of the initial and final geometry, a subsequent growing string calculation in delocalized internal coordinates to generate a guess for the final TS optimization and with which it concludes.

```

14      0.000398      0.000109      0.008266      0.002214      0.1
Converged!

Final summary:
      max(forces,internal): 0.000398 hartree/(bohr,rad)
      rms(forces,internal): 0.000109 hartree/(bohr,rad)
      max(forces,cartesian): 0.000590 hartree/bohr
      rms(forces,cartesian): 0.000190 hartree/bohr
      energy: -32.97379138 hartree
Wrote final, hopefully optimized, geometry to 'last_prefinal_geometry.xyz'
Preoptimization of last geometry converged!
Saved final preoptimized structure to 'last_preopt.xyz'.

Read 2 geometries.
#####
# RUNNING GROWINGSTRING #
#####

Path with 2 moving images.
Spent 0.0 s preparing the first cycle.
cycle  max(force)  rms(force)  max(step)  rms(step)  s/cycle
  0      0.020646    0.004532    0.016517    0.003626    0.3
      String=2+2 HEI=03/04 (E_max-E_0)=15.3 kJ/mol
  1      0.054177    0.008406    0.043341    0.006724    0.5
      String=3+3 HEI=04/06 (E_max-E_0)=76.1 kJ/mol
  2      0.091448    0.011890    0.073159    0.009512    0.6
      String=4+4 HEI=04/08 (E_max-E_0)=161.8 kJ/mol

```

Besides being able to track excited states over the course of an optimization the idea of *pysisyphus* is to provide tools for handling the whole process of calculating reaction paths, starting from pre-optimizing the given input geometries for chain of states methods and ending with the hessian calculation on the optimized IRC endpoints.

1.1 Entry points

pysisyphus provides several entry points that can be called from the shell (command line). The available commands of the entry points can be queried with the `-h` or `--help` arguments:

```
# Run calculations (Minima optimization, TS search, IRC, NEB, GS, ...)
pysis
# Plotting of path-energies, optimization progress, IRC progress, etc ...
pysisplot
# Manipulate a .trj file or multiple .xyz files
pysistrj
```

1.1.1 pysis

Called with a YAML-input file. Simple and more complex examples can be found in the *examples* directory of this repository. Some common arguments are given below:

```
usage: pysis [-h] [--clean] --cp CP]
           [yaml]

positional arguments:
  yaml                Start pysisyphus with input from a YAML file.

optional arguments:
  --clean             Ask for confirmation before cleaning.
  --cp CP, --copy CP Copy .yaml file and corresponding geometries to a new
                    directory. Similar to TURBOMOLEs cpc command.
```

1.1.2 pysisplot

Visualization/plotting of the pysisyphus calculations. Some common arguments are given below:

```
usage: pysisplot (--cosforces | --cosens | --all_energies | --afir | --opt | --irc | --
↪overlaps)

optional arguments:
  --cosforces, --cf    Plot image forces along a COS.
  --cosens, --ce        Plot COS energies.
  --all_energies, -a    Plot ground and excited state energies from 'overlap_data.h5'.
  --afir               Plot AFIR and true -energies and -forces from an AFIR calculation.
  --opt                Plot optimization progress.
  --irc                Plot IRC progress.
  --overlaps, -o
```

1.1.3 pysistrj

Please see *pysistrj --help* for a list of available arguments.

1.2 Available calculators

1.2.1 Excited state capabilities

Program	Gradient	Hessian	Exc. states	Version
ORCA	y	y	TD-DFT, TDA	4.2.x
Turbomole	y	y	TD-DFT, TDA, ricc2	7.2-7.4
Gaussian16	y	y	tested TD-DFT, TDA	
PySCF	y	y	tested TD-DFT	1.7.5
OpenMOLCAS	y	n	&rasscf	Not yet derived from OverlapCalculator

1.2.2 Ground states capabilities

Program	Gradient	Hessian	Version
MOPAC2016	y	y	
XTB	y	y	6.3.2
QCEngine	y	n	>= 0.16.0
Psi4	y	y	

1.2.3 Pure python calculators & Wrappers

Program	Gradient	Hessian	Comment
Sympy 2D	y	y	Many analytical potentials (LEPS, Rosenbrock, Cerjan-Miller, Muller-Brown, ...)
Lennard-Jones	y	n	No periodic boundary conditions
AFIR	y	n	
ONIOM	y	n	Arbitrary number of layers with multicenter-support in the highest layer.
FakeASE	y	n	Wraps <i>pysisyphus</i> calculators so they can be used with <i>ase</i> .

1.3 Available algorithms

1.3.1 Chain Of States Methods

Algorithm	Coordinates	Comment
Nudged Elastic Band (NEB)	Cartesian, DLC planned	Climbing Image variants, Doubly nudged variant
Adaptive NEB	Cartesian	Not well tested
Free-End NEB	Cartesian	Not well tested
Simple Zero-Temperature-String	Cartesian	Equal spacing, energy-dependent spacing
Growing String Method	Cartesian, DLC	

1.3.2 Chain Of States Optimizer

Algorithm	Comment	Links
Steepest Descent	Backtracking variant	NEB-Optimizers
Conjugate Gradient	Backtracking variant	NEB-Optimizers
QuickMin		NEB-Optimizers
FIRE		NEB-Optimizers
BFGS		NEB-Optimizers

1.3.3 Transition state optimization

Algorithm	Comment	Links
RS-P-RFO	default	RFO-Paper , RS-Paper
RS-I-RFO		RFO-Paper , RS-Paper
TRIM		TRIM-Paper
Dimer method		

1.3.4 Intrinsic Reaction Coordinate integrators

Algorithm	Comment	Links
Damped-Velocity-Verlet		DVV-Paper
Euler	Not recommended	
EulerPC	default	Kaestner-PC , Euler-PC
Gonzales-Schlegel 2		GS2-Paper
Local Quadratic Approximation		LQA-Paper
Modified IMK		IMK-Paper
Runge-Kutta-4	Not recommended	

1.4 Additional remarks

pysisyphus uses the *tempfile* module from the python stdlib. The location of the temporary directories can be controlled by setting the **\$TMPDIR** environment variable before executing *pysis*.

```
export TMPDIR=[tmpdir]
```


INSTALLATION

2.1 Preparing an environment

It is good idea to install *pysisyphus* into a separate python environment, whether it is an [Anaconda](#) environment or a [virtualenv](#) environment, derived from the system python installation or a [pyenv](#) installation (preferred).

```
# Optional: Create separate Anaconda environment
conda create -n pysis-env python=3.9
# Activate conda environment
conda activate pysis-env

# Optional: Create separate virtual environment
python -m venv pysis-env
# On some linux distributions 'python3' is used instead of 'python', e.g. Ubuntu
# python3 -m venv pysis-env
# Activate virtual environment. Preferably, an absolute path pointing to the
# 'activate' script should be used.
source pysis-env/bin/activate
```

2.2 Installation from PyPI with pip

This installs the latest stable release as published on PyPI. If you don't want to do any development work this is the preferred way of installing *pysisyphus*.

```
python -m pip install pysisyphus
# Installation of additional optional dependencies is also possible
# python -m pip install pysisyphus[test]
```

If you run into any problems please make sure that your pip version is recent enough. A pip upgrade is achieved via:

```
python -m pip install --upgrade pip
```

2.3 Installation from source

Decide on an `$install_dir` and clone the repository from github. If you want to change the code after installation (develop) do an editable (-e) installation with pip.

```
git clone https://github.com/eljost/pysisyphus.git $install_dir
cd $install_dir
# Install with -e if you want an editable installation
python -m pip install [-e] .
# Installation of extras is also possible. 'sphinx' is only needed if you
# want to build the documentation.
# python -m pip install [-e] .[test]
```

With an editable installation it is also easy to use other branches, besides the *master* branch, e.g., the *dev* branch to test out a new feature.

```
git switch dev
```

2.4 Setting up .pysisyphusrc

pysisyphus interfaces several quantum chemistry codes and related software (Multiwfn, Jmol). Software available to *pysisyphus* is registered in `$HOME/.pysisyphusrc`, so *pysisyphus* knows which command to execute an/or where to find the binaries.

Depending on the software different choices were made how it is registered. An example `.pysisyphusrc` is given below, with a short comment for each software.

```
# Excited state calculators

[gaussian09]
# Cmd to execute. Please ensure that g09 is on your $PATH.
cmd=g09
formchk_cmd=formchk
unfchk_cmd=unfchk

[gaussian16]
# Cmds to execute. Please ensure that the binaries are found in your $PATH.
cmd=g16
formchk=formchk
unfchk=unfchk
rwfdump=rwfdump

[openmolcas]
# Cmd to execute. Please ensure that pymolcas is on your $PATH.
cmd=pymolcas

[orca]
# ORCA needs the full path to its binary, so please provide the full path.
cmd=/scratch/programme/orca_4_2_0_linux_x86-64_openmpi314/orca

#[pyscf]
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

# pyscf must not have an explicit entry in the .pysisyphusrc. pysisyphus uses
# the python API of pyscf, so it is mandatory that it is installed in the same environment
# as pysisyphus.

#[turbomole]
# Turbomole must not have an explicit entry in the .pysisyphusrc. The user has to take
# care that everything is set up correctly, e.g. TM-binaries are on the PATH etc...
# The respective commands are hardcoded into pysisyphus (dscf, ridft, ricc2, ...)

# Ground state calculators

[mopac]
# Similar to Psi4. An example is given below.
cmd=/user/johannes/bin/runmopac.sh

[psi4]
# As the Psi4 installation without conda is, to put it slightly, tricky it was
# decided to allow the installation of Psi4 into a separate conda environment.
# pysisyphus then creates a Psi4 input and sends it to the (bash)-script given below
# that accepts/expects one argument. It is the responsibility of the scrip to activate
# the appropriate conda environment and submit the Psi4 input. An example runpsi4.sh
# script is given below.
cmd=/user/johannes/bin/runpsi4.sh

[qcengine]
# QCEngine must not have an entry explicit entry in the .pysisyphusrc. It is used
# via its python interface and can be installed as an extra with pip (see above).
# The user is referenced to the QCEngine-documentation for any further questions.

[xtb]
# Cmd to execute. Please ensure that xtb is on your $PATH.
cmd=xtb

[openmolcas]
# Make sure that the MOLCAS variable is set.
cmd=pymolcas

# Utilities

[wfoverlap]
# Cmd to execute. Please ensure that wfoverlap is on your $PATH. The binary/source
# can be obtained from https://github.com/sharc-md/sharc/tree/master/bin
cmd=/scratch/wfoverlap_1.0/bin/wfoverlap.x

[mwfn]
# Cmd to execute. Please ensure that Multiwfn is on your $PATH. Otherwise put an
# absolute path here. By default pysisyphus looks up "Multiwfn", so if you would
# put a relative path here you don't have to, as this is already covered by the
# defaults.
cmd=Multiwfn

[jmol]

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
# Cmd to execute. The same arguments apply for jmol as for Multiwfn. "jmol" is
# already the default.
cmd=jmol
```

When the specified path/cmd is not absolute, but relative (e.g. for xtb, g16, ...) the corresponding binaries have to be available on the **\$PATH** and all other environment variables have to be set up correctly by the user.

2.5 Example runpsi4.sh

```
#!/bin/bash

# Afaik this doesn't work in non-interactive shells ...
# See https://github.com/conda/conda/issues/8072
# conda activate psi4
source /scratch/programme/anaconda3/bin/activate psi4
#conda activate psi4
psi4 -o stdout $1
```

2.6 Example runmopac.sh

```
#!/bin/bash

module purge
module load mopac

MOPAC2016.exe $1
```

2.7 Verifying Installation

By executing `pytest -v --pyargs pysisyphus.tests` a series of quick tests can be executed, verifying successful calculator setup. Running these tests requires *pyscf* and *pytest* to be present (*pip install pyscf pytest*).

INSTALLATION VIA NIX

An easy and reliable way to get a complete pysisyphus installation, including additional quantum chemistry (QC) codes, is possible through the [Nix package manager](#). Required Nix files for the QC codes and their dependencies (linear algebra & MPI libraries etc.) are provided by the [NixOS-QChem](#) overlay.

Nix installations are fully reproducible and extremely simple to accomplish for any potential pysisyphus user, as most of the necessary configuration is already described in the respective Nix files.

The [Nix Pills](#) series provides an informative introduction to the general concepts behind Nix.

Recent stable versions of pysisyphus are also directly included in [NixOS-QChem](#). If you do not require a development version of pysisyphus, using the [NixOS-QChem](#) overlay is the preferred option. Otherwise, continue with the instructions below.

3.1 Prerequisites

Please follow the installation instructions in the [nix manual](#) to set up a working Nix installation on your system. You may want to enable the `flakes` and `nix-command` features for Nix.

3.2 Caching

The build time can be reduced drastically, if the quantum chemistry codes are fetched from a binary cache.

Pysisyphus provides a binary cache on Cachix.

Nix $\geq 2.6.0$ with flakes directly supports the binary cache without further action required.

Alternatively, if you are allowed to add binary caches in nix, you may simply execute:

```
nix run nixpkgs#cachix use pysisyphus
```

3.3 Usage

You may use pysisyphus directly via Flakes without cloning any repository or local installation. Some examples how to use pysisyphus with nix:

Inspect the structure of pysisyphus' flake:

```
nix flake show github:eljost/pysisyphus
```

Directly run the pysis command on an input :

```
nix run github:eljost/pysisyphus input.yml
```

Start an interactive shell with a pysisyphus installation

```
nix shell github:eljost/pysisyphus
```

For developing and hacking pysisyphus and for legacy Nix commands, first clone the pysisyphus repository

```
git clone https://github.com/eljost/pysisyphus.git && cd pysisyphus
```

You may obtain a development shell for pysisyphus via

```
nix develop
```

build pysisyphus in the legacy nix style

```
nix-build ./nix/default.nix
```

or obtain a development legacy-style dev-shell

```
nix-shell ./nix/shell.nix
```

The Flake also offers options to build pysisyphus with proprietary components such as ORCA or Turbomole, e.g.

```
nix run .#pysisyphusOrca
```

or build singularity or docker containers:

```
nix build .#pysisyphusSingularity
```

WORKED EXAMPLE

This page provides a general overview of pysisyphus's capabilities for optimizing ground state reaction paths for the example of a tris-pericyclic reaction between a tropone derivative and dimethylfulvene.

You can find a short discussion of the reaction on Steven M. Bacharach's [blog](#). Here we focus on how to obtain TS1. Instead of using DFT as in the original [publication](#) we'll employ the semi-empirical tight binding code `xtb`. It allows us to run all necessary calculations on common desktop hardware in little time (2 min, using 6 physical CPU cores).

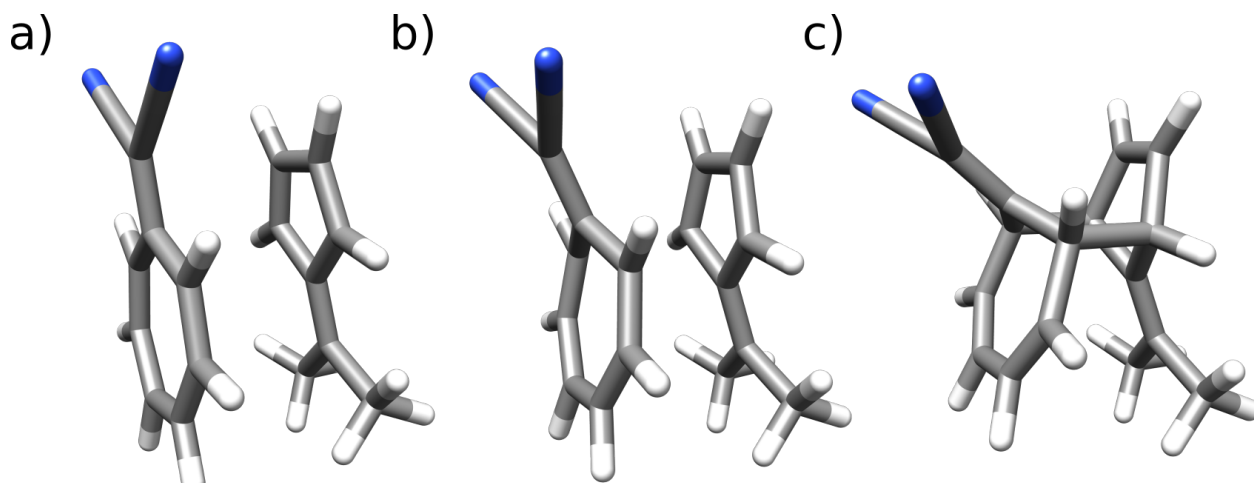


Fig. 4.1: Educts, TS and products of the tris-pericyclic reaction between a tropone derivative and dimethylfulvene.

At first, we have to create appropriate educt and product geometries using the molecular editor of our choice, e.g., [avogadro](#) or [TmoleX](#). Given a reasonable educt geometry a suitable product geometry can be constructed by decreasing the distance between the two ring systems and optimizing the result, e.g., by `xtb`. Sometimes it may be easier to start with the product geometry, and obtain the educt from it. **Consistent atom ordering in both geometries is mandatory!** Usually it's a bad idea to construct both geometries independently, as it is easy to mess up the atom ordering.

Given educts (*min_xtbopt.xyz*) and product (*prod_xtbopt.xyz*) we can create the YAML input. Our goal is to obtain the barrier heights for the reaction shown in [Fig. 4.1](#) by means of growing string (GS) calculation, transition state (TS) optimization, intrinsic reaction coordinate (IRC) calculation and subsequent optimization of the IRC endpoints. The full input is shown below. We'll go over it step by step.

```
geom:
  type: dlc
  fn: [min_xtbopt.xyz, prod_xtbopt.xyz]
preopt:
cos:
  type: gs
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

max_nodes: 18
climb: True
opt:
  type: string
  align: False
  max_cycles: 20
tsopt:
  type: rsirfo
  do_hess: True
  thresh: gau
  hessian_recalc: 3
irc:
  type: eulerpc
  rms_grad_thresh: 0.0005
endopt:
calc:
  type: xtb
pal: 6

```

The desired coordinate system and the file names of the input geometries are given in the `geom` block.

```

geom:
  type: dlc
  fn: [min_xtbopt.xyz, prod_xtbopt.xyz]

```

Here we chose delocalized internal coordinates (DLC) for our GS, which is the preferred way. Alternatively Cartesian coordinates could be used by `type: cart`. If DLCs fail, Cartesian coordinates should be tried.

```
preopt:
```

The `preopt` block is given without any additional keywords, so sane defaults will be used for preoptimizing educt and product geometries (Rational function optimization (RFO) in redundant internal coordinates). Strictly, in our case pre-optimization is not necessary, as we already preoptimized the geometries using `xtb`. But in general it is advised to span chain of states (COS) like GS or nudged elastic band (NEB) between stationary points on the potential energy surface. If the educts and products are NOT covalently bound it may be a good idea to restrict the number of preoptimization cycles to a small number (`max_cycles: 10`), as these optimizations are sometimes hard to converge. Please see [Optimization of Minima](#) for a list of possible keywords in the `preopt` block.

```

cos:
  type: gs
  max_nodes: 18
  climb: True

```

The `cos` block configures COS calculations. Here we request a GS (gs) with 18 nodes (images) between educt and product, resulting in a total string length of 20 nodes. By default first and last node (educt and product) are kept fixed throughout the optimization. We enable a climbing image (CI) to obtain a better TS guess. Please see [Chain Of States Methods](#) for further information on COS methods.

```

opt:
  type: string
  align: False
  max_cycles: 20

```

COS/GS optimization is controlled via the `opt` block. For GS optimization one should always use `type: string`.

In internal coordinates we disable automated geometry alignment, as it is not needed. We also restrict the number of optimization cycles to 20 (default 50). The chosen optimizer will do steepest descent (SD) steps when the string grew in the previous cycle, otherwise conjugate gradient (CG) steps are used. When the GS is fully grown/connected the optimizer will use limited-memory Broyden-FletcherGoldfarb-Shanno (L-BFGS) to determine more sophisticated steps.

```
tsopt:
  type: rsirfo
  do_hess: True
  thresh: gau
  hessian_recalc: 3
```

After GS convergence the highest energy image (HEI) is determined by cubic splining and used as guess for a classical TS optimization using restricted step image RFO (RSIRFO). `do_hess: True` requests a frequency calculation after the TS optimization. The Hessian is recalculated every 3th step. When the Hessian for the chosen computational method is reasonably cheap it is a good idea to recalculate it periodically. Between recalculations it's updated using the Bofill-update. Convergence criteria are tightened from the default `thresh: gau_loose` to `thresh: gau`.

```
irc:
  type: eulerpc
  rms_grad_thresh: 0.0005
```

IRC integration is controlled in the `irc` block. By default the Euler-predictor-corrector (EulerPC) integrator is used. Integration is terminated when the root-mean-square (RMS) of the gradient is equal to or less than 0.0005 au. Possible inputs are given in *Intrinsic Reaction Coordinate (IRC)*.

```
endopt:
```

Similar to `preopt` the `endopt` will be executed with default arguments. It is used to optimize the IRC endpoints to stationary points and enables printing of additional information like RMS deviation of atomic positions (RMSD) between optimized endpoints and initial geometries. The RMSD values help in deciding if the obtained TS actually connects presumed educts and products.

```
calc:
  type: xtb
  pal: 6
```

The `calc` block configures the level of theory used in energy/gradient/Hessian calculations. Here we chose `xtb` and requested 6 CPU cores. Additional inputs for `xtb` can be found in the *xtb module documentation*

With everything set up we are ready to actually execute pysisyphus! Assuming the above YAML is saved to `01_pericyclic.yaml` just run

```
pysis 01_pericyclic.yaml | tee pysis.log
```

By default pysisyphus prints to STDOUT so you have to capture STDOUT explicitly. We use `tee` so everything is logged to a file and printed simulatenously. A lot of files and output will be produced so we will go over everything slowly.

```

                                d8b      888
                                Y8P      888
                                         888
888888b.  888 888 .d88888b 888 .d88888b 888 888 888888b. 888888b. 888 888 .d88888b
888 "88b 888 888 88K      888 88K      888 888 888 "88b 888 "88b 888 888 88K
888 888 888 888 "Y88888b. 888 "Y88888b. 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 "Y88888b.
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

888 d88P Y88b 888      X88 888      X88 Y88b 888 888 d88P 888 888 Y88b 888      X88
888888P"  "Y88888 888888P' 888 888888P' "Y88888 888888P" 888 888 "Y88888 888888P'
888      888      888 888
888      Y8b d88P      Y8b d88P 888
888      "Y88P"      "Y88P" 888

```

Version 0.5.0.post1+450.g2c1654d3 (Python 3.8.5, NumPy 1.19.2, SciPy 1.5.2)

Git commit 2c1654d35d69e7b48ac4e9b00d38afd58a8bedd4

Executed at Tue Oct 6 10:08:30 2020 on 'your fancy hostname'

If pysisyphus benefitted your research please cite:

<https://doi.org/10.1002/qua.26390>

Good luck!

You will be greeted by a banner and some information about your current installation, which hopefully aids in reproducing your results later on, if needed. Then your input is repeated, including default values that you did not explicitly set. There you can also see the default values chosen for `preopt` and `endopt`.

```

{'calc': {'pal': 6, 'type': 'xtb'},
'cos': {'climb': True, 'fix_ends': True, 'max_nodes': 18, 'type': 'gs'},
'endopt': {'dump': True,
           'fragments': False,
           'max_cycles': 100,
           'overachieve_factor': 3,
           'thresh': 'gau',
           'type': 'rfo'},
'geom': {'fn': ['min_xtbopt.xyz', 'prod_xtbopt.xyz'], 'type': 'dlc'},
'interpol': {'between': 0, 'type': None},
'irc': {'rms_grad_thresh': 0.0005, 'type': 'eulerpc'},
'opt': {'align': False, 'dump': True, 'max_cycles': 30, 'type': 'string'},
'preopt': {'dump': True,
           'max_cycles': 100,
           'overachieve_factor': 3,
           'preopt': 'both',
           'strict': False,
           'thresh': 'gau_loose',
           'trust_max': 0.3,
           'type': 'rfo'},
'tsopt': {'do_hess': True,
          'dump': True,
          'h5_group_name': 'tsopt',
          'hessian_recalc': 3,
          'overachieve_factor': 3,
          'thresh': 'gau',
          'type': 'rsirfo'}}

```

The whole run starts with preoptimizations of educt and product. Both optimizations converge quickly, as the geometries are already preoptimized.

```
#####
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

# RUNNING FIRST PREOPTIMIZATION #
#####
Spent 0.0 s preparing the first cycle.
cycle  max(force)  rms(force)  max(step)  rms(step)  s/cycle
    0      0.000080   0.000010   0.027005   0.003934   0.1
Converged!

Final summary:
    max(forces, internal): 0.000080 hartree/(bohr,rad)
    rms(forces, internal): 0.000010 hartree/(bohr,rad)
    max(forces, cartesian): 0.000063 hartree/bohr
    rms(forces, cartesian): 0.000015 hartree/bohr
    energy: -52.35197394 hartree
Wrote final, hopefully optimized, geometry to 'first_pre_final_geometry.xyz'

Preoptimization of first geometry converged!
Saved final preoptimized structure to 'first_preopt.xyz'.
RMSD with initial geometry: 0.000000 au

#####
# RUNNING LAST PREOPTIMIZATION #
#####
Spent 0.0 s preparing the first cycle.
cycle  max(force)  rms(force)  max(step)  rms(step)  s/cycle
    0      0.000188   0.000025   0.002310   0.000592   0.1
Converged!

Final summary:
    max(forces, internal): 0.000188 hartree/(bohr,rad)
    rms(forces, internal): 0.000025 hartree/(bohr,rad)
    max(forces, cartesian): 0.000182 hartree/bohr
    rms(forces, cartesian): 0.000032 hartree/bohr
    energy: -52.39960456 hartree
Wrote final, hopefully optimized, geometry to 'last_pre_final_geometry.xyz'

Preoptimization of last geometry converged!
Saved final preoptimized structure to 'last_preopt.xyz'.
RMSD with initial geometry: 0.000000 au

```

After an optimization remaining RMS and max of the forces are reported for internal and Cartesian coordinates. If the internal force is zero, but a substantial Cartesian force remains something went wrong, e.g., the generated coordinate system is lacking important coordinates. In such cases the generated coordinates can be examined manually `pysistrj [geom file] --internals` to determine important missing coordinates.

Preoptimizations are followed by the GS optimization.

```

#####
# RUNNING GROWINGSTRING #
#####
Spent 0.0 s preparing the first cycle.
cycle  max(force)  rms(force)  max(step)  rms(step)  s/cycle
    0      0.006403   0.001545   0.006403   0.001545   0.2
String=2+2 HEI=02/04 (E_max-E_0)=1.4 kJ/mol

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

1      0.009367      0.001734      0.009367      0.001734      0.3
String=3+3 HEI=03/06 (E_max-E_0)=4.1 kJ/mol
2      0.010394      0.001807      0.010394      0.001807      0.6
String=4+4 HEI=04/08 (E_max-E_0)=8.0 kJ/mol
3      0.011152      0.001790      0.011152      0.001790      1.1
String=5+5 HEI=05/10 (E_max-E_0)=12.5 kJ/mol
4      0.010687      0.001722      0.010687      0.001722      1.0
String=6+6 HEI=06/12 (E_max-E_0)=17.6 kJ/mol
5      0.008751      0.001620      0.008751      0.001620      1.1
String=7+7 HEI=07/14 (E_max-E_0)=22.8 kJ/mol
6      0.008007      0.001517      0.008007      0.001517      1.3
String=8+8 HEI=08/16 (E_max-E_0)=27.6 kJ/mol
7      0.006895      0.001423      0.006895      0.001423      1.4
String=9+9 HEI=09/18 (E_max-E_0)=31.3 kJ/mol
Starting to climb in next iteration.
8      0.006253      0.001313      0.006253      0.001314      1.6
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=32.8 kJ/mol
9      0.006134      0.001169      0.0059438      0.011487      1.7
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=32.0 kJ/mol
10     0.009555      0.001504      0.022529      0.003827      1.6
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=31.6 kJ/mol
11     0.009792      0.001583      0.100000      0.011614      1.7
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=31.6 kJ/mol
12     0.008636      0.001534      0.100000      0.011518      1.7
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=30.7 kJ/mol
13     0.008708      0.001448      0.100000      0.011463      1.6
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=30.0 kJ/mol
14     0.008217      0.001363      0.100000      0.005660      1.7
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=29.4 kJ/mol
15     0.007743      0.001335      0.100000      0.005297      1.7
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=29.1 kJ/mol
16     0.007243      0.001307      0.100000      0.005143      1.6
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=28.8 kJ/mol
17     0.006897      0.001285      0.100000      0.004938      1.6
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=28.6 kJ/mol
18     0.006772      0.001277      0.100000      0.004992      1.6
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=28.5 kJ/mol
19     0.006714      0.001273      0.100000      0.005006      1.6
String=Full HEI=10/20 (E_max-E_0)=28.5 kJ/mol
Found sign 'converged'. Ending run.
Operator indicated convergence!
Wrote final, hopefully optimized, geometry to 'final_geometries.trj'
Splined HEI is at 8.07/19.00, between image 8 and 9 (0-based indexing).
Wrote splined HEI to 'splined_hei.xyz'

```

The string grows quickly and is fully grown in cycle 8. String size and barrier height between the first and HEI are reported in every cycle. From cycle 8 on, a CI is employed. The final HEI index is printed at the end. As we interpolate the HEI, the index may be a fractional number. The COS optimization is followed by a TS optimization.

```

#####
# RUNNING TS-OPTIMIZATION FROM COS #
#####

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

Creating mixed HEI tangent, using tangents at images (8, 9).

Overlap of splined HEI tangent with these tangents:

08: 0.982763

09: 0.149474

Index of splined highest energy image (HEI) is 8.07.

Wrote animated HEI tangent to cart_hei_tangent.trj

Splined HEI (TS guess)

[xyz file printed here; removed for clarity]

Splined Cartesian HEI tangent

[xyz file printed here; removed for clarity]

Wrote splined HEI coordinates to 'splined_hei.xyz'

Calculating Hessian at splined TS guess.

Negative eigenvalues at splined HEI:

[-0.005069 -0.000317]

Overlaps between HEI tangent and imaginary modes:

00: 0.856746

01: 0.009826

Imaginary mode 0 has highest overlap with splined HEI tangent.

Spent 0.3 s preparing the first cycle.

cycle	max(force)	rms(force)	max(step)	rms(step)	s/cycle
0	0.009004	0.001343	0.056873	0.017930	0.2
1	0.000754	0.000227	0.158373	0.035866	0.2
2	0.001142	0.000156	0.316150	0.051562	3.6
3	0.000483	0.000082	0.339089	0.052646	0.2
4	0.000370	0.000067	0.321142	0.049527	0.2
5	0.000362	0.000050	0.243173	0.040395	3.6
6	0.000152	0.000023	0.174987	0.032910	0.2
7	0.000503	0.000063	0.092082	0.019454	0.2
8	0.000199	0.000031	0.121285	0.024502	3.5
9	0.000136	0.000019	0.061690	0.012096	0.2

Converged!

Final summary:

max(forces, internal): 0.000136 hartree/(bohr,rad)

rms(forces, internal): 0.000019 hartree/(bohr,rad)

max(forces, cartesian): 0.000164 hartree/bohr

rms(forces, cartesian): 0.000043 hartree/bohr

energy: -52.34823514 hartree

Wrote final, hopefully optimized, geometry to 'ts_final_geometry.xyz'

Optimized TS coords:

[xyz file printed here; removed for clarity]

Wrote TS geometry to 'ts_opt.xyz'

HESSIAN AT FINAL GEOMETRY

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

... mass-weighting cartesian hessian
... doing Eckart-projection

First 10 eigenvalues [-2.4303e-03 -3.9622e-17 -8.1858e-18 -7.8671e-19 2.1865e-18 5.
↪1589e-18
2.6247e-17 1.3733e-05 7.3736e-05 1.2735e-04]
Imaginary frequencies: [-253.24] cm1

Wrote final (not mass-weighted) hessian to 'calculated_final_cart_hessian'.
Wrote HD5 Hessian to 'final_hessian.h5'.
Wrote imaginary mode with =-253.24 cm1 to 'imaginary_mode_000.trj'

Barrier between TS and first COS image: 9.8 kJ mol1
Barrier between TS and last COS image: 134.9 kJ mol1

```

The initial HEI TS guess features only two sizable imaginary frequencies, confirming that it is a suitable TS guess. Root 0 has the highest overlap (85%) with the HEI tangent and is chosen for maximization in the TS optimization, whereas the energy will be minimized along the remaining modes. The optimization converged quickly in 10 cycles. A final Hessian is computed at the optimized TS as we used `do_hess: True`. Only one imaginary frequency remains, which is the desired result for a first-order saddle point. All sizable imaginary modes are written to `.trj` files and can be viewed by tools like `jmol`.

Barrier heights between the TS and first and last COS image (no thermochemistry is included!) are reported. In this case the energy difference between the first COS image and the TS is very small, indicating an early TS, similar to the educts. This is also confirmed by examining Fig. 4.1.

```

#####
# RUNNING IRC #
#####

Calculating energy and gradient at the TS
IRC length in mw. coords, max(|grad|) and rms(grad) in unweighted coordinates.
Norm of initial displacement step: 0.1974

```

```

#####
# IRC - FORWARD #
#####

Step   IRC length   dE / au   max(|grad|)   rms(grad)
-----
0      0.298147      -0.000333   0.001413      0.000394
Integrator indicated convergence!

```

```

#####
# IRC - BACKWARD #
#####

Step   IRC length   dE / au   max(|grad|)   rms(grad)
-----
0      0.332823      -0.000938   0.004607      0.001154
1      0.662398      -0.001367   0.006116      0.001608
2      0.991868      -0.001878   0.008670      0.002208
3      1.320005      -0.002558   0.012581      0.002968
4      1.644982      -0.003249   0.015719      0.003595

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

5	1.966058	-0.003700	0.017023	0.003976
6	2.285006	-0.003972	0.016598	0.004230
7	2.596325	-0.004126	0.019112	0.004415
8	2.898296	-0.004206	0.021118	0.004439
9	3.186446	-0.004052	0.021182	0.004240
10	3.462246	-0.003697	0.019162	0.003793
11	3.723777	-0.003087	0.015042	0.003078
12	3.966373	-0.002263	0.009324	0.002161
13	4.173308	-0.001387	0.003822	0.001310
14	4.321559	-0.000781	0.002226	0.000838
15	4.420391	-0.000523	0.001616	0.000642
16	4.498118	-0.000418	0.001299	0.000548
17	4.571712	-0.000353	0.001967	0.000569
18	4.647481	-0.000298	0.004516	0.000754
19	4.722445	-0.000308	0.003469	0.000670
20	4.808189	-0.000290	0.003426	0.000682
21	4.881593	-0.000209	0.004155	0.000683

Integrator indicated convergence!

The imaginary mode is used to displace the TS towards educts and product. As the TS is very similar to the educt, forward IRC integration already terminates after one cycle. Maybe, further integration steps could be forced by tightening the threshold in the `irc:` block. Backward integration terminates after 22 cycles. At first, the gradient increases and after the inflection point is passed, falls off again as a stationary point is approached. In the end both IRC endpoints are fully optimized to stationary points.

```
#####
# RUNNING FORWARD_END OPTIMIZATION #
#####
Spent 0.0 s preparing the first cycle.
cycle  max(force)  rms(force)  max(step)  rms(step)  s/cycle
0      0.000491    0.000126   0.099615   0.030780   0.1
1      0.001769    0.000333   0.121277   0.033041   0.2
2      0.002986    0.000525   0.228218   0.054622   0.2
3      0.002455    0.000475   0.396872   0.096049   0.2
4      0.003106    0.000502   0.061397   0.012734   0.2
5      0.000676    0.000187   0.040565   0.007988   0.2
6      0.000498    0.000144   0.048609   0.012294   0.2
7      0.000908    0.000142   0.055895   0.016806   0.2
8      0.000715    0.000102   0.037441   0.011352   0.2
9      0.000226    0.000047   0.034467   0.006157   0.2
10     0.000119    0.000032   0.034646   0.006157   0.1
Converged!

Final summary:
    max(forces, internal): 0.000119 hartree/(bohr,rad)
    rms(forces, internal): 0.000032 hartree/(bohr,rad)
    max(forces, cartesian): 0.000241 hartree/bohr
    rms(forces, cartesian): 0.000073 hartree/bohr
    energy: -52.35194671 hartree
Wrote final, hopefully optimized, geometry to 'forward_end_final_geometry.xyz'

Moved 'forward_end_final_geometry.xyz' to 'forward_end_opt.xyz'.
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
#####
# RUNNING BACKWARD_END OPTIMIZATION #
#####
Spent 0.0 s preparing the first cycle.
cycle   max(force)   rms(force)   max(step)   rms(step)   s/cycle
  0      0.004485    0.001075    0.168005    0.031009    0.1
  1      0.003805    0.000731    0.158516    0.028598    0.2
  2      0.003345    0.000610    0.047413    0.008626    0.2
  3      0.002849    0.000531    0.093820    0.017252    0.2
  4      0.001571    0.000332    0.154150    0.028740    0.2
  5      0.000752    0.000148    0.034367    0.007031    0.2
  6      0.000630    0.000107    0.017362    0.004137    0.2
  7      0.000218    0.000047    0.019096    0.003624    0.1
  8      0.000165    0.000041    0.027156    0.004814    0.2
  9      0.000400    0.000065    0.044195    0.007618    0.2
 10      0.000460    0.000076    0.039724    0.006652    0.1
 11      0.000265    0.000059    0.021454    0.003444    0.2
 12      0.000194    0.000034    0.009649    0.001594    0.1
 13      0.000146    0.000025    0.009711    0.001835    0.1
Converged!

Final summary:
    max(forces, internal): 0.000146 hartree/(bohr,rad)
    rms(forces, internal): 0.000025 hartree/(bohr,rad)
    max(forces, cartesian): 0.000183 hartree/bohr
    rms(forces, cartesian): 0.000047 hartree/bohr
    energy: -52.39959356 hartree
Wrote final, hopefully optimized, geometry to 'backward_end_final_geometry.xyz'

Moved 'backward_end_final_geometry.xyz' to 'backward_end_opt.xyz'.
```

Both optimizations converge quickly without any problems. Finally, optimized endpoint geometries are compared to the initial geometries and final barrier heights are reported. Thermochemistry is not (yet) included. Even though both endpoints are reported as dissimilar to the initial geometries they are still very similar, confirming, that the obtained TS indeed connects presumed educts and product.

```
#####
# RMSDS AFTER END OPTIMIZATIONS #
#####
start geom 0 (first_preopt.xyz/min_xtbopt.xyz)
end geom 0 ( forward_end_opt.xyz): RMSD=0.133727 au
end geom 1 (backward_end_opt.xyz): RMSD=1.126059 au
Optimized end geometries are dissimilar to 'first_preopt.xyz/min_xtbopt.xyz'!
start geom 1 (last_preopt.xyz/prod_xtbopt.xyz)
end geom 0 ( forward_end_opt.xyz): RMSD=1.144102 au
end geom 1 (backward_end_opt.xyz): RMSD=0.093044 au
Optimized end geometries are dissimilar to 'last_preopt.xyz/prod_xtbopt.xyz'!

#####
# BARRIER HEIGHTS AFTER END OPTIMIZATIONS #
#####
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
Thermochemical corrections are NOT included!
```

```
Minimum energy of 0.0 kJ mol1 at 'backward_end_opt.xyz'.
```

```
    forward_end_opt.xyz:  125.10 kJ mol1  
                        TS:  134.84 kJ mol1  
    backward_end_opt.xyz:   0.00 kJ mol1
```

```
Wrote optimized end-geometries and TS to 'end_geoms_and_ts.trj'
```

Visualization/plotting of running optimizations and IRC integrations is also possible. Please see [Plotting](#) for further information.

All inputs can be found in the *examples/complex/08_trispericyclic* directory on github.

COORDINATE SYSTEMS

Choice of coordinate system is often crucial, for the successful outcome of geometry optimizations. Pysisyphus supports different coordinate systems. By default, molecular optimizations are carried out in redundant internal coordinates (RIC).

5.1 Supported Coordinate Systems

5.1.1 Cartesian Coordinates

- Strong coupling
- Unambiguously defined, if translation and rotation (TR) are removed
- Redundant set, if TR are not removed
- `type: cart`

5.1.2 Redundant Internal Coordinates

- Comprising bond stretches, (linear) bends, (improper) torsions and other primitives
- Less coupling, compared to Cartesians
- Easy estimation of diagonal model Hessians
- **Support constraints**
- Require sophisticated setup algorithm
- Iterative internal-Cartesian backtransformation, which may fail
- Usually highly redundant set
- `type: redund`

5.1.3 Delocalized Internal Coordinates (DLC)

- Complicated linear combinations of primitive internals
- No coupling, coordinates are orthogonal to each other, at least at the geometrey they were defined at
- Non redundant set
- More efficient compared to RIC for bigger systems (if initial DLC generation is feasible)
- Same comments apply, as for RICs
- type: `dlc`

5.1.4 Translation & Rotation Internal Coordinates (TRIC)

- Especially suited to optimize solvated/non-covalently bound systems
- Translation and rotation coordinates are assigned to every fragment
- Avoids error-prone assignment of interfragment coordinates
- See [10.1063/1.4952956](#) for a full discussion
- By default the B-Matrix is recalculated in every step of the internal-Cartesian backtransformation when TRIC is enabled
- type: `tric`

5.2 Supported File Formats

All formats can be read, at least to a certain extent. Coordinate files are expected to be in , if not otherwise dictated by the respective format.

Suffix	Write	Comment
.xyz	✓	Plain XYZ, single geometry.
.trj	✓	Plain XYZ, multiple geometries.
.pdb	✓	Protein Data Bank.
.molden		Restricted to [Geometries] block.
.zmat		Z-Matrix, see below for an example.
.cjson		As saved by Avogadro.
.crd		CHARMM card format
.sdf		Structure-data file

5.2.1 Z-Matrix example

```
C
N 1 1.35
H 1 1.0 2 105.0
H 2 1.4 1 105.0 3 150.0
H 2 1.4 1 110.0 3 -160.0
```

Indexing in Z-matrices is 1-based, so the first atom has index 1. Variable substitution is not supported in the current Z-matrix parser.

5.3 YAML Input

See below for an explanation of possible inputs in the *geom* section. Input related to internal coordinates is given mostly in the *coord_kwargs* subgroup, whereas atom-related input (*isotops*, *freeze_atoms*) is given one level above. See the example below:

```
geom:
  type: cart                # Coordinate system (cart/redund/dlc/tric)
  fn: [input]              # File name or inline input
  union: False             # Define same set of primitives at multiple geometries
  isotops: null            # Specify different isotopes
  freeze_atoms: null       # Freeze Cartesians of certain atoms
  coord_kwargs:            # Keywords that are passed to the internal coordinate_
  ↪ class
    define_prims: null      # Additionally define these primitives
    constrain_prims: null   # Primitive internals to be constrained
    freeze_atoms_exclude: False # Whether to set up internal coordinates for frozen atoms
  preopt:
    geom:                  # geom block in preopt takes same keywords as above
    ...                   # no 'fn' key here!
  endopt:
    geom:                  # geom block in endopt takes same keywords as above
    ...                   # no 'fn' key here!
```

Employed coordinates and coordinate systems in *preopt* and *endopt* are similarly controlled by a *geom* block. Same keywords are supported, as for the *geom* block, at the top level, except the *fn* key.

5.3.1 Inline input

Inline coordinates are supported for XYZ format, and expected in . Take care of proper indentation. The example below would yield RIC for the hydrogen molecule (1 bond).

```
geom:
  type: redund
  fn: |
    2

    H 0.0 0.0 0.0
    H 0.0 0.0 0.7
```

5.3.2 Types of Primitive Coordinates

Pysisyphus implements many different (primitive) internal coordinates. Every coordinate is defined by its type and a set of atom indices, e.g., 2 indices for a bond, 3 indices for a bend and 4 indices for a dihedral.

Specification of a type is necessary, as there are many different kinds of bonds, bends and dihedrals/out-of-plane. One can't just assume, that a coordinate comprised of 3 atom indices is always a regular bend, as it may also be a linear bend or a translational coordinate (TRANSLATION_X, 14), describin the mean Cartesian X coordinate of 3 atoms.

Atom indices start at 0!

```

# Primitive types
BOND = 0
AUX_BOND = 1
HYDROGEN_BOND = 2
INTERFRAG_BOND = 3
AUX_INTERFRAG_BOND = 4
BEND = 5
LINEAR_BEND = 6
LINEAR_BEND_COMPLEMENT = 7
PROPER_DIHEDRAL = 8
IMPROPER_DIHEDRAL = 9
OUT_OF_PLANE = 10
LINEAR_DISPLACEMENT = 11
LINEAR_DISPLACEMENT_COMPLEMENT = 12
# TRANSLATION = 13 # Dummy coordinate
TRANSLATION_X = 14
TRANSLATION_Y = 15
TRANSLATION_Z = 16
# ROTATION = 17 # Dummy coordinate
ROTATION_A = 18
ROTATION_B = 19
ROTATION_C = 20
# CARTESIAN = 21 # Dummy coordinate
CARTESIAN_X = 22
CARTESIAN_Y = 23
CARTESIAN_Z = 24
BONDED_FRAGMENT = 25
DUMMY_TORSION = 26
DISTANCE_FUNCTION = 27
# atan2 based coordinates
BEND2 = 28
TORSION2 = 29

```

As some of these types are quite unwieldy, several shortcuts are supported, that can be used in place of the types above.

```

# Additional shortcuts
# Using Cartesians in the framework of internal coordinates is mainly
# useful if one wants to constrain certain atoms.
"X": [PT.CARTESIAN_X],
"Y": [PT.CARTESIAN_Y],
"Z": [PT.CARTESIAN_Z],
"XY": [PT.CARTESIAN_X, PT.CARTESIAN_Y],
"XZ": [PT.CARTESIAN_X, PT.CARTESIAN_Z],
"YZ": [PT.CARTESIAN_Y, PT.CARTESIAN_Z],
"XYZ": [PT.CARTESIAN_X, PT.CARTESIAN_Y, PT.CARTESIAN_Z],
"ATOM": [PT.CARTESIAN_X, PT.CARTESIAN_Y, PT.CARTESIAN_Z],
# Primitive aliases
"B": [PT.BOND],
"A": [PT.BEND],
"A2": [PT.BEND2],
"D": [PT.PROPER_DIHEDRAL],
"DIHEDRAL": [PT.PROPER_DIHEDRAL],
"TORSION": [PT.PROPER_DIHEDRAL],

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
"D2": [PT.PROPER_DIHEDRAL2],
"DIHEDRAL2": [PT.PROPER_DIHEDRAL2],
"TORSION2": [PT.PROPER_DIHEDRAL2],
# Translation & Rotation coordinates
"TRANSLATION": [PT.TRANSLATION_X, PT.TRANSLATION_Y, PT.TRANSLATION_Z],
"ROTATION": [PT.ROTATION_A, PT.ROTATION_B, PT.ROTATION_C],
# Miscellaneous
"DIST_FUNC": [PT.DISTANCE_FUNCTION]
```

5.3.3 Define Additional Primitives

Pysisyphus tries its best, to automatically come up with a reasonable set of internal coordinates, but sometimes the algorithm misses an important one. Especially at transition state guesses, where increased atom distances are common, bonds may be missed.

In such cases, additional coordinates can be requested explicitly. If additional coordinates are requested, **a nested list is expected** `[[coord0], [coord1], ...]`.

```
# General structure (list of coordinate lists)
define_prims: [[PrimType or Shortcut], *[atom indices], ...]

# Examples

# Additional bond between atoms 4 and 7 (0-based indexing).
# All three lines below result in the same bond; the latter two use shortcuts.
define_prims: [[0, 4, 7]]
define_prims: [[B, 4, 7]]
define_prims: [[BOND, 4, 7]]

# Wrong specification (forgot outer list/brackets):
define_prims: [0, 4, 7]

# Also define an additional dihedral, beside the bond
define_prims: [[0, 4, 7], ["D", 0, 1, 2, 3]]
```

5.3.4 Freeze Atoms

All three Cartesian coordinates (X, Y, Z) of certain atoms can be frozen, so they always remain at their initial value. By setting `freeze_atoms_exclude` in `coord_kwargs`, frozen atoms can be excluded from the internal coordinate setup. By default frozen atoms are included.

```
geom:
  type: [type]
  fn: [fn]
  freeze_atoms: [*atom indices]
  coord_kwargs:
    freeze_atoms_exclude: False

# Example; fully freeze Cartesians of first and second atom.
geom:
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

type: cart
fn: input.xyz
freeze_atoms: [0, 1]
coord_kwargs:
  freeze_atoms: True

```

5.3.5 Constraints

Constraints beyond frozen atoms are currently only supported in conjunction with RIC (`type: redund`). It is not (yet) possible to modify the value of the specified coordinate via YAML input; the internal coordinate is constrained at its initial value. The same syntax as for *define_prims* is used. If the coordinate of the requested constraint is not already defined, it will be defined subsequently. There is no need to also add the constrained coordinate to *define_prims*.

```

# General structure (nested list of coordinates)
constrain_prims: [[[PrimType or Shortcut], *[atom indices]], ...]

# Examples

# Constrain Cartesian coordinate of atom 0.
# Both lines result in the same constraint.
constrain_prims: [[XYZ, 0]]
constrain_prims: [[ATOM, 0]]

# Constrain only Cartesian X and Y component of atom 0.
constrain_prims: [[XY, 0]]

# Constraint bond between atoms 4 and 7 (0-based indexing).
# All three lines below result in the same constraint; the latter two use shortcuts.
constrain_prims: [[0, 4, 7]]
constrain_prims: [[B, 4, 7]]
constrain_prims: [[BOND, 4, 7]]

```

Constraining the Cartesian coordinates (X, Y and Z) of one atom does not affect the final energy of an optimization. **But constraining more than one atome does.**

Harmonic restraints to selected primitive internals can be specified in the *calc:* section (see the [Restraint](#) documentation).

5.3.6 Isotopes

Different isotope masses can be requested. The system works similar to Gaussians system. A list of pairs is expected, where the first number specifies the atom and the second number is either an integer or a float. If it is an integer, the isotope mass closest to this integer is looked up in an internal database. Floats are used as is.

```

# General structure (nested list of coordinates)
isotopes: [[[atom index], [new mass, integer/float], ...]

# Modify the mass of atom with index 2 (hydrogen in this case)
# Both lines give identical results (deuterium).
# In the second line, the mass is given directly.

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
isotopes: [[2, 2]]
isotopes: [[2, 2.014101778]]
```

Different isotope masses affect calculated frequencies and IRCs. Atoms can be fixed in IRC calculations by specifying a very high mass. **YAML does not recognize 1e9 as float**, take care to add a dot (**1.e9**).

```
# Fix atom 0 in IRC calculation.
isotopes: [[0, 1.e9]]
```

5.4 Geometry & RedundantCoords

The central class in pysisyphus, handling coordinates and delegating calculations to (external QC) codes, is the *Geometry* class, similar to ASE's *Atoms*.

```
class pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry(atoms, coords, fragments=None, coord_type='cart',
                                   coord_kwargs=None, isotopes=None, freeze_atoms=None,
                                   comment="", name="")
```

```
__init__(atoms, coords, fragments=None, coord_type='cart', coord_kwargs=None, isotopes=None,
         freeze_atoms=None, comment="", name="")
```

Object representing atoms in a coordinate system.

The Geometry represents atoms and their positions in coordinate system. By default cartesian coordinates are used, but internal coordinates are also possible.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Iterable of length N, containing element symbols.
- **coords** (*1d iterable*) -- 1d iterable of length 3N, containing the cartesian coordinates of N atoms.
- **fragments** (*dict, optional*) -- Dict with different keys denoting different fragments. The values contain lists of atom indices.
- **coord_type** (*{ "cart", "redund" }, optional*) -- Type of coordinate system to use. Right now cartesian (cart) and redundant (redund) are supported.
- **coord_kwargs** (*dict, optional*) -- Dictionary containing additional arguments that get passed to the constructor of the internal coordinate class.
- **isotopes** (*iterable of pairs, optional*) -- Iterable of pairs consisting of 0-based atom index and either an integer or a float. If an integer is given the closest isotope mass will be selected. Given a float, this float will be directly used as mass.
- **freeze_atoms** (*iterable of integers*) -- Specifies which atoms should remain fixed at their initial positions.
- **comment** (*str, optional*) -- Comment string.
- **name** (*str, optional*) -- Verbose name of the geometry, e.g. methanal or water. Used for printing

```
align_principal_axes()
```

Align the principal axes to the cartesian axes.

<https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/145023>

approximate_radius()

Approximate molecule radius from the biggest atom distance along an axis.

as_ase_atoms()

as_g98_list()

Returns data for fake Gaussian98 standard orientation output.

Returns

g98_list -- List with one row per atom. Every row contains [center number, atomic number, atomic type (always 0 for now), X Y Z coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

list

as_xyz(comment="", atoms=None, cart_coords=None)

Current geometry as a string in XYZ-format.

Parameters

- **comment** (*str*, *optional*) -- Will be written in the second line (comment line) of the XYZ-string.
- **cart_coords** (*np.array*, *1d*, *shape* (3 * *atoms.size*,)) -- Cartesians for dumping instead of *self._coords*.

Returns

xyz_str -- Current geometry as string in XYZ-format.

Return type

str

assert_cart_coords(coords)

assert_compatibility(other)

Assert that two Geometries can be subtracted from each other.

Parameters

other (*Geometry*) -- Geometry for comparison.

atom_indices()

Dict with atom types as key and corresponding indices as values.

Returns

inds_dict -- Unique atom types as keys, corresponding indices as values.

Return type

dict

property atom_types

atom_xyz_iter()

property atomic_numbers

property bond_sets

calc_double_ao_overlap(geom2)

calc_energy_and_forces()

Force a calculation of the current energy and forces.

property `cart_coords`

property `cart_forces`

property `cart_gradient`

property `cart_hessian`

center()

property `center_of_mass`

Returns the center of mass.

Returns

R -- Center of mass.

Return type

`np.array, shape(3,)`

center_of_mass_at(*coords3d*)

Returns the center of mass at given coords3d.

Parameters

coords3d (`np.array, shape(N, 3)`) -- Cartesian coordiantes.

Returns

R -- Center of mass.

Return type

`np.array, shape(3,)`

property `centroid`

Geometric center of the Geometry.

Returns

R -- Geometric center of the Geometry.

Return type

`np.array, shape(3,)`

clear()

Reset the object state.

property `comment`

```
coord_types = {'cart': None, 'cartesian': <class
'pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords'>, 'dlc': <class
'pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC'>, 'hdlc': <class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.HDLC'>,
'hredund': <class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.HybridRedundantCoords'>,
'mwcartesian': <class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.MWCartesianCoords'>,
'redund': <class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords'>, 'tric':
<class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.TRIC'>}
```

property `coords`

1d vector of atomic coordinates.

Returns

coords -- 1d array holding the current coordinates.

Return type

`np.array`

property coords3d

Coordinates in 3d.

Returns

coords3d -- Coordinates of the Geometry as 2D array.

Return type

np.array

property coords_by_type

Coordinates in 3d by atom type and their corresponding indices.

Returns

- **cbt** (*dict*) -- Dictionary with the unique atom types of the Geometry as keys. It's values are the 3d coordinates of the corresponding atom type.
- **inds** (*dict*) -- Dictionary with the unique atom types of the Geometry as keys. It's values are the original indices of the 3d coordinates in the whole coords3d array.

copy(*coord_type=None, coord_kwargs=None*)

Returns a new Geometry object with same atoms and coordinates.

Parameters

- **coord_type** (*str*) -- Desired coord_type, defaults to current coord_type.
- **coord_kwargs** (*dict, optional*) -- Any desired coord_kwargs that will be passed to the RedundantCoords object.

Returns

geom -- New Geometry object with the same atoms and coordinates.

Return type

Geometry

copy_all(*coord_type=None, coord_kwargs=None*)

property covalent_radii

del_atoms(*inds, **kwargs*)

describe()

dump_xyz(*fn*)

eckart_projection(*mw_hessian, return_P=False, full=False*)

property energy

Energy of the current atomic configuration.

Returns

energy -- Energy of the current atomic configuration.

Return type

float

fd_coords3d_gen(*step_size=0.001*)

Iterator returning 3d Cartesians for finite-differences.

property forces

Energy of the current atomic configuration.

Returns

force -- 1d array containing the forces acting on the atoms. Negative of the gradient.

Return type

np.array

get_energy_and_cart_forces_at(*cart_coords*)

get_energy_and_cart_hessian_at(*cart_coords*)

get_energy_and_forces_at(*coords*)

Calculate forces and energies at the given coordinates.

The results are not saved in the Geometry object.

get_energy_at(*coords*)

get_energy_at_cart_coords(*cart_coords*)

get_fragments(*regex*)

get_imag_frequencies(*hessian=None, thresh=1e-06*)

get_normal_modes(*cart_hessian=None, full=False*)

Normal mode wavenumbers, eigenvalues and Cartesian displacements Hessian.

get_restart_info()

get_sphere_radius(*offset=4*)

get_subgeom(*indices, coord_type='cart', sort=False*)

Return a Geometry containing a subset of the current Geometry.

Parameters

- **indices** (*iterable of ints*) -- Atomic indices that the define the subset of the current Geometry.
- **coord_type** (*str, ("cart", "redund"), optional*) -- Coordinate system of the new Geometry.

Returns

sub_geom -- Subset of the current Geometry.

Return type

Geometry

get_subgeom_without(*indices, **kwargs*)

get_temporary_coords(*coords*)

get_thermoanalysis(*energy=None, cart_hessian=None, T=298.15, p=101325, point_group='c1'*)

get_trans_rot_projector(*full=False*)

property gradient

Negative of the force.

Returns

gradient -- 1d array containing the negative of the current forces.

Return type

np.array

property hessian

Matrix of second derivatives of the energy in respect to atomic displacements.

Returns

hessian -- 2d array containing the second derivatives of the energy with respect to atomic/coordinate displacements depending on the type of coordiante system.

Return type

np.array

property inertia_tensor**property is_analytical_2d**

jmol(*atoms=None, cart_coords=None*)

Show geometry in jmol.

property layers

mass_weigh_hessian(*hessian*)

property masses**property masses_rep****property mm_inv**

Inverted mass matrix.

Returns a diagonal matrix containing the inverted atomic masses.

property mm_sqrt_inv

Inverted square root of the mass matrix.

property moving_atoms

moving_atoms_jmol()

property mw_coords

Mass-weighted coordinates.

Returns

mw_coords -- 1d array containing the mass-weighted cartesian coordiantes.

Return type

np.array

property mw_gradient

Mass-weighted gradient.

Returns

mw_gradient -- Returns the mass-weighted gradient.

Return type

np.array

property mw_hessian

Mass-weighted hessian.

Returns**mw_hessian** -- 2d array containing the mass-weighted hessian $M^{(-1/2)} H M^{(-1/2)}$.**Return type**

np.array

principal_axes_are_aligned()

Check if the principal axes are aligned with the cartesian axes.

Returns**aligned** -- Whether the principal axes are aligned or not.**Return type**

bool

reparametrize()**reset_coords**(*new_typed_prims=None*)**rmsd**(*geom*)**rotate**(*copy=False*)**set_calculator**(*calculator, clear=True*)

Reset the object and set a calculator.

set_coord(*ind, coord*)

Set a coordinate by index.

Parameters

- **ind** (*int*) -- Index in of the coordinate to set in the self.coords array.
- **coord** (*float*) -- Coordinate value.

set_coords(*coords, cartesian=False, update_constraints=False*)**set_h5_hessian**(*fn*)**set_restart_info**(*restart_info*)**set_results**(*results*)

Save the results from a dictionary.

Parameters**results** (*dict*) -- The keys in this dict will be set as attributes in the current object, with the corresponding item as value.**standard_orientation()****property sum_formula****property total_mass**

unweight_mw_hessian(*mw_hessian*)

Unweight a mass-weighted hessian.

Parameters

mw_hessian (*np.array*) -- Mass-weighted hessian to be unweighted.

Returns

hessian -- 2d array containing the hessian.

Return type

np.array

without_hydrogens()

zero_frozen_forces(*cart_forces*)

`pysisyphus.Geometry.get_trans_rot_projector(cart_coords, masses, full=False)`

`pysisyphus.Geometry.get_trans_rot_vectors(cart_coords, masses, rot_thresh=1e-06)`

Vectors describing translation and rotation.

These vectors are used for the Eckart projection by constructing a projector from them.

See Martin J. Field - A Practical Introduction to the simulation of Molecular Systems, 2007, Cambridge University Press, Eq. (8.23), (8.24) and (8.26) for the actual projection.

See also <https://chemistry.stackexchange.com/a/74923>.

Parameters

- **cart_coords** (*np.array*, 1d, shape (3 * *atoms.size*,)) -- Atomic masses in amu.
- **masses** (*iterable*, 1d, shape (*atoms.size*,)) -- Atomic masses in amu.

Returns

ortho_vecs -- 2d array containing row vectors describing translations and rotations.

Return type

np.array(6, 3**atoms.size*)

`pysisyphus.Geometry.inertia_tensor(coords3d, masses)`

Inertia tensor.

$x^2 \quad xy \quad xz \quad |$

$(x \ y \ z)^T \cdot (x \ y \ z) = | \quad xy \ y^2 \ yz \quad |$

$xz \ yz \ z^2 \quad |$

Basic infrastructure to work with internal coordinates is provided by *RedundantCoords*.

class `pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.HybridRedundantCoords(*args, **kwargs)`

```

class pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords(atoms, coords3d, masses=None,
    bond_factor=1.3, typed_prims=None,
    define_prims=None,
    constrain_prims=None,
    freeze_atoms=None,
    freeze_atoms_exclude=False,
    define_for=None, bonds_only=False,
    check_bends=True, rebuild=True,
    bend_min_deg=15,
    dihed_max_deg=175,
    lb_min_deg=175, weighted=False,
    min_weight=0.3,
    svd_inv_thresh=0.000316,
    recalc_B=False, tric=False,
    hybrid=False, hbond_angles=False)

    property B
        Wilson B-Matrix

    property B_inv
        Generalized inverse of the Wilson B-Matrix.

    property B_inv_prim
        Generalized inverse of the primitive Wilson B-Matrix.

    property B_prim
        Wilson B-Matrix

    property Bt_inv
        Transposed generalized inverse of the Wilson B-Matrix.

    property Bt_inv_prim
        Transposed generalized inverse of the primitive Wilson B-Matrix.

    property C
        Diagonal matrix. Entries for constraints are set to one.

    property P
        Projection matrix onto B. See [1] Eq. (4).

    backtransform_hessian(redund_hessian, int_gradient=None)
        Transform Hessian in internal coordinates to Cartesians.

    property bend_atom_indices

    property bend_indices

    property bond_atom_indices

    property bond_indices

    property bond_typed_prims

    property cartesian_indices

    clear()

```

property constrained_indices

property coords

property coords3d

property dihedral_atom_indices

property dihedral_indices

eval(*coords3d*, *attr=None*)

get_K_matrix(*int_gradient=None*)

get_index_of_typed_prim(*typed_prim*)
Index in self.typed_prims for the supplied typed_prim.

get_prim_internals_by_indices(*indices*)

inv_B(*B*)

inv_Bt(*B*)

property linear_bend_indices

log(*message*)

log_int_grad_msg(*int_gradient*)

property outofplane_indices

property prim_coords

property prim_indices_set

property prim_internals

property primitives

print_typed_prims()

project_hessian(*H*, *shift=1000*)
Expects a hessian in internal coordinates. See Eq. (11) in [1].

project_vector(*vector*)
Project supplied vector onto range of B.

return_inds(*slice_*)

property rotation_indices

set_inds_from_typed_prims(*typed_prims*)

set_primitive_indices(*atoms*, *coords3d*)

transform_forces(*cart_forces*)
Combination of Eq. (9) and (11) in [1].

transform_hessian(*cart_hessian*, *int_gradient=None*)
Transform Cartesian Hessian to internal coordinates.


```
transform_int_step(int_step, update_constraints=False, pure=False)  
property translation_indices  
property typed_prims  
class pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.TRIC(*args, **kwargs)
```

5.5 Related Literature

1. The efficient optimization of molecular geometries using redundant internal coordinates
2. The generation and use of delocalized internal coordinates in geometry optimization
3. Geometry optimization in redundant internal coordinates
4. Geometry optimization made simple with translation and rotation coordinates

CALCULATORS

Exploring potential energy surfaces (PESs) requires calculation of energies and its derivatives (gradients, Hessian matrices).

For testing purposes and method development, pysisyphus implements various analytical 2d potentials, as they allow fast evaluations of the aforementioned quantities. Actual (production) calculations are carried out by wrapping existing quantum chemistry codes (ORCA, TURBOMOLE, Gaussian etc.) and delegating the required calculations to them. Pysisyphus generates all necessary inputs, executes the QC code and parses their output for the requested quantities.

Furthermore pysisyphus provides several "meta"-calculators which wrap other (actual) calculators, to modify calculated energies and forces. Examples for this are the *Dimer* calculator, used for carrying out transition state searches or the *ONIOM* calculator, allowing multi-level calculations comprising different levels of theory.

External forces, e.g. a restraining spherical potential or harmonic restraints on primitive internal coordinates (stretches, bends, torsion) can be applied with *ExternalPotential*.

6.1 YAML input

Possible keywords for the YAML input can be derived from inspecting the possible arguments of the *Calculator* base-class (see below) and the possible arguments of the respective calculator, e.g. ORCA or XTB.

The most commonly used keywords, derived from the *Calculator* baseclass are *mem*, handling the requested memory per core in MB, *pal*, handling the number of requested CPU cores, *charge*, the total charge of the system and *mult*, the systems multiplicity.

For (excited state, ES) calculations carried out with calculators derived from *OverlapCalculator* additional keywords are possible. The most common keywords controlling ES calculations are *track*, activating ES tracking, *ovlp_type*, selecting the tracking algorithm and *ovlp_with*, handling the selection of the reference cycle.

An example input highlighting the most important keywords is shown below.

```
geom:
  [... omitted ...]
calc:
  type: orca                # Calculator type, e.g. g09/g16/openmolcas/
                           # orca/pyscf/turbomole/dftb+/mopac/psi4/xtb

  pal: 1                    # Number of CPU cores
  mem: 1000                 # Memory per core
  charge: 0                 # Charge
  mult: 1                   # Multiplicity
  # Keywords for ES calculations
  track: False              # Activate ES tracking
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

ovlp_type: tden                # Tracking algorithm
ovlp_with: previous            # Reference cycle selection
# Additional calculator specific keywords
[... omitted ...]
opt:
[... omitted ...]

```

6.2 Calculator base classes

```

class pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator(calc_number=0, charge=0, mult=1,
                                                       base_name='calculator', pal=1, mem=1000,
                                                       check_mem=True, retry_calc=1,
                                                       last_calc_cycle=None, clean_after=True,
                                                       out_dir='qm_calcs')

```

```

__init__(calc_number=0, charge=0, mult=1, base_name='calculator', pal=1, mem=1000,
          check_mem=True, retry_calc=1, last_calc_cycle=None, clean_after=True, out_dir='qm_calcs')

```

Base-class of all calculators.

Meant to be extended.

Parameters

- **calc_number** (*int*, *default=0*) -- Identifier of the Calculator. Used in distinguishing it from other Calculators, e.g. in ChainOfStates calculations. Also used in the creation of filenames.
- **charge** (*int*, *default=0*) -- Molecular charge.
- **mult** (*int*, *default=1*) -- Molecular multiplicity (1 = singlet, 2 = doublet, ...)
- **base_name** (*str*, *default=calculator*) -- Generated filenames will start with this string.
- **pal** (*int*, *default=1*) -- Positive integer that gives the number of physical cores to use on 1 node.
- **mem** (*int*, *default=1000*) -- Memory per core in MB. The total amount of memory is given as `mem*pal`.
- **check_mem** (*bool*, *default=True*) -- Whether to adjust the requested memory if too much is requested.
- **retry_calc** (*int*, *default=0*) -- Number of additional retries when calculation failed.
- **last_calc_cycle** (*int*) -- Internal variable used in restarts.
- **clean_after** (*bool*) -- Delete temporary directory were calculations were executed after a calculation.
- **out_dir** (*str*) -- Path that is prepended to generated filenames.

clean(*path*)

Delete the temporary directory.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Directory to delete.

conf_key = None

get_cmd(key='cmd')

get_energy(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

get_restart_info()

Return a dict containing chkfiles.

Returns

restart_info -- Dictionary holding the calculator state. Used for restoring calculators in restarted calculations.

Return type

dict

keep(path)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

log(message="")

Write a log message.

Wraps the logger variable.

Parameters

message (*str*) -- Message to be logged.

make_fn(name, counter=None, return_str=False)

Make a full filename.

Return a full filename including the calculator name and the current counter given a suffix.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) -- Suffix of the filename.
- **counter** (*int*, *optional*) -- If not given use the current calc_counter.
- **return_str** (*int*, *optional*) -- Return a string instead of a Path when True.

Returns

fn -- Filename.

Return type

str

property name**prepare(*inp*)**

Prepare a temporary directory and write input.

Similar to `prepare_path`, but the input is also written into the prepared directory.

inp

[str] Input to be written into the file `self.inp_fn` in the prepared directory.

Returns

path -- Prepared directory.

Return type

Path

prepare_coords(*atoms, coords*)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array, 1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

np.array, 3d

prepare_input(*atoms, coords, calc_type*)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_path(*use_in_run=False*)

Get a temporary directory handle.

Create a temporary directory that can later be used in a calculation.

Parameters

use_in_run (*bool, option*) -- Sets the internal variable `self.path_already_prepared` that is later read by `self.run()`. No new temporary directory will be created in `self.run()`.

Returns

path -- Prepared directory.

Return type

Path

prepare_pattern(*raw_pat*)

Prepare globs.

Transforms an entry of `self.to_keep` into a glob and a key suitable for the use in `self.keep()`.

Parameters

raw_pat (*str*) -- Entry of `self.to_keep`

Returns

- **pattern** (*str*) -- Glob that can be used in `Path.glob()`

- **multi** (*bool*) -- Flag if glob may match multiple files.
- **key** (*str*) -- A key to be used in the `kept_fns` dict.

prepare_turbo_coords(*atoms*, *coords*)

Get a Turbomole coords string.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array*, *1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- String holding coordinates in Turbomole coords format.

Return type

str

prepare_xyz_string(*atoms*, *coords*)

Returns a xyz string in Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array*, *1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

xyz_str -- Coordinates in .xyz format.

Return type

string

print_capabilities()

print_out_fn(*path*)

Print calculation output.

Prints the output of a calculator after a calculation.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

run(*inp*, *calc*, *add_args=None*, *env=None*, *shell=False*, *hold=False*, *keep=True*, *cmd=None*, *inc_counter=True*, *run_after=True*, *parser_kwargs=None*, *symlink=True*)

Run a calculation.

The bread-and-butter method to actually run an external quantum chemistry code.

Parameters

- **inp** (*str*) -- Input for the external program that is written to the temp-dir.
- **calc** (*str*, *hashable*) -- Key (and more or less type of calculation) to select the right parsing function from `self.parser_funcs`.
- **add_args** (*iterable*, *optional*) -- Additional arguments that will be appended to the program call.
- **env** (*Environment*, *optional*) -- A potentially modified environment for the subprocess call.
- **shell** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Use a shell to execute the program call. Need for Turbomole were we chain program calls like `dscf`; `escf`.

- **hold** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Wether to remove the temporary directory after the calculation.
- **keep** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Wether to backup files as specified in `self.to_keep()`. Usually you want this.
- **cmd** (*str or iterable*, *optional*) -- Overwrites `self.base_cmd`.
- **inc_counter** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Wether to increment the counter after a calculation.

Returns

results -- Dictionary holding all applicable results of the calculations like the energy, a forces vector and/or excited state energies from TDDFT.

Return type

dict

run_after(*path*)

Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`. Can be used to call tools like `formchk` or `ricctools`.

set_restart_info(*restart_info*)

Sets restart information (`chkfiles` etc.) on the calculator.

Parameters

restart_info (*dict*) -- Dictionary holding the calculator state. Used for restoring calculators in restarted calculations.

verify_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)

Checks if given `chkfiles` exist and return them as `Paths`

Parameters

chkfiles (*dict*) -- Dictionary holding the `chkfiles`. The keys correspond to the attribute names, the values are strs holding the (potentially full) filename (path).

Returns

paths -- Dictionary of `Paths`.

Return type

dict

6.3 OverlapCalculator base class

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.NTos(ntos, lambdas)
```

Bases: tuple

lambdas

Alias for field number 1

ntos

Alias for field number 0


```
class pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator(*args, track=False,
                                                                ovlp_type='tden',
                                                                double_mol=False,
                                                                ovlp_with='previous',
                                                                XY='X+Y', adapt_args=(0.5,
                                                                0.3, 0.6), use_ntos=4,
                                                                pr_nto=False, nto_thresh=0.3,
                                                                cdds=None, orient="",
                                                                dump_fn='overlap_data.h5',
                                                                h5_dump=False, ncore=0,
                                                                conf_thresh=0.001,
                                                                dyn_roots=0, mos_ref='cur',
                                                                mos_renorm=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
H5_MAP = {'all_energies': 'all_energies_list', 'ci_coeffs': 'ci_coeff_list',
          'coords': 'coords_list', 'mo_coeffs': 'mo_coeff_list', 'ref_roots':
          'reference_roots', 'roots': 'roots_list'}
```

```
OVLP_TYPE_VERBOSE = {'nto': 'natural transition orbital overlap', 'nto_org':
                     'original natural transition orbital overlap', 'tden': 'transition density matrix
                     overlap', 'wf': 'wavefunction overlap'}
```

```
VALID_CDDS = (None, 'calc', 'render')
```

```
VALID_KEYS = ['wf', 'tden', 'nto', 'nto_org']
```

```
VALID_XY = ('X', 'X+Y', 'X-Y')
```

```
blowup_ci_coeffs(ci_coeffs)
```

```
calc_cdd_cube(root, cycle=-1)
```

```
calculate_state_ntos(state_ci_coeffs, mos)
```

```
property data_model
```

```
dump_overlap_data()
```

```
static from_overlap_data(h5_fn, set_wfow=False)
```

```
get_h5_group()
```

```
get_indices(indices=None)
```

A new root is determined by selecting the overlap matrix row corresponding to the reference root and checking for the root with the highest overlap (at the current geometry).

The overlap matrix is usually formed by a double loop like:

```
overlap_matrix = np.empty((ref_states, cur_states)) for i, ref_state in enumerate(ref_states):
```

```
    for j, cur_state in enumerate(cur_states):
```

```
        overlap_matrix[i, j] = make_overlap(ref_state, cur_state)
```

So the reference states run along the rows. That's why the ref_state index comes first in the 'indices' tuple.

```
static get_mo_norms(mo_coeffs, ao_ovlp)
```

MOs are in rows.

get_nto_overlaps(*indices=None, ao_ovlp=None, org=False*)

get_orbital_matrices(*indices=None, ao_ovlp=None*)

Return MO coefficients and AO overlaps for the given indices.

If not provided, a AO overlap matrix is constructed from one of the MO coefficient matrices (controlled by `self.mos_ref`). Also, if requested one of the two MO coefficient matrices is re-normalized.

get_ref_mos(*ref_mo_coeffs, cur_mo_coeffs*)

static get_sao_from_mo_coeffs(*mo_coeffs*)

Recover AO overlaps from given MO coefficients.

For MOs in the columns of `mo_coeffs`:

$$S_{AO} = C^1{}^T C^1 S_{AO} C = C^1{}^T (S_{AO} C)^T = C^1 C^1{}^T S_{AO}{}^T = C^1 C^1{}^T S_{AO} C = I$$

Here, MOs are expected to be in rows of `mo_coeffs`, yielding

$$C S_{AO} C^1{}^T = I$$

get_sao_from_mo_coeffs_and_dump(*mo_coeffs*)

get_tden_overlaps(*indices=None, ao_ovlp=None*)

get_wf_overlaps(*indices=None, ao_ovlp=None*)

nto_org_overlaps(*ntos_1, ntos_2, ao_ovlp, nto_thresh=0.3*)

nto_overlaps(*ntos_1, ntos_2, ao_ovlp*)

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like `mos`, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

render_cdd_cube()

static renorm_mos(*mo_coeffs, ao_ovlp*)

property roots_number

set_ntos(*mo_coeffs, ci_coeffs*)

set_wfow(*ci_coeffs*)

store_overlap_data(*atoms, coords, path=None, overlap_data=None*)

tden_overlap_with_calculator(*calc, ao_ovlp=None*)

tden_overlaps(*mo_coeffs1, ci_coeffs1, mo_coeffs2, ci_coeffs2, ao_ovlp*)

Parameters

- **mo_coeffs1** (*ndarray, shape (MOs, AOs)*) -- MO coefficient matrix. One row per MO, one column per basis function. Usually square.
- **mo_coeffs2** (*ndarray*) -- See `mo_coeffs1`.
- **ci_coeffs1** (*ndarray, shape (occ. MOs, MOs)*) -- CI-coefficient matrix.
- **ci_coeffs2** (*ndarray, shape (occ. MOs, MOs)*) -- See `ci_coeffs1`.
- **ao_ovlp** (*ndarray, shape (AOs1, AOs2)*) -- Double molecule AO overlaps.

track_root(*ovlp_type=None*)

Check if a root flip occurred compared to the previous cycle by calculating the overlap matrix wrt. a reference cycle.

update_array_dims()

Assure consistent array shapes when the number of calculated roots changed.

wf_overlap_with_calculator(*calc, ao_ovlp=None*)

wf_overlaps(*mo_coeffs1, ci_coeffs1, mo_coeffs2, ci_coeffs2, ao_ovlp=None*)

`pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.get_data_model`(*exc_state_num, occ_mo_num, virt_mo_num, ovlp_type, atoms, max_cycles*)

6.4 Calculators with Excited state capabilities

6.4.1 Gaussian09

class `pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09.Gaussian09`(**args, **kwargs*)

conf_key = 'gaussian09'

6.4.2 Gaussian16

class `pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16`(*route, gbs="", gen="", keep_chk=False, stable="", fchk=None, **kwargs*)

Bases: `OverlapCalculator`

conf_key = 'gaussian16'

get_chkfiles()

get_energy(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

keep(*path*)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

make_exc_str()

make_fchk(*path*)

make_gbs_str()

parse_635r_dump(*dump_path*, *roots*, *nmos*)

parse_charges(*path=None*)

parse_double_mol(*path*, *out_fn=None*)

static parse_fchk(*fchk_path*, *keys*)

parse_force(*path*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

parse_keyword(*text*)

parse_log(**args*, ***kwargs*)

parse_stable(*path*)

parse_tddft(*path*)

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *did_stable=False*, *point_charges=None*)
Meant to be extended.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)
Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

reuse_data(*path*)

run_after(*path*)
Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`.
Can be used to call tools like formchk or ricctools.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

run_double_mol_calculation(*atoms*, *coords1*, *coords2*)

run_rwf_dump(*path*, *rwf_index*, *chk_path=None*)

run_stable(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

set_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)

6.4.3 OpenMolcas

class pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.**OpenMolcas**(*basis, inorb, roots, mdrlxroot, supsym=None, track=True, **kwargs*)

Bases: *Calculator*

build_rassi_str()

build_supsym_str(*supsym*)

Can handle only one subgroup for now.

conf_key = 'openmolcas'

get_energy(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_pal_env()

keep(*path*)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

parse_energies(*text*)

parse_gradient(*path*)

parse_rassi_track(*path*)

prepare_coords(*atoms, coords*)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array, 1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

np.array, 3d

prepare_input(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

reattach(*last_calc_cycle*)

6.4.4 ORCA 4.2.1 / 5.0.1

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA(keywords, blocks="", gbw=None, do_stable=False,
                                       numfreq=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [OverlapCalculator](#)

```
__init__(keywords, blocks="", gbw=None, do_stable=False, numfreq=False, **kwargs)
```

ORCA calculator.

Wrapper for creating ORCA input files for energy, gradient and Hessian calculations. The PAL and memory inputs must not be given in the keywords and/or blocks, as they are handled by the 'pal' and 'memory' arguments.

Parameters

- **keywords** (*str*) -- Keyword line, as normally given in ORCA, excluding the leading "!".
- **blocks** (*str*, *optional*) -- ORCA block input(s), e.g. for TD-DFT calculations (%tddft ... end). As the blocks start with a leading "%", wrapping the input in quotes (") is required, otherwise the parsing will fail.
- **gbw** (*str*, *optional*) -- Path to an input gbw file, which will be used as initial guess for the first calculation. Will be overridden later, with the path to the gbw file of a previous calculation.
- **do_stable** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Run stability analysis until a stable wavefunction is obtained, before every calculation.
- **numfreq** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Use numerical frequencies instead of analytical ones.
- **mem** (*int*) -- Memory per core in MB.

```
check_termination(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
clean_tmp(path)
```

```
conf_key = 'orca'
```

```
get_block_str()
```

```
get_chkfiles()
```

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_moinp_str(gbw)
```

```
get_stable_wavefunction(atoms, coords)
```

```
keep(path)
```

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

- **path** (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

parse_all_energies(*text=None, triplets=None*)

static parse_atoms_coords(*inp, *args, **kwargs*)

parse_cis(*cis*)

Read binary CI vector file from ORCA.

Adapted from TheoDORE 1.7.1, Authors: S. Mai, F. Plasser <https://sourceforge.net/p/theodore-qc>

parse_energy(*path*)

parse_engrad(*path*)

static parse_engrad_info(*inp, *args, **kwargs*)

parse_gbw(*gbw_fn*)

Adapted from <https://orcaforum.kofo.mpg.de/viewtopic.php?f=8&t=3299>

The first 5 long int values represent pointers into the file:

Pointer @+0: Internal ORCA data structures Pointer @+8: Geometry Pointer @+16: BasisSet Pointer @+24: Orbitals Pointer @+32: ECP data

static parse_hess_file(*inp, *args, **kwargs*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

parse_mo_numbers(*out_fn*)

parse_stable(*path*)

prepare_input(*atoms, coords, calc_type, point_charges=None, do_stable=False*)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

reattach(*last_calc_cycle*)

run_after(*path*)

Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`. Can be used to call tools like formchk or ricctools.

run_calculation(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Basically some kind of dummy method that can be called to execute ORCA with the stored cmd of this calculator.

set_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)

set_mo_coeffs(*mo_coeffs=None, gbw=None*)

```
static set_mo_coeffs_in_gbw(in_gbw_fn, out_gbw_fn, mo_coeffs)
```

See `self.parse_gbw`.

```
store_and_track(results, func, atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

```
pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.make_sym_mat(table_block)
```

```
pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.save_orca_pc_file(point_charges, pc_fn, hardness=None)
```

6.4.5 PySCF 1.7.6

6.4.6 Turbomole 7.x

Pysisyphus does not implement a wrapper for *define*, so the user has to manually prepare a directory containing a valid control file. An automated *define* wrapper, restricted to ground state functionality, is available via the [QCEngine project](#), to which I contributed the Turbomole harness.

Care should be taken to include only the minimum amount of necessary files in the *control_path* directory, e.g., (*auxbasis*, *basis*, *control*, *coord*, *mos*) for a closed-shell calculation using RI. **A gradient file must not be present in control_path, as well as other subdirectories and files with .out extension.** The *coord* file, while not strictly required, should be kept too, to facilitate testing of the setup with standalone Turbomole.

It may be a good idea to pre-converge the calculation in *control_path*, to see if the setup is correct and actually works. Resulting files like *energy*, *statistics* can be deleted; *mos* should be kept, as the converged MOs are reused in pysisyphus.

If an excited-state optimization is desired, care has to be taken, to include `$exopt [n]` for TD-DFT/TDA or the **geoopt state=[n]** (ricc2)! Tracking of excited states is currently possible for closed shell *egrad* and *ricc2* calculations.

The current implementation was tested against Turbomole 7.4.1 and QCEngine 0.19.0. Please see [examples/complex/11_turbomole_gs_tsopt](#) for a full example where Turbomole is utilized in a growing string calculation. The same example, using QCEngine, is found in [examples/complex/12_qcengine_turbomole_gs_tsopt](#). MOs are not reused with the QCEngine calculator, so the native pysisyphus calculator is probably faster.

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole(control_path, root=None, double_mol_path=None,
                                                **kwargs)
```

Bases: [OverlapCalculator](#)

```
append_control(to_append, log_msg="", **kwargs)
```

```
conf_key = 'turbomole'
```

```
get_chkfiles()
```

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, cmd=None, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_pal_env()
```

```
get_ricc2_root(text)
```


keep(*path*)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

make_molden(*path*)

parse_cc2_vectors(*ccre*)

parse_double_mol(*path*)

Parse a double molecule overlap matrix from Turbomole output to be used with WFOWrapper.

parse_energy(*path*)

parse_force(*path*)

parse_gs_energy()

Several places are possible: \$subenergy from control file total energy from turbomole.out Final MP2 energy from turbomole.out with ADC(2) Final CC2 energy from turbomole.out with CC(2)

parse_hessian(*path*, *fn=None*)

parse_mos()

parse_td_vectors(*text*)

For TDA calculations only the X vector is present in the ciss_a/etc. file. In TDDFT calculations there are twice as much items compared with TDA. The first half corresponds to (X+Y) and the second half to (X-Y). X can be calculated as $X = ((X+Y)+(X-Y))/2$. Y is then given as $Y = (X+Y)-X$. The normalization can then be checked as

$\text{np.concatenate}((X, Y)).\text{dot}(\text{np.concatenate}((X, -Y)))$

and should be 1.

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *point_charges=None*)

To rectify this we have to construct the basemcd dynamically and construct it ad hoc. We could set a RI flag in the beginning and select the correct scf binary here from it. Then we select the following binary on demand, e.g. aoforce or rdgrad or egrad etc.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

prepare_point_charges(*point_charges*)

\$point_charges <x> <y> <z> <q>

prepare_td(*text*)

run_after(*path*)

Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`. Can be used to call tools like formchk or ricctools.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*)

Basically some kind of dummy method that can be called to execute Turbomole with the stored cmd of this calculator.

run_double_mol_calculation(*atoms*, *coords1*, *coords2*)

set_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)

set_occ_and_mo_nums(*text*)

store_and_track(*results*, *func*, *atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

sub_control(*pattern*, *repl*, *log_msg=""*, ***kwargs*)

6.4.7 DFTB+ 20.x

class pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.**DFTBp**(*parameter*, **args*, *slakos=None*, *root=None*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [OverlapCalculator](#)

conf_key = 'dftbp'

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

static get_excited_state_str(*root*, *forces=False*)

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

static get_gen_str(*atoms*, *coords*)

max_ang_moms = {'mio-ext': {'C': 'p', 'H': 's', 'N': 'p', 'O': 'p'}}

parse_energy(*path*)

static parse_exc_dat(*text*)

parse_forces(*path*)

parse_total_energy(*text*)

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.**parse_mo**(*eigvec*)

pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.**parse_xplusy**(*text*)

6.5 Calculators with Ground state capabilities

6.5.1 MOPAC 2016

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC(method='PM7', **kwargs)
    Bases: Calculator
    http://openmopac.net/manual/
    CALC_TYPES = {'energy': '1SCF', 'gradient': '1SCF GRADIENTS', 'hessian': 'DFORCE
    FORCE LET'}

    METHODS = ['am1', 'pm3', 'pm6', 'pm6-dh2', 'pm6-d3', 'pm6-dh+', 'pm6-dh2',
    'pm6-dh2x', 'pm6-d3h4', 'pm6-d3h4x', 'pm7', 'pm7-ts']

    MULT_STRS = {1: 'SINGLET', 2: 'DOUBLET', 3: 'TRIPLET', 4: 'QUARTET', 5:
    'QUINTET', 6: 'SEXTET', 7: 'SEPTET', 8: 'OCTET'}

    base_cmd
        Do only SCF AUX: Creates a checkpoint file NOREO: Dont reorient geometry

        Type
            1SCF

    conf_key = 'mopac'

    get_energy(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_forces(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_hessian(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.

    parse_energy(path)

    static parse_energy_from_aux(inp, *args, **kwargs)

    parse_grad(path)

    parse_hessian(path)

    static parse_hessian_from_aux(inp, *args, **kwargs)

    prepare_coords(atoms, coords, opt=False)
        Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

        Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

    Parameters
        • atoms (iterable) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
        • coords (np.array, 1d) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

    Returns
        coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.
```

Return type

np.array, 3d

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *opt=False*)

Meant to be extended.

read_aux(*path*)

6.5.2 Psi4

class pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.**Psi4**(*method*, *basis*, *to_set=None*, *pcm='iefpcm'*, *solvent=None*, *write_fchk=False*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

conf_key = 'psi4'

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_fchk_str()

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

parse_energy(*path*)

parse_grad(*path*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*)

Meant to be extended.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

6.5.3 QCEngine

6.5.4 XTB 6.x

class pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.**OptResult**(*opt_geom*, *opt_log*)

Bases: tuple

opt_geom

Alias for field number 0

opt_log

Alias for field number 1

class pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.**XTB**(*gbsa=""*, *alpb=""*, *gfn=2*, *acc=1.0*, *etemp=None*, *retry_etemp=None*, *topo=None*, *topo_update=None*, *quiet=False*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
__init__(gbsa="", alpb="", gfn=2, acc=1.0, etemp=None, retry_etemp=None, topo=None,
         topo_update=None, quiet=False, **kwargs)
```

XTB calculator.

Wrapper for running energy, gradient and Hessian calculations by XTB.

Parameters

- **gbsa** (*str*, *optional*) -- Solvent for GBSA calculation, by default no solvent model is used.
- **alpb** (*str*, *optional*) -- Solvent for ALPB calculation, by default no solvent model is used.
- **gfn** (*int or str*, *must be (0, 1, 2, or "ff")*) -- Hamiltonian for the XTB calculation (GFN0, GFN1, GFN2, or GFNFF).
- **acc** (*float*, *optional*) -- Accuracy control of the calculation, the lower the tighter several numerical thresholds are chosen.
- **topo** (*str*, *optional*) -- Path the a GFNFF-topolgy file. As setting up the topology may take some time for sizable systems, it may be desired to reuse the file.
- **topo_update** (*int*) -- Integer controlling the update interval of the GFNFF topology update. If supplied, the topology will be recreated every N-th calculation.
- **mem** (*int*) -- Mememory per core in MB.
- **quiet** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Suppress creation of log files.

```
static check_termination(inp, *args, **kwargs)
```

```
conf_key = 'xtb'
```

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_mdrestart_str(coords, velocities)
```

coords and velocities have to given in au!

```
get_pal_env()
```

```
get_retry_args()
```

```
keep(path)
```

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

parse_charges(*fn=None*)

parse_charges_from_json(*fn=None*)

parse_energy(*path*)

parse_gradient(*path*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

parse_md(*path*)

parse_opt(*path, keep_log=False*)

parse_topo(*path*)

prepare_add_args(*xcontrol=None*)

prepare_coords(*atoms, coords*)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array, 1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

np.array, 3d

prepare_input(*atoms, coords, calc_type, point_charges=None*)

Meant to be extended.

reattach(*last_calc_cycle*)

run_calculation(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

run_md(*atoms, coords, t, dt, velocities=None, dump=1*)

Expecting t and dt in fs, even though xtb wants t in ps!

run_opt(*atoms, coords, keep=True, keep_log=False*)

run_topo(*atoms, coords*)

write_mdrestart(*path, mdrestart_str*)

6.5.5 Dalton

class pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton.**Dalton**(*basis, method='hf', **kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

compute(*mol, prop*)

conf_key = 'dalton'

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

6.5.6 OpenBabel

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.OBabel.OBabel(ff='gaff', mol=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
conv_dict = {'kcal/mol': 627.5094740630558, 'kJ/mol': 2625.4996394798254}
```

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

setup(*atoms*, *coords*)

6.6 Meta (wrapping) Calculators

6.6.1 ExternalPotential

6.6.2 Restraint

```
# General input structure for restraints
calc:
  type: ext
  # Multiple potentials could be specified here as a list
  potentials:
    # Primitive internal coordinate restraint
    - type: restraint
      # List of restraints; could also be multiple restraints. Each restraint is given as
      # list of 2 or 3 items.
      #
      # The first item always specifies an internal coordinate,
      # whereas the second argument is a force constant (in atomic units; actual units
      # depend on the coordinate). Optionally a reference value (third argument) can be
      # given. If omitted, the initial coordinate value is used as reference value.
      restraints: [[[BOND, 0, 1], 10, 3.0]]
      # The commented out input below would restrain the bond at its initial value.
      #restraints: [[[BOND, 0, 1], 10]]
      # Multiple restraints are specified as given below.
      #restraints: [[[BOND, 0, 1], 10], [[BEND, 0, 1, 2], 1.0]]
calc:
  type: [actual calculator that is wrapped by ExternalPotential]
```

6.6.3 HarmonicSphere

6.6.4 LogFermi

6.6.5 AFIR

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR(calculator, fragment_indices, gamma, rho=1, p=6,
                                       ignore_hydrogen=True, complete_fragments=True, dump=True,
                                       h5_fn='afir.h5', h5_group_name='afir', **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Calculator*

```
__init__(calculator, fragment_indices, gamma, rho=1, p=6, ignore_hydrogen=True,
         complete_fragments=True, dump=True, h5_fn='afir.h5', h5_group_name='afir', **kwargs)
```

Artificial Force Induced Reaction calculator.

Currently, there are no automated drivers to run large-scale AFIR calculations with many different initial orientations and/or increasing collision energy parameter. Nonetheless, selected AFIR calculations can be carried out by hand. After convergence, artificial potential & forces, as well as real energies and forces can be plotted with 'pysisplot --afir'. The highest energy point along the AFIR path can then be selected for a subsequent TS-optimization, e.g. via 'pysistrj --get [index] optimization.trj'.

Future versions of pysisyphus may provide drivers for more automated AFIR calculations.

Parameters

- **calculator** (*Calculator*) -- Actual QC calculator that provides energies and its derivatives, that are modified by the AFIR calculator, e.g., ORCA or Psi4.
- **fragment_indices** (List[List[int]]) -- List of lists of integers, specifying the separate fragments. If the indices in these lists don't comprise all atoms in the molecule, the remaining indices will be added as a separate fragment. If a AFIR calculation is carried out with 2 fragments and 'complete_fragments' is True (see below) it is enough to specify only the indices of one fragment, e.g., for a system of 10 atoms 'fragment_indices=[[0,1,2,3]]' is enough. The second system will be set up automatically with indices [4,5,6,7,8,9].
- **gamma** (Union[_SupportsArray[dtype], _NestedSequence[_SupportsArray[dtype]], bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes, _NestedSequence[Union[bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes]]]) -- Collision energy parameter in au. For 2 fragments it can be a single integer, while for > 2 fragments a list of gammas must be given, specifying the pair-wise collision energy parameters. For 3 fragments 3 gammas must be given [_01, _02, _12], for 4 fragments 6 gammas would be required [_01, _02, _03, _12, _13, _23] and so on.
- **rho** (Union[_SupportsArray[dtype], _NestedSequence[_SupportsArray[dtype]], bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes, _NestedSequence[Union[bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes]]], default: 1) -- Direction of the artificial force, either 1 or -1. The same comments as for gamma apply. For 2 fragments a single integer is enough, for > 2 fragments a list of rhos must be given (see above). For rho=1 fragments are pushed together, for rho=-1 fragments are pulled apart.
- **p** (int, default: 6) -- Exponent p used in the calculation of the weight function. Defaults to 6 and probably does not have to be changed.
- **ignore_hydrogen** (bool, default: True) -- Whether hydrogens are ignored in the calculation of the artificial force.
- **complete_fragments** (bool, default: True) -- Whether an incomplete specification in 'fragment_indices' is automatically completed.

- **dump** (bool, default: True) -- Whether an HDF5 file is created.
- **h5_fn** (str, default: 'afir.h5') -- Filename of the HDF5 file used for dumping.
- **h5_group_name** (str, default: 'afir') -- HDF5 group name used for dumping.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Calculator baseclass.

afir_fd_hessian_wrapper(*coords3d, afir_grad_func*)

property charge

dump_h5(*atoms, coords, results*)

get_energy(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

init_h5_group(*atoms, max_cycles=None*)

log_fragments()

property mult

set_atoms_and_funcs(*atoms, coords*)

Initially atoms was also an argument to the constructor of AFIR. I removed it so creation becomes easier. The first time a calculation is requested with a proper atom set everything is set up (cov. radii, afir function and corresponding gradient). Afterwards there is only a check if atoms != None and it is expected that all functions are properly set.

fragment_indices can also be incomplete w.r.t. to the number of atoms. If the sum of the specified fragment atoms is less than the number of atoms present then all remaining unspecified atoms will be gathered in one fragment.

write_fragment_geoms(*atoms, coords*)

class pysisiphus.calculators.AFIR.**AFIRPath**(*atoms, cart_coords, energies, forces, opt_is_converged*)

Bases: object

atoms: tuple

cart_coords: ndarray

energies: ndarray

forces: ndarray

opt_is_converged: bool

pysisiphus.calculators.AFIR.**afir_closure**(*fragment_indices, cov_radii, gamma, rho=1, p=6, prefactor=1.0, logger=None*)

rho=1 pushes fragments together, rho=-1 pulls fragments apart.

pysisiphus.calculators.AFIR.**get_data_model**(*atoms, max_cycles*)

6.6.6 ONIOM

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc(models, total_size, parent_layer_calc=None)
```

Bases: object

property charge

do_parent(with_parent)

static energy_from_results(model_energies, parent_energy=None)

get_energy(atoms, coords, with_parent=True)

get_forces(atoms, coords, with_parent=True)

get_hessian(atoms, coords, with_parent=True)

property mult

run_calculations(atoms, coords, method)

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Link(ind, parent_ind, atom, g)
```

Bases: tuple

atom

Alias for field number 2

g

Alias for field number 3

ind

Alias for field number 0

parent_ind

Alias for field number 1

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model(name, calc_level, calc, parent_name, parent_calc_level,  
                                           parent_calc, atom_inds, parent_atom_inds,  
                                           use_link_atoms=True)
```

Bases: object

as_calculator(cap=False)

as_geom(all_atoms, all_coords)

capped_atoms_coords(all_atoms, all_coords)

create_bond_vec_getters(atoms)

create_links(atoms, coords, debug=False)

get_energy(atoms, coords, point_charges=None, parent_correction=True, cap=True)

get_forces(atoms, coords, point_charges=None, parent_correction=True, cap=True)

get_hessian(atoms, coords, point_charges=None, parent_correction=True, cap=True)

get_jacobian()

`get_sparse_jacobian()`

`log(message="")`

`parse_charges()`

`class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ModelDummyCalc(model, cap=False)`

Bases: `object`

`get_energy(atoms, coords)`

`get_forces(atoms, coords)`

`class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM(calcs, models, geom, layers=None, embedding="", real_key='real', use_link_atoms=True, *args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `Calculator`

`__init__(calcs, models, geom, layers=None, embedding="", real_key='real', use_link_atoms=True, *args, **kwargs)`

layer: list of models

len(layer) == 1: normal ONIOM, len(layer) >= 1: multicenter ONIOM.

model:

(sub)set of all atoms that resides in a certain layer and has a certain calculator.

`atom_inds_in_layer(index, exclude_inner=False)`

Returns list of atom indices in layer at index.

Atoms that also appear in inner layer can be excluded on request.

Parameters

- **index** (*int*) -- pasd
- **exclude_inner** (*bool*, *default=False*, *optional*) -- Whether to exclude atom indices that also appear in inner layers.

Returns

atom_indices -- List containing the atom indices in the selected layer.

Return type

list

`calc_layer(atoms, coords, index, parent_correction=True)`

property charge

```
embeddings = {'': '', 'electronic': 'Electronic embedding', 'electronic_rc':
'Electronic embedding with redistributed charges', 'electronic_rcd': 'Electronic
embedding with redistributed charges and dipoles'}
```

`get_energy(atoms, coords)`

Meant to be extended.

`get_forces(atoms, coords)`

Meant to be extended.

`get_hessian(atoms, coords)`

Meant to be extended.

```
get_layer_calc(layer_ind)

property model_iter

property mult

run_calculation(atoms, coords)

run_calculations(atoms, coords, method)

pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.atom_inds_to_cart_inds(atom_inds)

pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.cap_fragment(atoms, coords, fragment, link_atom='H', g=0.709)

pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.get_embedding_charges(embedding, layer, parent_layer, coords3d)

pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.get_g_value(atom, parent_atom, link_atom)
```

6.6.7 Dimer

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer(calculator, *args, N_raw=None, length=0.0189,
                                         rotation_max_cycles=15, rotation_method='fourier',
                                         rotation_thresh=0.0001, rotation_tol=1,
                                         rotation_max_element=0.001, rotation_interpolate=True,
                                         rotation_disable=False, rotation_disable_pos_curv=True,
                                         rotation_remove_trans=True, trans_force_f_perp=True,
                                         bonds=None, N_hessian=None, bias_rotation=False,
                                         bias_translation=False, bias_gaussian_dot=0.1, seed=None,
                                         write_orientations=True, forward_hessian=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

property C

Shortcut for the curvature.

property N

add_gaussian(atoms, center, N, height=0.1, std=0.0529, max_cycles=50, dot_ref=None)

property can_bias_f0

property can_bias_f1

property coords0

property coords1

curvature(f1, f2, N)

Curvature of the mode represented by the dimer.

direct_rotation(optimizer, prev_step)

do_dimer_rotations(rotation_thresh=None)

property energy0

property f0

property `f1`

property `f1_bias`

property `f2`

Never calculated explicitly, but estimated from `f0` and `f1`.

fourier_rotation(*optimizer, prev_step*)

get_N_raw_from_hessian(*h5_fn, root=0*)

get_forces(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_gaussian_energies(*coords, sum_=True*)

get_gaussian_forces(*coords, sum_=True*)

get_hessian(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

remove_translation(*displacement*)

property `rot_force`

rotate_coords1(*rad, theta*)

Rotate dimer and produce new `coords1`.

set_N_raw(*coords*)

property `should_bias_f0`

May lead to calculation of `f0` and/or `f1` if present!

property `should_bias_f1`

May lead to calculation of `f0` and/or `f1` if present!

update_orientation(*coords*)

class `pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Gaussian`(*height, center, std, N*)

Bases: `object`

energy(*R, height=None*)

forces(*R, height=None*)

exception `pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.RotationConverged`

Bases: `Exception`

6.7 Pure Python calculators

6.7.1 Sympy 2D Potentials

class `pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase`(*V_str, scale=1.0, xlim=(- 1, 1), ylim=(- 1, 1), levels=None, use_sympify=True, minima=None, saddles=None*)

Bases: `Calculator`

anim_coords(*coords*, *interval*=50, *show*=False, *title_func*=None)

anim_opt(*opt*, *energy_profile*=False, *colorbar*=False, *figsize*=(8, 6), *show*=False)

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*)
Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*)
Meant to be extended.

classmethod get_geom(*coords*, *atoms*=('X'), *V_str*=None, *calc_kwargs*=None, *geom_kwargs*=None)

get_geoms_from_stored_coords(*coords_list*, *i*=None, *calc_kwargs*=None, *geom_kwargs*=None)

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*)
Meant to be extended.

get_minima(*i*=None, *calc_kwargs*=None, *geom_kwargs*=None)

get_path(*num*, *minima_inds*=None)

get_saddles(*i*=None, *calc_kwargs*=None, *geom_kwargs*=None)

plot(*levels*=None, *show*=False, ***figkwargs*)

plot3d(*levels*=None, *show*=False, *zlim*=None, *vmin*=None, *vmax*=None, *resolution*=100, *rcount*=50, *ccount*=50, *nan_above*=None, *init_view*=None, *colorbar*=False, ***figkwargs*)

plot_coords(*xs*, *ys*, *enum*=True, *show*=False, *title*=None)

plot_eigenvalue_structure(*grid*=50, *levels*=None, *show*=False)

plot_geoms(*geoms*, ***kwargs*)

plot_irc(*irc*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

plot_opt(*opt*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

statistics()

6.7.2 Lennard-Jones

class pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones.**LennardJones**(*sigma*=1.8897261251, *epsilon*=1, *rc*=None)
Bases: [Calculator](#)

calculate(*coords3d*)

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*)
Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*)
Meant to be extended.

6.7.3 FakeASE

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE.FakeASE(calc)
    Bases: object
    get_atoms_coords(atoms)

    get_forces(atoms=None)

    get_potential_energy(atoms=None)
```

6.7.4 TIP3P

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P(rc=9.44863062728914)
    Bases: Calculator
    Transferable Intermolecular Potential 3 Point
    aHOH = 104.52

    calculate(coords3d)

    charges

        coulomb_energy = (multiple of elem. charge * multiple of elem. charge)
            / (distance in bohr) * 1 / (4 * pi * vacuum permittivity)

        coulomb_prefactor converts everything to atomic units and it is ... drum roll ... 1. from scipy.constants
        import value as pcval self.coulomb_prefactor = (1 / (4 * np.pi) * pcval("elementary charge"))**2
            / pcval("Hartree energy") / pcval("Bohr radius") / pcval("vacuum electric permittivity")
    )

    coulomb(coords3d)

    epsilon = 0.0002423919586315716

    get_energy(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_forces(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.

    qH = 0.417

    qO = -0.834

    rOH = 1.8088458464917874

    sigma = 5.953790025507198
```


MINIMIZATION

Searching for minimum energy geometries of molecules is preferably done using second order methods that employ hessian information. Using the plain hessian H for step prediction through $p = -H^{-1}g$, with g being the gradient vector, may yield erroneous uphill steps when H has negative eigenvalues.

This can be understood by calculating the step in the basis of the hessian eigenvectors V .

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{H} &= V^T H V \\ \tilde{g} &= V^T g \\ \tilde{p}_i &= -\frac{\tilde{g}_i}{\tilde{H}_{ii}}\end{aligned}\tag{7.4}$$

\tilde{H} , \tilde{g} and \tilde{p} are transformed into the eigenvector basis and the subscript i indicates the component belongs to the i -th eigenvalue (-vector) of H . As the gradient always points into the direction of greater function values dividing it by a negative eigenvalues \tilde{H}_{ii} will lead to a step in uphill direction along the i -th eigenvector. The step in the original basis is obtained by a simple back-transformation:

$$p = V\tilde{p}$$

A step in downhill direction can be ensured by introducing an appropriate shift parameter λ that must be smaller than the smallest eigenvalue of H :

$$\tilde{p}_i = -\frac{\tilde{g}_i}{\tilde{H}_{ii} - \lambda}$$

In *pysisyphus* the shift parameter λ is obtained by the Rational Function Optimization approach.

When the root-mean-square of the predicted step p drops below a certain threshold (default is 0.0025 au or rad) controlled GDIIS is tried. If GDIIS fails or is not yet possible a polynomial line-search is conducted. Using the latest two energies and the projection of the latest two gradients onto the last step the coefficients of a cubic polynomial are defined unambiguously. By requiring $d^2f(x)/dx^2 \geq 0$ and the equality holding at exactly one point also a quartic polynomial can be determined.

For now line-searches using a cubic polynomial are disabled as they seem to degrade the optimizer performance, so only the constrained quartic polynomial is tried. By also using projected hessian information the coefficients of a quintic polynomial can be determined, but this also seems to be inferior compared to the constrained quartic polynomial.

Convergence is indicated when the root-mean-square and the maximum value of the gradient and step drop below a certain threshold. It is not uncommon that the gradient convergence is achieved before step convergence. By using *overachieve_factor*: $[n, \text{float} > 1]$ in the YAML input convergence will be signalled, when gradient convergence is overachieved by factor n .

7.1 YAML Example

Below you can find an example YAML-input including the most important options that the user may want to modify when using the RFOptimizer.

```
opt:
  type: rfo                                # Optimization algorithm
  max_cycles: 50                           # Maximum number of optimization cycles

  overachieve_factor: 2                   # Indicate convergence, regardless of the
                                          # proposed step when max(grad) and rms(grad)
                                          # are overachieved by factor [n]

  do_hess: True                            # Calculate the hessian at the final geometry
                                          # after the optimization.

  #hessian_recalc: None                    # Recalculate exact hessian every n-th cycle

  #hessian_recalc_adapt: None              # Expects a float. Recalculate exact hessian
                                          # whenever the gradient norms drops below
                                          # 1/[n] of the gradient norm at the last hessian
                                          # recalculation.

  #hessian_init: fischer                   # Type of model hessian. Other options are: 'calc,
                                          # simple, xtb, lindh, swart, unit'

  #hessian_update: bfgs                    # Hessian-update. Other options are: 'flowchart,
                                          # damped_bfgs, bofill'. bofill is not recommended
                                          # for minimum searches.

  #small_eigval_thresh: 1e-8               # Neglect eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors
                                          # below this threshold.

  #max_micro_cycles: 50                    # No. of micro cycles for the RS-variants. Does not apply
                                          # to TRIM.

  #trust_radius: 0.3                       # Initial trust radius.
  #trust_max: 1.0                           # Max. trust radius
  #trust_min: 0.1                           # Min. trust radius

  #line_search: True                       # Do line search

  #gdiis_thresh: 0.0025                    # May do GDIIS if rms(step) falls below this threshold
  #gediis_thresh: 0.01                     # May do GEDIIS if rms(grad) falls below this threshold
  #gdiis: True                             # Do controlled GDIIS after 'gdiis_thresh' is reached
  #gediis: False                           # Do GEDIIS after 'gediis_thresh' is reached

calc:
  type: turbomole
  control_path: control_path_pbe0_def2svp_s1  # Path to the prepared calculation
  track: True                                # Activate excited state tracking
  ovlp_type: tden                            # Track with transition density matrix,
  ↪ overlaps
  charge: 0
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

mult: 1
pal: 4
mem: 2000

geom:
  type: redund
  fn: cytosin.xyz

```

Further examples for optimizations from `.yaml` input can be found [here](#).

7.2 Convergence Thresholds

Optimization convergence is indicated when four criteria are met. Each cycle the root-mean-square and the absolute maximum of force and proposed step vectors are checked. The default criteria in pysisyphus correspond to the `opt=loose` in Gaussian. Different thresholds can easily be requested by supplying the respective keyword in the YAML input.

Convergence is also indicated, when `max(force)` and `rms(force)` are overachieved, by a certain factor (`overachieve_factor`, default=3), similar to ORCA's optimizer. Further keywords, controlling the convergence check are found below.

```

opt:
  ...
  thresh: gau_loose           # See table below for different thresholds.
  overachieve_factor: 3
  rms_force: null           # Derive four criteria from this value
  rms_force_only: False      # Only check rms(force)
  max_force_only: False      # Only check max(force)
  # Chain-of-States specific
  coord_diff_thresh: 0.01    # Terminate on insignificant coordinate change
  reparam_thresh: 0.001      # Terminate on insignificant coordinate change upon
  ↪reparametrization
  ...

```

Thresh- old	max(force)	rms(forces)	max(step)	rms(step)	Comment
<i>gau_loose</i>	2.5e-3	1.7e-3	1.0e-2	6.7e-3	default
<i>gau</i>	4.5e-4	3.0e-4	1.8e-3	1.2e-3	
<i>gau_tight</i>	1.5e-5	1.0e-5	6.0e-5	4.0e-5	
<i>gau_vtight</i>	2.0e-6	1.0e-6	6.0e-6	4.0e-6	
<i>baker</i>	3.0e-4	2.0e-4	3.0e-4	2.0e-4	energy difference and step are also checked
<i>never</i>	2.0e-6	1.0e-6	6.0e-6	4.0e-6	dummy thresholds; never converges

7.3 Available Optimizers

Base class for optimizers that utilize Hessian information.

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer(geometry, thresh='gau_loose', max_step=0.04,
                                                max_cycles=100, min_step_norm=1e-08,
                                                assert_min_step=True, rms_force=None,
                                                rms_force_only=False, max_force_only=False,
                                                converge_to_geom_rms_thresh=0.05, align=False,
                                                dump=False, dump_restart=False, prefix='',
                                                reparam_thresh=0.001, reparam_check_rms=True,
                                                reparam_when='after', overachieve_factor=0.0,
                                                restart_info=None, check_coord_diffs=True,
                                                coord_diff_thresh=0.01, fragments=None,
                                                monitor_frag_dists=0, out_dir='.',
                                                h5_fn='optimization.h5', h5_group_name='opt')
```

Bases: object

```
__init__(geometry, thresh='gau_loose', max_step=0.04, max_cycles=100, min_step_norm=1e-08,
         assert_min_step=True, rms_force=None, rms_force_only=False, max_force_only=False,
         converge_to_geom_rms_thresh=0.05, align=False, dump=False, dump_restart=False, prefix='',
         reparam_thresh=0.001, reparam_check_rms=True, reparam_when='after',
         overachieve_factor=0.0, restart_info=None, check_coord_diffs=True, coord_diff_thresh=0.01,
         fragments=None, monitor_frag_dists=0, out_dir='.', h5_fn='optimization.h5',
         h5_group_name='opt')
```

Optimizer baseclass. Meant to be subclassed.

Parameters

- **geometry** (*Geometry*) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **thresh** (Literal['gau_loose', 'gau', 'gau_tight', 'gau_vtight', 'baker', 'never'], default: 'gau_loose') -- Convergence threshold.
- **max_step** (float, default: 0.04) -- Maximum absolute component of the allowed step vector. Utilized in optimizers that don't support a trust region or line search.
- **max_cycles** (int, default: 100) -- Maximum number of allowed optimization cycles.
- **min_step_norm** (float, default: 1e-08) -- Minimum norm of an allowed step. If the step norm drops below this value a ZeroStepLength-exception is raised. The unit depends on the coordinate system of the supplied geometry.
- **assert_min_step** (bool, default: True) -- Flag that controls whether the norm of the proposed step is check for being too small.
- **rms_force** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Root-mean-square of the force from which user-defined thresholds are derived. When 'rms_force' is given 'thresh' is ignored.
- **rms_force_only** (bool, default: False) -- When set, convergence is signalled only based on rms(forces).
- **max_force_only** (bool, default: False) -- When set, convergence is signalled only based on max(**forces**).
- **converge_to_geom_rms_thresh** (float, default: 0.05) -- Threshold for the RMSD with another geometry. When the RMSD drops below this threshold convergence is signalled. Only used with Growing Newton trajectories.

- **align** (bool, default: False) -- Flag that controls whether the geometry is aligned in every step onto the coordinates of the previous step. Must not be used with internal coordinates.
- **dump** (bool, default: False) -- Flag to control dumping/writing of optimization progress to the filesystem
- **dump_restart** (bool, default: False) -- Flag to control whether restart information is dumped to the filesystem.
- **prefix** (str, default: '') -- Short string that is prepended to several files created by the optimizer. Allows distinguishing several optimizations carried out in the same directory.
- **reparam_thresh** (float, default: 0.001) -- Controls the minimal allowed similarity between coordinates after two successive reparametrizations. Convergence is signalled if the coordinates did not change significantly.
- **reparam_check_rms** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to check for (too) similar coordinates after reparametrization.
- **reparam_when** (Optional[Literal['before', 'after']], default: 'after') -- Reparametrize before or after calculating the step. Can also be turned off by setting it to None.
- **overachieve_factor** (float, default: 0.0) -- Signal convergence when max(forces) and rms(forces) fall below the chosen threshold, divided by this factor. Convergence of max(step) and rms(step) is ignored.
- **restart_info** -- Restart information. Undocumented.
- **check_coord_diffs** (bool, default: True) -- Whether coordinates of chain-of-sates images are checked for being too similar.
- **coord_diff_thresh** (float, default: 0.01) -- Unitless threshold for similary checking of COS image coordinates. The first image is assigned 0, the last image is assigned to 1.
- **fragments** (Optional[Tuple], default: None) -- Tuple of lists containing atom indices, defining two fragments.
- **monitor_frag_dists** (int, default: 0) -- Monitor fragment distances for N cycles. The optimization is terminated when the interfragment distances falls below the initial value after N cycles.
- **out_dir** (str, default: '.') -- String poiting to a directory where optimization progress is dumped.
- **h5_fn** (str, default: 'optimization.h5') -- Basename of the HDF5 file used for dumping.
- **h5_group_name** (str, default: 'opt') -- Groupname used for dumping of this optimization.

check_convergence(*step=None, multiple=1.0, overachieve_factor=None, energy_thresh=1e-06*)

Check if the current convergence of the optimization is equal to or below the required thresholds, or a multiple thereof. The latter may be used in initiating the climbing image.

dump_restart_info()

final_summary()

get_path_for_fn(*fn, with_prefix=True*)

get_restart_info()

```
log(message, level=50)

make_conv_dict(key, rms_force=None)

abstract optimize()

postprocess_opt()

prepare_opt()

print_opt_progress()

report_conv_thresholds()

run()

scale_by_max_step(steps)

set_restart_info(restart_info)

write_cycle_to_file()

write_image_trjs()

write_results()

write_to_out_dir(out_fn, content, mode='w')
```

```
pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.get_data_model(geometry, is_cos, max_cycles)
```

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer(geometry, trust_radius=0.5,
                                                             trust_update=True, trust_min=0.1,
                                                             trust_max=1,
                                                             max_energy_incr=None,
                                                             hessian_update='bfgs',
                                                             hessian_init='fischer',
                                                             hessian_recalc=None,
                                                             hessian_recalc_adapt=None,
                                                             hessian_xtb=False,
                                                             hessian_recalc_reset=False,
                                                             small_eigval_thresh=1e-08,
                                                             line_search=False, alpha0=1.0,
                                                             max_micro_cycles=25,
                                                             rfo_overlaps=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Optimizer](#)

```
__init__(geometry, trust_radius=0.5, trust_update=True, trust_min=0.1, trust_max=1,
         max_energy_incr=None, hessian_update='bfgs', hessian_init='fischer', hessian_recalc=None,
         hessian_recalc_adapt=None, hessian_xtb=False, hessian_recalc_reset=False,
         small_eigval_thresh=1e-08, line_search=False, alpha0=1.0, max_micro_cycles=25,
         rfo_overlaps=False, **kwargs)
```

Baseclass for optimizers utilizing Hessian information.

Parameters

- **geometry** ([Geometry](#)) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **trust_radius** (float, default: 0.5) -- Initial trust radius in whatever unit the optimization is carried out.

- **trust_update** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to update the trust radius throughout the optimization.
- **trust_min** (float, default: 0.1) -- Minimum trust radius.
- **trust_max** (float, default: 1) -- Maximum trust radius.
- **max_energy_incr** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Maximum allowed energy increased after a faulty step. Optimization is aborted when the threshold is exceeded.
- **hessian_update** (Literal['none', None, False, 'bfgs', 'damped_bfgs', 'flowchart', 'bofill', 'ts_bfgs', 'ts_bfgs_org', 'ts_bfgs_rev'], default: 'bfgs') -- Type of Hessian update. Defaults to BFGS for minimizations and Bofill for saddle point searches.
- **hessian_init** (Literal['calc', 'unit', 'fischer', 'lindh', 'simple', 'swart', 'xtb', 'xtb1', 'xtbff'], default: 'fischer') -- Type of initial model Hessian.
- **hessian_recalc** (Optional[int], default: None) -- Recalculate exact Hessian every n-th cycle instead of updating it.
- **hessian_recalc_adapt** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Use a more flexible scheme to determine Hessian recalculation. Undocumented.
- **hessian_xtb** (bool, default: False) -- Recalculate the Hessian at the GFN2-XTB level of theory.
- **hessian_recalc_reset** (bool, default: False) -- Whether to skip Hessian recalculation after reset. Undocumented.
- **small_eigval_thresh** (float, default: 1e-08) -- Threshold for small eigenvalues. Eigenvectors belonging to eigenvalues below this threshold are discarded.
- **line_search** (bool, default: False) -- Whether to carry out a line search. Not implemented by a subclassing optimizers.
- **alpha0** (float, default: 1.0) -- Initial alpha for restricted-step (RS) procedure.
- **max_micro_cycles** (int, default: 25) -- Maximum number of RS iterations.
- **rfo_overlaps** (bool, default: False) -- Enable mode-following in RS procedure.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Optimizer baseclass.

filter_small_eigvals(*eigvals*, *eigvecs*, *mask=False*)

get_alpha_step(*cur_alpha*, *rfo_eigval*, *step_norm*, *eigvals*, *gradient*)

get_augmented_hessian(*eigvals*, *gradient*, *alpha=1.0*)

static get_newton_step(*eigvals*, *eigvecs*, *gradient*)

get_newton_step_on_trust(*eigvals*, *eigvecs*, *gradient*, *transform=True*)

Step on trust-radius.

See Nocedal 4.3 Iterative solutions of the subproblem

get_rs_step(*eigvals*, *eigvecs*, *gradient*, *name='RS'*)

static get_shifted_step_trans(*eigvals*, *gradient_trans*, *shift*)

get_step_func(*eigvals*, *gradient*, *grad_rms_thresh=0.01*)

housekeeping()

Calculate gradient and energy. Update trust radius and hessian if needed. Return energy, gradient and hessian for the current cycle.

log_negative_eigenvalues(*eigvals*, *pre_str=""*)

prepare_opt(*hessian_init=None*)

property *prev_eigvec_max*

property *prev_eigvec_min*

static *quadratic_model*(*gradient*, *hessian*, *step*)

reset()

rfo_dict = {'max': (-1, 'max'), 'min': (0, 'min')}

static *rfo_model*(*gradient*, *hessian*, *step*)

save_hessian()

set_new_trust_radius(*coeff*, *last_step_norm*)

solve_rfo(*rfo_mat*, *kind='min'*, *prev_eigvec=None*)

update_hessian()

update_trust_radius()

`pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.dummy_hessian_update`(*H*, *dx*, *dg*)

class `pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer.RFOptimizer`(*geometry*, *line_search=True*, *gediis=False*,
gdiis=True, *gdiis_thresh=0.0025*,
gediis_thresh=0.01, *gdiis_test_direction=True*,
max_micro_cycles=0, *adapt_step_func=False*,
***kwargs*)

Bases: [*HessianOptimizer*](#)

__init__(*geometry*, *line_search=True*, *gediis=False*, *gdiis=True*, *gdiis_thresh=0.0025*, *gediis_thresh=0.01*,
gdiis_test_direction=True, *max_micro_cycles=0*, *adapt_step_func=False*, ***kwargs*)

Rational function Optimizer.

Parameters

- **geometry** (*Geometry*) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **line_search** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to carry out implicit line searches.
- **gediis** (bool, default: False) -- Whether to enable GEDIIS.
- **gdiis** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to enable GDIIS.
- **gdiis_thresh** (float, default: 0.0025) -- Threshold for rms(forces) to enable GDIIS.
- **gediis_thresh** (float, default: 0.01) -- Threshold for rms(step) to enable GEDIIS.
- **gdiis_test_direction** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to the overlap of the RFO step and the GDIIS step.
- **max_micro_cycles** (int, default: 0) -- Number of restricted-step microcycles. Disabled by default.

- **adapt_step_func** (bool, default: False) -- Whether to switch between shifted Newton and RFO-steps.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Optimizer/HessianOptimizer baseclass.

optimize()

postprocess_opt()

MINIMIZATION WITH MICROITERATIONS

Pysisyphus allows layered optimizations using microiterations via the *LayerOpt* class. Required energies and its derivatives (gradients, Hessians) can either be calculated with pysisyphus' own ONIOM implementation or supplied through Unix sockets via the i-PI protocol.

In ONIOM calculations a small (model) system is treated using a high level of theory, while its surroundings (real system) are described at a lower, more economic level of theory. There may also be several (optional) intermediate layers. Please see the figure below.

Fig. 8.1: General structure of a n-layer ONIOM calculation in pysisyphus. Every box corresponds to a layer. Indices of the respective layers are given as red numbers in the top right corner of each layer.

Searching stationary points of such systems using classical optimization approaches with simultaneous relaxation of model and real system can be computationally quite costly. In cases where the model system converges before the real system, many unnecessary model system energy and gradients evaluations may be required to fully relax the total system, as one step requires gradient evaluations in all layers. Also, it may be prohibitively expensive to optimize the whole system using internal coordinates, so it would be desirable to treat only the model system using internal coordinates.

Optimization with microiterations offers a way to potentially reduce the number of costly calculations in the innermost layer. By fully relaxing the outer layers before taking a step in the innermost layer, superfluous gradient evaluations can be avoided. As the overall calculation time of an ONIOM energy/gradient is usually dominated by the innermost layer, great computational saving can be realized by decreasing the required number of such calculations.

In the present approach, outer layers are optimized in Cartesian coordinates with an economic optimizer like (pre-conditioned) limited memory BFGS (L-BFGS) or conjugate gradient (CG). As L-BFGS avoids operations with steep scaling costs like matrix diagonalization, relaxation of large system comprising thousands of atoms becomes possible with negligible computational overhead. In contrast to the outer layers, the inner layer is usually optimized using internal coordinates and an optimizer that utilizes an explicit Hessian matrix, as this often allows for the most efficient optimizations.

As energy and gradient evaluations in the outer layers should be cheap the inferior performance of optimizations in Cartesian coordinates should not lead to an overall runtime increase.

8.1 YAML input

When pysisyphus' native ONIOM calculator is to be used, appropriate input has to be given in the `calc:` section, that is, layer composition and the respective calculators. If energies & gradients are sent via sockets and the i-PI-protocol `calc:` can be left empty but the appropriate socket addresses have to be specified later in the `opt:` section (see below). A separate socket/address is required for each layer.

Independent of the actual layer, pysisyphus always expects vectorial quantities with appropriate shapes of the total system. The expected size of a force vector for a system comprising N atoms is $3N$. Vector components not belonging to frozen atoms not belonging to a given layer are ignored and may be zero. **It is expected, that the full valid ONIOM forces for the total system are sent with the innermost layer.** These forces are then also used to check for optimization convergence.

A layered optimization is requested via `type: layer` in the `opt:` section. If no further input is given, appropriate defaults will be used. Microiterations for the outer layers 0 to $n-2$ will be carried out using Cartesian coordinates and regularized L-BFGS, while the innermost layer is optimized in internal coordinates (`type: tric`) using rational function optimization (`type: rfo`).

If a more fine grained control is desired each layer can be controlled independently by further keywords in the `layers:` list. When `layers:` is present in the input all layers must be specified, but empty list entries are possible (see the lines only containing a comment in the example below). **One must start with the outmost layer;** the last list item corresponds to the innermost layer. Geometry and/or optimizer setup of each layer is controlled by the `geom:` and `opt:` sections in the list of layers with the usual keywords.

The usual keywords to control the optimization are supported, e.g., `max_cycles`, `thresh` etc.

```
geom:
  type:
    cartesian
  fn: [filename of initial geometry]
calc:
  type:
    oniom:
      ...
opt:
  type:
    layer:
      [layers:
        - # dummy for layer 0 (real system)
        - # dummy for layer 1 layer
        - # ...
        # - # dummy for layer n-1 (model system)
        - geom:
            type:
              cartesian:
            opt:
              type:
                lbfgs:
          ]
      # thresh: gau_loose
      # max_cycles: 150
```

Below you can find a full example for the ONIOM2-optimization of Hexaphenylethane using pysisyphus' ONIOM implementation.

8.2 Example using pysisyphus' ONIOM

```
# 2-layer ONIOM optimization of Hexaphenylethan. The model
# system comprises the two carbons of the central ethan moiety.
# The model system is described GFN2-XTB while the real system is
# treated using GFN-FF.
```

```
geom:
```

```
  type: cart
```

```
  fn: |
```

```
    68
```

C	1.2639	0.6380	0.4785
C	2.1638	1.9009	0.1349
C	2.4167	2.3403	-1.2006
C	3.2096	3.4576	-1.4755
C	2.7467	2.7036	1.1595
C	3.5368	3.8191	0.8739
C	3.7741	4.1922	-0.4416
H	2.0100	1.8572	-2.0700
H	3.3815	3.7580	-2.5014
H	2.5944	2.5089	2.1979
H	3.9618	4.4009	1.6820
H	4.3848	5.0587	-0.6598
C	0.7891	0.0052	-0.8980
C	-1.0360	-0.5225	-2.5243
C	-0.0432	-1.1375	-3.4197
C	1.2448	-1.1452	-3.0690
C	-0.6577	0.0144	-1.3528
H	-1.4492	0.4671	-0.7765
H	-2.0793	-0.4955	-2.8238
H	-0.3570	-1.5703	-4.3642
C	1.6732	-0.5526	-1.7810
H	1.9838	-1.5872	-3.7297
H	2.7287	-0.5813	-1.6050
C	-0.0387	1.1726	1.2081
C	-0.2929	2.5599	1.4341
C	-1.0635	0.2863	1.6524
C	-2.2174	0.7426	2.2933
C	-2.4082	2.0998	2.5118
C	-1.4505	3.0060	2.0772
H	0.3724	3.3423	1.1178
H	-1.0153	-0.7691	1.5014
H	-2.9711	0.0356	2.6161
H	-1.6065	4.0659	2.2335
H	-3.3046	2.4506	3.0066
C	2.1016	-0.4883	1.4312
C	3.4003	-1.0269	0.6933
C	4.4239	-0.1425	0.2420
C	5.5730	-0.6012	-0.4056
C	3.6509	-2.4147	0.4669
C	4.8038	-2.8631	-0.1829
C	5.7602	-1.9589	-0.6243

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

H      4.3778    0.9134    0.3928
H      6.3259    0.1044   -0.7337
H      2.9864   -3.1958    0.7882
H      4.9572   -3.9235   -0.3393
H      6.6530   -2.3115   -1.1243
C      2.5704    0.1468    2.8077
C      4.3159    0.7126    4.4630
C      3.3714    1.2844    5.3047
C      2.0334    1.2840    4.9354
C      3.9303    0.1495    3.2436
H      4.7333   -0.2864    2.6778
H      5.3575    0.6988    4.7582
H      3.6749    1.7164    6.2495
C      1.6376    0.7248    3.7185
H      1.2932    1.7141    5.5981
H      0.5868    0.7426    3.5290
C      1.2016   -1.7498    1.7785
C      0.9537   -2.1874    3.1154
C      0.6140   -2.5534    0.7571
C     -0.1758   -3.6680    1.0474
C     -0.4081   -4.0392    2.3643
C      0.1611   -3.3038    3.3950
H      1.3648   -1.7032    3.9822
H      0.7614   -2.3600   -0.2822
H     -0.6047   -4.2504    0.2418
H     -0.0069   -3.6027    4.4220
H     -1.0186   -4.9050    2.5861
calc:
type: oniom
calcs:
real:
type: xtb
gfn: ff
pal: 6
high:
type: xtb
pal: 6
models:
# The "real" does not have to be described, only the "real" system.
high:
# Use ethan-carbons for the model system
inds: [0,34]
# Use appropriate calculator for model system.
calc: high
opt:
# Use LayerOpt
type: layers
thresh: gau
# When the 'layer' key is present, the user has to provide one
# entry per layer in the optimization. When the layer is empty default
# values are used. The layers are given from the outmost to the innermost
# layer.

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

# In the example above no other arguments for the outmost layer (# real dummy),
# while redundant internal coordinates are used for the innermost layer.
#
# When pysisyphus own ONIOM implementation is used no additional atom indices
# must be given here.
layers:
- # real dummy
- geom:
    type: redund
do_hess: True

```

8.3 Example with sockets & i-PI-protocol

Whereas pysisyphus can figure out the layer composition for the microcycles when its own ONIOM calculator is used, the user has to specify it when using sockets and the i-PI-protocol. When covalent bonds between layers exist link atoms (LAs) must be introduced. Given a layer with index *n*, atoms in layer *n*-1 that are replaced by LAs in the given layer are called link atom hosts (LAH). A given layer and its LAHs in **higher** layers must be optimized together.

Fig. 8.2: Layer structure of a ONIOM2 optimization using microiterations with link atoms. A given layer as well as connected link atom hosts in **higher** layers must be optimized simultaneously.

A simple example for a ONIOM2 optimization with microiterations is found below. Here, ethanal is optimized, with the model system comprising the carbonyl group (atoms 4, 5 and 6). This introduces a link atom between the two carbons 4 and 0, with carbon 0 becoming a LAH.

Fig. 8.3: ONIOM2 optimization of ethanal. All atoms surrounded by the dashed blue line are optimized in the innermost layer. Hydrogens are shown white, carbons grey and oxygen red.

In contrast to the first example using the native ONIOM implementation the user can omit any input in the `calc:` section. Now the socket addresses have to be given for every layer, starting with the total system. For the total system the atom indices can be omitted, as it is assumed that it comprises all atoms. For the remaining layers, the indices of all moving atoms including LAHs in higher layers have to be given.

```

geom:
  type: cartesian
  fn: lib:acetaldehyd_oniom.xyz
calc:
opt:
  type: layers
  layers:
    # Atom indices of the total system / (first layer) don't have to be
    # specified.
    - address: ./layer0sock
    # Optimize atoms of the model system [4, 5, 6] and the link atom host 0.
    - indices: [0,4,5,6]
      address: ./layer1sock
  thresh: gau
# The assert: section can be left out in actual inputs,

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
# it is here for testing purposes.
assert:
    opt_geom.energy: -115.53522653
```

Another sensible choice for optimizing outer layers besides (regularized) L-BFGS may be preconditioned L-BFGS (*type: plbfgs*).

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.LayerOpt(geometry, layers=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Optimizer*

property layer_num: int

Return type
int

optimize()

Return type
None

postprocess_opt()

Return type
None

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.Layers(geometry, opt_thresh, layers=None)
```

Bases: object

```
classmethod from_oniom_calculator(geometry, oniom_calc=None, layers=None, **kwargs)
```

```
pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.get_geom_kwargs(layer_ind, layer_mask)
```

```
pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.get_opt_kwargs(opt_key, layer_ind, thresh)
```

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS.LBFGS(geometry, keep_last=7, beta=1, max_step=0.2,
                                         double_damp=True, gamma_mult=False, line_search=False,
                                         mu_reg=None, max_mu_reg_adaptions=10, control_step=True,
                                         **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Optimizer*

```
__init__(geometry, keep_last=7, beta=1, max_step=0.2, double_damp=True, gamma_mult=False,
         line_search=False, mu_reg=None, max_mu_reg_adaptions=10, control_step=True, **kwargs)
```

Limited-memory BFGS optimizer.

See [1] Nocedal, Wright - Numerical Optimization, 2006 for a general discussion of LBFGS. See `pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates` for the references related to double damping and `pysisyphus.optimizers.closures` for references related to regularized LBFGS.

Parameters

- **geometry** (*Geometry*) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **keep_last** (int, default: 7) -- History size. Keep last 'keep_last' steps and gradient differences.
- **beta** (float, default: 1) -- Force constant in $-(H + I)^{-1}g$.
- **max_step** (float, default: 0.2) -- Upper limit for the absolute component of the step vector in whatever unit the optimization is carried out.

- **double_damp** (bool, default: True) -- Use double damping procedure to modify steps s and gradient differences y to ensure $sy > 0$.
- **gamma_mult** (bool, default: False) -- Estimate γ from previous cycle. Eq. (7.20) in [1]. See 'beta' argument.
- **line_search** (bool, default: False) -- Enable implicit linesearches.
- **mu_reg** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Initial guess for regularization constant in regularized LBFGS.
- **max_mu_reg_adaptions** (int, default: 10) -- Maximum number of trial steps in regularized LBFGS.
- **control_step** (bool, default: True) -- Wheter to scale down the proposed step its biggest absolute component is equal to or below 'max_step'
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Optimizer baseclass.

get_lbfgs_step(*forces*)

optimize()

postprocess_opt()

reset()

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS.PreconLBFGS(geometry, alpha_init=1.0, history=7,
                                                    precon=True, precon_update=1,
                                                    precon_getter_update=None, precon_kind='full',
                                                    max_step_element=None, line_search='armijo',
                                                    c_stab=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Optimizer](#)

```
__init__(geometry, alpha_init=1.0, history=7, precon=True, precon_update=1,
         precon_getter_update=None, precon_kind='full', max_step_element=None, line_search='armijo',
         c_stab=None, **kwargs)
```

Preconditioned limited-memory BFGS optimizer.

See `pysisyphus.optimizers.precon` for related references.

Parameters

- **geometry** (*Geometry*) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **alpha_init** (float, default: 1.0) -- Initial scaling factor for the first trial step in the explicit line search.
- **history** (int, default: 7) -- History size. Keep last 'history' steps and gradient differences.
- **precon** (bool, default: True) -- Wheter to use preconditioning or not.
- **precon_update** (int, default: 1) -- Recalculate preconditioner P in every n -th cycle with the same topology.
- **precon_getter_update** (Optional[int], default: None) -- Recalculate topology for preconditioner P in every n -th cycle. It is usually sufficient to only determine the topology once at the beginning.
- **precon_kind** (Literal['full', 'full_fast', 'bonds', 'bonds_bends'], default: 'full') -- What types of primitive internal coordinates to consider in the preconditioner.

- **max_step_element** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Maximum component of the absolute step vector when no line search is carried out.
- **line_search** (Literal['armijo', 'armijo_fg', 'strong_wolfe', 'hz', None, False], default: 'armijo') -- Whether to use explicit line searches and if so, which kind of line search.
- **c_stab** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Regularization constant c in $(H + cI)^1$ in atomic units.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Optimizer baseclass.

get_precon_getter()

optimize()

prepare_opt()

scale_max_element(*step*, *max_step_element*)

RELAXED SCANS

Pysisyphus currently supports 1d-relaxed scans, where one internal coordinate is kept frozen, while the remaining ones are relaxed. A sample input is given below.

```
geom:
  type: redund
  fn: lib:h2o2_hf_321g_opt.xyz
calc:
  type: pyscf
  basis: 321g
  pal: 4
scan:
  type: BOND
  indices: [2, 3]
  # start is optional; if not specified the initial value of the primitive
  # internal coordinate is used.
  start: 3.0
  end: 5.0
  # steps is optional and can be omitted, but then step_size must be given
  steps: 5
  # step_size: 0.4
  # Enable symmetric scan in both directions, starting from the initial coordinates
  # symmetric: False
  #
  # By specifying an 'opt' block, the default optimization values, e.g.
  # convergence thresholds can be altered.
  # opt:
  #   thresh: gau
```

If no *start* value is specified in the *scan:* block, then the initial value is used. Specification of *steps* is mandatory, as it determines the number of optimizations to carry out. If not directly given (*step_size*), a suitable step size is derived from an *end* value. Either *end* or *step_size* must be given. The values *step_size*, *start*, *end* have to be given in atomic units or radians.

Naive relaxed scan around the equilibrium value of a primitive internal may be affected by hysteresis, if the system under study is sufficiently complicated.

Relaxed scans are always carried out in redundant internal coordinates. Please see Optimization of Minima for the available optimization options. Supported primitive internals (*type*) are found in: *Types of Primitive Coordinates*.

All geometries, including the initial one are written to *relaxed_scan.trj* in the current working directory.

EXCITED STATE OPTIMIZATION

pysisyphus offers excited state (ES) tracking, to follow diadiabatic states along an optimization. ES tracking is enabled by putting *track: True* in the *calc* section of your YAML input. In ES optimizations pysisyphus may use additional programs (wfoverlap, Multiwfn, jmol) if requested. Please see the [installation instructions](#) for information on how to set them up.

Please consider reading the relevant sections (2 and 3; 4 discusses examples) of the [pysisyphus paper](#). Additionally the user should think about the relevance between equilibrium/non-equilibrium solvation when calculating ES-gradients with implicit solvation. Several programs, e.g., Gaussian use equilibrium solvation when doing ES-optimization. It is in the responsibility of the user to add the relevant keywords when using pysisyphus, e.g., Eqsolv for Gaussian.

10.1 YAML Example

A bare-bone input for the S_1 optimization of the 1H-amino-keto tautomer of cytosin at the TD-DFT/PBE0/def2-SVP level of theory using ORCA is shown below. The full example is found [here](#).

```
opt:
calc:
  type: orca
  keywords: pbe0 def2-svp rijcosx def2/J def2-svp/C
  # Calculate 2 ES by TD-DFT, follow the first one
  blocks: "%tddft nroots 2 iroot 1 tda false end"
  charge: 0
  mult: 1
  pal: 4
  mem: 2000
  # ES-tracking related keywords follow from here
  # Enable ES-tracking, this is important.
  track: True
  # Track ES by transition density overlaps
  ovlp_type: tden
geom:
  type: redund
  fn: cytosin.xyz
```

Additional keywords are possible in the *calc* section. The default values are shown below.

```
calc:
  # Controls calculation of charge-density-differences cubes and rendering
  # Cubes are calculated by Multiwfn, rendering is handled by jmol.
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

#
# Possible values are: (None, calc, render).
# None: No cube calculation/rendering
# calc: Cube calculation by Multiwfn.
# render: Same as 'calc' and cubes are then rendered by jmol.
cdds: None
# Overlap type. Using 'wf' requires the external wfoverlap binary. The remaining
# options are implemented directly in pysisyphus.
#
# Possible values are (wf, tden, nto, nto_org).
# wf: Wavefunction overlaps using the external wfoverlap program.
# tden: Transition density matrix overlaps.
# nto: Natural transition orbital overlaps.
# nto_org: Natural transition orbital overlaps as described by Garcia.
ovlp_type: wf
# Controls the reference cycle that is used in the overlap calculation. The default
# 'adapt' is recommended.
#
# Possible values are (first, previous, adapt)
# first: Keep first calculation as reference cycle. Reliable when only minor
#         geometrical changes are expected.
# previous: Use previous cycle as reference.
# adapt: Use adaptive algorithm. Please see the pysisyphus paper for a discussion
#         at the end of section 3.
ovlp_with: adapt
# Thresholds controlling the update of the reference cycle.
# The first number specifies the minimum overlap that must be exceeded, for an update
# of the reference cycle. Assuming a value of 0.5 (50 %), the reference cycle update
# is skipped, if the overlaps between the current states and the reference state don't
# exceed 50 %.
# The last two numbers define an interval for the ratio between the second highest
# overlap, and the highest overlap. If the ratio is small, e.g., below 0.3, then both
# states are sufficiently different, and no reference cycle update is needed. If the
↪ratio
# is bigger (> 0.6), then the states are quite similar, and an update is currently not
# advised.
# Possible values [three positive floats between 0. and 1.]
adapt_args: [0.5, 0.3, 0.6]
# Explicitly calculate the AO-overlap matrix in a double molecule calculation. Only
# supported by Turbomole and Gaussian calculators. If False, the approximate AO
# overlap matrix is reconstructed from inverting the MO-coefficient matrix.
#
# Possible values: (True, False)
double_mol: False
# Absolute CI-coefficients below this threshold are ignored in the overlap calculation.
#
# Possible values: positive float
conf_thresh: 0.0001
#
# nto/natural transition orbital specific
#
# Number of NTOs to consider in the overlap calculation. Only relevant for 'nto'

```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

# and 'nto_org' ovlp_types.
#
# Possible values: positive integer
use_ntos: 4
# Dynamically decide on number of NTOs according to their participation ratio. Only
# relevant for 'nto_org'
#
# Possible values: boolean
pr_nto: False
#
# wfoverlap/wavefunction overlaps specific
#
# Number of core orbitals to neglect in a wfoverlap calculation. Only relevant
# for the 'wf' ovlp_type. Must be >= 0.
#
# Possible values: positive integer
ncore: 0
#
# tden/transition density matrix specific
#
# Controls which set of MO coefficients (at current cycle, or the reference cycle)
# is used to recover the AO overlap matrix.
#
# Possible values: (ref, cur)
mos_ref: cur
# Controls whether the set of MO coefficients that was NOT used for recovering the AO
# overlap matrix is re-normalized, using the recovered AO overlap matrix. If set to
# True and mos_ref = cur, then the MO coefficients at the reference cycle will be re-
# normalized, and vice versa.
#
# Possible values: (True, False)
mos_renorm: True

```

By brief reasoning it would seem that `mos_ref: ref` and `mos_renorm: True` are more sensible choices, which is possibly true. Right now the present defaults are kept for legacy reasons, and I'll update them after testing out the alternatives.

Please also see Example - Excited State Tracking for possible visualizations when optimizing ES.

10.2 Optimization of Conical Intersections

pysisyphus implements the [projected gradient method](#) using an [updated branching plane](#), as developed by Maede, Ohno and Morokuma. Currently, CI-optimization is not enabled for YAML input. An illustrative example is found in `tests/test_conic_intersect`.

CHAIN OF STATES METHODS

A chain of states (COS) comprises a set of distinct states (images) and is usually spanned between two minima on a potential energy surface (PES).

When properly relaxed, a COS coincides with a minimum energy path (MEP), or is a good approximation to it. Tangents can be defined for every COS image and together they make up a discretized path that describes the reaction/chemical transformation. The tangents are also used to divide the COS gradient into perpendicular and parallel components, w.r.t the tangents. Relaxation (optimization) of the COS is achieved by minimizing the perpendicular component of the gradient, so only the parallel component remains.

pysisyphus offers different COS implementations, namely Nudged Elastic Band (NEB), including its Adaptive and Free-End (and Free-End-Adaptive) modifications and different flavors of String methods (Growing String Method, GSM, and Simple Zero Temperature String, SZTS). The GSM implementation is also available for with internal coordinates.

11.1 String method

(When discussing String methods the COS 'images' are usually called 'nodes'.)

In the string method the whole COS is periodically (every n -th cycle) reparametrized by fitting a spline through all nodes and redistributing the nodes then along the spline, according to a predefined parametrization. By choosing between different parametrizations equal node spacing or higher resolution around the highest energy image (HEI) can be achieved. The tangents needed for the gradient projection are obtained as first derivatives of the spline.

Reparametrization every n -th cycle impedes efficient string optimization, and prevents the use of optimizers with some kind of history Conjugate Gradient (CG). The optimizer history is reset after each reparametrization and a simple Steepest Descent (SD) step is done after reparametrization.

11.2 Nudged Elastic Band

No reparametrization takes place in the NEB method. The parallel gradient component along the tangent is projected out and replaced by an artificial spring force. In principle, optimizing NEBs should be easier as there is no reparametrization and more sophisticated optimizers beyond SD can and should be employed.

11.3 General remarks

Converged COS produce good guesses for subsequent TS searches, when the (splined) HEI is determined. In *pysisyphus* subsequent TS searches are easily started by including *tsopt*: in the YAML input. Knowledge of the initial and final images of the COS is used to construct a more complete set of internal coordinates for the TS guess and it is less likely that important coordinates are missed. The initial imaginary mode to follow uphill is selected as the one featuring the highest overlap with HEI tangent.

11.4 YAML example(s)

Below you can find an example YAML-input including the most important options that the user may want to modify when running a GSM optimization.

```
precontr:                                # Preconditioning of translation & rotation
preopt:                                  # Preoptimize initial and final geometry
cos:
  type: gs                               # Do a growing string
  max_nodes: 9                           # Total string will have 9 + 2 == 11 images
  climb: False                            # Enable climbing image (CI), usually a good
  ↪ idea.
  climb_rms: 0.005                        # rms(forces) threshold for enabling CI
  climb_lanczos: False                   # Use tangent obtained from Lanczos algorithm
  ↪ for CI.
  climb_lanczos_rms: 0.005               # rms(forces) threshold for enabling Lanczos
  ↪ algorithm.
  reparam_check: rms                     # Criterion for growing new frontier nodes (rms/
  ↪ norm).
  perp_thresh: 0.05                      # Threshold for growing new frontier nodes.
  reparam_every: 2                       # Reparametrize every n-th cycle when NOT fully
  ↪ grown.
  reparam_every_full: 3                  # Reparametrize every n-th cycle when fully
  ↪ grown.
opt:
  type: string                            # Optimizer for GrowingString
  stop_in_when_full: -1                  # Stop string optimization N cycles after fully
  ↪ grown
                                          # Disabled by -1. Usually it's a better idea to
                                          # further converge the string, after is fully
  ↪ grown.
  align: False                           # Disable Kabsch algorithm. Should be True with
                                          # type: cart
  scale_step: global                     # Scale down step as whole (global) or per image
                                          # (per_image)
tsopt:
  type: rsprfo                            # Continue with TS-optimization of highest
  ↪ energy images
                                          # (HEI) using the RS-P-RFO algorithm
  do_hess: True                           # Calculate hessian at optimized TS geometry
  trust_max: 0.3
  thresh: gau_loose
calc:
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

type: orca
keywords: "b3lyp 6-31G* rijcosx"
pal: 4
charge: 0
mult: 1
geom:
  type: dlc
  fn: [first_preopt.xyz, last_preopt.xyz] # Run GrowingString in delocalized internal_
↪coordinates
                                     # (preferred).

```

For NEB optimizations a different optimizer (not `type: string`) should be used, e.g., QuickMin `type: qm` in the beginning, and `type: lbfgs` later on. It is not yet possible to specify two different optimizers that are used in stages, so if is desired it must be done manually.

```

# Taken from examples/complex/06_diels_alder...
geom:
  type: cart
  fn: diels_alder.trj
calc:
  type: xtb
  charge: 0
  mult: 1
  pal: 4
preopt:
  max_cycles: 5
interpol:
  type: redund
  between: 10
↪images,
↪== 23
                                     # In NEBs the whole path is interpolated beforehand.
                                     # Possible values: redund/idpp/lst/linear
                                     # Interpolate n-geometries between every pair of supplied
                                     # geometries. For two this yields 1 + 10 + 1 == 12_
                                     # for three geometries this yields 1 + 10 + 1 + 10 + 1_
                                     # geometries.

cos:
  type: neb
  climb: False
opt:
  type: lbfgs
  align: True
  rms_force: 0.01
  max_step: 0.04
tsopt:
  type: rsirfo
  do_hess: True
  max_cycles: 75
  thresh: gau_tight
  hessian_recalc: 7
irc:
  type: eulerpc
  rms_grad_thresh: 0.0005
endopt:

```

Further examples for COS optimizations from `.yaml` input can be found [here](#).

11.5 General advice for COS optimizations

- Start from optimized geometries or use the `preopt:` key in the YAML input.
- Consider fixing the initial and final images `fix_ends: True`
- Always use `align: True` when optimizing a COS in cartesian coordinates to remove translation and rotation. `align: True` must not be used when running a COS with DLC.
- Don't over-converge a COS. It is usually a better idea to converge a COS loosely and use the highest energy image (HEI) as a guess for a subsequent transition state (TS) search.
- If possible use a climbing image (CI) `climb: True`
- When running a growing string calculation (`type: gs`) use `stop_in_when_full: [n]` in the `opt:` section with a small integer `[n]` to stop the COS relaxation after the string is fully grown

11.6 Chain Of States base class

Base class for chain of state methods

```
class pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates(images, fix_ends=False, fix_first=True,
                                                fix_last=True, climb=False, climb_rms=0.005,
                                                climb_lanczos=False, climb_lanczos_rms=0.005,
                                                climb_fixed=True, energy_min_mix=False,
                                                scheduler=None, progress=False)

    as_xyz(comments=None)

    property atoms

    calculate_forces()

    property calculator

    property cart_coords
        Return a flat 1d array containing the cartesian coordinates of all images.

    check_for_climbing_start(ref_rms)

    clear()

    property coords
        Return a flat 1d array containing the coordinates of all images.

    property coords3d

    describe()

    property energy

    property forces

    get_climbing_forces(ind)
```

get_climbing_indices()

get_dask_client()

get_fixed_indices()

get_hei_index(*energies=None*)

Return index of highest energy image.

get_image_calc_counter_sum()

get_perpendicular_forces(*i*)

[1] Eq. 12

get_splined_hei()

get_tangent(*i, kind='upwinding', lanczos_guess=None, disable_lanczos=False*)

[1] Equations (8) - (11)

get_tangents()

property gradient

property image_inds

property last_index

log(*message*)

logger = <Logger cos (DEBUG)>

property masses_rep

property max_image_num

property moving_images

property moving_indices

Returns the indices of the images that aren't fixed and can be optimized.

par_image_calc(*image*)

property perpendicular_forces

prepare_opt_cycle(*last_coords, last_energies, last_forces*)

Implements additional logic in preparation of the next optimization cycle.

Should be called by the optimizer at the beginning of a new optimization cycle. Can be used to implement additional logic as needed for AdaptiveNEB etc.

property results

rms(*arr*)

Root mean square

Returns the root mean square of the given array.

Parameters

arr (*iterable of numbers*) --

Returns

rms -- Root mean square of the given array.

Return type

float

set_climbing_forces(*forces*)**set_coords_at**(*i*, *coords*)

Called from helpers.procrustes with cartesian coordinates. Then tries to set cartesian coordinate as self.images[i].coords which will raise an error when coord_type != "cart".

set_images(*indices*, *images*)**set_vector**(*name*, *vector*, *clear=False*)**set_zero_forces_for_fixed_images**()

This is always done in cartesian coordinates, independent of the actual coord_type of the images as setting forces only work with cartesian forces.

valid_coord_types = ('cart', 'cartesian', 'dlc')**zero_fixed_vector**(*vector*)

11.7 Chain Of State Methods

11.7.1 Nudged Elastic Band (NEB)

```
class pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB(images, variable_springs=False, k_max=0.3, k_min=0.1,  
                             perp_spring_forces=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [ChainOfStates](#)

fmt_k()**property forces****get_parallel_forces**(*i*)**get_quenched_dneb_forces**(*i*)

See [3], Sec. VI and [4] Sec. D.

get_spring_forces(*i*)**property parallel_forces****set_variable_springs**()**update_springs**()

11.7.2 Adaptive NEB

```
class pysisiphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB.AdaptiveNEB(images, adapt=True, adapt_fact=0.25, adapt_between=1,
                                             scale_fact=False, keep_hei=True, free_ends=True,
                                             **kwargs)
```

Bases: [NEB](#)

```
__init__(images, adapt=True, adapt_fact=0.25, adapt_between=1, scale_fact=False, keep_hei=True,
          free_ends=True, **kwargs)
```

(Free-End) Adaptive Nudged Elastic Band.

Parameters

- **images** (*list of Geometry objects*) -- Images of the band.
- **adapt** (*bool, default True*) -- Whether to adapt the image number or not. This switch is included to support the FreeEndNEB class, that is just a thin wrapper around this class.
- **adapt_fact** (*positive float*) -- Factor that is used to decide whether to adapt. The initial threshold is calculated by multiplying the RMS force of the band with this factor. When the RMS of the force falls below this threshold adaption takes place.
- **adapt_between** (*positive integer*) -- Number of images to interpolate between the highest energy image and its neighbours. The number of starting images must be higher or equal then $2 \cdot \text{adapt_between} + 3$, as we reuse/transfer the calculators from the starting images onto the new ones.
- **scale_fact** (*bool, default False*) -- Whether to increase adapt_fact in deeper levels. This may lead to earlier adaption.
- **keep_hei** (*bool, optional*) -- Whether to keep the highest energy image (usually a very good idea) or to interpolate only between the neighbouring images.
- **free_ends** (*bool, default True*) -- Whether to use modified forces on the end images.

```
adapt_this_cycle(forces)
```

Decide whether to adapt.

Parameters

forces (*np.array*) -- Forces of the previous optimization cycle.

Returns

adapt -- Flag that indicates if adaption should take place in this cycle.

Return type

bool

property forces

See Eq. (7) in [2].

```
prepare_opt_cycle(*args, **kwargs)
```

Check for adaption and adapt if needed.

See ChainOfStates.prepare_opt_cycle for a complete docstring.

```
update_adapt_thresh(forces)
```

Update the adaption threshold.

Parameters

forces (*np.array*) -- Forces of the previous optimization cycle.

11.7.3 Free-End NEB

```
class pysisyphus.cos.FreeEndNEB.FreeEndNEB(*args, fix_first=False, fix_last=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [AdaptiveNEB](#)

```
__init__(*args, fix_first=False, fix_last=False, **kwargs)
```

Simple Free-End-NEB method.

Derived from AdaptiveNEB with disabled adaptation. Only implements Eq. (7) from [2]. For other implementations please see the commit 01bc8812ca6f1cd3645d43e0337d9e3c5fb0ba55. There the other variants are present but I think Eq. (7) in [2] is the simplest & best bet.

11.7.4 Simple Zero-Temperature String

```
class pysisyphus.cos.SimpleZTS.SimpleZTS(images, param='equal', **kwargs)
```

Bases: [ChainOfStates](#)

```
reparametrize()
```

11.8 Growing Chain Of States base class

Base class for growing chain of state methods

```
class pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates.GrowingChainOfStates(images, calc_getter,
                                                                max_nodes=10, **kwargs)
```

```
property arc_dims
```

```
get_new_image_from_coords(coords, index)
```

```
property max_image_num
```

```
new_node_coords(k)
```

```
prepare_opt_cycle(*args, **kwargs)
```

Implements additional logic in preparation of the next optimization cycle.

Should be called by the optimizer at the beginning of a new optimization cycle. Can be used to implement additional logic as needed for AdaptiveNEB etc.

```
set_new_node(k)
```

11.9 Growing Chain Of State Methods

11.9.1 Growing String Method

```
class pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString(images, calc_getter, perp_thresh=0.05,
                                                  param='equi', reparam_every=2,
                                                  reparam_every_full=3, reparam_tol=None,
                                                  reparam_check='rms', max_micro_cycles=5,
                                                  reset_dlc=True, climb=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [GrowingChainOfStates](#)

property forces

property full_string_image_inds

property fully_grown

Returns whether the string is fully grown. Don't count the first and last node.

get_additional_print()

get_cur_param_density(*kind=None*)

get_new_image(*ref_index*)

Get new image by taking a step from `self.images[ref_index]` towards the center of the string.

get_tangent(*i*)

[1] Equations (8) - (11)

property image_inds

property left_size

property lf_ind

Index of the left frontier node in `self.images`.

property nodes_missing

Returns the number of nodes to be grown.

reparam_cart(*desired_param_density*)

reparam_dlc(*desired_param_density, thresh=0.001*)

reparametrize()

reset_geometries(*ref_geometry*)

property rf_ind

Index of the right frontier node in `self.images`.

property right_size

set_coords(*image, coords*)

spline(*tangents=False*)

property string_size

TRANSITION STATE OPTIMIZATION

To cite Frank Jensen: "Locating transition states (TSs) is black magic, especially in internal coordinates" and I can say this is true. The most promising TS optimizers in *pysisyphus* employ second derivative information (hessian) but locating TS is also possible using only first derivatives by means of the *dimer method* (DM).

TS optimizations should preferably be carried out in internal coordinates (*type: redund|dlc*). Before starting the actual TS search, one should **always** check the internal coordinates that *pysisyphus* sets up, by executing *pysistrj [xyz] -internals*, with *[xyz]* corresponding to the geometry you plan to use for the optimization. **Check carefully** if all supposed reaction coordinates are present. **If they are missing** define them manually with the *add_prims* key in the YAML input.

Calculation of the exact hessian can be avoided by using the DM by using *rx_coords: [list of primitives]* in combination with *hessian_init: fischer|lindh|swart|simple*. By using both options, a diagonal model hessian is calculated and modified for use in a TS optimization.

The DM can be used with a powerful preconditioned LBFGS optimizer (*type: lbfgs*).

12.1 Hessian Based TS Optimization

12.1.1 YAML example

Below you can find an example YAML-input including the most important options that the user may want to modify for the Hessian-based optimizers (RS-I-RFO, RS-P-RFO, TRIM).

```
tsopt:
  type: rsirfo|rsprfo|trim      # Optimization algorithm

  do_hess: True                 # Calculate the hessian at the final geometry
                                # after the optimization.

  hessian_recalc: 1            # Recalculate the exact hessian every n-th cycle
                                # Very costly but a small number like 5 may be a good
                                # idea.

  prim_coord: [BOND, 3, 18]    # Select the mode to follow uphill by overlap with
                                # this primitive internal coordinate. Expects exactly
                                # one typed primitive.

  rx_mode: [[[BOND, 3, 18], 1]] # Select initial mode based on overlaps with a
                                # constructed mode. Can be seen as generalization of
                                # prim_coord. Expects a list of pairs, with each pair
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

# comprising a typed primitive and a phase factor.
#
# See examples/{05,06}... for examples.

#rx_coords: [[BOND, 3, 18],] # Obtain initial mode by modifying a model Hessian. Has
# to be used with 'hess_init: swart/fischer/lindh/xtb'
# to avoid calculation of exact hessian.
# Also requires 'redund' or 'dlc' to work.

#root: 0 # Follow the n-th imaginary mode uphill, minimize
# along the others.

#hessian_init: calc # Initial hessian is calculated exactly.

#hessian_update: bofill # Bofill hessian-update. Should not be modified for
# TS optimizations.

#hessian_ref: [path] # Expects a path to a precalculated hessian at any
# level of theory. The emode to maximize along is
↪selected # by highest overlap with imaginary mode from the
↪reference # hessian.

#max_micro_cycles: 50 # No. of micro cycles for the RS-variants. Does not apply
# to TRIM.

#trust_radius: 0.3 # Initial trust radius.
#trust_max: 1.0 # Max. trust radius
#trust_min: 0.1 # Min. trust radius
calc:
  type: xtb
  pal: 4
  charge: 0
  mult: 1
geom:
  type: redund
  fn: shaken.geom_000.xyz
  add_prims: [[24, 20], ] # If using internal coordinates ALWAYS check the
↪coordinates # that pysisyphus generates (pysistrj [xyz] --internals).
↪ If # some important (reaction) coordinates appears to be
↪missing # define them manually. In this example
# we add a bond. If additional internal coordinates can
# derived from the added primitives pysisyphus will do
# it.

```

Second-derivative-free TS optimization can be done using the *Dimer* method. Attached you can find a sample input.

Further examples for TS optimizations from *.yaml* input can be found [here](#).

12.2 Dimer Method

pysisyphus implements the dimer method (DM) as calculator, wrapping another calculator for the actual energy and gradient calculations. All DM configurations have to be done in the `calc:` section. The best results are obtained by optimizing the DM with LBFGS in connection with a preconditioner (PLBFGS), estimated from the Lindh model Hessian. In contrast to the TS optimizers mentioned above, PLBFGS is configured in the `opt` section of the YAML input. DM related information is logged to *dimer.log*. The current DM orientation is saved in files with extension *.N*. Animated *.trj* files of the DM orientation are saved to *.N.trj*.

12.2.1 YAML example

Below you can find an example for the DM, applied to the isomerization of HCN. Default values are commented out. See [examples/tsopt/02_hcn_tsopt_dimer](#) for the full example.

```
opt:
  type: plbfgs      # Preconditioned LBFGS
  thresh: baker     # Baker threshold, comparable to the Gaussian defaults
  do_hess: True     # Calculate Hessian at the end. May not be applicable to systems
                   # where Hessian calculation is infeasible.
calc:
  type: dimer       # Dimer calculator wrapping PySCF at HF/3-21G level of theory
  calc:
    type: pyscf
    basis: 321g
    pal: 2
    charge: 0
    mult: 1
    #N_raw: [file]      # Path to a file containing an initial dimer orientation
    #length: 0.0189     # Separation of dimer images from common midpoint
    #rotation_max_cycles: 15 # Maximum number of rotations
    #rotation_method: fourier
    #rotation_thresh: 1e-4 # rms(rotationa force) threshold
    #rotation_tol: 1     # Rotation tolerance in degree. If a proposed trial
                        # rotation angle is below the tolerance the rotation
                        # will be skipped.
    #rotation_max_element: 0.001 # Max. step element for "rotation_method: direct"
    #rotation_interpolate: True  # Interpolate force on image after rotation
    #rotation_remove_trans: True # Remove overall translation from N-vector
    #seed: 20182503          # Seed for the RNG for reproducability reasons.
  geom:
    type: cart
    fn: 01_hcn.xyz
```

12.3 General advice for TS optimizations

- Use as many exact Hessians as your computational budget allows (*hessian_recalc*: [n])
- Use tight convergence settings for your SCF. In contrast to codes like ORCA *pysisyphus* does not enforce this automatically
- Grid-based methods (DFT, some RI-types) may need finer grids to reduce numerical noise
- Try to preoptimize the TS using a cheap method (xtb) that allows *hessian_recalc*: 1
- Decrease current & allowed trust radius (*trust_radius*: 0.1 and *trust_max*: 0.3|0.5)
- Check for correct coordinate setup

12.4 TS HessiansOptimizer base class

Base class for TS optimizers that employ a hessian.

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessiansOptimizer.TSHessiansOptimizer(geometry, root=0,
                                                                    hessian_ref=None,
                                                                    prim_coord=None,
                                                                    rx_coords=None,
                                                                    rx_mode=None,
                                                                    hessian_init='calc',
                                                                    hessian_update='bofill',
                                                                    hessian_recalc_reset=True,
                                                                    max_micro_cycles=50,
                                                                    trust_radius=0.3,
                                                                    trust_max=0.5,
                                                                    augment_bonds=False,
                                                                    min_line_search=False,
                                                                    max_line_search=False,
                                                                    assert_neg_eigval=False,
                                                                    **kwargs)
```

Bases: [HessiansOptimizer](#)

Optimizer to find first-order saddle points.

```
__init__(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None, prim_coord=None, rx_coords=None, rx_mode=None,
         hessian_init='calc', hessian_update='bofill', hessian_recalc_reset=True, max_micro_cycles=50,
         trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5, augment_bonds=False, min_line_search=False,
         max_line_search=False, assert_neg_eigval=False, **kwargs)
```

Baseclass for transition state optimizers utilizing Hessian information.

Several arguments expect a typed primitive or an iterable of typed primitives. A typed primitive is specified as (PrimType, int, int, ...), e.g., for a bond between atoms 0 and 1: (BOND, 0, 1) or for a bend between the atom triple 0, 1, 2 as (BEND, 0, 1, 2).

Parameters

- **geometry** ([Geometry](#)) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **root** (int, default: 0) -- Index of imaginary mode to maximize along.
- **hessian_ref** (Optional[str], default: None) -- Filename pointing to a pysisyphus HDF5 Hessian.

- **prim_coord** (*typed_prim*) -- Select initial root/imaginary mode by overlap with this internal coordinate.
- **rx_coords** (*iterable of (typed_prim)*) -- Construct imaginary mode comprising the given typed prims by modifying a model Hessian.
- **rx_mode** (*iterable of (typed_prim, phase_factor)*) -- Select initial root by overlap with a mode constructed from the given typed primitives.
- **hessian_init** (Literal['calc', 'unit', 'fischer', 'lindh', 'simple', 'swart', 'xtb', 'xtb1', 'xtbff'], default: 'calc') -- Type of initial model Hessian.
- **hessian_update** (Literal['none', None, False, 'bfgs', 'damped_bfgs', 'flowchart', 'bofill', 'ts_bfgs', 'ts_bfgs_org', 'ts_bfgs_rev'], default: 'bofill') -- Type of Hessian update. Defaults to BFGS for minimizations and Bofill for saddle point searches.
- **hessian_recalc_reset** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to skip Hessian recalculation after reset. Undocumented.
- **max_micro_cycles** (int, default: 50) -- Maximum number of RS iterations.
- **trust_radius** (float, default: 0.3) -- Initial trust radius in whatever unit the optimization is carried out.
- **trust_max** (float, default: 0.5) -- Maximum trust radius.
- **augment_bonds** (bool, default: False) -- Try to derive additional stretching coordinates from the imaginary mode.
- **min_line_search** (bool, default: False) -- Carry out line search along the imaginary mode.
- **max_line_search** (bool, default: False) -- Carry out line search in the subspace that is minimized.
- **assert_neg_eigval** (bool, default: False) -- Check for the existences for at least one significant negative eigenvalue. If enabled and no negative eigenvalue is present the optimization will be aborted.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the HessianOptimizer/Optimizer baseclass.

```
static do_line_search(e0, e1, g0, g1, prev_step, maximize, logger=None)
```

```
prepare_opt(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
step_and_grad_from_line_search(energy, gradient_trans, eigvecs, min_indices)
```

```
update_ts_mode(eigvals, eigvecs)
```

```
valid_updates = ('bofill', 'ts_bfgs', 'ts_bfgs_org', 'ts_bfgs_rev')
```

12.5 TS-Optimizer using hessian information

12.5.1 Restricted-Step Partitioned-RFO

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer.RSPRFOptimizer(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None,
    prim_coord=None, rx_coords=None,
    rx_mode=None, hessian_init='calc',
    hessian_update='bofill',
    hessian_recalc_reset=True,
    max_micro_cycles=50,
    trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5,
    augment_bonds=False,
    min_line_search=False,
    max_line_search=False,
    assert_neg_eigval=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *TSHessianOptimizer*

optimize()

12.5.2 Restricted-Step Image-Function-RFO

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer.RSIRFOptimizer(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None,
    prim_coord=None, rx_coords=None,
    rx_mode=None, hessian_init='calc',
    hessian_update='bofill',
    hessian_recalc_reset=True,
    max_micro_cycles=50,
    trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5,
    augment_bonds=False,
    min_line_search=False,
    max_line_search=False,
    assert_neg_eigval=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *TSHessianOptimizer*

optimize()

12.5.3 Trust-Region Image-Function Method

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM.TRIM(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None, prim_coord=None,
    rx_coords=None, rx_mode=None, hessian_init='calc',
    hessian_update='bofill', hessian_recalc_reset=True,
    max_micro_cycles=50, trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5,
    augment_bonds=False, min_line_search=False,
    max_line_search=False, assert_neg_eigval=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *TSHessianOptimizer*

optimize()

12.6 TS-Optimization without hessian information

12.6.1 Dimer method

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer(calculator, *args, N_raw=None, length=0.0189,
                                         rotation_max_cycles=15, rotation_method='fourier',
                                         rotation_thresh=0.0001, rotation_tol=1,
                                         rotation_max_element=0.001, rotation_interpolate=True,
                                         rotation_disable=False, rotation_disable_pos_curv=True,
                                         rotation_remove_trans=True, trans_force_f_perp=True,
                                         bonds=None, N_hessian=None, bias_rotation=False,
                                         bias_translation=False, bias_gaussian_dot=0.1, seed=None,
                                         write_orientations=True, forward_hessian=True, **kwargs)

    property C
        Shortcut for the curvature.

    property N

    add_gaussian(atoms, center, N, height=0.1, std=0.0529, max_cycles=50, dot_ref=None)

    property can_bias_f0

    property can_bias_f1

    property coords0

    property coords1

    curvature(f1, f2, N)
        Curvature of the mode represented by the dimer.

    direct_rotation(optimizer, prev_step)

    do_dimer_rotations(rotation_thresh=None)

    property energy0

    property f0

    property f1

    property f1_bias

    property f2
        Never calculated explicitly, but estimated from f0 and f1.

    fourier_rotation(optimizer, prev_step)

    get_N_raw_from_hessian(h5_fn, root=0)

    get_forces(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_gaussian_energies(coords, sum_=True)

    get_gaussian_forces(coords, sum_=True)
```

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

remove_translation(*displacement*)

property **rot_force**

rotate_coords1(*rad*, *theta*)

Rotate dimer and produce new coords1.

set_N_raw(*coords*)

property **should_bias_f0**

May lead to calculation of f0 and/or f1 if present!

property **should_bias_f1**

May lead to calculation of f0 and/or f1 if present!

update_orientation(*coords*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.**Gaussian**(*height*, *center*, *std*, *N*)

energy(*R*, *height*=None)

forces(*R*, *height*=None)

exception pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.**RotationConverged**

INTRINSIC REACTION COORDINATE (IRC)

By default two paths are integrated in plus- and minus-direction of the imaginary mode (transition vector, TV) at the transition state (TS). If the IRC is started from a non-stationary point with non-vanishing gradient the *downhill: True* argument can be set to integrate only one path and skip the initial hessian calculation.

IRCs are integrated in mass-weighted coordinates and the default integrator is *EulerPC*.

The initial displacement from the TS is done by requiring a certain energy lowering dE from moving along the TV and calculating the corresponding step length from a quadratic potential: $dE = \frac{1}{2}(k \cdot dq^2)$, with k being the eigenvalue of the TV (imaginary mode) and dq the required step length. The default required energy lowering is 0.0005 au. Alternatively the initial can be done by a prescribed length: *displ: length* and *displ_length: [desired step]* (default is $0.1\sqrt{\text{amu}} \cdot \text{bohr}$).

The resulting endpoints of the IRC integration can be further optimized to stationary points by adding the *endopt:* section (vide infra). By setting *fragments: True* in *endopt* separate fragments will be detected and optimized individually. This may be useful if the molecules are only weakly bound. By setting *fragments: total* the total system, as well as the separate fragments will be optimized.

By default IRC path data is dumped to *dump_fn: irc_data.h5* every *dump_every: 5* cycles. IRC paths can be plotted with *pysisplot --irc*.

13.1 YAML example(s)

Below you can find an example YAML-input including the most important options that the user may want to modify.

```
geom:
  fn: hfabstraction_ts_opt_xtb.xyz  # Input coordinates
calc:
  type: xtb                        # extended tight-binding calculator
  pal: 4
  charge: 0
  mult: 1
irc:
  type: eulerpc                    # Similar to EulerPC from Gaussian

  #rms_grad_thresh: 0.001          # Convergence threshold
  #displ: energy/length/energy_cubic # How to do the initial displacement
  #displ_energy: 0.001              # Energy lowering in au (Hartree)
  #displ_length: 0.1                # Step length along the TV
  #forward: True
  #backward: True
  #downhill: False                  # Only integrate downhill, disables forward/backward
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

#hessian_init: null          # Path to HDF5 Hessian file
#displ_third_h5: null        # Path to HDF5 file containing third derivative data
endopt:
#fragments: False|True|total # Detect & optimize fragments separately. Default is
                             # False. When set to 'total' the total system as well
                             # as the fragments are optimized.
do_hess: False               # Frequency calculation at the end

```

Further examples for IRC calculations from `.yaml` input can be found [here](#).

13.2 IRC base class

Base class for IRC integrators from which actual IRC integrators are derived.

```

class pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC(geometry, step_length=0.1, max_cycles=125, downhill=False, forward=True,
                               backward=True, root=0, hessian_init=None, displ='energy',
                               displ_energy=0.001, displ_length=0.1, displ_third_h5=None,
                               rms_grad_thresh=0.001, hard_rms_grad_thresh=None, energy_thresh=1e-06,
                               imag_below=0.0, force_inflection=True, check_bonds=True, out_dir='.',
                               prefix="", dump_fn='irc_data.h5', dump_every=5)

__init__(geometry, step_length=0.1, max_cycles=125, downhill=False, forward=True, backward=True,
          root=0, hessian_init=None, displ='energy', displ_energy=0.001, displ_length=0.1,
          displ_third_h5=None, rms_grad_thresh=0.001, hard_rms_grad_thresh=None,
          energy_thresh=1e-06, imag_below=0.0, force_inflection=True, check_bonds=True, out_dir='.',
          prefix="", dump_fn='irc_data.h5', dump_every=5)

```

Base class for IRC calculations.

Parameters

- **geometry** (`Geometry`) -- Transition state geometry, or initial geometry for downhill run.
- **step_length** (`float`, *optional*) -- Step length in unweighted coordinates.
- **max_cycles** (`int`, *optional*) -- Positive integer, controlling the maximum number of IRC steps taken in a direction (forward/backward/downhill).
- **downhill** (`bool`, *default=False*) -- Downhill run from a non-stationary point with non-vanishing gradient. Disables forward and backward runs.
- **forward** (`bool`, *default=True*) -- Integrate IRC in positive *s* direction.
- **backward** (`bool`, *default=True*) -- Integrate IRC in negative *s* direction.
- **root** (`int`, *default=0*) -- Use *n*-th root for initial displacement from TS.
- **hessian_init** (`str`, *default=None*) -- Path to Hessian HDF5 file, e.g., from a previous TS calculation.
- **displ** (`str`, one of ("energy", "length", "energy_cubic")) -- Controls initial displacement from the TS. 'energy' assumes a quadratic model, from which a step length for a given energy lowering (see 'displ_energy') is determined. 'length' corresponds to a displacement along the transition vector. 'energy_cubic' considers 3rd derivatives of the energy along the transition vector.
- **displ_energy** (`float`, *default=1e-3*) -- Required energy lowering from the TS in au (Hartree). Used with 'displ: energy|energy_cubic'.

- **displ_length** (*float*, *default=0.1*) -- Step length along the transition vector. Used only with 'displ: length'.
- **displ_third_h5** (*str*, *optional*) -- Path to HDF5 file containing 3rd derivative information. Used with 'displ: energy_cubic'.
- **rms_grad_thresh** (*float*, *default=1e-3*,) -- Convergence is signalled when to root mean square of the unweighted gradient is less than or equal to this value
- **energy_thresh** (*float*, *default=1e-6*,) -- Signal convergence when the energy difference between two points is equal to or less than 'energy_thresh'.
- **imag_below** (*float*, *default=0.0*) -- Require the wavenumber of the imaginary mode to be below the given threshold. If given, it should be a negative number.
- **force_inflection** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Don't indicate convergence before passing an inflection point.
- **check_bonds** (*bool*, *optional*, *default=True*) -- Report whether bonds are formed/broken along the IRC, w.r.t the TS.
- **out_dir** (*str*, *optional*) -- Dump everything into 'out_dir' directory instead of the CWD.
- **prefix** (*str*, *optional*) -- Short string that is prepended to all files that are created by this class, e.g., trajectories and HDF5 dumps.
- **dump_fn** (*str*, *optional*) -- Base name for the HDF5 files.
- **dump_every** (*int*, *optional*) -- Dump to HDF5 every n-th cycle.

property coords

dump_data(*dump_fn=None*, *full=False*)

dump_ends(*path*, *prefix*, *coords=None*, *trj=False*)

property energy

get_conv_fact(*mw_grad*, *min_fact=2.0*)

get_endpoint_and_ts_geoms()

get_full_irc_data()

get_irc_data()

get_path_for_fn(*fn*)

property gradient

initial_displacement()

Returns non-mass-weighted steps in +s and -s direction for initial displacement from the TS. Earlier version only returned one step, that was later multiplied by either 1 or -1, depending on the desired IRC direction (forward/backward). The current implementation directly returns two steps for forward and backward direction. Whereas for plus and minus steps for displ 'length' and displ 'energy'

step_plus = -step_minus

is valid, it is not valid for displ 'energy_cubic' anymore. The latter step is formed as

$x(ds) = ds * v0 + ds**2 * v1$

```
so
    x(ds) != -x(ds)

as
    ds * v0 + ds**2 * v1 != -ds * v0 - ds**2 * v1 .
```

So, all required step are formed directly and later used as appropriate.

See

<https://aip.scitation.org/doi/pdf/10.1063/1.454172> <https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/j100338a027>
<https://aip.scitation.org/doi/pdf/10.1063/1.459634>

```
irc(direction)

log(msg)

property m_sqrt

mass_weigh_hessian(hessian)

property mw_coords

property mw_gradient

postprocess()

prepare(direction)

report_bonds(prefix, bonds)

report_conv_thresholds()

run()

set_data(prefix)

unweight_vec(vec)

valid_displs = ('energy', 'length', 'energy_cubic')
```

13.3 IRC Integrators

13.3.1 Damped-Velocity-Verlet integrator

```
class pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet.DampedVelocityVerlet(geometry, v0=0.04, dt0=0.5,
                                                                error_tol=0.003,
                                                                max_cycles=150, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

```
damp_velocity(velocity)
```

```
estimate_error(new_mw_coords)
```

```
mw_grad_to_acc(mw_grad)
```

Takes care of the units for the mass-weighted gradient. Converts units of a mass-weighted gradient [Hartree/(Bohr*amu)] to units of acceleration [sqrt(amu)*Bohr/fs²]. The 1e30 comes from converting second² to femto second².

prepare(*direction*)

step()

13.3.2 Euler integrator

Not recommended as it only produces reasonable results with very small step sizes.

class pysisyphus.irc.Euler.**Euler**(*geometry, step_length=0.01, **kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

step()

13.3.3 Euler-Predictor-Corrector integrator

Recommended IRC integrator and default choice.

class pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC.**EulerPC**(**args, hessian_recalc=None, hessian_update='bofill',
hessian_init='calc', max_pred_steps=500, loose_cycles=3,
dump_dwi=False, scipy_method=None, corr_func='mbs',
**kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

corrector_step(*init_mw_coords, step_length, dwi*)

get_integration_length_func(*init_mw_coords*)

prepare(**args, **kwargs*)

scipy_corrector_step(*init_mw_coords, step_length, dwi*)

Solve IRC equation $dx/ds = -g/|g|$ on DWI PES in mass-weighted coordinates. Integration done until self.step_length in unweighted coordinates is achieved.

step()

13.3.4 Gonzales-Schlegel-2 integrator

class pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel.**GonzalezSchlegel**(*geometry, max_micro_cycles=20,
micro_step_thresh=0.001,
hessian_recalc=None, line_search=False,
**kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

micro_step(*counter*)

Constrained optimization on a hypersphere.

perp_component(*vec, perp_to*)

postprocess()

step()

13.3.5 Local-Quadratic-Approximation integrator

```
class pysisyphus.irc.LQA.LQA(geometry, N_euler=5000, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

```
step()
```

13.3.6 Modified-Ishida-Morokuma-Komornicki integrator

Similar to the algorithm implemented by ORCA 4.

```
class pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod.IMKMod(geometry, corr_first=True, corr_first_size=0.5,
                                   corr_first_energy=True, corr_bisec_size=0.0025,
                                   corr_bisec_energy=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

```
fit_grad_and_energies(energy0, grad0, energy1, direction)
```

```
fit_parabola(x, y)
```

```
step()
```

13.3.7 Runge-Kutta-4 integrator

Not recommended, as it is very slow.

```
class pysisyphus.irc.RK4.RK4(geometry, step_length=0.1, max_cycles=125, downhill=False, forward=True,
                              backward=True, root=0, hessian_init=None, displ='energy',
                              displ_energy=0.001, displ_length=0.1, displ_third_h5=None,
                              rms_grad_thresh=0.001, hard_rms_grad_thresh=None, energy_thresh=1e-06,
                              imag_below=0.0, force_inflection=True, check_bonds=True, out_dir='.',
                              prefix='', dump_fn='irc_data.h5', dump_every=5)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

```
get_k(mw_coords)
```

```
step()
```


PLOTTING

pysisyphus offers extensive visualization capabilities via the *pysisplot* command. All relevant information produced by *pysisyphus* and the interfaced quantum chemistry programs is dumped to HDF5 files, namely:

Filename	Description
optimization.h5	Produced by all optimizers when <i>dump: True</i> (default).
afir.h5	Contains true and modified energies & forces in AFIR calculations.
forward_irc_data.h5	IRC data from forward run.
backward_irc_data.h5	IRC data from backward run.
finished_irc_data.h5	IRC data from forward & backward run.
overlap_data.h5	From excited state calculations by <i>OverlapCalculator</i> classes.

A help message that shows possible usages of *pysisplot* is displayed by

```
pysisplot --help
```

If needed, results from multiple optimizations are written to different HD5-groups of the same HDF5-file. Available groups can be listed either by the HDF5-tool *h5ls* or *pysisplot --h5_list [hd55 file]*. The desired group for visualization is then selected by the *--h5_group [group name]* argument.

14.1 Example - Diels-Alder reaction

The plotting capabilities of *pysisplot* are demonstrated for the example of a Diels-Alder reaction between ethene and 1-4-butadiene (see examples/06_diels_alder_xtb_preopt_neb_tsopt_irc) at xtb-GFN2 level of theory. Educts and product of the reaction are preoptimized for 5 cycles, then interpolated in internal coordinates. A chain of states (COS) is optimized loosely via a LBFGS optimizer. The highest energy image (HEI) is employed for a subsequent transition state (TS) optimization. Finally the intrinsic reaction coordinate (IRC) is obtained by means of an Euler-Predictor-Corrector integrator.

14.1.1 Plotting optimization progress

The progress of an optimization can be plotted via

```
pysisplot --opt [--h5_fn optimization.h5] [--h5_group opt]
```

Arguments given in parantheses are the assumed defaults. The result is shown below for the preoptimizations of educts and product.

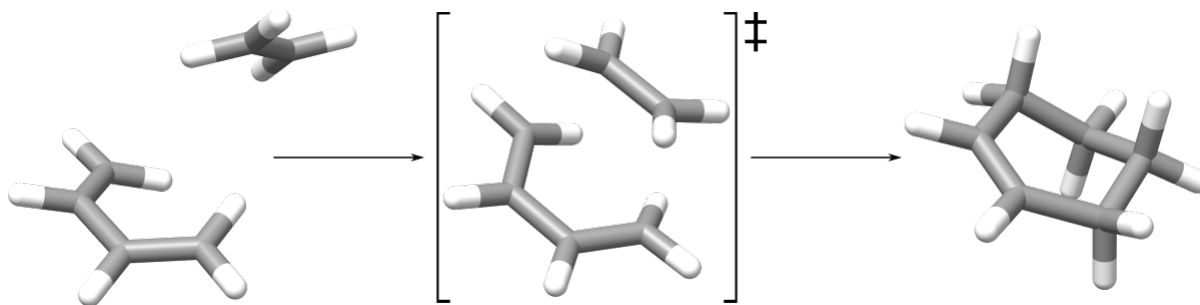


Fig. 14.1: Educts, TS and products of the Diels-Alder reaction between ethene and 1-4-butadiene.

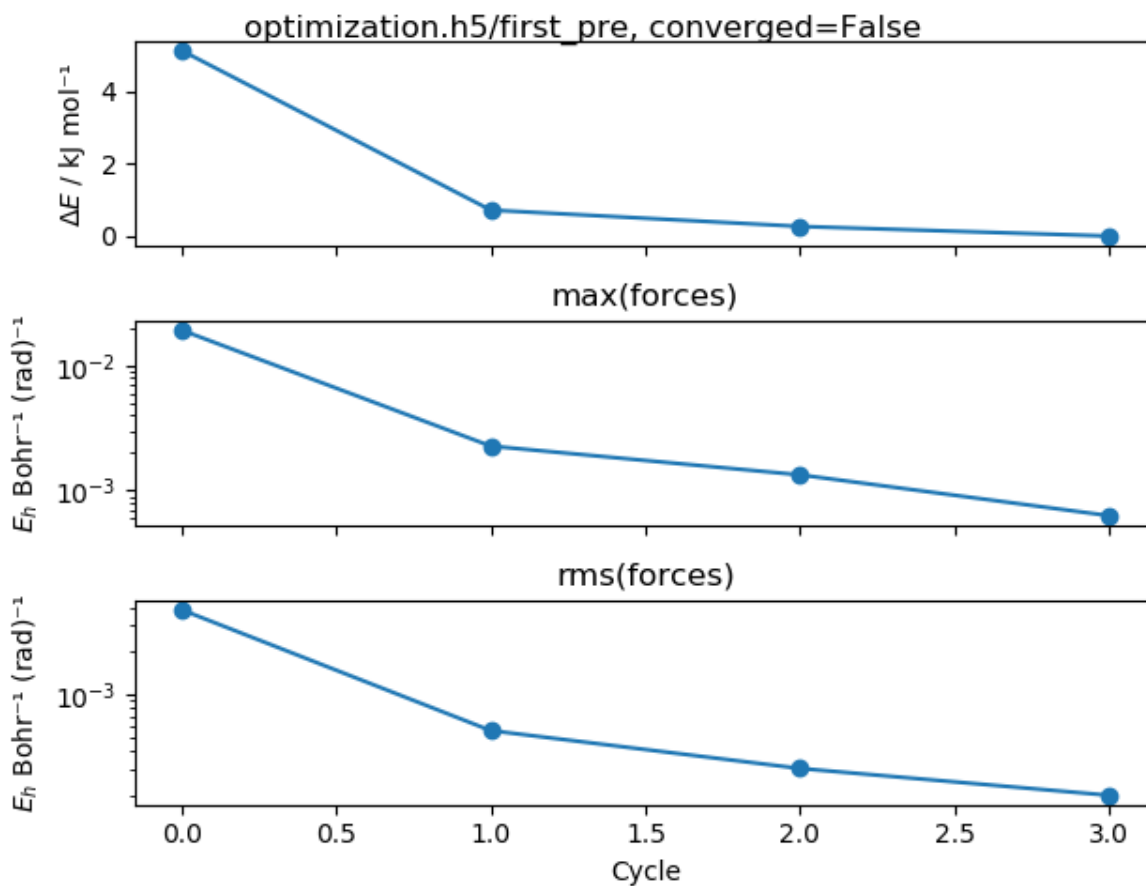


Fig. 14.2: Preoptimization of the Diels-Alder reaction educts ethene + 1,4-butadiene. The upper panel shows the energy change along the optimization. Middle and lower panel show the max and rms of the force. The HDF5 filename and group are noted in the image title.

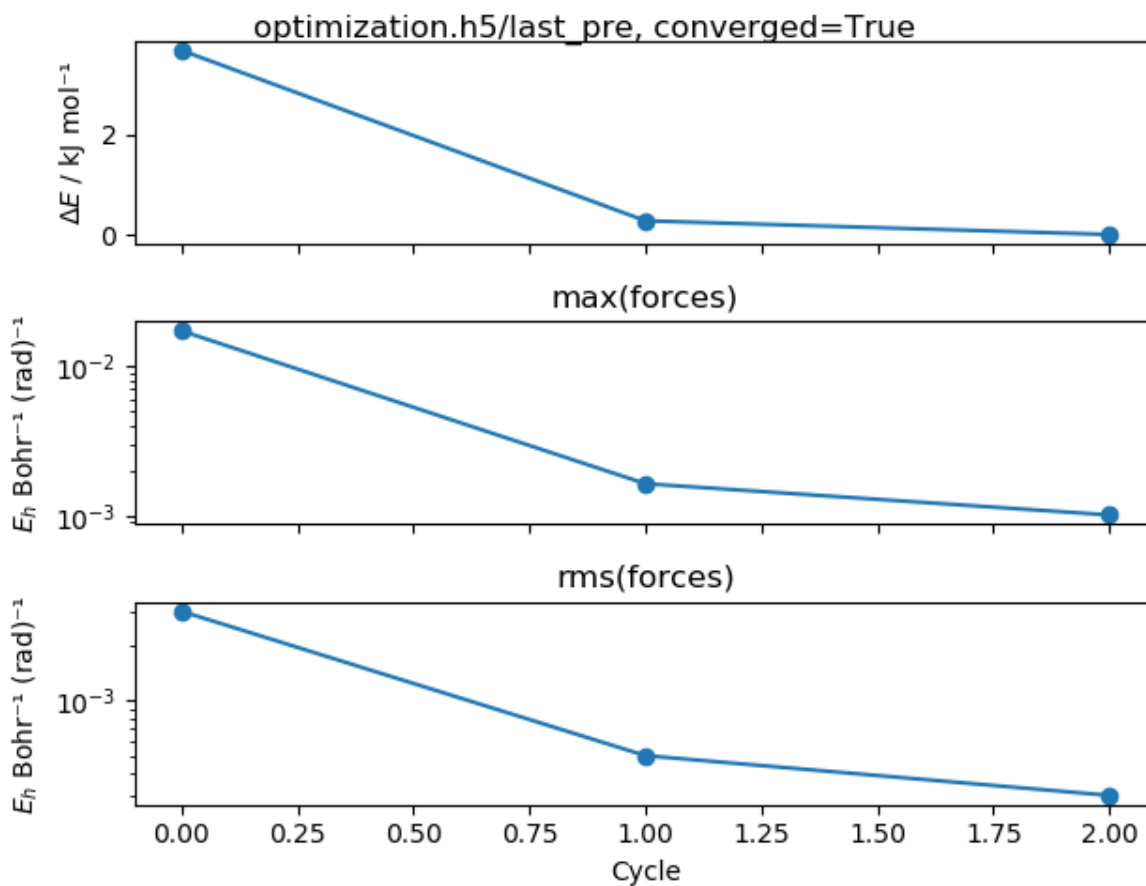


Fig. 14.3: Preoptimization of the Diels-Alder reaction product. Compared to the educts the optimization already converged after 4 cycles.

For COS optimizations all image energies of one optimization cycle are summed into a total energy, which is then plotted in the first panel. *pysisplot --opt* may not be the best choice in these cases. Use *pysisplot --cosens* and *pysisplot --cosforces* instead (see below).

14.1.2 Plotting COS optimization progress

Compared to simple surface-walking optimizations of single molecules, COSs consist of multiple images, each with its own energy and force vector. In this case a simple plot as shown above is not suitable. Instead of *pysisplot --opt* a better visualization is offered by *pysisplot --cosens* and *pysisplot --cosforces*. The latter two commands are compatible with all COS methods available in pysisphus.

```
pysisplot --cosens [--h5_fn optimization.h5] [--h5_group opt]
```

This produces three plots.

1. Animated. COS image energies along the optimization.
2. Static. Energies of last optimization cycle.
3. Static. Energies of all cycles with earlier cycles given in a lighter shade and more recent cycles in a darker shade. The last cycle is splined and the position of the splined HEI is indicated.

Please note that equidistant image spacing is assumed for the latter two plots. Here only the two latter plots are shown.

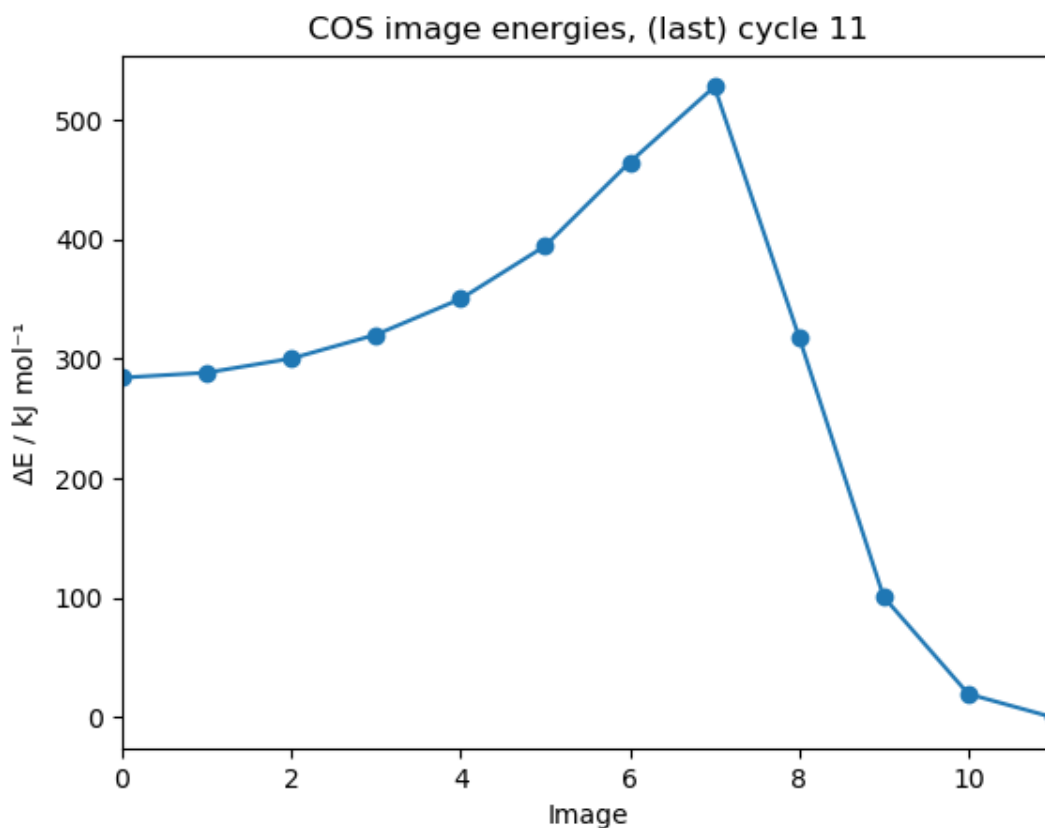


Fig. 14.4: COS image energies of the last (most recent) optimization cycle.

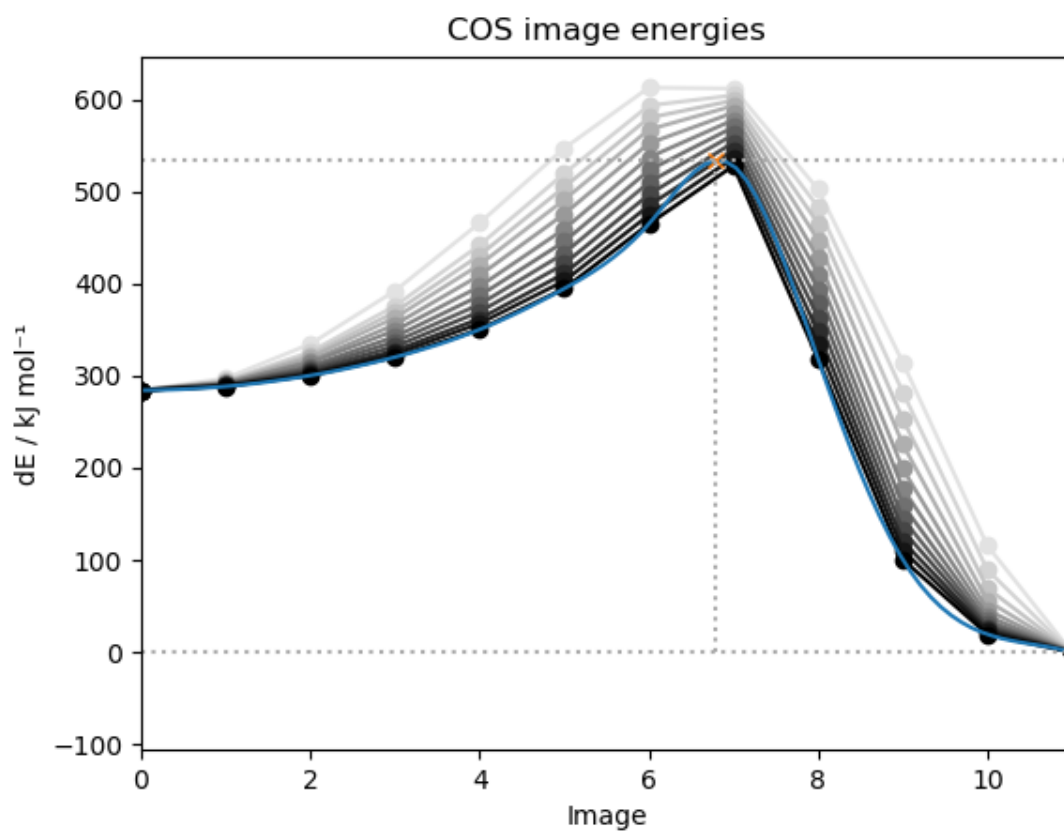


Fig. 14.5: COS image energies of all optimization cycles. Note that the actual difference between image geometries are not taken into account. Equidistance is assumed. Later (more recent) cycles are given in a darker shade.

The forces acting on the respective COS images can also be plotted.

```
pysisplot --coforces [--h5_fn optimization.h5] [--h5_group opt]
```

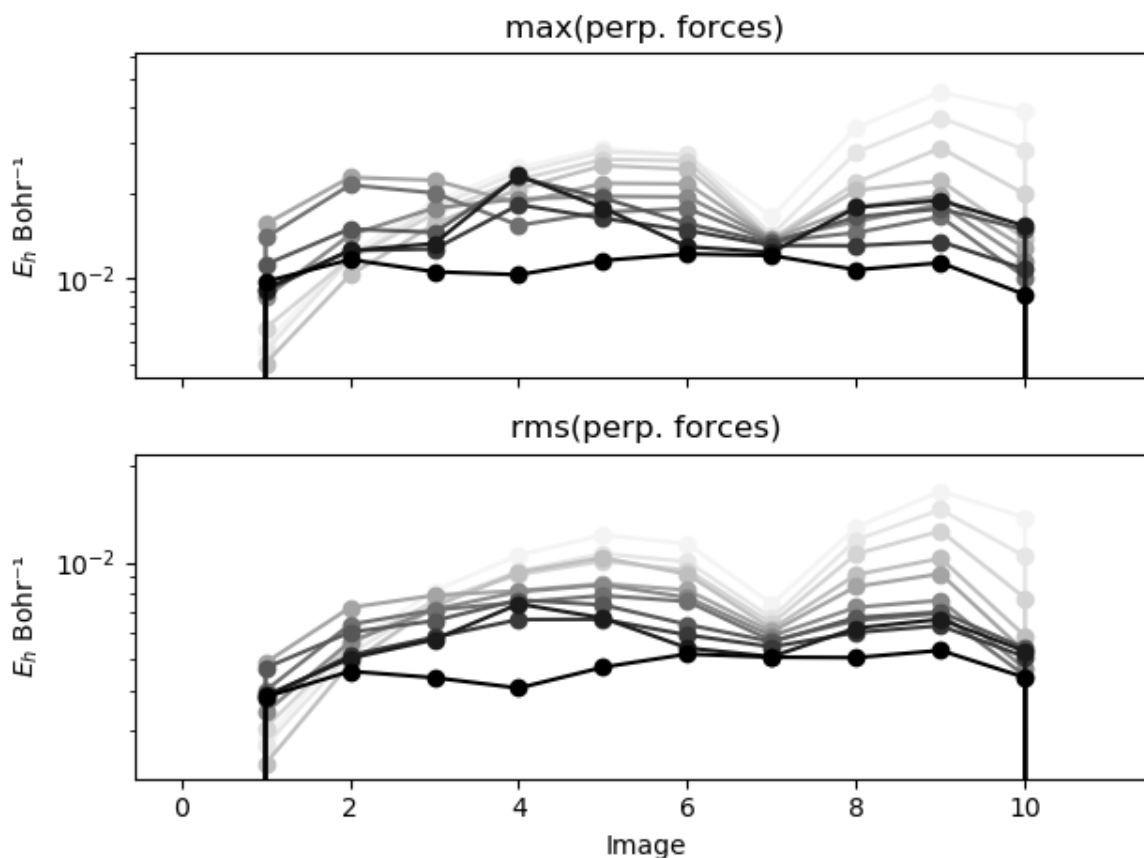


Fig. 14.6: Maximum component and root-mean-square (rms) of the perpendicular component of the force, acting on the COS images.

Please note that nothing is plotted for images 0 and 11, as they remained fixed in the optimization.

14.1.3 Plotting TS-optimization progress

The TS-optimization progress is plotted with `pysisplot --opt --h5_group tsopt`. Here we explicitly selected a different HDF5 group by `--h5_group`.

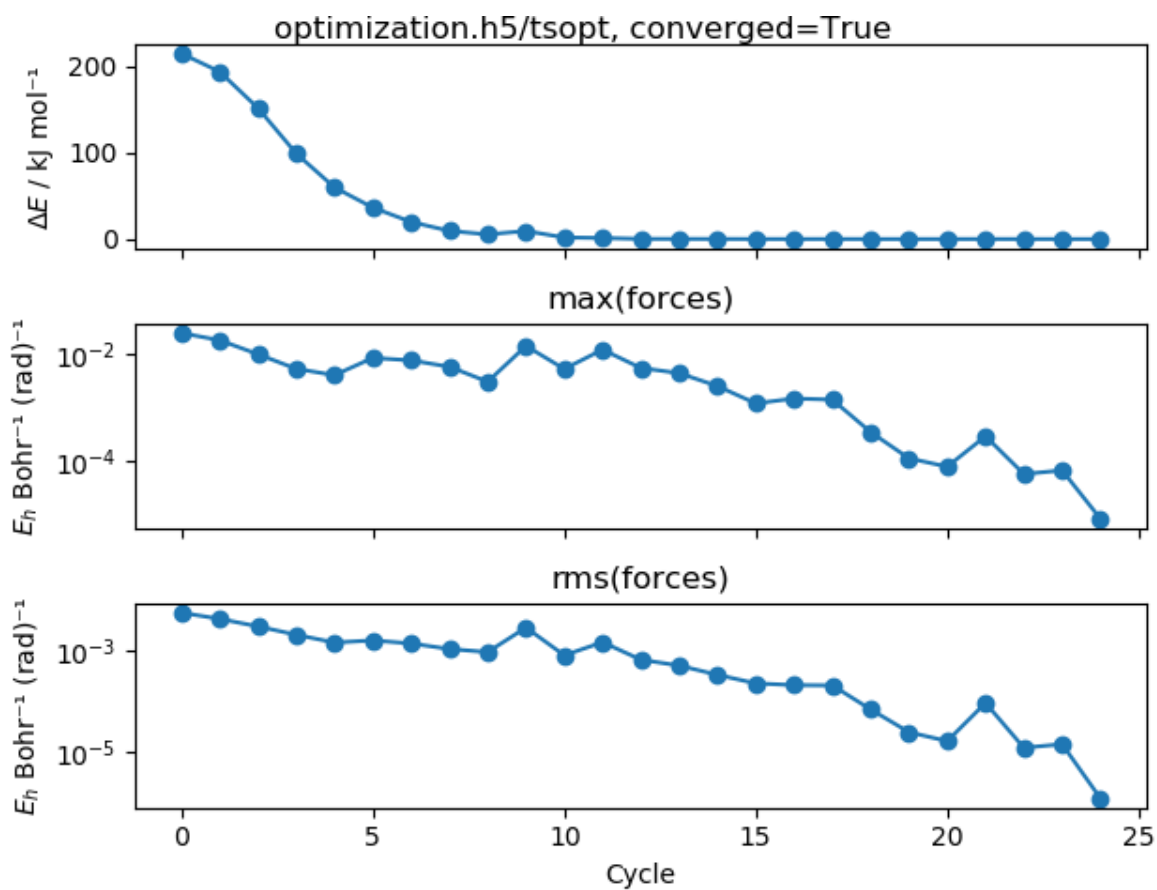


Fig. 14.7: Progress of the TS optimization, started from the HEI.

14.1.4 Plotting the Intrinsic Reaction Coordinate

IRC profiles are easily plotted by

```
pysisplot --irc
```

Multiple plots may appear, depending on the progress of the IRC. The IRC coordinate is given in mass-weighted cartesian coordinates, whereas gradients are given in non-mass-weighted units.

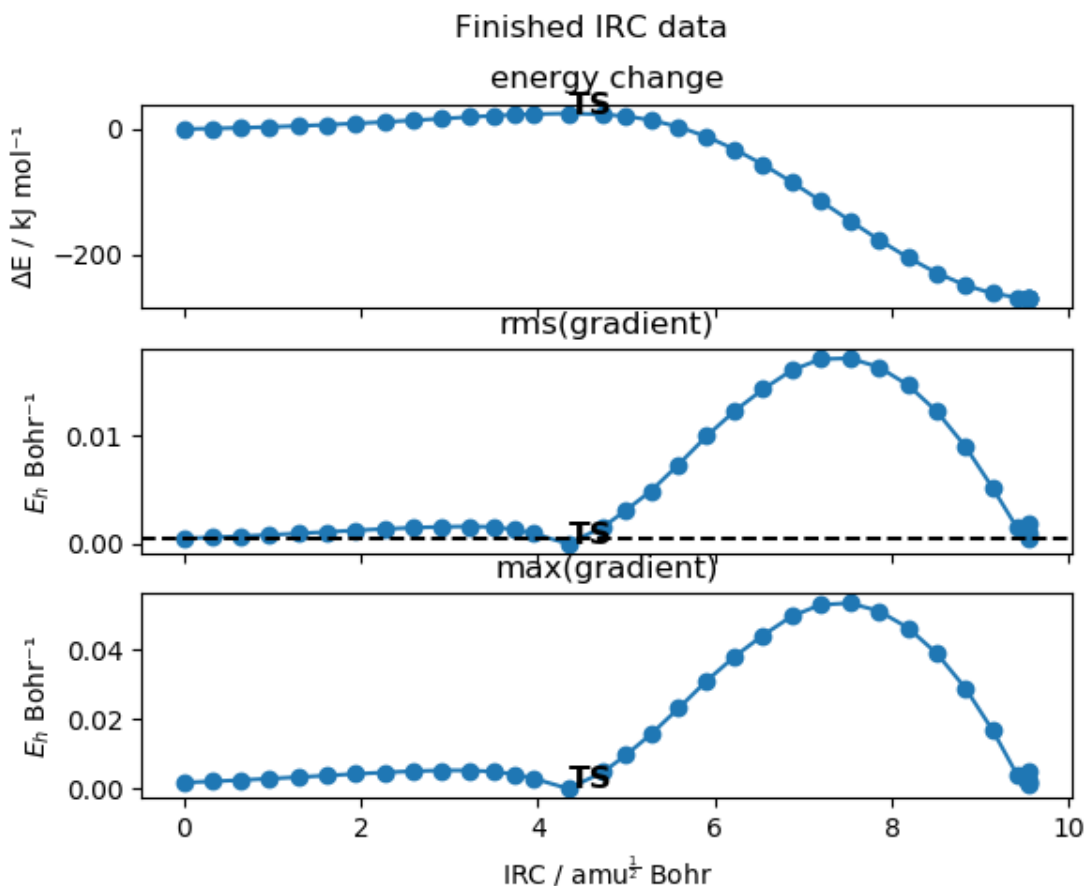


Fig. 14.8: IRC for the Diels-Alder reaction between ethene and 1,4-butadiene.

Evidently the IRC integration failed at the end, as can be seen from the the bunched up points, but unless you want to do some kind of transition-state-theory (TST; not supported by pysisyphus) calculations this should not be a problem.

14.2 Example - AFIR

pysisplot is able to visualize AFIR calculations and to highlight interesting geometries along the optimization. Shown below is an example taken from the [AFIR-Paper](#). By using AFIR the S_N2 between OH⁻ and fluoromethylene can be forced, yielding methanol and the fluorine anion. The corresponding unit test can be found in the `tests/test_afir` directory of the repository.

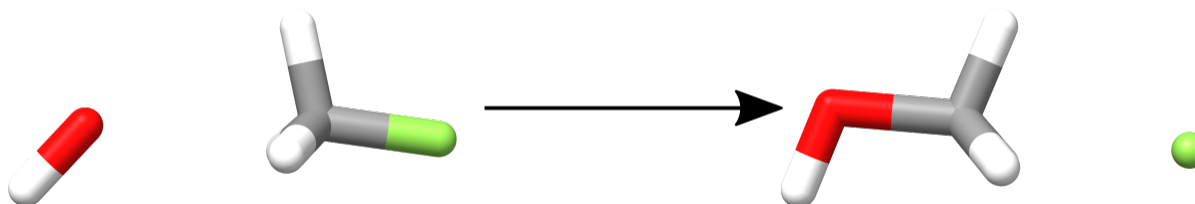


Fig. 14.9: Formation of methanol by means of a S_N2 reaction.

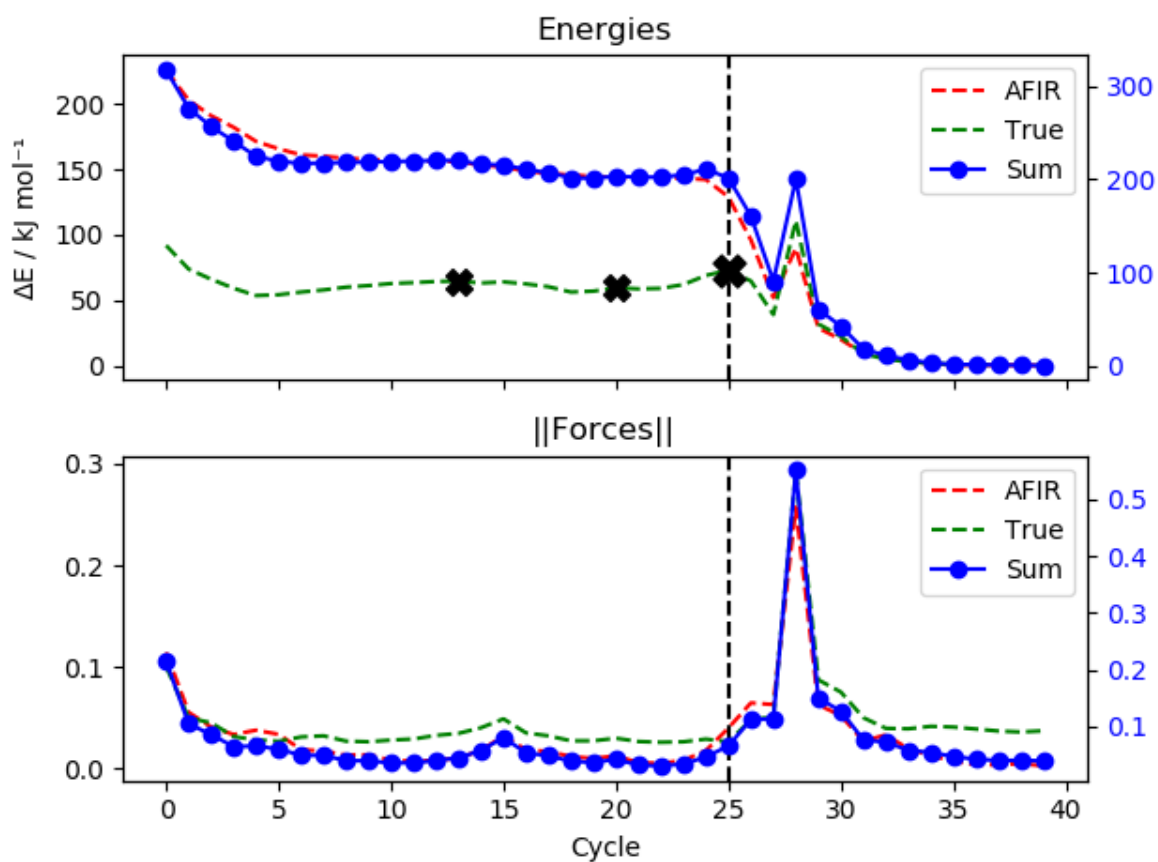


Fig. 14.10: Energy profile and force norms along the S_N2 reaction.

14.3 Example - Excited State Tracking

pysisyphus is aware of excited states (ES) and can track them using various approaches over the course of an optimization or an IRC. By calculating the overlap matrices between ESs at given geometry and a reference geometry pysisyphus can track the desired ES. All relevant data is stored in *overlap_data.h5*.

Optimizing an ES is demonstrated for the S_1 of the 1H-amino-keto tautomer of Cytosin at the PBE0/def-SVP level of theory. A corresponding test can be found under (*tests/test_cytosin_opt*). Right after the first optimization cycle a root flip occurs and the S_1 and S_2 switch. The potential energy curves along the optimization are plotted by:

```
pysisplot --all_energies
pysisplot -a
```

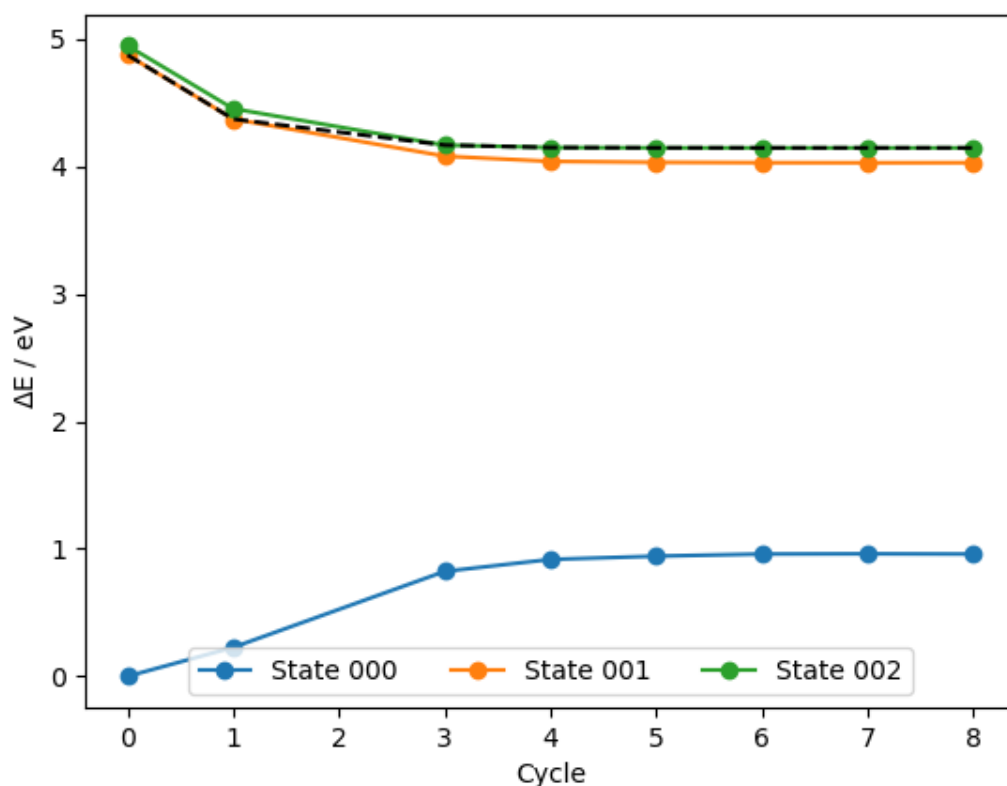


Fig. 14.11: Potential energy curves along the S_1 optimization of the 1H-amino-keto tautomer of Cytosin at the PBE0/def2-SVP level of theory. The root actually followed is indicated by a dashed line.

The calculated overlap matrices can be plotted by:

```
pysisplot --overlaps
pysisplot -o
```

If the calculation was set up to calculate charge-density-differences (CDDs) via MultiWFN and to render them via Jmol then the CDD images displayed beside the overlap matrices.

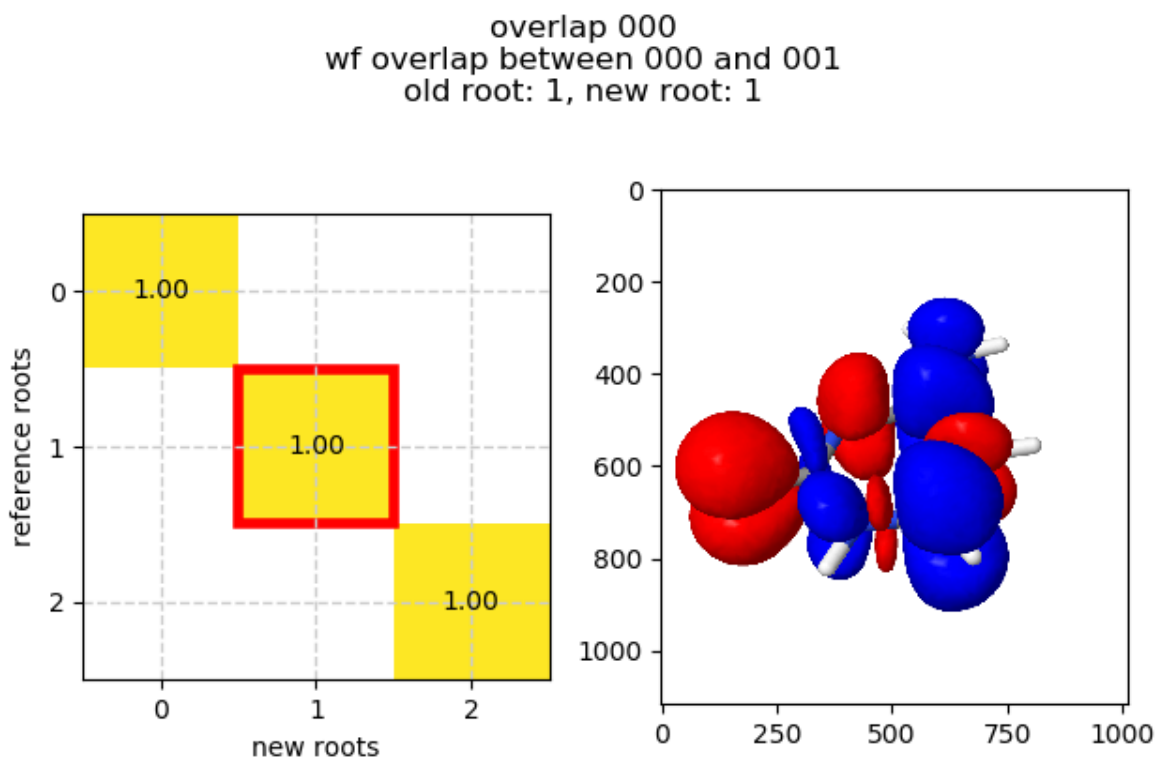


Fig. 14.12: Cytosin S_1 optimization. Overlaps between first and second cycle. No root flips occurred. All ES are in the same order as in the reference geometry at cycle 0.

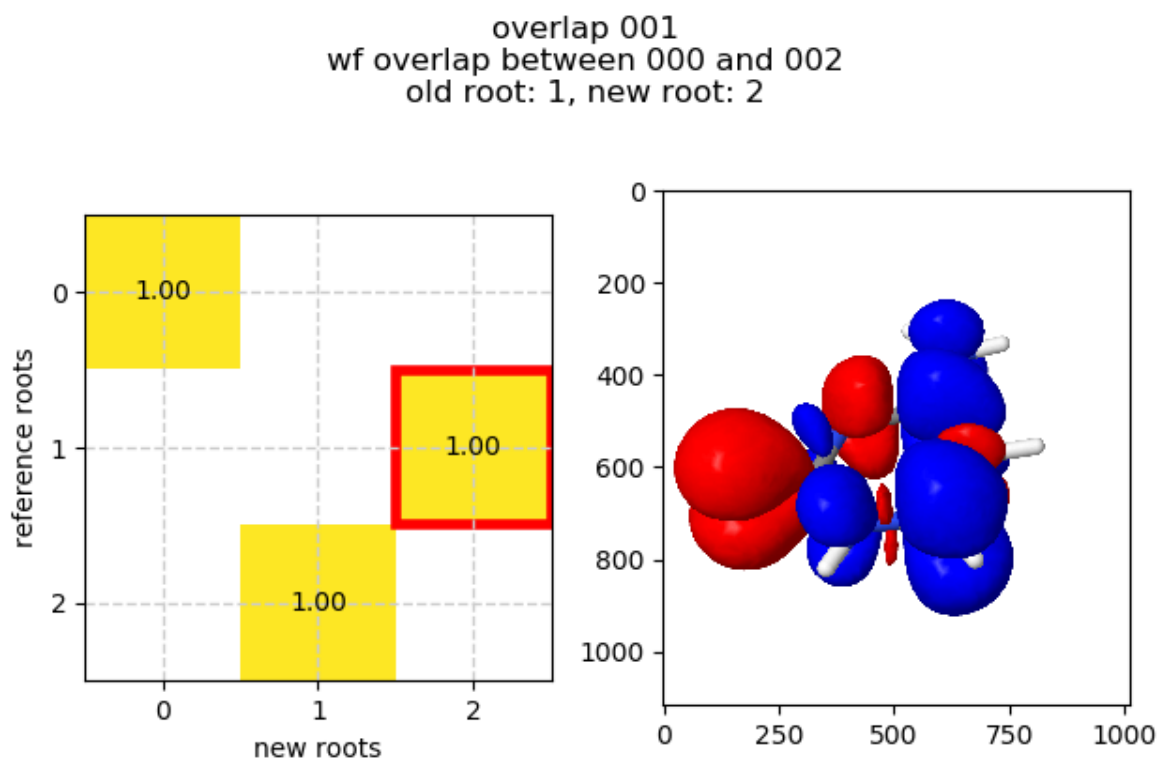


Fig. 14.13: Cytosin S_1 optimization. Overlaps between second and third cycle with root flip. The S_1 and S_2 switch their order.

WORKING WITH GEOMETRIES

TBD

Please see *pysistrj --help* for a list of possible invocations.

```
usage: Utility to transform .xyz and .trj files. [-h]
        (--between BETWEEN | --align | --split
↪ | --reverse | --cleantrj | --spline | --first FIRST | --every EVERY | --center | --
↪ centerm | --translate TRANSLATE TRANSLATE TRANSLATE | --append | --join | --match | --
↪ std | --shake | --internals | --get GET | --origin | --fragsort)
        [--scale SCALE] [--seed SEED]
        [--idpp | --lst | --redund]
        [--noipalign] [--bohr]
        [--noxyz]
        [--atoms ATOMS [ATOMS ...]]
        [--add_prims ADD_PRIMS]
        fns [fns ...]

positional arguments:
  fns                Filenames of .xyz and/or .trj files (xyz and trj can
                    be mixed).

optional arguments:
  -h, --help          show this help message and exit
  --between BETWEEN  Interpolate additional images.
  --align             Align geometries onto the first geometry.
  --split            Split a supplied geometries in multiple .xyz files.
  --reverse           Reverse a .trj file.
  --cleantrj         Keep only the first four columns of xyz/trj files.
  --spline           Evenly redistribute geometries along a splined path.
  --first FIRST      Copy the first N geometries to a new .trj file.
  --every EVERY      Create new .trj with every N-th geometry. Always
                    includes the first and last point.
  --center           Move the molecules centroid into the origin.
  --centerm          Move the molecules center of mass into the origin.
  --translate TRANSLATE TRANSLATE TRANSLATE
                    Translate the molecule by the given vector given in
                    Ångström.
  --append           Combine the given .xyz files into one .xyz file.
  --join             Combine the given .xyz/.trj files into one .trj file.
  --match            Resort the second .xyz file so the atom order matches
                    the first .xyz file. Uses the hungarian method.
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

<code>--std</code>	Move supplied geometry to its standard orientation.
<code>--shake</code>	Shake (randomly displace) coordinates.
<code>--internals</code>	Print automatically generated internals.
<code>--get GET</code>	Get n-th geometry. Expects 0-based index input.
<code>--origin</code>	Translate geometry, so that $\min(X/Y/Z) == 0$.
<code>--fragsort</code>	Resort atoms by fragments.
<code>--idpp</code>	Interpolate using Image Dependent Pair Potential.
<code>--lst</code>	Interpolate by linear synchronous transit.
<code>--redund</code>	Interpolate in internal coordinates.
<code>--noipalign</code>	Don't align geometries when interpolating.
<code>--bohr</code>	Input geometries are in Bohr instead of Angstrom.
<code>--noxyz</code>	Disable dumping of single .xyz files.
<code>--atoms ATOMS [ATOMS ...]</code>	Used with <code>--internals</code> . Only print primitives including the given atoms.
<code>--add_prims ADD_PRIMS</code>	Used with <code>--internals</code> . Define additional primitives. Expects a string representation of a nested list that can be parsed as YAML e.g. <code>[[10,30],[1,2,3],[4,5,6,7]]</code> .
<code>--scale SCALE</code>	Scales the displacement in <code>--shake</code> .
<code>--seed SEED</code>	Initialize the RNG for reproducible results.

PYSISYPHUS

16.1 pysisyphus package

16.1.1 Subpackages

16.1.1.1 pysisyphus.benchmarks package

Submodules

pysisyphus.benchmarks.Benchmark module

```
class pysisyphus.benchmarks.Benchmark.Benchmark(name, exclude=None, inv_exclude=False,  
                                                  only=None, coord_type='cart', calc_getter=None)
```

Bases: object

```
data_funcs = {'baker': <function get_baker_data>, 'baker_ts': <function  
get_baker_ts_data>, 'birkholz_rx': <function get_birkholz_rx_data>,  
'precon_pos_rot': <function get_precon_pos_rot_data>, 's22': <function  
get_s22_data>, 'xtb_rx': <function get_xtb_rx_data>, 'zimmerman': <function  
get_zimmerman_data>, 'zimmerman_xtb': <function get_zimmerman_xtb_data>}
```

property geom_iter

property geoms

get_geoms(*id_, set_calculator=True*)

pysisyphus.benchmarks.data module

pysisyphus.benchmarks.data.get_baker_data()

10.1002/jcc.540140910

HF/STO-3G

pysisyphus.benchmarks.data.get_baker_ts_data()

10.1002/(SICI)1096-987X(199605)17:7<888::AID-JCC12>3.0.CO;2-7

HF/3-21G

`pysisyphus.benchmarks.data.get_birkholz_rx_data()`

<https://doi.org/10.1002/jcc.23910>

`pysisyphus.benchmarks.data.get_precon_pos_rot_data()`

<https://doi.org/10.1002/jcc.23910>

`pysisyphus.benchmarks.data.get_s22_data()`

<https://doi.org/10.1039/B600027D>

`pysisyphus.benchmarks.data.get_xtb_rx_data()`

`pysisyphus.benchmarks.data.get_zimmerman_data()`

<https://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ct400319w>

`pysisyphus.benchmarks.data.get_zimmerman_xtb_data()`

Reoptimization of

<https://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ct400319w>

at the gfn2-xtb level of theory.

Includes set 1 (first 72 entries), minus (0-based) ids

7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 34, 39

Module contents

16.1.1.2 pysisyphus.calculators package

Submodules

pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR(calculator, fragment_indices, gamma, rho=1, p=6,  
                                         ignore_hydrogen=True, complete_fragments=True, dump=True,  
                                         h5_fn='afir.h5', h5_group_name='afir', **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Calculator*

```
__init__(calculator, fragment_indices, gamma, rho=1, p=6, ignore_hydrogen=True,  
         complete_fragments=True, dump=True, h5_fn='afir.h5', h5_group_name='afir', **kwargs)
```

Artificial Force Induced Reaction calculator.

Currently, there are no automated drivers to run large-scale AFIR calculations with many different initial orientations and/or increasing collision energy parameter. Nonetheless, selected AFIR calculations can be carried out by hand. After convergence, artificial potential & forces, as well as real energies and forces can be plotted with 'pysisplot --afir'. The highest energy point along the AFIR path can then be selected for a subsequent TS-optimization, e.g. via 'pysistrj --get [index] optimization.trj'.

Future versions of pysisyphus may provide drivers for more automated AFIR calculations.

Parameters

- **calculator** (*Calculator*) -- Actual QC calculator that provides energies and its derivatives, that are modified by the AFIR calculator, e.g., ORCA or Psi4.
- **fragment_indices** (*List[List[int]]*) -- List of lists of integers, specifying the separate fragments. If the indices in these lists don't comprise all atoms in the molecule, the remaining indices will be added as a separate fragment. If a AFIR calculation is carried out

with 2 fragments and 'complete_fragments' is True (see below) it is enough to specify only the indices of one fragment, e.g., for a system of 10 atoms 'fragment_indices=[[0,1,2,3]]' is enough. The second system will be set up automatically with indices [4,5,6,7,8,9].

- **gamma** (Union[_SupportsArray[dtype], _NestedSequence[_SupportsArray[dtype]], bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes, _NestedSequence[Union[bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes]]]) -- Collision energy parameter in au. For 2 fragments it can be a single integer, while for > 2 fragments a list of gammas must be given, specifying the pair-wise collision energy parameters. For 3 fragments 3 gammas must be given [_01, _02, _12], for 4 fragments 6 gammas would be required [_01, _02, _03, _12, _13, _23] and so on.
- **rho** (Union[_SupportsArray[dtype], _NestedSequence[_SupportsArray[dtype]], bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes, _NestedSequence[Union[bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes]]], default: 1) -- Direction of the artificial force, either 1 or -1. The same comments as for gamma apply. For 2 fragments a single integer is enough, for > 2 fragments a list of rhos must be given (see above). For rho=1 fragments are pushed together, for rho=-1 fragments are pulled apart.
- **p** (int, default: 6) -- Exponent p used in the calculation of the weight function. Defaults to 6 and probably does not have to be changed.
- **ignore_hydrogen** (bool, default: True) -- Whether hydrogens are ignored in the calculation of the artificial force.
- **complete_fragments** (bool, default: True) -- Whether an incomplete specification in 'fragment_indices' is automatically completed.
- **dump** (bool, default: True) -- Whether an HDF5 file is created.
- **h5_fn** (str, default: 'afir.h5') -- Filename of the HDF5 file used for dumping.
- **h5_group_name** (str, default: 'afir') -- HDF5 group name used for dumping.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Calculator baseclass.

afir_fd_hessian_wrapper(*coords3d*, *afir_grad_func*)

property charge

dump_h5(*atoms*, *coords*, *results*)

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

init_h5_group(*atoms*, *max_cycles=None*)

log_fragments()

property mult

set_atoms_and_funcs(*atoms*, *coords*)

Initially atoms was also an argument to the constructor of AFIR. I removed it so creation becomes easier. The first time a calculation is requested with a proper atom set everything is set up (cov. radii, afir function

and corresponding gradient). Afterwards there is only a check if atoms != None and it is expected that all functions are properly set.

fragment_indices can also be incomplete w.r.t. to the number of atoms. If the sum of the specified fragment atoms is less than the number of atoms present then all remaining unspecified atoms will be gathered in one fragment.

write_fragment_geoms(atoms, coords)

class pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.**AFIRPath**(atoms, cart_coords, energies, forces, opt_is_converged)

Bases: object

atoms: tuple

cart_coords: ndarray

energies: ndarray

forces: ndarray

opt_is_converged: bool

pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.**afir_closure**(fragment_indices, cov_radii, gamma, rho=1, p=6,
prefactor=1.0, logger=None)

rho=1 pushes fragments together, rho=-1 pulls fragments apart.

pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.**get_data_model**(atoms, max_cycles)

pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot module

class pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot.**AnaPot**(**kwargs)

Bases: [AnaPotBase](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot2 module

class pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot2.**AnaPot2**

Bases: [AnaPotBase](#)

We can't use sympify as it replaces 1/tan by cot and this isn't supported by numpy when we call lambdify.

class pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot2.**AnaPot2_**

Bases: [Calculator](#)

get_energy(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot3 module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot3.AnaPot3
```

Bases: [AnaPotBase](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot4 module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot4.AnaPot4
```

Bases: [AnaPotBase](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase(V_str, scale=1.0, xlim=(- 1, 1), ylim=(- 1, 1),
                                                levels=None, use_sympify=True, minima=None,
                                                saddles=None)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
anim_coords(coords, interval=50, show=False, title_func=None)
```

```
anim_opt(opt, energy_profile=False, colorbar=False, figsize=(8, 6), show=False)
```

```
get_energy(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
classmethod get_geom(coords, atoms=('X'), V_str=None, calc_kwargs=None, geom_kwargs=None)
```

```
get_geoms_from_stored_coords(coords_list, i=None, calc_kwargs=None, geom_kwargs=None)
```

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_minima(i=None, calc_kwargs=None, geom_kwargs=None)
```

```
get_path(num, minima_inds=None)
```

```
get_saddles(i=None, calc_kwargs=None, geom_kwargs=None)
```

```
plot(levels=None, show=False, **figkwargs)
```

```
plot3d(levels=None, show=False, zlim=None, vmin=None, vmax=None, resolution=100, rcount=50,
        ccount=50, nan_above=None, init_view=None, colorbar=False, **figkwargs)
```

```
plot_coords(xs, ys, enum=True, show=False, title=None)
```

```
plot_eigenvalue_structure(grid=50, levels=None, show=False)
```

```
plot_geoms(geoms, **kwargs)
```

```
plot_irc(irc, *args, **kwargs)
```

```
plot_opt(opt, *args, **kwargs)
```

```
statistics()
```

pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotCBM module

class pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotCBM.**AnaPotCBM**

Bases: *AnaPotBase*

pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque module

class pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque.**AtomAtomTransTorque**(*geom, frags, A_mats, kappa=2.0*)

Bases: object

__init__(*geom, frags, A_mats, kappa=2.0*)

Atom-atom translational and torque forces.

See A.5. [1], Eq. (A6).

get_forces(*atoms, coords*)

pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator module

class pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.**Calculator**(*calc_number=0, charge=0, mult=1, base_name='calculator', pal=1, mem=1000, check_mem=True, retry_calc=1, last_calc_cycle=None, clean_after=True, out_dir='qm_calcs'*)

Bases: object

__init__(*calc_number=0, charge=0, mult=1, base_name='calculator', pal=1, mem=1000, check_mem=True, retry_calc=1, last_calc_cycle=None, clean_after=True, out_dir='qm_calcs'*)

Base-class of all calculators.

Meant to be extended.

Parameters

- **calc_number** (*int, default=0*) -- Identifier of the Calculator. Used in distinguishing it from other Calculators, e.g. in ChainOfStates calculations. Also used in the creation of filenames.
- **charge** (*int, default=0*) -- Molecular charge.
- **mult** (*int, default=1*) -- Molecular multiplicity (1 = singlet, 2 = doublet, ...)
- **base_name** (*str, default=calculator*) -- Generated filenames will start with this string.
- **pal** (*int, default=1*) -- Positive integer that gives the number of physical cores to use on 1 node.
- **mem** (*int, default=1000*) -- Memory per core in MB. The total amount of memory is given as `mem*pal`.
- **check_mem** (*bool, default=True*) -- Whether to adjust the requested memory if too much is requested.
- **retry_calc** (*int, default=0*) -- Number of additional retries when calculation failed.
- **last_calc_cycle** (*int*) -- Internal variable used in restarts.

- **clean_after** (*bool*) -- Delete temporary directory were calculations were executed after a calculation.
- **out_dir** (*str*) -- Path that is prepended to generated filenames.

clean(*path*)

Delete the temporary directory.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Directory to delete.

conf_key = *None*

get_cmd(*key='cmd'*)

get_energy(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_restart_info()

Return a dict containing chkfiles.

Returns

restart_info -- Dictionary holding the calculator state. Used for restoring calculators in restarted calculations.

Return type

dict

keep(*path*)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

log(*message=""*)

Write a log message.

Wraps the logger variable.

Parameters

message (*str*) -- Message to be logged.

make_fn(*name, counter=None, return_str=False*)

Make a full filename.

Return a full filename including the calculator name and the current counter given a suffix.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) -- Suffix of the filename.

- **counter** (*int*, *optional*) -- If not given use the current `calc_counter`.
- **return_str** (*int*, *optional*) -- Return a string instead of a `Path` when `True`.

Returns

fn -- Filename.

Return type

`str`

property name**prepare(inp)**

Prepare a temporary directory and write input.

Similar to `prepare_path`, but the input is also written into the prepared directory.

inp

[`str`] Input to be written into the file `self.inp_fn` in the prepared directory.

Returns

path -- Prepared directory.

Return type

`Path`

prepare_coords(atoms, coords)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array*, *1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

`np.array`, 3d

prepare_input(atoms, coords, calc_type)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_path(use_in_run=False)

Get a temporary directory handle.

Create a temporary directory that can later be used in a calculation.

Parameters

use_in_run (*bool*, *option*) -- Sets the internal variable `self.path_already_prepared` that is later read by `self.run()`. No new temporary directory will be created in `self.run()`.

Returns

path -- Prepared directory.

Return type

`Path`

prepare_pattern(*raw_pat*)

Prepare globs.

Transforms an entry of `self.to_keep` into a glob and a key suitable for the use in `self.keep()`.

Parameters

raw_pat (*str*) -- Entry of `self.to_keep`

Returns

- **pattern** (*str*) -- Glob that can be used in `Path.glob()`
- **multi** (*bool*) -- Flag if glob may match multiple files.
- **key** (*str*) -- A key to be used in the `kept_fns` dict.

prepare_turbo_coords(*atoms, coords*)

Get a Turbomole coords string.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array, 1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- String holding coordinates in Turbomole coords format.

Return type

str

prepare_xyz_string(*atoms, coords*)

Returns a xyz string in Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array, 1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

xyz_str -- Coordinates in .xyz format.

Return type

string

print_capabilities()

print_out_fn(*path*)

Print calculation output.

Prints the output of a calculator after a calculation.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

run(*inp, calc, add_args=None, env=None, shell=False, hold=False, keep=True, cmd=None, inc_counter=True, run_after=True, parser_kwargs=None, symlink=True*)

Run a calculation.

The bread-and-butter method to actually run an external quantum chemistry code.

Parameters

- **inp** (*str*) -- Input for the external program that is written to the temp-dir.

- **calc** (*str*, *hashable*) -- Key (and more or less type of calculation) to select the right parsing function from `self.parser_funcs`.
- **add_args** (*iterable*, *optional*) -- Additional arguments that will be appended to the program call.
- **env** (*Environment*, *optional*) -- A potentially modified environment for the subprocess call.
- **shell** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Use a shell to execute the program call. Need for Turbomole were we chain program calls like `dscf; escf`.
- **hold** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Wether to remove the temporary directory after the calculation.
- **keep** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Wether to backup files as specified in `self.to_keep()`. Usually you want this.
- **cmd** (*str or iterable*, *optional*) -- Overwrites `self.base_cmd`.
- **inc_counter** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Wether to increment the counter after a calculation.

Returns

results -- Dictionary holding all applicable results of the calculations like the energy, a forces vector and/or excited state energies from TDDFT.

Return type

dict

run_after(*path*)

Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`. Can be used to call tools like `formchk` or `ricctools`.

set_restart_info(*restart_info*)

Sets restart information (`chkfiles` etc.) on the calculator.

Parameters

restart_info (*dict*) -- Dictionary holding the calculator state. Used for restoring calculators in restarted calculations.

verify_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)

Checks if given `chkfiles` exist and return them as `Paths`

Parameters

chkfiles (*dict*) -- Dictionary holding the `chkfiles`. The keys correspond to the attribute names, the values are str's holding the (potentially full) filename (path).

Returns

paths -- Dictionary of `Paths`.

Return type

dict

pysisyphus.calculators.CerjanMiller module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.CerjanMiller.CerjanMiller(a=1, b=1, c=1)
```

Bases: *AnaPotBase*

pysisyphus.calculators.Composite module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Composite.Composite(final, keys_calcs=None, calcs=None,
                                                  remove_translation=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Calculator*

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
run_calculation(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities(energy1, gradient1, energy2,
                                                                gradient2, energy_diff,
                                                                gradient_diff, gradient_mean, P, x,
                                                                y, energy, forces)
```

Bases: object

P: ndarray

energy: float

energy1: float

energy2: float

energy_diff: float

forces: ndarray

gradient1: ndarray

gradient2: ndarray

gradient_diff: ndarray

gradient_mean: ndarray

x: ndarray

y: ndarray

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.ConicalIntersection(calculator1, calculator2,  
                                                                    **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

Calculator for conical intersection optimization.

Based on [1].

```
get_ci_quantities(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Relevant quantities including branching plane and projector P.

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Energy of calculator 1.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Projected gradient for CI optimization.

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Projected Hessian.

```
pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.get_P(x, y)
```

Projector to project out components in branching plane.

```
pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.update_y(x, x_prev, y_prev)
```

Update approximate coupling derivative vector y.

pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp(parameter, *args, slakos=None, root=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [OverlapCalculator](#)

```
conf_key = 'dftbp'
```

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
static get_excited_state_str(root, forces=False)
```

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
static get_gen_str(atoms, coords)
```

```
max_ang_moms = {'mio-ext': {'C': 'p', 'H': 's', 'N': 'p', 'O': 'p'}}
```

```
parse_energy(path)
```

```
static parse_exc_dat(text)
```

```
parse_forces(path)
```

```
parse_total_energy(text)
```

```
prepare_input(atoms, coords, calc_type)
```

Meant to be extended.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

run_calculation(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

`pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.parse_mo(eigvec)`

`pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.parse_xplusy(text)`

pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton module

class pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton.**Dalton**(*basis, method='hf', **kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

compute(*mol, prop*)

conf_key = 'dalton'

get_energy(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_input(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer module

class pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.**Dimer**(*calculator, *args, N_raw=None, length=0.0189, rotation_max_cycles=15, rotation_method='fourier', rotation_thresh=0.0001, rotation_tol=1, rotation_max_element=0.001, rotation_interpolate=True, rotation_disable=False, rotation_disable_pos_curv=True, rotation_remove_trans=True, trans_force_f_perp=True, bonds=None, N_hessian=None, bias_rotation=False, bias_translation=False, bias_gaussian_dot=0.1, seed=None, write_orientations=True, forward_hessian=True, **kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

property C

Shortcut for the curvature.

property N

add_gaussian(*atoms, center, N, height=0.1, std=0.0529, max_cycles=50, dot_ref=None*)

property can_bias_f0

property can_bias_f1

property coords0

property coords1

curvature(*f1, f2, N*)

Curvature of the mode represented by the dimer.

direct_rotation(*optimizer, prev_step*)

do_dimer_rotations(*rotation_thresh=None*)

property energy0

property f0

property f1

property f1_bias

property f2

Never calculated explicitly, but estimated from f0 and f1.

fourier_rotation(*optimizer, prev_step*)

get_N_raw_from_hessian(*h5_fn, root=0*)

get_forces(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_gaussian_energies(*coords, sum_=True*)

get_gaussian_forces(*coords, sum_=True*)

get_hessian(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

remove_translation(*displacement*)

property rot_force

rotate_coords1(*rad, theta*)

Rotate dimer and produce new coords1.

set_N_raw(*coords*)

property should_bias_f0

May lead to calculation of f0 and/or f1 if present!

property should_bias_f1

May lead to calculation of f0 and/or f1 if present!

update_orientation(*coords*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.**Gaussian**(*height, center, std, N*)

Bases: object

energy(*R, height=None*)

forces(*R, height=None*)

exception pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.**RotationConverged**

Bases: Exception

pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy.Dummy(calc_number=0, charge=0, mult=1, base_name='calculator',
                                           pal=1, mem=1000, check_mem=True, retry_calc=1,
                                           last_calc_cycle=None, clean_after=True, out_dir='qm_calcs')
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

get_energy(*args, **kwargs)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*args, **kwargs)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*args, **kwargs)

Meant to be extended.

raise_exception()

run_calculation(*args, **kwargs)

pysisyphus.calculators.EGO module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.EGO.EGO(calculator, ref_geom, max_force=0.175, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)

Meant to be extended.

get_mods(atoms, coords)

property ref_hessian

property s

pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin.EnergyMin(calculator1, calculator2, mix=False, alpha=0.02,
                                                  sigma=3.5, min_energy_diff=0.0, check_after=0,
                                                  **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
__init__(calculator1, calculator2, mix=False, alpha=0.02, sigma=3.5, min_energy_diff=0.0,
         check_after=0, **kwargs)
```

Use energy and derivatives of the calculator with lower energy.

This calculators carries out two calculations with different settings and returns the results of the lower energy one. This can be used to consider flips between a singlet and a triplet PES etc.

Parameters

- **calculator1** ([Calculator](#)) -- Wrapped QC calculator that provides energies and its derivatives.

- **calculator2** (*Calculator*) -- Wrapped QC calculator that provides energies and its derivatives.
- **mix** (bool, default: False) -- Enable mixing of both forces, according to the approach outlined in [2]. Can be used to optimize guesses for MECPs. Pass
- **alpha** (float, default: 0.02) -- Smoothing parameter in Hartree. See [2] for a discussion.
- **sigma** (float, default: 3.5) -- Unitless gap size parameter. The final gap becomes smaller for bigger sigmas. Has to be adapted for each case. See [2] for a discussion (p. 407 right column and p. 408 left column.)
- **min_energy_diff** (float, default: 0.0) -- Energy difference in Hartree. When set to a value != 0 and the energy difference between both calculators drops below this value, execution of both calculations is disabled for 'check_after' cycles. In these cycles the calculator choice remains fixed. After 'check_after' cycles, both energies will be calculated and it is checked, if the previous calculator choice remains valid. In conjunction with 'check_after' both arguments can be used to save computational resources.
- **check_after** (int, default: 0) -- Amount of cycles in which the calculator choice remains fixed.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Calculator baseclass.

do_calculations(name, atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)

get_chkfiles()

Return type
dict

get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)

Meant to be extended.

set_chkfiles(chkfiles)

pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotential(calculator=None,  
                                                                  potentials=None, geom=None,  
                                                                  **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Calculator*

```
available_potentials = {'harmonic_sphere': <class  
'pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.HarmonicSphere'>, 'logfermi': <class  
'pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.LogFermi'>, 'restraint': <class  
'pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.Restraint'>}
```

get_energy(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_potential_energy(*coords*)

get_potential_forces(*coords*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.**HarmonicSphere**(*k*, *radius*, *origin*=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0),
geom=None)

Bases: object

calc(*coords3d*, *gradient*=False)

instant_pressure(*coords3d*)

property **surface_area**

In Bohr**2

class pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.**LogFermi**(*beta*, *radius*, *T*=300, *origin*=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0),
geom=None)

Bases: object

__init__(*beta*, *radius*, *T*=300, *origin*=(0.0, 0.0, 0.0), *geom*=None)

As described in the XTB docs.

<https://xtb-docs.readthedocs.io/en/latest/xcontrol.html#confining-in-a-cavity>

calc(*coords3d*, *gradient*=False)

class pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.**Restraint**(*restraints*, *geom*=None)

Bases: object

calc(*coords3d*, *gradient*=False)

static calc_prim_restraint(*prim*, *coords3d*, *force_const*, *ref_val*)

pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE module

class pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE.**FakeASE**(*calc*)

Bases: object

get_atoms_coords(*atoms*)

get_forces(*atoms*=None)

get_potential_energy(*atoms*=None)

pysisyphus.calculators.FourWellAnaPot module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.FourWellAnaPot.FourWellAnaPot
    Bases: AnaPotBase
```

pysisyphus.calculators.FreeEndNEBPot module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.FreeEndNEBPot.FreeEndNEBPot
    Bases: AnaPotBase
    __init__()
        Analytical potential as described in [1] Appendix A
```

pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09 module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09.Gaussian09(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Gaussian16
    conf_key = 'gaussian09'
```

pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16(route, gbs="", gen="", keep_chk=False, stable="",
                                                    fchk=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: OverlapCalculator
    conf_key = 'gaussian16'
    get_chkfiles()
    get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.
    get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.
    get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.
    keep(path)
        Backup calculation results.
        Parameters
            path (Path) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.
        Returns
            kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the
            type of file.
        Return type
            dict
    make_exc_str()
```



```

make_fchk(path)
make_gbs_str()
parse_635r_dump(dump_path, roots, nmos)
parse_charges(path=None)
parse_double_mol(path, out_fn=None)
static parse_fchk(fchk_path, keys)
parse_force(path)
parse_hessian(path)
parse_keyword(text)
parse_log(*args, **kwargs)
parse_stable(path)
parse_tddft(path)
prepare_input(atoms, coords, calc_type, did_stable=False, point_charges=None)
    Meant to be extended.
prepare_overlap_data(path)
    Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename
    pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.
reuse_data(path)
run_after(path)
    Meant to be extended.

    This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering self.keep() and self.clean().
    Can be used to call tools like formchk or ricctools.
run_calculation(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
run_double_mol_calculation(atoms, coords1, coords2)
run_rwf_dump(path, rwf_index, chk_path=None)
run_stable(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
set_chkfiles(chkfiles)

```

pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere module

```

class pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere.HardSphere(geom, frags, kappa=1.0, permutations=False,
                                                    frag_radii=None)

```

Bases: object

```

__init__(geom, frags, kappa=1.0, permutations=False, frag_radii=None)

```

Intra-Image Inter-Molecular Hard-Sphere force.

See A.2. in [1], Eq. (A1).

```

get_forces(atoms, coords, kappa=None)

```

pysisyphus.calculators.IDPPCalculator module

class pysisyphus.calculators.IDPPCalculator.**IDPPCalculator**(*target*)

Bases: *Calculator*

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

pysisyphus.calculators.IPIClient module

pysisyphus.calculators.IPIClient.**calc_ipi_client**(*addr*, *atoms*, *calc*, *queue=None*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.calculators.IPIClient.**ipi_client**(*addr*, *atoms*, *energy_getter*, *forces_getter*,
hessian_getter=None, *hdrlen=12*)

pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer module

class pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.**IPIServer**(**args*, *address=None*, *host=None*, *port=None*,
unlink=True, *hdrlen=12*, *max_retries=0*,
verbose=False, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Calculator*

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

listen_for(*atoms*, *coords*, *kind='forces'*)

listen_for_client_atom_num(*atom_num*)

listen_for_energy()

listen_for_forces(*atom_num*)

listen_for_hessian(*atom_num*)

listen_kinds = ('coords', 'energy', 'forces', 'hessian')

reset_client_connection()

retried_listen_for(*atoms*, *coords*)

unlink(*address*)

pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSBase module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSBase.LEPSBase(pot_type='leps')
```

Bases: *AnaPotBase*

pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSExpr module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSExpr.LEPSExpr
```

Bases: object

G(*a*, *b*)

Gaussian function.

Gdimer(*x*, *y*, *A*, *x0*, *y0*, *sx*, *sy*)

J(*d*, *alpha*, *r0*, *r*)

Quantum mechanical exchange interaction.

Q(*d*, *alpha*, *r0*, *r*)

Coulomb interactions.

V_LEPS(*x=None*, *y=None*, *abc=None*)

Equation (A.1) in [1]. Mimics reaction involving three atoms confined to motion along a line.

V_dimer()

III. Results Section A in [3]. Two additional saddle points from two added gaussians.

V_harmonic()

Equation (A.2) in [1]. A and C are fixed, only B can move. A condensed phase environment is represented by adding a harmonic oscillator degree of freedom.

V_tot()

Equation (A.3) in [1]. Additional saddle point.

__init__()

Generates sympy expression for various LEPS potentials.

get_dimer()

get_expr(*pot_type='leps'*)

get_harmonic()

get_leps()

get_tot()

pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones.LennardJones(sigma=1.8897261251, epsilon=1, rc=None)
    Bases: Calculator
    calculate(coords3d)
    get_energy(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.
    get_forces(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.
```

pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC(method='PM7', **kwargs)
    Bases: Calculator
    http://openmopac.net/manual/
    CALC_TYPES = {'energy': '1SCF', 'gradient': '1SCF GRADIENTS', 'hessian': 'DFORCE
    FORCE LET'}
    METHODS = ['am1', 'pm3', 'pm6', 'pm6-dh2', 'pm6-d3', 'pm6-dh+', 'pm6-dh2',
    'pm6-dh2x', 'pm6-d3h4', 'pm6-d3h4x', 'pm7', 'pm7-ts']
    MULT_STRS = {1: 'SINGLET', 2: 'DOUBLET', 3: 'TRIPLET', 4: 'QUARTET', 5:
    'QUINTET', 6: 'SEXTET', 7: 'SEPTET', 8: 'OCTET'}
    base_cmd
        Do only SCF AUX: Creates a checkpoint file NOREO: Dont reorient geometry
        Type
        1SCF
    conf_key = 'mopac'
    get_energy(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.
    get_forces(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.
    get_hessian(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.
    parse_energy(path)
    static parse_energy_from_aux(inp, *args, **kwargs)
    parse_grad(path)
    parse_hessian(path)
    static parse_hessian_from_aux(inp, *args, **kwargs)
```

prepare_coords(*atoms*, *coords*, *opt=False*)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array*, *1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

np.array, 3d

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *opt=False*)

Meant to be extended.

read_aux(*path*)

pysisyphus.calculators.MullerBrownSympyPot module

class pysisyphus.calculators.MullerBrownSympyPot.**MullerBrownPot**

Bases: [AnaPotBase](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc module

class pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc.**MultiCalc**(*calcs*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc.**calcs_from_dict**(*calc_dict*, *base_name*, *calc_number*, *charge*, *mult*, *pal*, *mem*)

pysisyphus.calculators.OBabel module

class pysisyphus.calculators.OBabel.**OBabel**(*ff='gaff'*, *mol=None*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

conv_dict = {'kcal/mol': 627.5094740630558, 'kJ/mol': 2625.4996394798254}

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

setup(*atoms*, *coords*)

pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2 module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc(models, total_size, parent_layer_calc=None)
```

Bases: object

property charge

do_parent(with_parent)

static energy_from_results(model_energies, parent_energy=None)

get_energy(atoms, coords, with_parent=True)

get_forces(atoms, coords, with_parent=True)

get_hessian(atoms, coords, with_parent=True)

property mult

run_calculations(atoms, coords, method)

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Link(ind, parent_ind, atom, g)
```

Bases: tuple

atom

Alias for field number 2

g

Alias for field number 3

ind

Alias for field number 0

parent_ind

Alias for field number 1

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model(name, calc_level, calc, parent_name, parent_calc_level,  
                                             parent_calc, atom_inds, parent_atom_inds,  
                                             use_link_atoms=True)
```

Bases: object

as_calculator(cap=False)

as_geom(all_atoms, all_coords)

capped_atoms_coords(all_atoms, all_coords)

create_bond_vec_getters(atoms)

create_links(atoms, coords, debug=False)

get_energy(atoms, coords, point_charges=None, parent_correction=True, cap=True)

get_forces(atoms, coords, point_charges=None, parent_correction=True, cap=True)

get_hessian(atoms, coords, point_charges=None, parent_correction=True, cap=True)

get_jacobian()

get_sparse_jacobian()

log(*message*=")

parse_charges()

class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.**ModelDummyCalc**(*model, cap=False*)

Bases: object

get_energy(*atoms, coords*)

get_forces(*atoms, coords*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.**ONIOM**(*calcs, models, geom, layers=None, embedding="", real_key='real', use_link_atoms=True, *args, **kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

__init__(*calcs, models, geom, layers=None, embedding="", real_key='real', use_link_atoms=True, *args, **kwargs*)

layer: list of models

len(layer) == 1: normal ONIOM, len(layer) >= 1: multicenter ONIOM.

model:

(sub)set of all atoms that resides in a certain layer and has a certain calculator.

atom_inds_in_layer(*index, exclude_inner=False*)

Returns list of atom indices in layer at index.

Atoms that also appear in inner layer can be excluded on request.

Parameters

- **index** (*int*) -- pasd
- **exclude_inner** (*bool, default=False, optional*) -- Whether to exclude atom indices that also appear in inner layers.

Returns

atom_indices -- List containing the atom indices in the selected layer.

Return type

list

calc_layer(*atoms, coords, index, parent_correction=True*)

property charge

```
embeddings = {'': '', 'electronic': 'Electronic embedding', 'electronic_rc':
'Electronic embedding with redistributed charges', 'electronic_rcd': 'Electronic
embedding with redistributed charges and dipoles'}
```

get_energy(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

```
get_layer_calc(layer_ind)
```

```
property model_iter
```

```
property mult
```

```
run_calculation(atoms, coords)
```

```
run_calculations(atoms, coords, method)
```

```
pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.atom_inds_to_cart_inds(atom_inds)
```

```
pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.cap_fragment(atoms, coords, fragment, link_atom='H', g=0.709)
```

```
pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.get_embedding_charges(embedding, layer, parent_layer, coords3d)
```

```
pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.get_g_value(atom, parent_atom, link_atom)
```

pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA(keywords, blocks="", gbw=None, do_stable=False,
                                         numfreq=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [OverlapCalculator](#)

```
__init__(keywords, blocks="", gbw=None, do_stable=False, numfreq=False, **kwargs)
```

ORCA calculator.

Wrapper for creating ORCA input files for energy, gradient and Hessian calculations. The PAL and memory inputs must not be given in the keywords and/or blocks, as they are handled by the 'pal' and 'memory' arguments.

Parameters

- **keywords** (*str*) -- Keyword line, as normally given in ORCA, excluding the leading "!".
- **blocks** (*str*, *optional*) -- ORCA block input(s), e.g. for TD-DFT calculations (%tddft ... end). As the blocks start with a leading "%", wrapping the input in quotes (") is required, otherwise the parsing will fail.
- **gbw** (*str*, *optional*) -- Path to an input gbw file, which will be used as initial guess for the first calculation. Will be overridden later, with the path to the gbw file of a previous calculation.
- **do_stable** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Run stability analysis until a stable wavefunction is obtained, before every calculation.
- **numfreq** (*boo*, *optional*) -- Use numerical frequencies instead of analytical ones.
- **mem** (*int*) -- Mememory per core in MB.

```
check_termination(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
clean_tmp(path)
```

```
conf_key = 'orca'
```

```
get_block_str()
```

```
get_chkfiles()
```


get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_moinp_str(*gbw*)

get_stable_wavefunction(*atoms*, *coords*)

keep(*path*)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

parse_all_energies(*text=None*, *triplets=None*)

static parse_atoms_coords(*inp*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

parse_cis(*cis*)

Read binary CI vector file from ORCA.

Adapted from TheoDORE 1.7.1, Authors: S. Mai, F. Plasser <https://sourceforge.net/p/theodore-qc>

parse_energy(*path*)

parse_engrad(*path*)

static parse_engrad_info(*inp*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

parse_gbw(*gbw_fn*)

Adapted from <https://orcaforum.kofo.mpg.de/viewtopic.php?f=8&t=3299>

The first 5 long int values represent pointers into the file:

Pointer @+0: Internal ORCA data structures Pointer @+8: Geometry Pointer @+16: BasisSet Pointer @+24: Orbitals Pointer @+32: ECP data

static parse_hess_file(*inp*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

parse_mo_numbers(*out_fn*)

parse_stable(*path*)

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *point_charges=None*, *do_stable=False*)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

reattach(*last_calc_cycle*)**run_after**(*path*)

Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`. Can be used to call tools like `formchk` or `ricctools`.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Basically some kind of dummy method that can be called to execute ORCA with the stored cmd of this calculator.

set_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)**set_mo_coeffs**(*mo_coeffs=None*, *gbw=None*)**static set_mo_coeffs_in_gbw**(*in_gbw_fn*, *out_gbw_fn*, *mo_coeffs*)

See `self.parse_gbw`.

store_and_track(*results*, *func*, *atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)`pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.make_sym_mat`(*table_block*)`pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.save_orca_pc_file`(*point_charges*, *pc_fn*, *hardness=None*)**pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA5 module**

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA5.ORCA5(keywords, blocks="", gbw=None, do_stable=False,
                                         numfreq=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: `ORCA`

`conf_key = 'orca5'`

pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM.OpenMM(topology, params, **kwargs)
```

Bases: `Calculator`

get_charges()**get_dipole_moment**(*coords3d*, *reference=None*, *masses=None*)**get_energy**(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

report_charges()

Total charge of the system.

Adapted from `modeller.py _addIons()` in OpenMM.

pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas(basis, inorb, roots, mdrlxroot, supsym=None,  
                                                track=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Calculator*

build_rassi_str()

build_supsym_str(*supsym*)

Can handle only one subgroup for now.

conf_key = 'openmolcas'

get_energy(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_pal_env()

keep(*path*)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

parse_energies(*text*)

parse_gradient(*path*)

parse_rassi_track(*path*)

prepare_coords(*atoms, coords*)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array, 1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

np.array, 3d

prepare_input(*atoms, coords*)

Meant to be extended.

reattach(*last_calc_cycle*)

pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.NTOs(ntos, lambdas)
```

Bases: tuple

lambdas

Alias for field number 1

ntos

Alias for field number 0

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator(*args, track=False,
                                                                    ovlp_type='tden',
                                                                    double_mol=False,
                                                                    ovlp_with='previous',
                                                                    XY='X+Y', adapt_args=(0.5,
                                                                    0.3, 0.6), use_ntos=4,
                                                                    pr_nto=False, nto_thresh=0.3,
                                                                    cdds=None, orient='',
                                                                    dump_fn='overlap_data.h5',
                                                                    h5_dump=False, ncore=0,
                                                                    conf_thresh=0.001,
                                                                    dyn_roots=0, mos_ref='cur',
                                                                    mos_renorm=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Calculator*

```
H5_MAP = {'all_energies': 'all_energies_list', 'ci_coeffs': 'ci_coeff_list',
          'coords': 'coords_list', 'mo_coeffs': 'mo_coeff_list', 'ref_roots':
          'reference_roots', 'roots': 'roots_list'}
```

```
OVLP_TYPE_VERBOSE = {'nto': 'natural transition orbital overlap', 'nto_org':
                      'original natural transition orbital overlap', 'tden': 'transition density matrix
                      overlap', 'wf': 'wavefunction overlap'}
```

```
VALID_CDDS = (None, 'calc', 'render')
```

```
VALID_KEYS = ['wf', 'tden', 'nto', 'nto_org']
```

```
VALID_XY = ('X', 'X+Y', 'X-Y')
```

```
blowup_ci_coeffs(ci_coeffs)
```

```
calc_cdd_cube(root, cycle=-1)
```

```
calculate_state_ntos(state_ci_coeffs, mos)
```

```
property data_model
```

```
dump_overlap_data()
```

```
static from_overlap_data(h5_fn, set_wfow=False)
```

```
get_h5_group()
```

get_indices(*indices=None*)

A new root is determined by selecting the overlap matrix row corresponding to the reference root and checking for the root with the highest overlap (at the current geometry).

The overlap matrix is usually formed by a double loop like:

```
overlap_matrix = np.empty((ref_states, cur_states))
for i, ref_state in enumerate(ref_states):
```

```
    for j, cur_state in enumerate(cur_states):
        overlap_matrix[i, j] = make_overlap(ref_state, cur_state)
```

So the reference states run along the rows. That's why the ref_state index comes first in the 'indices' tuple.

static get_mo_norms(*mo_coeffs, ao_ovlp*)

MOs are in rows.

get_nto_overlaps(*indices=None, ao_ovlp=None, org=False*)

get_orbital_matrices(*indices=None, ao_ovlp=None*)

Return MO coefficients and AO overlaps for the given indices.

If not provided, a AO overlap matrix is constructed from one of the MO coefficient matrices (controlled by self.mos_ref). Also, if requested one of the two MO coefficient matrices is re-normalized.

get_ref_mos(*ref_mo_coeffs, cur_mo_coeffs*)

static get_sao_from_mo_coeffs(*mo_coeffs*)

Recover AO overlaps from given MO coefficients.

For MOs in the columns of mo_coeffs:

$$S_{AO} = C^1{}^T C^1 S_{AO} C = C^1{}^T (S_{AO} C)^T = C^1 C^1{}^T S_{AO}{}^T = C^1 C^1{}^T S_{AO} C = I$$

Here, MOs are expected to be in rows of mo_coeffs, yielding

$$C S_{AO} C^1{}^T = I$$

get_sao_from_mo_coeffs_and_dump(*mo_coeffs*)

get_tden_overlaps(*indices=None, ao_ovlp=None*)

get_wf_overlaps(*indices=None, ao_ovlp=None*)

nto_org_overlaps(*ntos_1, ntos_2, ao_ovlp, nto_thresh=0.3*)

nto_overlaps(*ntos_1, ntos_2, ao_ovlp*)

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

render_cdd_cube()

static renorm_mos(*mo_coeffs, ao_ovlp*)

property roots_number

set_ntos(*mo_coeffs, ci_coeffs*)

set_wfow(*ci_coeffs*)

store_overlap_data(*atoms, coords, path=None, overlap_data=None*)

tdden_overlap_with_calculator(*calc*, *ao_ovlp*=None)

tdden_overlaps(*mo_coeffs1*, *ci_coeffs1*, *mo_coeffs2*, *ci_coeffs2*, *ao_ovlp*)

Parameters

- **mo_coeffs1** (*ndarray*, *shape* (*MOs*, *AOs*)) -- MO coefficient matrix. One row per MO, one column per basis function. Usually square.
- **mo_coeffs2** (*ndarray*) -- See *mo_coeffs1*.
- **ci_coeffs1** (*ndarray*, *shape*(*occ. MOs*, *MOs*)) -- CI-coefficient matrix.
- **ci_coeffs2** (*ndarray*, *shape*(*occ. MOs*, *MOs*)) -- See *ci_coeffs1*.
- **ao_ovlp** (*ndarray*, *shape*(*AOs1*, *AOs2*)) -- Double molecule AO overlaps.

track_root(*ovlp_type*=None)

Check if a root flip occurred compared to the previous cycle by calculating the overlap matrix wrt. a reference cycle.

update_array_dims()

Assure consistent array shapes when the number of calculated roots changed.

wf_overlap_with_calculator(*calc*, *ao_ovlp*=None)

wf_overlaps(*mo_coeffs1*, *ci_coeffs1*, *mo_coeffs2*, *ci_coeffs2*, *ao_ovlp*=None)

pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.get_data_model(*exc_state_num*, *occ_mo_num*,
virt_mo_num, *ovlp_type*, *atoms*,
max_cycles)

pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4 module

class pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.**Psi4**(*method*, *basis*, *to_set*=None, *pcm*='iefpcm', *solvent*=None,
write_fchk=False, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

conf_key = 'psi4'

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_fchk_str()

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

parse_energy(*path*)

parse_grad(*path*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*)

Meant to be extended.

```
run_calculation(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

pysisyphus.calculators.PyPsi4 module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.PyPsi4.PyPsi4(method, basis, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
get_forces(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

pysisyphus.calculators.PySCF module

pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB.PyXTB(*args, gfn=2, acc=None, verbosity=0, keep_calculator=False,
                                          **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
get_calculator(atoms, coords)
```

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

pysisyphus.calculators.QCEngine module

pysisyphus.calculators.Rastrigin module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Rastrigin.Rastrigin
```

Bases: [AnaPotBase](#)

<http://www.sfu.ca/~ssurjano/rastr.html>

pysisyphus.calculators.Remote module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Remote.Remote(remote_calc, host, prefix="", **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
parse_results()
```

```
run_calculation(atoms, coords, run_func='get_energy')
```

pysisyphus.calculators.Rosenbrock module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Rosenbrock.Rosenbrock
```

Bases: *AnaPotBase*

pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc.SocketCalc(*args, host='localhost', port=8080, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Calculator*

```
get_energy(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
listen_for(atoms, coords, request)
```

```
valid_requests = ('energy', 'forces', 'hessian')
```

pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P(rc=9.44863062728914)
```

Bases: *Calculator*

Transferable Intermolecular Potential 3 Point

```
aHOH = 104.52
```

```
calculate(coords3d)
```

```
charges
```

```
    coulomb_energy = (multiple of elem. charge * multiple of elem. charge)
                      / (distance in bohr) * 1 / (4 * pi * vacuum permittivity)
```

```
    coulomb_prefactor converts everything to atomic units and it is ... drum roll ... 1. from scipy.constants
    import value as pcval self.coulomb_prefactor = (1 / (4 * np.pi) * pcval("elementary charge"))**2
    / pcval("Hartree energy") / pcval("Bohr radius") / pcval("vacuum electric permittivity")
```

```
)
```

```
coulomb(coords3d)
```

```
epsilon = 0.0002423919586315716
```

```
get_energy(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.


```

qH = 0.417
q0 = -0.834
rOH = 1.8088458464917874
sigma = 5.953790025507198

```

pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque module

```

class pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque.TransTorque(frag, iter_frag, a_mats, b_mats,
                                                    weight_func=None, skip=True, kappa=1.0,
                                                    b_coords3d=None, do_trans=True)

Bases: object

__init__(frag, iter_frag, a_mats, b_mats, weight_func=None, skip=True, kappa=1.0, b_coords3d=None,
        do_trans=True)
    Translational and torque forces. See A.4. [1], Eqs. (A3) - (A5).

get_forces(atoms, coords, kappa=None)

get_forces_naive(atoms, coords, kappa=None)

set_N_invs()

pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque.get_trans_torque_forces(mfrag, a_coords3d, b_coords3d,
                                                         a_mats, b_mats, m, frags, N_inv,
                                                         weight_func=None, skip=True,
                                                         kappa=1, do_trans=True)

```

pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole module

```

class pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole(control_path, root=None, double_mol_path=None,
                                                  **kwargs)

Bases: OverlapCalculator

append_control(to_append, log_msg="", **kwargs)

conf_key = 'turbomole'

get_chkfiles()

get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
    Meant to be extended.

get_forces(atoms, coords, cmd=None, **prepare_kwargs)
    Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
    Meant to be extended.

get_pal_env()

get_ricc2_root(text)

```

keep(*path*)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

make_molden(*path*)

parse_cc2_vectors(*ccre*)

parse_double_mol(*path*)

Parse a double molecule overlap matrix from Turbomole output to be used with WFOWrapper.

parse_energy(*path*)

parse_force(*path*)

parse_gs_energy()

Several places are possible: \$subenergy from control file total energy from turbomole.out Final MP2 energy from turbomole.out with ADC(2) Final CC2 energy from turbomole.out with CC(2)

parse_hessian(*path*, *fn=None*)

parse_mos()

parse_td_vectors(*text*)

For TDA calculations only the X vector is present in the ciss_a/etc. file. In TDDFT calculations there are twice as much items compared with TDA. The first half corresponds to (X+Y) and the second half to (X-Y). X can be calculated as $X = ((X+Y)+(X-Y))/2$. Y is then given as $Y = (X+Y)-X$. The normalization can then be checked as

$\text{np.concatenate}((X, Y)).\text{dot}(\text{np.concatenate}((X, -Y)))$

and should be 1.

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *point_charges=None*)

To rectify this we have to construct the basemcd dynamically and construct it ad hoc. We could set a RI flag in the beginning and select the correct scf binary here from it. Then we select the following binary on demand, e.g. aoforce or rdgrad or egrad etc.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

prepare_point_charges(*point_charges*)

\$point_charges <x> <y> <z> <q>

prepare_td(*text*)

run_after(*path*)

Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`. Can be used to call tools like formchk or ricctools.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*)

Basically some kind of dummy method that can be called to execute Turbomole with the stored cmd of this calculator.

run_double_mol_calculation(*atoms*, *coords1*, *coords2*)

set_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)

set_occ_and_mo_nums(*text*)

store_and_track(*results*, *func*, *atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

sub_control(*pattern*, *repl*, *log_msg*="", ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper(occ_mo_num, virt_mo_num, conf_thresh=0.001,
                                                    calc_number=0, out_dir='./', wfow_mem=8000,
                                                    ncore=0, debug=False)
```

Bases: object

ci_coeffs_above_thresh(*ci_coeffs*, *thresh*=None)

property *conf_thresh*

fake_turbo_mos(*mo_coeffs*)

Create a mos file suitable for TURBOMOLE input. All MO eigenvalues are set to 0.0. There is also a little deviation in the formatting (see *turbo_fmt()*) but it works ...

generate_all_dets(*occ_set1*, *virt_set1*, *occ_set2*, *virt_set2*)

Generate all possible single excitation determinant strings from union(*occ_mos*) to union(*virt_mos*).

get_from_to_sets(*ci_coeffs*)

get_gs_line(*ci_coeffs_with_gs*)

log(*message*)

logger = <Logger wfoverlap (DEBUG)>

make_det_string(*inds*)

Return spin adapted strings.

make_dets_header(*cic*, *dets_list*)

make_full_dets_list(*all_inds*, *det_strings*, *ci_coeffs*)

matrix_types = {'ortho': 'Orthonormalized overlap matrix', 'ovlp': 'Overlap matrix', 'renorm': 'Renormalized overlap matrix'}

parse_wfoverlap_out(*text*, *type_*='ortho')

Returns overlap matrix.

set_from_nested_list(*nested*)

wf_overlap(*cycle1*, *cycle2*, *ao_ovlp*=None)

pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2 module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2(overlap_data, calc_number=0,
                                                    conf_thresh=0.0001, out_dir='./')

    Bases: object

    all_overlaps()

    ci_coeffs_above_thresh(ci_coeffs, thresh=1e-05)

    static fake_turbo_mos(mo_coeffs)
        Create a mos file suitable for TURBOMOLE input. All MO eigenvalues are set to 0.0. There is also a little
        deviation in the formatting (see turbo_fmt()) but it works ...

    generate_all_dets(occ_set1, virt_set1, occ_set2, virt_set2)
        Generate all possible single excitation determinant strings from union(occ_mos) to union(virt_mos).

    get_iteration(ind)

    property last_two_coords

    log(message)

    logger = <Logger wfoverlap (DEBUG)>

    make_det_string(inds)
        Return spin adapted strings.

    make_dets_header(cic, dets_list)

    make_full_dets_list(all_inds, det_strings, ci_coeffs)

    matrix_types = {'ortho': 'Orthonormalized overlap matrix', 'ovlp': 'Overlap
matrix', 'renorm': 'Renormalized overlap matrix'}

    parse_wfoverlap_out(text, type_='ortho')
        Returns overlap matrix.

    set_data()

    set_from_nested_list(nested)

    wf_overlap(ind1=- 2, ind2=- 1, ao_ovlp=None)
```

pysisyphus.calculators.XTB module

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.OptResult(opt_geom, opt_log)

    Bases: tuple

    opt_geom
        Alias for field number 0

    opt_log
        Alias for field number 1
```

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB(gbsa="", alpb="", gfn=2, acc=1.0, etemp=None, retry_etemp=None,
                                     topo=None, topo_update=None, quiet=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
__init__(gbsa="", alpb="", gfn=2, acc=1.0, etemp=None, retry_etemp=None, topo=None,
          topo_update=None, quiet=False, **kwargs)
```

XTB calculator.

Wrapper for running energy, gradient and Hessian calculations by XTB.

Parameters

- **gbsa** (*str*, *optional*) -- Solvent for GBSA calculation, by default no solvent model is used.
- **alpb** (*str*, *optional*) -- Solvent for ALPB calculation, by default no solvent model is used.
- **gfn** (*int or str*, *must be (0, 1, 2, or "ff")*) -- Hamiltonian for the XTB calculation (GFN0, GFN1, GFN2, or GFNFF).
- **acc** (*float*, *optional*) -- Accuracy control of the calculation, the lower the tighter several numerical thresholds are chosen.
- **topo** (*str*, *optional*) -- Path the a GFNFF-topolgy file. As setting up the topology may take some time for sizable systems, it may be desired to reuse the file.
- **topo_update** (*int*) -- Integer controlling the update interval of the GFNFF topology update. If supplied, the topology will be recreated every N-th calculation.
- **mem** (*int*) -- Memory per core in MB.
- **quiet** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Suppress creation of log files.

```
static check_termination(inp, *args, **kwargs)
```

```
conf_key = 'xtb'
```

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_mdrestart_str(coords, velocities)
```

coords and velocities have to given in au!

```
get_pal_env()
```

```
get_retry_args()
```

```
keep(path)
```

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

parse_charges(*fn=None*)**parse_charges_from_json**(*fn=None*)**parse_energy**(*path*)**parse_gradient**(*path*)**parse_hessian**(*path*)**parse_md**(*path*)**parse_opt**(*path, keep_log=False*)**parse_topo**(*path*)**prepare_add_args**(*xcontrol=None*)**prepare_coords**(*atoms, coords*)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array, 1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns**coords** -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.**Return type**

np.array, 3d

prepare_input(*atoms, coords, calc_type, point_charges=None*)

Meant to be extended.

reattach(*last_calc_cycle*)**run_calculation**(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)**run_md**(*atoms, coords, t, dt, velocities=None, dump=1*)

Expecting t and dt in fs, even though xtb wants t in ps!

run_opt(*atoms, coords, keep=True, keep_log=False*)**run_topo**(*atoms, coords*)**write_mdrestart**(*path, mdrestart_str*)

pysisyphus.calculators.parser module

```
pysisyphus.calculators.parser.make_float_class(**kwargs)
pysisyphus.calculators.parser.parse_turbo_ccre0_ascii(text)
pysisyphus.calculators.parser.parse_turbo_exstates(text)
    Parse excitation energies (first blocks) from an exstates file.
pysisyphus.calculators.parser.parse_turbo_gradient(path)
pysisyphus.calculators.parser.parse_turbo_mos(text)
pysisyphus.calculators.parser.to_float(s, loc, toks)
```

Module contents

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR(calculator, fragment_indices, gamma, rho=1, p=6,
    ignore_hydrogen=True, complete_fragments=True, dump=True,
    h5_fn='afir.h5', h5_group_name='afir', **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
__init__(calculator, fragment_indices, gamma, rho=1, p=6, ignore_hydrogen=True,
    complete_fragments=True, dump=True, h5_fn='afir.h5', h5_group_name='afir', **kwargs)
```

Artificial Force Induced Reaction calculator.

Currently, there are no automated drivers to run large-scale AFIR calculations with many different initial orientations and/or increasing collision energy parameter. Nonetheless, selected AFIR calculations can be carried out by hand. After convergence, artificial potential & forces, as well as real energies and forces can be plotted with 'pysisplot --afir'. The highest energy point along the AFIR path can then be selected for a subsequent TS-optimization, e.g. via 'pysistrj --get [index] optimization.trj'.

Future versions of pysisyphus may provide drivers for more automated AFIR calculations.

Parameters

- **calculator** ([Calculator](#)) -- Actual QC calculator that provides energies and its derivatives, that are modified by the AFIR calculator, e.g., ORCA or Psi4.
- **fragment_indices** (List[List[int]]) -- List of lists of integers, specifying the separate fragments. If the indices in these lists don't comprise all atoms in the molecule, the remaining indices will be added as a separate fragment. If a AFIR calculation is carried out with 2 fragments and 'complete_fragments' is True (see below) it is enough to specify only the indices of one fragment, e.g., for a system of 10 atoms 'fragment_indices=[[0,1,2,3]]' is enough. The second system will be set up automatically with indices [4,5,6,7,8,9].
- **gamma** (Union[_SupportsArray[dtype], _NestedSequence[_SupportsArray[dtype]], bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes, _NestedSequence[Union[bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes]]]) -- Collision energy parameter in au. For 2 fragments it can be a single integer, while for > 2 fragments a list of gammas must be given, specifying the pair-wise collision energy parameters. For 3 fragments 3 gammas must be given [_01, _02, _12], for 4 fragments 6 gammas would be required [_01, _02, _03, _12, _13, _23] and so on.
- **rho** (Union[_SupportsArray[dtype], _NestedSequence[_SupportsArray[dtype]], bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes, _NestedSequence[Union[bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes]]], default: 1) -- Direction of the artificial force, either 1 or -1. The

same comments as for gamma apply. For 2 fragments a single integer is enough, for > 2 fragments a list of rhos must be given (see above). For rho=1 fragments are pushed together, for rho=-1 fragments are pulled apart.

- **p** (int, default: 6) -- Exponent p used in the calculation of the weight function . Defaults to 6 and probably does not have to be changed.
- **ignore_hydrogen** (bool, default: True) -- Whether hydrogens are ignored in the calculation of the artificial force.
- **complete_fragments** (bool, default: True) -- Whether an incomplete specification in 'fragment_indices' is automatically completed.
- **dump** (bool, default: True) -- Whether an HDF5 file is created.
- **h5_fn** (str, default: 'afir.h5') -- Filename of the HDF5 file used for dumping.
- **h5_group_name** (str, default: 'afir') -- HDF5 group name used for dumping.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Calculator baseclass.

afir_fd_hessian_wrapper(*coords3d, afir_grad_func*)

property charge

dump_h5(*atoms, coords, results*)

get_energy(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

init_h5_group(*atoms, max_cycles=None*)

log_fragments()

property mult

set_atoms_and_funcs(*atoms, coords*)

Initially atoms was also an argument to the constructor of AFIR. I removed it so creation becomes easier. The first time a calculation is requested with a proper atom set everything is set up (cov. radii, afir function and corresponding gradient). Afterwards there is only a check if atoms != None and it is expected that all functions are properly set.

fragment_indices can also be incomplete w.r.t. to the number of atoms. If the sum of the specified fragment atoms is less than the number of atoms present then all remaining unspecified atoms will be gathered in one fragment.

write_fragment_geoms(*atoms, coords*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque(*geom, frags, A_mats, kappa=2.0*)

Bases: object

__init__(*geom, frags, A_mats, kappa=2.0*)

Atom-atom translational and torque forces.

See A.5. [1], Eq. (A6).

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.**Composite**(*final*, *keys_calcs=None*, *calcs=None*, *remove_translation=False*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.**ConicalIntersection**(*calculator1*, *calculator2*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

Calculator for conical intersection optimization.

Based on [1].

get_ci_quantities(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Relevant quantities including branching plane and projector P.

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Energy of calculator 1.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Projected gradient for CI optimization.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Projected Hessian.

class pysisyphus.calculators.**DFTBp**(*parameter*, **args*, *slakos=None*, *root=None*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [OverlapCalculator](#)

conf_key = 'dftbp'

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

static get_excited_state_str(*root*, *forces=False*)

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

static get_gen_str(*atoms*, *coords*)

max_ang_moms = {'mio-ext': {'C': 'p', 'H': 's', 'N': 'p', 'O': 'p'}}

parse_energy(*path*)

static parse_exc_dat(*text*)

parse_forces(*path*)

parse_total_energy(*text*)

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer(calculator, *args, N_raw=None, length=0.0189,  
                                rotation_max_cycles=15, rotation_method='fourier',  
                                rotation_thresh=0.0001, rotation_tol=1, rotation_max_element=0.001,  
                                rotation_interpolate=True, rotation_disable=False,  
                                rotation_disable_pos_curv=True, rotation_remove_trans=True,  
                                trans_force_f_perp=True, bonds=None, N_hessian=None,  
                                bias_rotation=False, bias_translation=False, bias_gaussian_dot=0.1,  
                                seed=None, write_orientations=True, forward_hessian=True,  
                                **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

property C

Shortcut for the curvature.

property N

add_gaussian(*atoms*, *center*, *N*, *height=0.1*, *std=0.0529*, *max_cycles=50*, *dot_ref=None*)

property can_bias_f0

property can_bias_f1

property coords0

property coords1

curvature(*f1*, *f2*, *N*)

Curvature of the mode represented by the dimer.

direct_rotation(*optimizer*, *prev_step*)

do_dimer_rotations(*rotation_thresh=None*)

property energy0

property f0

property f1

property f1_bias

property f2

Never calculated explicitly, but estimated from f0 and f1.

fourier_rotation(*optimizer*, *prev_step*)

get_N_raw_from_hessian(*h5_fn*, *root=0*)

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_gaussian_energies(*coords*, *sum_=True*)

get_gaussian_forces(*coords*, *sum_=True*)

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

remove_translation(*displacement*)

property *rot_force*

rotate_coords1(*rad*, *theta*)

Rotate dimer and produce new coords1.

set_N_raw(*coords*)

property *should_bias_f0*

May lead to calculation of f0 and/or f1 if present!

property *should_bias_f1*

May lead to calculation of f0 and/or f1 if present!

update_orientation(*coords*)

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy(calc_number=0, charge=0, mult=1, base_name='calculator', pal=1,
                                     mem=1000, check_mem=True, retry_calc=1, last_calc_cycle=None,
                                     clean_after=True, out_dir='qm_calcs')
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

get_energy(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

raise_exception()

run_calculation(**args*, ***kwargs*)

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.EGO(calculator, ref_geom, max_force=0.175, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_mods(*atoms*, *coords*)

property *ref_hessian*

property *s*

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin(calculator1, calculator2, mix=False, alpha=0.02, sigma=3.5,
                                         min_energy_diff=0.0, check_after=0, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

```
__init__(calculator1, calculator2, mix=False, alpha=0.02, sigma=3.5, min_energy_diff=0.0,
         check_after=0, **kwargs)
```

Use energy and derivatives of the calculator with lower energy.

This calculators carries out two calculations with different settings and returns the results of the lower energy one. This can be used to consider flips between a singlet and a triplet PES etc.

Parameters

- **calculator1** (*Calculator*) -- Wrapped QC calculator that provides energies and its derivatives.
- **calculator2** (*Calculator*) -- Wrapped QC calculator that provides energies and its derivatives.
- **mix** (bool, default: False) -- Enable mixing of both forces, according to the approach outlined in [2]. Can be used to optimize guesses for MECPs. Pass
- **alpha** (float, default: 0.02) -- Smoothing parameter in Hartree. See [2] for a discussion.
- **sigma** (float, default: 3.5) -- Unitless gap size parameter. The final gap becomes smaller for bigger sigmas. Has to be adapted for each case. See [2] for a discussion (p. 407 right column and p. 408 left column.)
- **min_energy_diff** (float, default: 0.0) -- Energy difference in Hartree. When set to a value != 0 and the energy difference between both calculators drops below this value, execution of both calculations is disabled for 'check_after' cycles. In these cycles the calculator choice remains fixed. After 'check_after' cycles, both energies will be calculated and it is checked, if the previous calculator choice remains valid. In conjunction with 'check_after' both arguments can be used to save computational resources.
- **check_after** (int, default: 0) -- Amount of cycles in which the calculator choice remains fixed.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Calculator baseclass.

```
do_calculations(name, atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

```
get_chkfiles()
```

Return type
dict

```
get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
set_chkfiles(chkfiles)
```

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential(calculator=None, potentials=None, geom=None,
                                              **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Calculator*

```
available_potentials = {'harmonic_sphere': <class
'pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.HarmonicSphere'>, 'logfermi': <class
'pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.LogFermi'>, 'restraint': <class
'pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.Restraint'>}
```

```

get_energy(atoms, coords)
    Meant to be extended.

get_forces(atoms, coords)
    Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(atoms, coords)
    Meant to be extended.

get_potential_energy(coords)

get_potential_forces(coords)

class pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE(calc)
    Bases: object

    get_atoms_coords(atoms)

    get_forces(atoms=None)

    get_potential_energy(atoms=None)

class pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Gaussian16

    conf_key = 'gaussian09'

class pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16(route, gbs="", gen="", keep_chk=False, stable="", fchk=None,
                                         **kwargs)

    Bases: OverlapCalculator

    conf_key = 'gaussian16'

    get_chkfiles()

    get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

    keep(path)
        Backup calculation results.

        Parameters
        path (Path) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

        Returns
        kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the
        type of file.

        Return type
        dict

    make_exc_str()

```

make_fchk(*path*)

make_gbs_str()

parse_635r_dump(*dump_path*, *roots*, *nmos*)

parse_charges(*path=None*)

parse_double_mol(*path*, *out_fn=None*)

static parse_fchk(*fchk_path*, *keys*)

parse_force(*path*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

parse_keyword(*text*)

parse_log(**args*, ***kwargs*)

parse_stable(*path*)

parse_tddft(*path*)

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *did_stable=False*, *point_charges=None*)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

reuse_data(*path*)

run_after(*path*)

Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`. Can be used to call tools like `formchk` or `ricctools`.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

run_double_mol_calculation(*atoms*, *coords1*, *coords2*)

run_rwf_dump(*path*, *rwf_index*, *chk_path=None*)

run_stable(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

set_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.**HardSphere**(*geom*, *frags*, *kappa=1.0*, *permutations=False*, *frag_radii=None*)

Bases: object

__init__(*geom*, *frags*, *kappa=1.0*, *permutations=False*, *frag_radii=None*)

Intra-Image Inter-Molecular Hard-Sphere force.

See A.2. in [1], Eq. (A1).

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, *kappa=None*)

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer(*args, address=None, host=None, port=None, unlink=True,
                                       hdrlen=12, max_retries=0, verbose=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

get_energy(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

listen_for(atoms, coords, kind='forces')

listen_for_client_atom_num(atom_num)

listen_for_energy()

listen_for_forces(atom_num)

listen_for_hessian(atom_num)

listen_kinds = ('coords', 'energy', 'forces', 'hessian')

reset_client_connection()

retried_listen_for(atoms, coords)

unlink(address)

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones(sigma=1.8897261251, epsilon=1, rc=None)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

calculate(coords3d)

get_energy(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC(method='PM7', **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

<http://openmopac.net/manual/>

CALC_TYPES = {'energy': '1SCF', 'gradient': '1SCF GRADIENTS', 'hessian': 'DFORCE
FORCE LET'}

METHODS = ['am1', 'pm3', 'pm6', 'pm6-dh2', 'pm6-d3', 'pm6-dh+', 'pm6-dh2',
'pm6-dh2x', 'pm6-d3h4', 'pm6-d3h4x', 'pm7', 'pm7-ts']

MULT_STRS = {1: 'SINGLET', 2: 'DOUBLET', 3: 'TRIPLET', 4: 'QUARTET', 5:
'QUINTET', 6: 'SEXTET', 7: 'SEPTET', 8: 'OCTET'}

base_cmd

Do only SCF AUX: Creates a checkpoint file NOREO: Dont reorient geometry

Type

ISCF

conf_key = 'mopac'

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*)

Meant to be extended.

parse_energy(*path*)

static parse_energy_from_aux(*inp*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

parse_grad(*path*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

static parse_hessian_from_aux(*inp*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

prepare_coords(*atoms*, *coords*, *opt=False*)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array*, *1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

np.array, 3d

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *opt=False*)

Meant to be extended.

read_aux(*path*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.**MultiCalc**(*calcs*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.**ONIOM**(*calcs*, *models*, *geom*, *layers=None*, *embedding=""*, *real_key='real'*,
use_link_atoms=True, **args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)


```
__init__(calcs, models, geom, layers=None, embedding='', real_key='real', use_link_atoms=True, *args,
        **kwargs)
```

layer: list of models

len(layer) == 1: normal ONIOM, len(layer) >= 1: multicenter ONIOM.

model:

(sub)set of all atoms that resides in a certain layer and has a certain calculator.

```
atom_inds_in_layer(index, exclude_inner=False)
```

Returns list of atom indices in layer at index.

Atoms that also appear in inner layer can be excluded on request.

Parameters

- **index** (*int*) -- pasd
- **exclude_inner** (*bool, default=False, optional*) -- Whether to exclude atom indices that also appear in inner layers.

Returns

atom_indices -- List containing the atom indices in the selected layer.

Return type

list

```
calc_layer(atoms, coords, index, parent_correction=True)
```

property charge

```
embeddings = {'': '', 'electronic': 'Electronic embedding', 'electronic_rc':
'Electronic embedding with redistributed charges', 'electronic_rcd': 'Electronic
embedding with redistributed charges and dipoles'}
```

```
get_energy(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_forces(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords)
```

Meant to be extended.

```
get_layer_calc(layer_ind)
```

property model_iter

property mult

```
run_calculation(atoms, coords)
```

```
run_calculations(atoms, coords, method)
```

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA(keywords, blocks='', gbw=None, do_stable=False, numfreq=False,
                                   **kwargs)
```

Bases: [OverlapCalculator](#)

__init__(*keywords*, *blocks*="", *gbw*=None, *do_stable*=False, *numfreq*=False, ***kwargs*)

ORCA calculator.

Wrapper for creating ORCA input files for energy, gradient and Hessian calculations. The PAL and memory inputs must not be given in the keywords and/or blocks, as they are handled by the 'pal' and 'memory' arguments.

Parameters

- **keywords** (*str*) -- Keyword line, as normally given in ORCA, excluding the leading "!".
- **blocks** (*str*, *optional*) -- ORCA block input(s), e.g. for TD-DFT calculations (%tddft ... end). As the blocks start with a leading "%", wrapping the input in quotes (") is required, otherwise the parsing will fail.
- **gbw** (*str*, *optional*) -- Path to an input gbw file, which will be used as initial guess for the first calculation. Will be overridden later, with the path to the gbw file of a previous calculation.
- **do_stable** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Run stability analysis until a stable wavefunction is obtained, before every calculation.
- **numfreq** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Use numerical frequencies instead of analytical ones.
- **mem** (*int*) -- Memory per core in MB.

check_termination(**args*, ***kwargs*)

clean_tmp(*path*)

conf_key = 'orca'

get_block_str()

get_chkfiles()

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_moinp_str(*gbw*)

get_stable_wavefunction(*atoms*, *coords*)

keep(*path*)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

parse_all_energies(*text=None, triplets=None*)

static parse_atoms_coords(*inp, *args, **kwargs*)

parse_cis(*cis*)

Read binary CI vector file from ORCA.

Adapted from TheoDORE 1.7.1, Authors: S. Mai, F. Plasser <https://sourceforge.net/p/theodore-qc>

parse_energy(*path*)

parse_engrad(*path*)

static parse_engrad_info(*inp, *args, **kwargs*)

parse_gbw(*gbw_fn*)

Adapted from <https://orcaforum.kofo.mpg.de/viewtopic.php?f=8&t=3299>

The first 5 long int values represent pointers into the file:

Pointer @+0: Internal ORCA data structures Pointer @+8: Geometry Pointer @+16: BasisSet Pointer @+24: Orbitals Pointer @+32: ECP data

static parse_hess_file(*inp, *args, **kwargs*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

parse_mo_numbers(*out_fn*)

parse_stable(*path*)

prepare_input(*atoms, coords, calc_type, point_charges=None, do_stable=False*)

Meant to be extended.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

reattach(*last_calc_cycle*)

run_after(*path*)

Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`. Can be used to call tools like formchk or ricctools.

run_calculation(*atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

Basically some kind of dummy method that can be called to execute ORCA with the stored cmd of this calculator.

set_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)

set_mo_coeffs(*mo_coeffs=None, gbw=None*)

static set_mo_coeffs_in_gbw(*in_gbw_fn, out_gbw_fn, mo_coeffs*)

See `self.parse_gbw`.

store_and_track(*results, func, atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs*)

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA5(keywords, blocks="", gbw=None, do_stable=False, numfreq=False,
                                   **kwargs)
```

Bases: [ORCA](#)

conf_key = 'orca5'

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas(basis, inporb, roots, mdlxroot, supsym=None, track=True,
                                         **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Calculator](#)

build_rassi_str()

build_supsym_str(supsym)

Can handle only one subgroup for now.

conf_key = 'openmolcas'

get_energy(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(atoms, coords)

Meant to be extended.

get_pal_env()

keep(path)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

parse_energies(text)

parse_gradient(path)

parse_rassi_track(path)

prepare_coords(atoms, coords)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array*, 1d) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

np.array, 3d

```

prepare_input(atoms, coords)
    Meant to be extended.

reattach(last_calc_cycle)

class pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4(method, basis, to_set=None, pcm='iefpcm', solvent=None,
                                   write_fchk=False, **kwargs)

    Bases: Calculator

    conf_key = 'psi4'

    get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_fchk_str()

    get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

    parse_energy(path)

    parse_grad(path)

    parse_hessian(path)

    prepare_input(atoms, coords, calc_type)
        Meant to be extended.

    run_calculation(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)

class pysisyphus.calculators.PyPsi4(method, basis, **kwargs)
    Bases: Calculator

    get_forces(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.

class pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB(*args, gfn=2, acc=None, verbosity=0, keep_calculator=False,
                                   **kwargs)

    Bases: Calculator

    get_calculator(atoms, coords)

    get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

class pysisyphus.calculators.Remote(remote_calc, host, prefix="", **kwargs)
    Bases: Calculator

    get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_forces(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.

```

```
get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
    Meant to be extended.

parse_results()

run_calculation(atoms, coords, run_func='get_energy')

class pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P(rc=9.44863062728914)
    Bases: Calculator
    Transferable Intermolecular Potential 3 Point
    aHOH = 104.52

    calculate(coords3d)

    charges

        coulomb_energy = (multiple of elem. charge * multiple of elem. charge)
            / (distance in bohr) * 1 / (4 * pi * vacuum permittivity)

        coulomb_prefactor converts everything to atomic units and it is ... drum roll ... 1. from scipy.constants
        import value as pcval self.coulomb_prefactor = (1 / (4 * np.pi) * pcval("elementary charge"))**2
            / pcval("Hartree energy") / pcval("Bohr radius") / pcval("vacuum electric permittivity")
    )

    coulomb(coords3d)

    epsilon = 0.0002423919586315716

    get_energy(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.

    get_forces(atoms, coords)
        Meant to be extended.

    qH = 0.417

    qO = -0.834

    rOH = 1.8088458464917874

    sigma = 5.953790025507198

class pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque(frgs, iter_frgs, a_mats, b_mats, weight_func=None,
                                          skip=True, kappa=1.0, b_coords3d=None, do_trans=True)
    Bases: object

    __init__(frgs, iter_frgs, a_mats, b_mats, weight_func=None, skip=True, kappa=1.0, b_coords3d=None,
              do_trans=True)
        Translational and torque forces. See A.4. [1], Eqs. (A3) - (A5).

    get_forces(atoms, coords, kappa=None)

    get_forces_naive(atoms, coords, kappa=None)

    set_N_invs()
```

```
class pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole(control_path, root=None, double_mol_path=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: OverlapCalculator
    append_control(to_append, log_msg="", **kwargs)
    conf_key = 'turbomole'
    get_chkfiles()
    get_energy(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.
    get_forces(atoms, coords, cmd=None, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.
    get_hessian(atoms, coords, **prepare_kwargs)
        Meant to be extended.
    get_pal_env()
    get_ricc2_root(text)
    keep(path)
        Backup calculation results.

    Parameters
        path (Path) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

    Returns
        kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the
        type of file.

    Return type
        dict

    make_molden(path)
    parse_cc2_vectors(ccre)
    parse_double_mol(path)
        Parse a double molecule overlap matrix from Turbomole output to be used with WFOWrapper.
    parse_energy(path)
    parse_force(path)
    parse_gs_energy()
        Several places are possible: $subenergy from control file total energy from turbomole.out Final MP2 energy
        from turbomole.out with ADC(2) Final CC2 energy from turbomole.out with CC(2)
    parse_hessian(path, fn=None)
    parse_mos()
    parse_td_vectors(text)
        For TDA calculations only the X vector is present in the ciss_a/etc. file. In TDDFT calculations there are
        twice as much items compared with TDA. The first half corresponds to (X+Y) and the second half to (X-Y).
        X can be calculated as  $X = ((X+Y)+(X-Y))/2$ . Y is then given as  $Y = (X+Y)-X$ . The normalization can then
        be checked as
        
$$\text{np.concatenate}((X, Y)).\text{dot}(\text{np.concatenate}((X, -Y)))$$

```

and should be 1.

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *point_charges*=None)

To rectify this we have to construct the bascmd dynamically and construct it ad hoc. We could set a RI flag in the beginning and select the correct scf binary here from it. Then we select the following binary on demand, e.g. aoforce or rdgrad or egrad etc.

prepare_overlap_data(*path*)

Implement calculator specific parsing of MO coefficients and CI coefficients here. Should return a filename pointing to TURBOMOLE like mos, a MO coefficient array and a CI coefficient array.

prepare_point_charges(*point_charges*)

\$point_charges <x> <y> <z> <q>

prepare_td(*text*)

run_after(*path*)

Meant to be extended.

This method is called after a calculation was done, but before entering `self.keep()` and `self.clean()`. Can be used to call tools like formchk or ricctools.

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*)

Basically some kind of dummy method that can be called to execute Turbomole with the stored cmd of this calculator.

run_double_mol_calculation(*atoms*, *coords1*, *coords2*)

set_chkfiles(*chkfiles*)

set_occ_and_mo_nums(*text*)

store_and_track(*results*, *func*, *atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

sub_control(*pattern*, *repl*, *log_msg*="", ***kwargs*)

class pysisyphus.calculators.XTB(*gbsa*="", *alpb*="", *gfn*=2, *acc*=1.0, *etemp*=None, *retry_etemp*=None, *topo*=None, *topo_update*=None, *quiet*=False, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [Calculator](#)

__init__(*gbsa*="", *alpb*="", *gfn*=2, *acc*=1.0, *etemp*=None, *retry_etemp*=None, *topo*=None, *topo_update*=None, *quiet*=False, ***kwargs*)

XTB calculator.

Wrapper for running energy, gradient and Hessian calculations by XTB.

Parameters

- **gbsa** (*str*, *optional*) -- Solvent for GBSA calculation, by default no solvent model is used.
- **alpb** (*str*, *optional*) -- Solvent for ALPB calculation, by default no solvent model is used.
- **gfn** (*int* or *str*, *must be* (0, 1, 2, or "ff")) -- Hamiltonian for the XTB calculation (GFN0, GFN1, GFN2, or GFNFF).
- **acc** (*float*, *optional*) -- Accuracy control of the calculation, the lower the tighter several numerical thresholds are chosen.

- **topo**(*str*, *optional*) -- Path the a GFNFF-topolgy file. As setting up the topology may take some time for sizable systems, it may be desired to reuse the file.
- **topo_update**(*int*) -- Integer controlling the update interval of the GFNFF topology update. If supplied, the topolgy will be recreated every N-th calculation.
- **mem**(*int*) -- Mememory per core in MB.
- **quiet**(*bool*, *optional*) -- Suppress creation of log files.

static check_termination(*inp*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

conf_key = 'xtb'

get_energy(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_forces(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_hessian(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

Meant to be extended.

get_mdrestart_str(*coords*, *velocities*)

coords and velocities have to given in au!

get_pal_env()

get_retry_args()

keep(*path*)

Backup calculation results.

Parameters

path (*Path*) -- Temporary directory of the calculation.

Returns

kept_fns -- Dictionary holding the filenames that were backed up. The keys correspond to the type of file.

Return type

dict

parse_charges(*fn=None*)

parse_charges_from_json(*fn=None*)

parse_energy(*path*)

parse_gradient(*path*)

parse_hessian(*path*)

parse_md(*path*)

parse_opt(*path*, *keep_log=False*)

parse_topo(*path*)

prepare_add_args(*xcontrol=None*)

prepare_coords(*atoms*, *coords*)

Get 3d coords in Angstrom.

Reshape internal 1d coords to 3d and convert to Angstrom.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Atom descriptors (element symbols).
- **coords** (*np.array*, *1d*) -- 1D-array holding coordinates in Bohr.

Returns

coords -- 3D-array holding coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

np.array, 3d

prepare_input(*atoms*, *coords*, *calc_type*, *point_charges=None*)

Meant to be extended.

reattach(*last_calc_cycle*)

run_calculation(*atoms*, *coords*, ***prepare_kwargs*)

run_md(*atoms*, *coords*, *t*, *dt*, *velocities=None*, *dump=1*)

Expecting t and dt in fs, even though xtb wants t in ps!

run_opt(*atoms*, *coords*, *keep=True*, *keep_log=False*)

run_topo(*atoms*, *coords*)

write_mdrestart(*path*, *mdrestart_str*)

16.1.1.3 pysisyphus.cos package

Submodules

pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB module

class pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB.**AdaptiveNEB**(*images*, *adapt=True*, *adapt_fact=0.25*, *adapt_between=1*, *scale_fact=False*, *keep_hei=True*, *free_ends=True*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [NEB](#)

__init__(*images*, *adapt=True*, *adapt_fact=0.25*, *adapt_between=1*, *scale_fact=False*, *keep_hei=True*, *free_ends=True*, ***kwargs*)

(Free-End) Adaptive Nudged Elastic Band.

Parameters

- **images** (*list of Geometry objects*) -- Images of the band.
- **adapt** (*bool*, *default True*) -- Whether to adapt the image number or not. This switch is included to support the FreeEndNEB class, that is just a thin wrapper around this class.
- **adapt_fact** (*positive float*) -- Factor that is used to decide whether to adapt. The initial threshold is calculated by multiplying the RMS force of the band with this factor. When the RMS of the force falls below this threshold adaption takes place.

- **adapt_between** (*positive integer*) -- Number of images to interpolate between the highest energy image and its neighbours. The number of starting images must be higher or equal then $2 \times \text{adapt_between} + 3$, as we reuse/transfer the calculators from the starting images onto the new ones.
- **scale_fact** (*bool, default False*) -- Whether to increase adapt_fact in deeper levels. This may lead to earlier adaption.
- **keep_hei** (*bool, optional*) -- Whether to keep the highest energy image (usually a very good idea) or to interpolate only between the neighbouring images.
- **free_ends** (*bool, default True*) -- Whether to use modified forces on the end images.

adapt_this_cycle(*forces*)

Decide whether to adapt.

Parameters

forces (*np.array*) -- Forces of the previous optimization cycle.

Returns

adapt -- Flag that indicates if adaption should take place in this cycle.

Return type

bool

property forces

See Eq. (7) in [2].

prepare_opt_cycle(*args, **kwargs)

Check for adaption and adapt if needed.

See ChainOfStates.prepare_opt_cycle for a complete docstring.

update_adapt_thresh(*forces*)

Update the adaption threshold.

Parameters

forces (*np.array*) -- Forces of the previous optimization cycle.

pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates module

```
class pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates(images, fix_ends=False, fix_first=True,
        fix_last=True, climb=False, climb_rms=0.005,
        climb_lanczos=False, climb_lanczos_rms=0.005,
        climb_fixed=True, energy_min_mix=False,
        scheduler=None, progress=False)
```

Bases: object

as_xyz(*comments=None*)

property atoms

calculate_forces()

property calculator

property cart_coords

Return a flat 1d array containing the cartesian coordinates of all images.

`check_for_climbing_start(ref_rms)`

`clear()`

property coords
Return a flat 1d array containing the coordinates of all images.

property coords3d

`describe()`

property energy

property forces

`get_climbing_forces(ind)`

`get_climbing_indices()`

`get_dask_client()`

`get_fixed_indices()`

`get_hei_index(energies=None)`
Return index of highest energy image.

`get_image_calc_counter_sum()`

`get_perpendicular_forces(i)`
[1] Eq. 12

`get_splined_hei()`

`get_tangent(i, kind='upwinding', lanczos_guess=None, disable_lanczos=False)`
[1] Equations (8) - (11)

`get_tangents()`

property gradient

property image_inds

property last_index

`log(message)`

`logger = <Logger cos (DEBUG)>`

property masses_rep

property max_image_num

property moving_images

property moving_indices
Returns the indices of the images that aren't fixed and can be optimized.

`par_image_calc(image)`

property perpendicular_forces

prepare_opt_cycle(*last_coords*, *last_energies*, *last_forces*)

Implements additional logic in preparation of the next optimization cycle.

Should be called by the optimizer at the beginning of a new optimization cycle. Can be used to implement additional logic as needed for AdaptiveNEB etc.

property results

rms(*arr*)

Root mean square

Returns the root mean square of the given array.

Parameters

arr (*iterable of numbers*) --

Returns

rms -- Root mean square of the given array.

Return type

float

set_climbing_forces(*forces*)

set_coords_at(*i*, *coords*)

Called from helpers.procrustes with cartesian coordinates. Then tries to set cartesian coordinate as self.images[i].coords which will raise an error when coord_type != "cart".

set_images(*indices*, *images*)

set_vector(*name*, *vector*, *clear=False*)

set_zero_forces_for_fixed_images()

This is always done in cartesian coordinates, independent of the actual coord_type of the images as setting forces only work with cartesian forces.

valid_coord_types = ('cart', 'cartesian', 'dlc')

zero_fixed_vector(*vector*)

pysisyphus.cos.FreeEndNEB module

class pysisyphus.cos.FreeEndNEB.**FreeEndNEB**(*args, fix_first=False, fix_last=False, **kwargs)

Bases: [AdaptiveNEB](#)

__init__(*args, fix_first=False, fix_last=False, **kwargs)

Simple Free-End-NEB method.

Derived from AdaptiveNEB with disabled adaptation. Only implements Eq. (7) from [2]. For other implementations please see the commit 01bc8812ca6f1cd3645d43e0337d9e3c5fb0ba55. There the other variants are present but I think Eq. (7) in [2] is the simplest & best bet.

pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString module

```
class pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString(images, calc_getter, max_nodes=10,
                                                    opt_steps=3)
```

Bases: object

property allcoords

as_xyz()

property coords

property energy

property forces

property fully_grown

get_new_image(coords, index)

get_tangent()

property left_frontier

reparametrize()

property right_frontier

set_new_frontier_nodes()

pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates module

```
class pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates.GrowingChainOfStates(images, calc_getter,
                                                                max_nodes=10, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *ChainOfStates*

property arc_dims

get_new_image_from_coords(coords, index)

property max_image_num

new_node_coords(k)

prepare_opt_cycle(*args, **kwargs)

Implements additional logic in preparation of the next optimization cycle.

Should be called by the optimizer at the beginning of a new optimization cycle. Can be used to implement additional logic as needed for AdaptiveNEB etc.

set_new_node(k)

pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT module

```
class pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT(geom, step_len=0.5, rms_thresh=0.0017, r=None,
                                          final_geom=None, between=None, bonds=None,
                                          r_update=True, r_update_thresh=1.0, stop_after_ts=False,
                                          require_imag_freq=0.0, hessian_at_ts=False, out_dir='.',
                                          dump=True)
```

Bases: object

property P

Projector that keeps perpendicular component.

as_xyz()

property atoms

calc_hessian_for(other_geom)

property cart_coords

property cart_forces

check_convergence(*args, **kwargs)

clear_passed()

property coords

property energy

property forces

get_additional_print()

get_energy_and_forces_at(coords)

get_energy_at(coords)

get_path(fn)

static **get_r**(geom, final_geom, bonds, r)

grow_image()

initialize()

log(message)

logger = <Logger cos (DEBUG)>

property r

Parallel/search direction.

reparametrize()

Check if GNT can be grown.

pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString module

```
class pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString(images, calc_getter, perp_thresh=0.05,  
                                                param='equi', reparam_every=2,  
                                                reparam_every_full=3, reparam_tol=None,  
                                                reparam_check='rms', max_micro_cycles=5,  
                                                reset_dlc=True, climb=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [GrowingChainOfStates](#)

property forces

property full_string_image_inds

property fully_grown

Returns whether the string is fully grown. Don't count the first and last node.

get_additional_print()

get_cur_param_density(kind=None)

get_new_image(ref_index)

Get new image by taking a step from self.images[ref_index] towards the center of the string.

get_tangent(i)

[1] Equations (8) - (11)

property image_inds

property left_size

property lf_ind

Index of the left frontier node in self.images.

property nodes_missing

Returns the number of nodes to be grown.

reparam_cart(desired_param_density)

reparam_dlc(desired_param_density, thresh=0.001)

reparametrize()

reset_geometries(ref_geometry)

property rf_ind

Index of the right frontier node in self.images.

property right_size

set_coords(image, coords)

spline(tangents=False)

property string_size

pysisyphus.cos.NEB module

```
class pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB(images, variable_springs=False, k_max=0.3, k_min=0.1,  
                               perp_spring_forces=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *ChainOfStates*

fmt_k()

property forces

get_parallel_forces(i)

get_quenched_dneb_forces(i)

See [3], Sec. VI and [4] Sec. D.

get_spring_forces(i)

property parallel_forces

set_variable_springs()

update_springs()

pysisyphus.cos.SimpleZTS module

```
class pysisyphus.cos.SimpleZTS.SimpleZTS(images, param='equal', **kwargs)
```

Bases: *ChainOfStates*

reparametrize()

Module contents

16.1.1.4 pysisyphus.db package

Submodules

pysisyphus.db.generate_db module

pysisyphus.db.generate_db.**clean()**

pysisyphus.db.generate_db.**generate_db()**

pysisyphus.db.generate_db.**parse_args(args)**

pysisyphus.db.generate_db.**run()**

pysisyphus.db.helpers module

pysisyphus.db.helpers.**full_name**(*molecule_name*, *level_name*)

pysisyphus.db.helpers.**get_molecules_levels**()

pysisyphus.db.helpers.**get_path**(*molecule_name*, *level_name*)

pysisyphus.db.level module

pysisyphus.db.molecules module

class pysisyphus.db.molecules.**Molecule**(*name*, *fn*, *charge*, *mult*, *density*, *resname*)

Bases: tuple

charge

Alias for field number 2

density

Alias for field number 4

fn

Alias for field number 1

mult

Alias for field number 3

name

Alias for field number 0

resname

Alias for field number 5

Module contents

16.1.1.5 pysisyphus.drivers package

Submodules

pysisyphus.drivers.afir module

pysisyphus.drivers.afir.**analyze_afir_path**(*energies*)

pysisyphus.drivers.afir.**automatic_fragmentation**(*atoms*, *coords3d*, *frag1*, *frag2*, *cycles*=2, *p*=6, *bond_factor*=1.25)

Automatic fragmentation scheme as described in SC-AFIR paper [1].

pysisyphus.drivers.afir.**coordinates_similar**(*test_coords3d*, *ref_coords3d*, *rmsd_thresh*=0.01)

Return type

Tuple[bool, int]

pysisyphus.drivers.afir.**decrease_distance**(*coords3d*, *m*, *n*, *frac*=0.9)

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.determine_target_pairs(atoms, coords3d, min_=1.25, max_=5.0)`

Determine possible target m, n atom pairs for SC-AFIR calculations.

Return type

List[Tuple[int]]

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.determine_target_pairs_for_geom(geom, **kwargs)`

Determine possible target m, n atom pairs for SC-AFIR calculations from geom.

Return type

List[Tuple[int]]

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.find_candidates(center, bond_sets)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.generate_random_union(geoms, offset=1.0, copy=True)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.geom_similar(test_geom, ref_geoms, **kwargs)`

Return type

bool

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.lstsqsWithReference(coords3d, ref_coords3d, freeze_atoms=None)`

Least-squares w.r.t. reference coordinates while keeping some atoms frozen.

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.multicomponent_afir(geom, calc_getter, fragments, gamma, out_dir=None)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.prepare_single_component_afir(geom, m, n, calc_getter, afir_kwargs)`

Create perturbed geometry, determine fragments and set AFIR calculator.

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.relax_afir_path(atoms, cart_coords, calc_getter, images=15, out_dir=None)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.run_mc_afir_paths(geoms, calc_getter, num=5, gamma=None, t=None, T=298.15)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.afir.weight_function(atoms, coords3d, i, j, p=6)`

pysisyphus.drivers.barriers module

`pysisyphus.drivers.barriers.do_endopt_ts_barriers(ts_geom, left_geoms, right_geoms=None, left_fns=None, right_fns=None, do_thermo=False, T=298.15, p=101325, calc_getter=None, solv_calc_getter=None, do_standard_state_corr=False)`

pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz module

`pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz.birkholz_interpolation(geoms, calc_getter, recreate=True)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz.bond_order(r, r0, b=2)`

Bond order for given bond length and reference length.

Eq. (3) in [1].

`pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz.bond_orders(coords3d, bond_indices, r0s)`

List of bond orders.

`pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz.bond_orders_for_geom(geom, bond_indices)`

Wrapper for `bond_orders` for simple use with Geometry.

`pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz.get_r0s(geom, bond_indices)`

Reference bond lengths as sum of covalent radii.

`pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz.length_for_bond_order(bo, r0, b=2)`

Return bond length for given bond order and reference length.

Eq. (3) in [1].

pysisyphus.drivers.merge module

`pysisyphus.drivers.merge.align_on_subset(geom1, union, del1=None)`

Align 'union' onto subset of 'geom1'

`pysisyphus.drivers.merge.hardsphere_merge(geom1, geom2)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.merge.merge_geoms(geom1, geom2, geom1_del=None, geom2_del=None,
 make_bonds=None)`

Merge *geom1* and *geom2* while keeping the original coordinates.

Supports deleting certain atoms.

`pysisyphus.drivers.merge.merge_opt(union, bond_diff, ff='uff')`

Fragment merging along given bond by forcefield optimization.

`pysisyphus.drivers.merge.merge_with_frozen_geom(frozen_geom, lig_geom, make_bonds, frozen_del,
 lig_del)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.merge.parse_args(args)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.merge.prepare_merge(geom1, bond_diff, geom2=None, del1=None, del2=None,
 dump=False)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.merge.run_merge()`

pysisyphus.drivers.opt module

`class pysisyphus.drivers.opt.OptResult(opt, geom, fn)`

Bases: object

fn: Path

geom: Geometry

opt: Optimizer

`pysisyphus.drivers.opt.opt_davidson(opt, tsopt=True, res_rms_thresh=0.0001)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.opt.run_opt(geom, calc_getter, opt_key, opt_kwargs=None, iterative=False,
 iterative_max_cycles=5, iterative_thresh=- 15, iterative_scale=2.0,
 cart_hessian=None, print_thermo=False, title='Optimization',
 copy_final_geom=None, level=0)`

pysisyphus.drivers.perf module

pysisyphus.drivers.perf.**print_perf_results**(results)

pysisyphus.drivers.perf.**run_perf**(geom, calc_getter, pals=None, mems=None, pal_range=None, mem_range=None, repeat=1, kind='forces')

pysisyphus.drivers.pka module

pysisyphus.drivers.pka.**G_aq_from_h5_hessian**(h5_hessian, solv_en, T=298.15, p=101325)

pysisyphus.drivers.pka.**direct_cycle**(acid_h5, base_h5, acid_solv_en, base_solv_en, G_aq_H=None, G_gas_H=- 6.28, dG_solv_H=- 265.9, T=298.15, p=101325)

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot module

prp a901cdfacc579eb63b193cbc9043212e8b57746f pysis 340ab6105ac4156f0613b4d0e8f080d9f195530c do_trans accidentally disabled in transtorque

class pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**SteepestDescent**(geom, max_cycles=1000, max_step=0.05, rms_force=0.05, rms_force_only=True, prefix=None, dump=False, print_mod=25)

Bases: object

run()

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**center_fragments**(frag_list, geom)

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**form_A**(frags, which_frag, formed_bonds)

Construct the A-matrices.

AR[(m, n)] (AP[(m, n)]) contains the subset of atoms in Rm (Pm) that forms bonds with Rn (Pn).

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**get_fragments_and_bonds**(geoms)

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**get_rot_mat**(coords3d_1, coords3d_2, center=False)

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**get_steps_to_active_atom_mean**(frag_lists, iter_frag_lists, ind_dict, coords3d, skip=True)

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**get_which_frag**(frags)

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**precon_pos_rot**(reactants, products, prefix=None, config={'s2_hs_kappa': 1.0, 's4_hs_kappa': 50.0, 's4_v_kappa': 1.0, 's4_w_kappa': 1.0, 's5_hs_kappa': 10.0, 's5_rms_force': 0.01, 's5_trans': True, 's5_v_kappa': 1.0, 's5_w_kappa': 3.0, 's5_z_kappa': 2.0})

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**report_frags**(rgeom, pgeom, rfrags, pfrags, rbond_diff, pbond_diff)

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**report_mats**(name, mats)

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.**run_precontr**(reactant_geom, product_geom, **kwargs)

pysisyphus.drivers.rates module

```
class pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates(from_, barrier, barrier_si, temperature,  
                                             imag_wavenumber, imag_frequency, rate_eyring,  
                                             kappa_eyring, rate_wigner=None, kappa_wigner=None,  
                                             rate_bell=None, kappa_bell=None, rate_eckart=None,  
                                             kappa_eckart=None)
```

Bases: object

barrier: float

barrier_si: float

from_: str

imag_frequency: float

imag_wavenumber: float

kappa_bell: Optional[float] = None

kappa_eckart: Optional[float] = None

kappa_eyring: float

kappa_wigner: Optional[float] = None

rate_bell: Optional[float] = None

rate_eckart: Optional[float] = None

rate_eyring: float

rate_wigner: Optional[float] = None

temperature: float

pysisyphus.drivers.rates.**bell_corr**(*temperature, imag_frequency*)

Tunneling correction according to Bell.

See <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/anie.201708489> eq. (1) and eq. (2).

Parameters

- **temperature** (float) -- Temperature in Kelvin.
- **imag_frequency** (float) -- Imaginary frequency in 1/s.

Returns

Unitless tunneling correction according to Bell. Negative kappas are meaningless.

Return type

kappa

pysisyphus.drivers.rates.**eckart_corr**(*fw_barrier_height, bw_barrier_height, temperature,*
 imag_frequency)

Tunneling correction according to Eckart.

See [3], [4] and [5]. The correction should be independent of the order fw_barrier_height/bw_barrier_height.

Parameters

- **fw_barrier_height** (float) -- Barrier height in forward direction in Hartree.
- **bw_barrier_height** (float) -- Barrier height in backward direction in Hartree.
- **temperature** (float) -- Temperature in Kelvin.
- **imag_frequency** (float) -- Frequency in 1/s of the imaginary mode at the TS.

Returns

Unitless tunneling correction according to Eckart.

Return type

kappa

`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.eckart_corr_brown(fw_barrier_height, bw_barrier_height, temperature, imag_frequency)`

Tunneling correction according to Eckart.

Wrapper for the TUNL subroutine as given in the appendix of [5].

Parameters

- **fw_barrier_height** (float) -- Barrier height in forward direction in Hartree.
- **bw_barrier_height** (float) -- Barrier height in backward direction in Hartree.
- **temperature** (float) -- Temperature in Kelvin.
- **imag_frequency** (float) -- Frequency in 1/s of the imaginary mode at the TS.

Returns

Unitless tunneling correction according to Eckart.

Return type

kappa

`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.eyring_rate(barrier_height, temperature, trans_coeff=1.0)`

Rate constant in 1/s from the Eyring equation.

See <https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/acs.organomet.8b00456> "Reaction Rates and Barriers" on p. 3234 and eq. (8).

Parameters

- **barrier_height** (float) -- Barrier height (energy, enthalpy, gibbs energy, ...) in Hartree.
- **temperature** (Union[_SupportsArray[dtype], _NestedSequence[_SupportsArray[dtype]], bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes, _NestedSequence[Union[bool, int, float, complex, str, bytes]]]) -- Temperature in Kelvin.
- **trans_coeff** (float, default: 1.0) -- Unitless transmission coefficient, e.g., obtained from Wigner or Eckart correction.

Returns

Eyring reaction rate in 1/s.

Return type

rate

`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.get_rates(temperature, reactant_thermos, ts_thermo, product_thermos=None)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.get_rates_for_geoms(temperature, reactant_geoms, ts_geom, product_geoms)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.get_rates_for_hessians(temperature, reactant_h5s, ts_h5, product_h5s)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.harmonic_tst_rate(barrier_height, temperature, rs_part_func, ts_part_func, trans_coeff=1.0)`

Rate constant in 1/s from harmonic TST.

See <http://dx.doi.org/10.18419/opus-9841>, chapter 5. Contrary to the Eyring rate this function does only takes a scalar temperature as the partition functions are also functions of the temperature and would have to be recalculated for different temperatures.

A possible extension would be to also support multiple rs/ts partition functions, one for each temperature.

Parameters

- **barrier_height** (float) -- Barrier height (energy, enthalpy, gibbs energy, ...) in Hartree.
- **rs_part_func** (float) -- Partition function of the reactant state.
- **ts_part_func** (float) -- Partition function of the transition state.
- **temperature** (float) -- Temperature in Kelvin.
- **trans_coeff** (float, default: 1.0) -- Unitless transmission coefficient, e.g., obtained from Wigner or Eckart correction.

Returns

HTST reaction rate in 1/s.

Return type

rate

`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.render_rx_rates(rx_rates)`

Return type

str

`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.tunl(alpha1, alpha2, U, strict=False)`

Eckart correction factor for rate constants according to Brown.

Python adaption of the TUNL subroutine in 4. Appendix of [5].

Parameters

- **alpha1** (float) -- Unitless barrier height descriptor. $2 V_1 / (h \nu^*)$; see (2) in [5].
- **alpha2** (float) -- Unitless barrier height descriptor. $2 V_2 / (h \nu^*)$; see (2) in [5].
- **u** -- Unitless curvature descriptor. $h \nu^* / kT$; see (2) in [5].
- **strict** (bool, default: False) -- If enabled, arguments are bound checked. Will raise `AssertionError` if they are out of bounds. TUNL was found to yield accurate results when the arguments are within bounds.

Returns

Unitless tunneling correction according to Eckart.

Return type

G

`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.wigner_corr(temperature, imag_frequency)`

Tunneling correction according to Wigner.

See <https://doi.org/10.1002/qua.25686> eq. (12) and https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-642-59033-7_9 for the original publication.

Parameters

- **temperature** (float) -- Temperature in Kelvin.
- **imag_frequency** (float) -- Imaginary frequency in 1/s.

Returns

Unitless tunneling correction according to Wigner.

Return type

kappa

pysisyphus.drivers.replace module

`pysisyphus.drivers.replace.get_bond_subgeom(geom, ind, invert=False)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.replace.normalize_replacements(replacements)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.replace.parse_args(args)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.replace.replace_atom(geom, ind, repl_geom, repl_ind, return_full=True, opt=False, use_xtb=False, charge=0, mult=1)`

Replace atom with fragment.

`pysisyphus.drivers.replace.replace_atoms(geom, replacements, opt=False, use_xtb=False, charge=0, mult=1)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.replace.run()`

`pysisyphus.drivers.replace.run_opt(geom, freeze_inds, ff='uff', use_xtb=False, charge=0, mult=1)`

pysisyphus.drivers.scan module

`pysisyphus.drivers.scan.relaxed_1d_scan(geom, calc_getter, constrain_prims, start, step_size, steps, opt_key, opt_kwargs, pref=None, callback=None)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.scan.relaxed_scan(geom, calc_getter, constrain_prims, target_values, title, max_cycles=25, trust_radius=0.5, thresh=0.01, dump=True)`

Relaxed scan, allowing fixing of multiple primitive internals.

pysisyphus.drivers.thermo module

`pysisyphus.drivers.thermo.parse_args(args)`

`pysisyphus.drivers.thermo.run_thermo()`

Module contents

16.1.1.6 pysisyphus.dynamics package

Submodules

pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian module

class pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.DummyColvar

Bases: object

eval(*x*)

class pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.Gaussian(*w=1, s=1, x0=None, colvar=None, dump_name=None*)

Bases: object

__init__(*w=1, s=1, x0=None, colvar=None, dump_name=None*)

See:

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cpc.2018.02.017>

$V(f(x)) = w * \exp(-(f(x) - f_0)**2 / (2*s**2))$

$F(x) = -dV/dx = -dV/df * df/dx$

See also:

<https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.90.238302>

calculate(*coords, x0=None, gradient=False*)

Return potential and gradient for Gaussian(s) centered at x0.

dump(*step, s, w, center*)

eval(*coords, x0=None*)

gradient(*coords, x0=None*)

property s

value(*coords, x0=None*)

property w

pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars module

class pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.CVBend(*indices, **kwargs*)

Bases: [Colvar](#)

value(*c3d*)

class pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.CVDistance(*indices, **kwargs*)

Bases: [Colvar](#)

value(*c3d*)

class pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.CVTorsion(*indices, **kwargs*)

Bases: [Colvar](#)

value(*c3d*)

class pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.**Colvar**(*force_agrad=False*)

Bases: object

eval(*coords*)

gradient(*c3d*)

abstract value(*c3d*)

pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.**get_colvar**(*key, kwargs*)

pysisyphus.dynamics.driver module

class pysisyphus.dynamics.driver.**MDResult**(*coords, t_ps, step, terminated, T, E_tot*)

Bases: tuple

E_tot

Alias for field number 5

T

Alias for field number 4

coords

Alias for field number 0

step

Alias for field number 2

t_ps

Alias for field number 1

terminated

Alias for field number 3

pysisyphus.dynamics.driver.**get_data_model**(*atoms, dump_steps*)

pysisyphus.dynamics.driver.**md**(*geom, v0, steps, dt, remove_com_v=True, thermostat=None, T=298.15, timecon=100, term_funcs=None, constraints=None, constraint_kwargs=None, gaussians=None, verbose=True, print_stride=50, dump_stride=None, h5_group_name='run'*)

Velocity verlet integrator.

Parameters

- **geom** (*Geometry*) -- The system for which the dynamics are to be run.
- **v0** (*np.array, floats*) -- Initial velocities in Bohr/fs.
- **steps** (*float*) -- Number of simulation steps.
- **dt** (*float*) -- Timestep in fs.
- **remove_com_v** (*bool, default=True*) -- Remove center-of-mass velocity.
- **thermostat** (*str, optional, default None*) -- Which and whether to use a thermostat.
- **T** (*float, optional, default=None*) -- Desired temperature in thermostated runs.

- **timecon** (*float*) -- Timeconstant of the thermostat in fs.
- **term_funcs** (*dict, optional*) -- Iterable of functions that are called with the atomic coordinates in every MD cycle and result in termination
- **constraints** (*2d iterable, optional*) -- 2D iterable containing atom indices describing constrained bond lengths. of the MD integration when they evaluate to true.
- **constraint_kwargs** (*dict, optional*) -- Keyword arguments for the constraint algorithm.
- **gaussians** (*list, optional, default=None*) -- List of Gaussians to be used in a metadynamics run.
- **verbose** (*bool, default=True*) -- Do additional printing when True.
- **print_stride** (*int, default=50*) -- Report every n-th step.
- **dump_stride** (*int, default=None*) -- If given, MD data will be dumped to a HDF5 file every n-th step.
- **str** (*h5_group_name =*) -- Name of the HDF5 group, used for dumping.
- **optional** -- Name of the HDF5 group, used for dumping.

pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers module

pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.**dump_coords**(*atoms, coords, trj_fn*)

pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.**energy_forces_getter_closure**(*geom*)

pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.**get_mb_velocities**(*masses, cart_coords, T, remove_com_v=True, remove_rot_v=True, seed=None*)

Initial velocities from Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution.

Parameters

- **masses** (*np.array, 1d, shape (number of atoms,)*) -- Atomic masses in amu.
- **cart_coords** (*iterable, 1d, shape (3 * number of atoms,)*) -- Atomic cartesian coordinates. Needed for removal of rotation.
- **T** (*float*) -- Temperature in Kelvin.
- **remove_com_v** (*bool, default=True, optional*) -- Whether to remove center-of-mass velocity.
- **remove_rot_v** (*bool, default=True, optional*) -- Whether to remove rotational velocity.
- **seed** (*int, default=None, optional*) -- Seed for the random-number-generator.

Returns

v -- Initial velocities in Bohr/fs.

Return type

np.array, 2d, shape (number of atoms, 3)

pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.**get_mb_velocities_for_geom**(*geom, T, remove_com_v=True, remove_rot_v=True, seed=None*)

Initial velocities from Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution.

See 'get_mb_velocities' for explanation.

`pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.kinetic_energy_for_temperature(atom_number, T, fixed_dof=0)`

Kinetic energy for given temperature and number of atoms.

Each atom has three degrees of freedom ($1/2 * 3 == 3/2$).

Parameters

- **atom_number** (*int*) -- Number of atoms. Each atom has three degrees of freedom.
- **T** (*float*) -- Temperature in Kelvin.
- **fixed_dof** (*int, optional, default=0*) -- Number of fixed degrees of freedom, e.g. 3 when the center-of-mass velocity is removed.

Returns

E_kin -- Kinetic energy in Hartree.

Return type

float

`pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.kinetic_energy_from_velocities(masses, velocities)`

Kinetic energy for given velocities and masses.

Parameters

- **masses** (*1d array, shape (number of atoms,)*) -- Atomic masses in amu.
- **velocities** (*2d array, (number of atoms, 3)*) -- Atomic velocities in Bohr/fs.

Returns

E_kin -- Kinetic energy in Hartree.

Return type

float

`pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.remove_com_velocity(v, masses, keep_norm=True)`

Remove center-of-mass velocity.

Returned units vary with the given input units.

Parameters

- **v** (*np.array, 2d, shape (number of atoms, 3)*) -- Velocities.
- **masses** (*np.array, 1d, shape (number of atoms,)*) -- Atomic masses.
- **keep_norm** (*bool, default=True*) -- Whether to rescale v to its original norm, after removal of v_com.

Returns

v -- Velocities without center-of-mass velocity.

Return type

np.array

`pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.scale_velocities_to_energy(masses, v, E_desired)`

Scale velocities to a given temperature.

Parameters

- **masses** (*np.array, 1d, shape (number of atoms,)*) -- Atomic masses in amu.
- **v** (*np.array, 2d, shape (number of atoms, 3)*) -- (Unscaled) velocities in Bohr/fs.
- **E_desired** (*float*) -- Desired kinetic energy in Hartree.

Returns

v -- Scaled velocities in Bohr/fs.

Return type

np.array, 2d, shape (number of atoms, 3)

`pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.scale_velocities_to_temperature(masses, v, T_desired, fixed_dof=0)`

Scale velocities to a given temperature.

Parameters

- **masses** (np.array, 1d, shape (number of atoms,)) -- Atomic masses in amu.
- **v** (np.array, 2d, shape (number of atoms, 3)) -- (Unscaled) velocities in Bohr/fs.
- **T_desired** (float) -- Desired temperature in Kelvin.
- **fixed_dof** (int, optional, default=0) -- Number of fixed degrees of freedom, e.g. 3 when the center-of-mass velocity is removed.

Returns

v -- Scaled velocities in Bohr/fs.

Return type

np.array, 2d, shape (number of atoms, 3)

`pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.temperature_for_kinetic_energy(atom_number, E_kin, fixed_dof=0)`

Temperature for given kinetic energy and atom number.

Each atom has three degrees of freedom ($1/2 * 3 == 3/2$).

Parameters

- **atom_number** (int) -- Number of atoms. Each atom has three degrees of freedom.
- **E_kin** (float) -- Kinetic energy in Hartree.
- **fixed_dof** (int, optional, default=0) -- Number of fixed degrees of freedom, e.g. 3 when the center-of-mass velocity is removed.

Returns

Temperature -- Temperature in Kelvin.

Return type

float

`pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers.unscaled_velocity_distribution(masses, T, seed=None)`

$\exp(-v^2 * m / (2 * kT)) \ln() - 1/2 * v^2 * m / kT \quad v^2 - 2 * \ln() * kT / m \quad v \pm (-2 * \ln() * kT / m)^{0.5} \quad v \pm (-2 * k)^{0.5} * (\ln() * T / m)^{0.5}$

The first term of the RHS is constant. As we later scale the velocities we neglect it. Don't use these velocities unscaled!

$v \pm (\ln() * T / m)^{0.5}$

pysisyphus.dynamics.lincs module

`pysisyphus.dynamics.lincs.lincs_closure(geom, constraints, order=4)`

Drop `conn_nums` and keep `conns_` in a list of list, instead of an array. We could do everything with

```
for i, conn_constr in enumerate(conns)
    pass
```

instead of the pseudo-code way as given in the paper.

pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp module

`pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp.MDPResult`

alias of `MDResult`

`pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp.mdp(geom, steps, dt, term_funcs=None, steps_init=None, E_excess=0.0, displ_length=0.1, epsilon=0.0005, ascent_alpha=0.05, max_ascent_steps=25, max_init_trajs=10, dump=True, seed=None, external_md=False)`

`pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp.parse_raw_term_func(raw_term_func)`

`pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp.parse_raw_term_funcs(raw_term_funcs)`

`pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp.run_md(geom, dt, steps, v0=None, term_funcs=None, external=False)`

pysisyphus.dynamics.rattle module

`pysisyphus.dynamics.rattle.rattle_closure(geom, constraints, dt, tol=0.001, max_cycles=25, energy_forces_getter=None, remove_com_v=True)`

pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats module

`pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats.berendsen_closure(sigma, dof, dt, tau=100, rng=None)`

<https://doi.org/10.1063/1.448118>

`pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats.csvr_closure(sigma, dof, dt, tau=100, rng=None)`

Parameters

- **sigma** (*float*) -- Target average value of the kinetic energy ($1/2 \text{ dof } k_b T$) in the same units as `cur_kinetic_energy`.
- **dof** (*int*) -- Degrees of freedom.
- **tau** (*float*) -- Timeconstant of the thermostat. `tau` : float Timeconstant of the thermostat.
- **rng** (*numpy.random.Generator, optional*) -- Instances of a random number generator (RNG). If it is not provided the module-level RNG will be used.

`pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats.csvr_closure_2(sigma, dof, dt, tau=100, rng=None)`

`pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats.sum_noises(num, rng=None)`

Parameters

- **num** (*int*) -- Number of independent Gaussian noises to be squared.
- **rng** (*numpy.random.Generator*, *optional*) -- Instances of a random number generator (RNG). If it is not provided the module-level RNG will be used.

Module contents

16.1.1.7 pysisyphus.intcoords package

Submodules

pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend module

class pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend.**Bend**(*indices*, *periodic=False*, *calc_kwargs=None*, *cache=False*)

Bases: *Primitive*

pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend2 module

class pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend2.**Bend2**(*indices*, *periodic=False*, *calc_kwargs=None*, *cache=False*)

Bases: *Bend*

pysisyphus.intcoords.BondedFragment module

class pysisyphus.intcoords.BondedFragment.**BondedFragment**(*indices*, *bond_indices*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Primitive*

pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian module

class pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian.**Cartesian**(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Primitive*

class pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian.**CartesianX**(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Cartesian*

cart_axis = 0

class pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian.**CartesianY**(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Cartesian*

cart_axis = 1

class pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian.**CartesianZ**(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Cartesian*

cart_axis = 2

pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords(atoms, coords3d, masses,
                                                         freeze_atoms=None, *,
                                                         mass_weighted=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [CoordSys](#)

property coords: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Getter for coordinates in this coordinate system.

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property coords3d: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Getter for 3d Cartesian coordinates.

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property inv_masses_rep_sqrt: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property masses: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property masses_sqrt: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

project_hessian(*hessian*)

Project Hessian in the current coordinate system.

transform_forces(*cart_forces*)

Transform Cartesian forces to this coordinate system.

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

transform_hessian(*cart_hessian, int_gradient=None*)

Transform Cartesian Hessian to this coordinate system.

transform_int_step(*step, update_constraints=False, pure=False*)

Transform step in this coordinate system to Cartesians.

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property typed_prims: `List`

List of (primitive) internal coordinates.

May be empty, e.g., when the coordinate system is Cartesian.

Return type

`List`

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.MWCartesianCoords(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: CartesianCoords
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords.CoordSys(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Protocol

    abstract property coords: ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]
        Getter for coordinates in this coordinate system.

        Return type
        ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]

    abstract property coords3d: ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]
        Getter for 3d Cartesian coordinates.

        Return type
        ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]

    abstract project_hessian(hessian)
        Project Hessian in the current coordinate system.

        Return type
        ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]

    abstract transform_forces(cart_forces)
        Transform Cartesian forces to this coordinate system.

        Return type
        ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]

    abstract transform_hessian(cart_hessian, int_gradient)
        Transform Cartesian Hessian to this coordinate system.

        Return type
        ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]

    abstract transform_int_step(step, update_constraints=False, pure=False)
        Transform step in this coordinate system to Cartesians.

        Return type
        ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]

    abstract property typed_prims: List
        List of (primitive) internal coordinates.

        May be empty, e.g., when the coordinate system is Cartesian.

        Return type
        List
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC(*args, full_set=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [RedundantCoords](#)

property B

Wilson B-Matrix in the non-redundant subspace.

property U

backtransform_hessian(*args, **kwargs)

Transform Hessian in internal coordinates to Cartesians.

property constraints

property coords

freeze_primitives(typed_prims)

Freeze primitive internal coordinates.

Parameters

typed_prims (iterable of typed primitives) -- Iterable containing typed-primitives, starting with a PrimType and followed by atom indices.

get_active_set(B, inv_thresh=None)

See [5] between Eq. (7) and Eq. (8) for advice regarding the threshold.

get_constrained_U(constraint_vecs)

project_hessian(H)

As we already work in the non-redundant subspace we don't have to project/shift the hessian as we do it for simple redundant internal coordinates.

project_primitive_on_active_set(prim_ind)

reset_constraints()

set_active_set()

transform_hessian(cart_hessian, int_gradient=None)

Transform Cartesian Hessian to DLC.

transform_int_step(step, *args, **kwargs)

As the transformation is done in primitive internal coordinates we convert the DLC back to primitive coordinates.

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.HDLC(*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [DLC](#)

pysisyphus.intcoords.DistanceFunction module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.DistanceFunction.DistanceFunction(indices, coeff=-1, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Primitive*

pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion.DummyTorsion(indices, *args, fix_inner=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Torsion*

```
static get_coords3d_and_indices_ext(coords3d, indices)
```

```
static get_fourth_coords(coords3d, indices, r=1.889, theta=90)
```

```
    M N <- add
```

```
        /
```

```
        u v
```

```
        /
```

```
        P
```

m, o, p, n = indices

pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend.LinearBend(*args, complement=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Primitive*

```
calculate(coords3d, indices=None, gradient=False)
```

```
jacobian(coords3d, indices=None)
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement.LinearDisplacement(*args, complement=False,
                                                                    **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Primitive*

```
calculate(coords3d, indices=None, gradient=False)
```

```
jacobian(coords3d, indices=None)
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.OutOfPlane module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.OutOfPlane.OutOfPlane(indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None,
                                                    cache=False)
```

Bases: *Primitive*

[1] [https://doi.org/10.1002/\(SICI\)1096-987X\(19990730\)20:10<1067::AID-JCC9>3.0.CO;2-V](https://doi.org/10.1002/(SICI)1096-987X(19990730)20:10<1067::AID-JCC9>3.0.CO;2-V)
Lee, 1999

pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes module

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PT
```

alias of *PrimTypes*

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes(value)
```

Bases: *OrderedEnum*

An enumeration.

AUX_BOND = 1

AUX_INTERFRAG_BOND = 4

BEND = 5

BEND2 = 28

BOND = 0

BONDED_FRAGMENT = 25

CARTESIAN = 21

CARTESIAN_X = 22

CARTESIAN_Y = 23

CARTESIAN_Z = 24

DISTANCE_FUNCTION = 27

DUMMY_TORSION = 26

HYDROGEN_BOND = 2

IMPROPER_DIHEDRAL = 9

INTERFRAG_BOND = 3

LINEAR_BEND = 6

LINEAR_BEND_COMPLEMENT = 7

LINEAR_DISPLACEMENT = 11

LINEAR_DISPLACEMENT_COMPLEMENT = 12

OUT_OF_PLANE = 10

```
PROPER_DIHEDRAL = 8
```

```
PROPER_DIHEDRAL2 = 29
```

```
ROTATION = 17
```

```
ROTATION_A = 18
```

```
ROTATION_B = 19
```

```
ROTATION_C = 20
```

```
TRANSLATION = 13
```

```
TRANSLATION_X = 14
```

```
TRANSLATION_Y = 15
```

```
TRANSLATION_Z = 16
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.get_bonded_frag_coord()
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.get_dist_func()
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.get_rot_coord(cls)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.normalize_prim_input(prim_inp)
```

Normalize input for `define_prims` and `constrain_prims`

The `intcoords.RedundantCoords` constructor expects lists of integer lists (tuples) for arguments like `'define_prims'` and `'constrain_prims'`. The first item of every list determines the type of primitive coordinate. Currently there are about 20 different types and it is hard to remember all of them.

So we also allow a more human friendly input, that is normalized here. The most common primitives are:

0: BOND 5: BEND 8: PROPER_DIHEDRAL

This function maps inputs like `["BOND", 1, 2]` to `[PrimTypes.BOND, 1, 2]` etc.

Always returns a list of tuples, as some `prim_inps` expand to multiple coordinates, e.g., XYZ or ATOM.

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.normalize_prim_inputs(prim_inps)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.prims_from_prim_inputs(prim_inps)
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive.Primitive(indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None,
                                              cache=False)
```

Bases: object

```
calculate(coords3d, indices=None, gradient=False)
```

```
jacobian(coords3d, indices=None)
```

```
log(msg, lvl=10)
```

```
log_dbg(msg)
```

```

static parallel(u, v, thresh=1e-06)

static rho(atoms, coords3d, indices)

set_cross_vec(coords3d, indices)

weight(atoms, coords3d, f_damping=0.12)

```

pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.HybridRedundantCoords(*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [RedundantCoords](#)

```

class pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords(atoms, coords3d, masses=None,
                                                             bond_factor=1.3, typed_prims=None,
                                                             define_prims=None,
                                                             constrain_prims=None,
                                                             freeze_atoms=None,
                                                             freeze_atoms_exclude=False,
                                                             define_for=None, bonds_only=False,
                                                             check_bends=True, rebuild=True,
                                                             bend_min_deg=15,
                                                             dihed_max_deg=175,
                                                             lb_min_deg=175, weighted=False,
                                                             min_weight=0.3,
                                                             svd_inv_thresh=0.000316,
                                                             recalc_B=False, tric=False,
                                                             hybrid=False, hbond_angles=False)

```

Bases: object

property B

Wilson B-Matrix

property B_inv

Generalized inverse of the Wilson B-Matrix.

property B_inv_prim

Generalized inverse of the primitive Wilson B-Matrix.

property B_prim

Wilson B-Matrix

property Bt_inv

Transposed generalized inverse of the Wilson B-Matrix.

property Bt_inv_prim

Transposed generalized inverse of the primitive Wilson B-Matrix.

property C

Diagonal matrix. Entries for constraints are set to one.

property P

Projection matrix onto B. See [1] Eq. (4).

```
backtransform_hessian(redund_hessian, int_gradient=None)
```

Transform Hessian in internal coordinates to Cartesians.

`property bend_atom_indices`
`property bend_indices`
`property bond_atom_indices`
`property bond_indices`
`property bond_typed_prims`
`property cartesian_indices`
`clear()`
`property constrained_indices`
`property coords`
`property coords3d`
`property dihedral_atom_indices`
`property dihedral_indices`
`eval(coords3d, attr=None)`
`get_K_matrix(int_gradient=None)`
`get_index_of_typed_prim(typed_prim)`
 Index in self.typed_prims for the supplied typed_prim.
`get_prim_internals_by_indices(indices)`
`inv_B(B)`
`inv_Bt(B)`
`property linear_bend_indices`
`log(message)`
`log_int_grad_msg(int_gradient)`
`property outofplane_indices`
`property prim_coords`
`property prim_indices_set`
`property prim_internals`
`property primitives`
`print_typed_prims()`
`project_hessian(H, shift=1000)`
 Expects a hessian in internal coordinates. See Eq. (11) in [1].
`project_vector(vector)`
 Project supplied vector onto range of B.

`return_inds(slice_)`

property `rotation_indices`

`set_inds_from_typed_prims(typed_prims)`

`set_primitive_indices(atoms, coords3d)`

`transform_forces(cart_forces)`

Combination of Eq. (9) and (11) in [1].

`transform_hessian(cart_hessian, int_gradient=None)`

Transform Cartesian Hessian to internal coordinates.

`transform_int_step(int_step, update_constraints=False, pure=False)`

property `translation_indices`

property `typed_prims`

`class pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.TRIC(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: [*RedundantCoords*](#)

pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation module

`class pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.Rotation(indices, *args, ref_coords3d, **kwargs)`

Bases: [*Primitive*](#)

See (II. Theory) in [1], Eq. (3) - (14)

`index = None`

`static to_origin(coords3d, indices)`

`class pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.RotationA(indices, *args, ref_coords3d, **kwargs)`

Bases: [*Rotation*](#)

`index = 0`

`class pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.RotationB(indices, *args, ref_coords3d, **kwargs)`

Bases: [*Rotation*](#)

`index = 1`

`class pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.RotationC(indices, *args, ref_coords3d, **kwargs)`

Bases: [*Rotation*](#)

`index = 2`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.compare_to_geometric(c3d, ref_c3d, dR, dF, dqdx, dvdx, atol=1e-14)`

pysisyphus.intcoords.Stretch module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.Stretch.Stretch(indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None, cache=False)
    Bases: Primitive
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion.Torsion(indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None, cache=False)
    Bases: Primitive
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion2 module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion2.Torsion2(indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None,
                                              cache=False)

    Bases: Torsion
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation.Translation(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Primitive
```

See (II. Theory) in [1], Eq. (2)

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation.TranslationX(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Translation

    cart_axis = 0
```

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation.TranslationY(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Translation

    cart_axis = 1
```

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation.TranslationZ(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Translation

    cart_axis = 2
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds module

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds.augment_bonds(geom, root=0, proj=False)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds.find_missing_bonds_by_projection(geom, hessian,
                                                                    bond_factor=2.0,
                                                                    bond_thresh=0.35,
                                                                    concerted_thresh=0.35,
                                                                    root=0)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds.find_missing_strong_bonds(geom, hessian, bond_factor=1.7,
                                                                thresh=0.3, root=0)
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives module

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.d2q_a(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.d2q_a2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend2, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.d2q_b(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2)`

Stretch, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.d2q_d(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.d2q_d2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion2, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.d2q_lb(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Bend, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.d2q_ld(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Displacement, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.d2q_oop(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2)`

OutOfPlane, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.dq_a(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.dq_a2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend2, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.dq_b(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2)`

Stretch, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.dq_d(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.dq_d2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion2, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.dq_lb(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Bend, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.dq_ld(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Displacement, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.dq_oop(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2)`

OutOfPlane, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.q_a(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.q_a2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend2

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.q_b(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2)`

Stretch

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.q_d(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.q_d2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion2

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.q_lb(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Bend

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.q_ld(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Displacement

`pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives.q_oop(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2)`

OutOfPlane

pysisyphus.intcoords.eval module

class `pysisyphus.intcoords.eval.PrimInternal(inds, val, grad=None)`

Bases: object

`pysisyphus.intcoords.eval.augment_primitives(missing_prims, coords3d, prim_indices, fragments)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.eval.check_primitives(coords3d, primitives, B=None, thresh=1e-06, logger=None)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.eval.eval_B(coords3d, primitives)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.eval.eval_primitives(coords3d, primitives)`

pysisyphus.intcoords.exceptions module

exception `pysisyphus.intcoords.exceptions.DifferentCoordLengthsException`

Bases: Exception

exception `pysisyphus.intcoords.exceptions.DifferentPrimitivesException`

Bases: Exception

exception `pysisyphus.intcoords.exceptions.NeedNewInternalsException(coords3d, *args, invalid_inds=None, invalid_prims=None, **kwargs)`

Bases: Exception

exception `pysisyphus.intcoords.exceptions.PrimitiveNotDefinedException(typed_prim, *args, **kwargs)`

Bases: Exception

exception `pysisyphus.intcoords.exceptions.RebuiltInternalsException(*args, typed_prims=None, **kwargs)`

Bases: Exception

pysisyphus.intcoords.findiffs module

pysisyphus.intcoords.findiffs.**fin_diff_B**(*primitive*, *coords3d*, *delta=1e-06*)

Derivatives of a primitive internal gradient wrt its defining cartesian coordinates.

pysisyphus.intcoords.findiffs.**fin_diff_prim**(*primitive*, *coords3d*, *delta=1e-06*)

Derivatives of a primitive internal gradient wrt its defining cartesian coordinates.

pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives module

class pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.**FuncResult**(*d0*, *d1*, *d2*, *f0*, *f1*, *f2*)

Bases: tuple

d0

Alias for field number 0

d1

Alias for field number 1

d2

Alias for field number 2

f0

Alias for field number 3

f1

Alias for field number 4

f2

Alias for field number 5

pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.**generate_wilson**(*generate=None*, *out_fn='derivatives.py'*,
use_mpmath=False)

pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.**make_deriv_funcs**(*base_expr*, *dx*, *args*, *names*, *comment*,
use_mpmath=True)

pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.**make_py_func**(*exprs*, *args=None*, *name=None*, *comment=""*,
use_mpmath=False)

pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers module

pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.**form_coordinate_union**(*geom1*, *geom2*)

pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.**get_bond_difference**(*geom1*, *geom2*, *bond_factor=1.3*)

Return formed and broken bonds when going from geom1 to geom2.

pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.**get_bond_differences_verbose**(*geom1*, *geom2*, *bond_factor=1.3*,
key1='geom1', *key2='geom2'*)

pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.**get_step**(*geom*, *coords*)

`pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.get_tangent(prims1, prims2, dihedral_inds, normalize=False)`

Normalized tangent between primitive internal coordinates.

Tangent pointing from `prims1` to `prims2` in primitive internal coordinates, taking into account the periodicity of dihedral angles.

Parameters

- **prims1** (*np.array*) -- 1d-array of primitive internal coordinates in the order (stretches, bends, dihedrals).
- **prims2** (*np.array*) -- See `prims1`.
- **dihedral_inds** (*list of int*) -- Dihedral indices in `prims1` and `prims2`.

Returns

tangent -- 1d array containing the normalized tangent pointing from `prims1` to `prims2`.

Return type

np.array

`pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.get_weighted_bond_mode(weighted_bonds, coords3d, remove_translation=True)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.get_weighted_bond_mode_getter(target_weighted_bonds, bond_factor=1.2, fractional=False)`

Create input for `intcoords.helpers.get_weighted_bond_mode`.

Compared to the rest of `pysisyphus` this method uses a slightly lowered bond factor, so it is more strict regarding what is considered a bond and what not.

`pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.interfragment_distance(frag1, frag2, coords3d)`

Return type

float

`pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.merge_coordinate_definitions(geom1, geom2)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers.verbose_bond_difference(formed, broken, key1, key2, atoms=None)`

pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives module

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.d2q_a(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.d2q_a2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend2, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.d2q_b(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2)`

Stretch, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.d2q_d(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.d2q_d2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion2, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.d2q_lb(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Bend, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.d2q_ld(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Displacement, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.d2q_oop(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2)`

OutOfPlane, 2nd derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.dq_a(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.dq_a2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend2, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.dq_b(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2)`

Stretch, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.dq_d(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.dq_d2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion2, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.dq_lb(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Bend, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.dq_ld(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Displacement, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.dq_oop(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2)`

OutOfPlane, first derivative wrt. Cartesians

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.q_a(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.q_a2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2)`

Bend2

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.q_b(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2)`

Stretch

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.q_d(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.q_d2(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2, n0, n1, n2)`

Torsion2

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.q_lb(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Bend

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.q_ld(m0, m1, m2, o0, o1, o2, n0, n1, n2, p0, p1, p2)`

Linear Displacement

`pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives.q_oop(m0, m1, m2, n0, n1, n2, o0, o1, o2, p0, p1, p2)`

OutOfPlane

pysisyphus.intcoords.setup module

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo(bonds, hydrogen_bonds, interfrag_bonds,  
                                           aux_interfrag_bonds, bends, linear_bends,  
                                           linear_bend_complements, proper_dihedrals,  
                                           improper_dihedrals, translation_inds, rotation_inds,  
                                           cartesian_inds, typed_prims, fragments)
```

Bases: tuple

aux_interfrag_bonds

Alias for field number 3

bends

Alias for field number 4

bonds

Alias for field number 0

cartesian_inds

Alias for field number 11

fragments

Alias for field number 13

hydrogen_bonds

Alias for field number 1

improper_dihedrals

Alias for field number 8

interfrag_bonds

Alias for field number 2

linear_bend_complements

Alias for field number 6

linear_bends

Alias for field number 5

proper_dihedrals

Alias for field number 7

rotation_inds

Alias for field number 10

translation_inds

Alias for field number 9

typed_prims

Alias for field number 12

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.connect_fragments(cdm, fragments, max_aux=3.78, aux_factor=1.3,  
                                              logger=None)
```

Determine the smallest interfragment bond for a list of fragments and a condensed distance matrix.

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.get_bend_inds(coords3d, bond_inds, min_deg, max_deg, logger=None)
```



```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.get_bond_mat(geom, bond_factor=1.3)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.get_bond_sets(atoms, coords3d, bond_factor=1.3, return_cdm=False,
                                          return_cbm=False)
```

I'm sorry, but this function does not return sets, but an int ndarray.

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.get_dihedral_inds(coords3d, bond_inds, bend_inds, max_deg, logger=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.get_fragments(atoms, coords, bond_inds=None, bond_factor=1.3)
```

This misses unconnected single atoms!

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.get_hydrogen_bond_inds(atoms, coords3d, bond_inds, logger=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.get_linear_bend_inds(coords3d, cbm, bends, min_deg=175, max_bonds=4,
                                                logger=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.get_pair_covalent_radii(atoms)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.get_primitives(coords3d, typed_prims, logger=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.setup_redundant(atoms, coords3d, factor=1.3, define_prims=None,
                                           min_deg=15, dihed_max_deg=175.0, lb_min_deg=None,
                                           lb_max_bonds=4, min_weight=None, tric=False,
                                           hybrid=False, interfrag_hbonds=True,
                                           hbond_angles=False, freeze_atoms=None, define_for=None,
                                           logger=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.setup_redundant_from_geom(geom, *args, **kwargs)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.sort_by_prim_type(to_sort=None)
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast module

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast.find_bends(coords3d, bonds, min_deg, max_deg, logger=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast.find_bonds(atoms, coords3d, covalent_radii=None, bond_factor=1.3)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast.find_bonds_bends(geom, bond_factor=1.3, min_deg=15,
                                                  max_deg=175)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast.find_bonds_for_geom(geom, bond_factor=1.3)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast.find_dihedrals(coords3d, bonds, bends, max_deg, logger=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast.get_bond_vec_getter(atoms, covalent_radii, bonds_for_inds,
                                                    no_bonds_with=None, bond_factor=1.3)
```

```
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast.get_max_bond_dists(atoms, bond_factor, covalent_radii=None)
```

pysisyphus.intcoords.update module

`pysisyphus.intcoords.update.correct_dihedrals(new_dihedrals, old_dihedrals)`

Dihedrals are periodic. Going from -179° to 179° is not a step of 358° , but a step of 2° . By considering the actual distance of the dihedrals from the correct step can be calculated.

$$\text{dihedral step length} = \text{abs}(\text{abs}(\text{new_dihedral}) -) + \text{abs}(\text{abs}(\text{old_dihedral}) -)$$

or put differently

$$\text{dihedral step length} = \text{abs}(\text{abs}(\text{new_dihedral} - \text{old_dihedral}) - 2^*)$$

The sign is left to be determined. Going from -179° to 179° (roughly $-- = 2$) is a counter clockwise rotation and the dihedral has to decrease below $-$. Going from 179° to -179° (roughly $-- = -2$) is a clockwise rotation and the dihedral increases above $-$. So the correct sign corresponds to the negative sign of the original difference.

original difference 2 \rightarrow dihedral must decrease \rightarrow sign = -1 original difference -2 \rightarrow dihedral must increase \rightarrow sign = +1

Overall, the old dihedral is modified by the actual step length with the correct sign.

`pysisyphus.intcoords.update.inds_from_prim_types(typed_prims, prim_types)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.update.transform_int_step(int_step, old_cart_coords, cur_internals, Bt_inv_prim, primitives, typed_prims=None, dihedral_inds=None, rotation_inds=None, bend_inds=None, check_dihedrals=False, check_bends=False, bend_min_deg=15, bend_max_deg=175, freeze_atoms=None, constrained_inds=None, update_constraints=False, cart_rms_thresh=1e-06, Bt_inv_prim_getter=None, max_cycles=25, logger=None)`

Transformation is done in primitive internals, so `int_step` must be given in primitive internals and not in DLC!

`pysisyphus.intcoords.update.update_internals(new_coords3d, old_internals, primitives, dihedral_inds, rotation_inds, bend_inds, check_dihedrals=False, check_bends=False, bend_min_deg=15, bend_max_deg=175, rotation_thresh=0.9, logger=None)`

pysisyphus.intcoords.valid module

`pysisyphus.intcoords.valid.are_collinear(vec1, vec2, deg_thresh=179.5)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.valid.bend_valid(coords3d, indices, min_deg, max_deg)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.valid.check_typed_prims(coords3d, typed_prims, bend_min_deg, dihed_max_deg, lb_min_deg, logger=None, check_bends=True)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.valid.dihedral_valid(coords3d, inds, deg_thresh=177.5)`

`pysisyphus.intcoords.valid.dihedrals_are_valid(coords3d, dihedral_inds, logger=None)`

Module contents

class pysisyphus.intcoords.**Bend**(*indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None, cache=False*)

Bases: *Primitive*

class pysisyphus.intcoords.**Bend2**(*indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None, cache=False*)

Bases: *Bend*

class pysisyphus.intcoords.**CartesianCoords**(*atoms, coords3d, masses, freeze_atoms=None, *, mass_weighted=False, **kwargs*)

Bases: *CoordSys*

property coords: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Getter for coordinates in this coordinate system.

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property coords3d: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Getter for 3d Cartesian coordinates.

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property inv_masses_rep_sqrt: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property masses: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property masses_sqrt: `ndarray[Any, dtype[ScalarType]]`

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

project_hessian(*hessian*)

Project Hessian in the current coordinate system.

transform_forces(*cart_forces*)

Transform Cartesian forces to this coordinate system.

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

transform_hessian(*cart_hessian, int_gradient=None*)

Transform Cartesian Hessian to this coordinate system.

transform_int_step(*step, update_constraints=False, pure=False*)

Transform step in this coordinate system to Cartesians.

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[TypeVar(ScalarType, bound= generic, covariant=True)]]`

property typed_prims: List

List of (primitive) internal coordinates.

May be empty, e.g., when the coordinate system is Cartesian.

Return type

List

class pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianX(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: [Cartesian](#)

cart_axis = 0

class pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianY(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: [Cartesian](#)

cart_axis = 1

class pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianZ(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: [Cartesian](#)

cart_axis = 2

class pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC(*args, full_set=True, **kwargs)

Bases: [RedundantCoords](#)

property B

Wilson B-Matrix in the non-redundant subspace.

property U

backtransform_hessian(*args, **kwargs)

Transform Hessian in internal coordinates to Cartesians.

property constraints

property coords

freeze_primitives(typed_prims)

Freeze primitive internal coordinates.

Parameters

typed_prims (iterable of typed primitives) -- Iterable containing typed_primitives, starting with a PrimType and followed by atom indices.

get_active_set(B, inv_thresh=None)

See [5] between Eq. (7) and Eq. (8) for advice regarding the threshold.

get_constrained_U(constraint_vecs)

project_hessian(H)

As we already work in the non-redundant subspace we don't have to project/shift the hessian as we do it for simple redundant internal coordinates.

project_primitive_on_active_set(prim_ind)

reset_constraints()

set_active_set()

transform_hessian(*cart_hessian*, *int_gradient=None*)

Transform Cartesian Hessian to DLC.

transform_int_step(*step*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

As the transformation is done in primitive internal coordinates we convert the DLC back to primitive coordinates.

class pysisyphus.intcoords.DistanceFunction(*indices*, *coeff=-1*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Primitive*

class pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion(*indices*, **args*, *fix_inner=True*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Torsion*

static get_coords3d_and_indices_ext(*coords3d*, *indices*)

static get_fourth_coords(*coords3d*, *indices*, *r=1.889*, *theta=90*)

$MN \leftarrow add$

$/$

$u \ v$

$/$

P

$m, o, p, n = indices$

class pysisyphus.intcoords.HDLC(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *DLC*

class pysisyphus.intcoords.HybridRedundantCoords(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *RedundantCoords*

class pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend(**args*, *complement=False*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Primitive*

calculate(*coords3d*, *indices=None*, *gradient=False*)

jacobian(*coords3d*, *indices=None*)

class pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement(**args*, *complement=False*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Primitive*

calculate(*coords3d*, *indices=None*, *gradient=False*)

jacobian(*coords3d*, *indices=None*)

class pysisyphus.intcoords.MWCartesianCoords(**args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *CartesianCoords*

class pysisyphus.intcoords.OutOfPlane(*indices*, *periodic=False*, *calc_kwargs=None*, *cache=False*)

Bases: *Primitive*

[1] [https://doi.org/10.1002/\(SICI\)1096-987X\(19990730\)20:10<1067::AID-JCC9>3.0.CO;2-V](https://doi.org/10.1002/(SICI)1096-987X(19990730)20:10<1067::AID-JCC9>3.0.CO;2-V)

Lee, 1999

exception pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimitiveNotDefinedException(*typed_prim*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

Bases: *Exception*

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords(atoms, coords3d, masses=None, bond_factor=1.3,  
                                           typed_prims=None, define_prims=None,  
                                           constrain_prims=None, freeze_atoms=None,  
                                           freeze_atoms_exclude=False, define_for=None,  
                                           bonds_only=False, check_bends=True, rebuild=True,  
                                           bend_min_deg=15, dihed_max_deg=175, lb_min_deg=175,  
                                           weighted=False, min_weight=0.3,  
                                           svd_inv_thresh=0.000316, recalc_B=False, tric=False,  
                                           hybrid=False, hbond_angles=False)
```

Bases: object

property B

Wilson B-Matrix

property B_inv

Generalized inverse of the Wilson B-Matrix.

property B_inv_prim

Generalized inverse of the primitive Wilson B-Matrix.

property B_prim

Wilson B-Matrix

property Bt_inv

Transposed generalized inverse of the Wilson B-Matrix.

property Bt_inv_prim

Transposed generalized inverse of the primitive Wilson B-Matrix.

property C

Diagonal matrix. Entries for constraints are set to one.

property P

Projection matrix onto B. See [1] Eq. (4).

backtransform_hessian(*redund_hessian, int_gradient=None*)

Transform Hessian in internal coordinates to Cartesians.

property bend_atom_indices

property bend_indices

property bond_atom_indices

property bond_indices

property bond_typed_prims

property cartesian_indices

clear()

property constrained_indices

property coords

property coords3d

property `dihedral_atom_indices`
property `dihedral_indices`
eval(*coords3d*, *attr=None*)
get_K_matrix(*int_gradient=None*)
get_index_of_typed_prim(*typed_prim*)
 Index in self.typed_prims for the supplied typed_prim.
get_prim_internals_by_indices(*indices*)
inv_B(*B*)
inv_Bt(*B*)
property `linear_bend_indices`
log(*message*)
log_int_grad_msg(*int_gradient*)
property `outofplane_indices`
property `prim_coords`
property `prim_indices_set`
property `prim_internals`
property `primitives`
print_typed_prims()
project_hessian(*H*, *shift=1000*)
 Expects a hessian in internal coordinates. See Eq. (11) in [1].
project_vector(*vector*)
 Project supplied vector onto range of B.
return_inds(*slice_*)
property `rotation_indices`
set_inds_from_typed_prims(*typed_prims*)
set_primitive_indices(*atoms*, *coords3d*)
transform_forces(*cart_forces*)
 Combination of Eq. (9) and (11) in [1].
transform_hessian(*cart_hessian*, *int_gradient=None*)
 Transform Cartesian Hessian to internal coordinates.
transform_int_step(*int_step*, *update_constraints=False*, *pure=False*)
property `translation_indices`
property `typed_prims`

```
class pysisyphus.intcoords.RotationA(indices, *args, ref_coords3d, **kwargs)
    Bases: Rotation
    index = 0

class pysisyphus.intcoords.RotationB(indices, *args, ref_coords3d, **kwargs)
    Bases: Rotation
    index = 1

class pysisyphus.intcoords.RotationC(indices, *args, ref_coords3d, **kwargs)
    Bases: Rotation
    index = 2

class pysisyphus.intcoords.Stretch(indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None, cache=False)
    Bases: Primitive

class pysisyphus.intcoords.TRIC(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: RedundantCoords

class pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion(indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None, cache=False)
    Bases: Primitive

class pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion2(indices, periodic=False, calc_kwargs=None, cache=False)
    Bases: Torsion

class pysisyphus.intcoords.TranslationX(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Translation
    cart_axis = 0

class pysisyphus.intcoords.TranslationY(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Translation
    cart_axis = 1

class pysisyphus.intcoords.TranslationZ(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Translation
    cart_axis = 2
```

16.1.1.8 pysisyphus.interpolate package

Submodules

pysisyphus.interpolate.IDPP module

```
class pysisyphus.interpolate.IDPP.IDPP(geoms, between, extrapolate=0, extrapolate_before=0,
                                       extrapolate_after=0, extrapolate_damp=1.0, align=False)
    Bases: Interpolator
    interpolate(initial_geom, final_geom, **kwargs)
```


pysisyphus.interpolate.Interpolator module

```
class pysisyphus.interpolate.Interpolator.Interpolator(geoms, between, extrapolate=0,
                                                         extrapolate_before=0, extrapolate_after=0,
                                                         extrapolate_damp=1.0, align=False)
```

Bases: `object`

all_geoms_to_trj(trj_fn)

interpolate(initial_geom, final_geom, interpolate_only=0, extrapolate=False)

interpolate_all()

pysisyphus.interpolate.LST module

```
class pysisyphus.interpolate.LST.LST(*args, align=True, gtol=0.0001, silent=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: `Interpolator`

cost_function(wa_c, f, rab, wab)

interpolate(initial_geom, final_geom, **kwargs)

pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund module

```
class pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund.Redund(*args, align=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: `Interpolator`

dump_progress(geoms, out_fn='redund_interpol_fail.trj')

interpolate(initial_geom, final_geom, interpolate_only=0, extrapolate=False, typed_prims=None)

restart_interpolate(initial_geom, final_geom, geoms, new_geom)

step_along_tangent(geom, prim_tangent, step_size)

pysisyphus.interpolate.helpers module

```
pysisyphus.interpolate.helpers.interpolate(initial_geom, final_geom, between, kind='linear',
                                              only_between=False, align=False, interpol_kwargs=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.interpolate.helpers.interpolate_all(geoms, between, kind='linear', align=False,
                                                  **interpol_kwargs)
```

Module contents

16.1.1.9 pysisyphus.io package

Submodules

pysisyphus.io.cjson module

`pysisyphus.io.cjson.geom_from_cjson(fn, **kwargs)`

`pysisyphus.io.cjson.parse_cjson(fn)`

pysisyphus.io.crd module

`pysisyphus.io.crd.a8(str_)`

`pysisyphus.io.crd.atoms_coords_to_crd_str(atoms, coords, resno=1, res='UNL1', segid=None, resid=1, ref_atoms=None, del_atoms=None)`

`pysisyphus.io.crd.f20(float_)`

`pysisyphus.io.crd.geom_from_crd(fn, **kwargs)`

`pysisyphus.io.crd.geom_to_crd_str(geom, **kwargs)`

`pysisyphus.io.crd.i10(int_)`

pysisyphus.io.hdf5 module

`pysisyphus.io.hdf5.get_h5_group(fn, group_name, data_model=None, reset=False)`

Return (and create if necessary) group with given name and data model.

`pysisyphus.io.hdf5.init_h5_group(f, group_name, data_model)`

Create group with given name and data model.

`pysisyphus.io.hdf5.resize_h5_group(group, max_cycles)`

Increase size of first dimension of datasets in the given group.

pysisyphus.io.hessian module

`pysisyphus.io.hessian.geom_from_hessian(h5_fn, **geom_kwargs)`

`pysisyphus.io.hessian.save_hessian(h5_fn, geom, cart_hessian=None, energy=None, mult=None)`

`pysisyphus.io.hessian.save_third_deriv(h5_fn, geom, third_deriv_result, H_mw)`

pysisyphus.io.mol2 module

pysisyphus.io.mol2.geom_from_mol2(*text*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.io.molden module

pysisyphus.io.molden.geoms_from_molden(*fn*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.io.pdb module

pysisyphus.io.pdb.atoms_coords_to_pdb_str(*atoms*, *coords*, *fragments=None*, *resname=""*, *conect=True*)

pysisyphus.io.pdb.geom_from_pdb(*fn*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.io.pdb.geom_to_pdb_str(*geom*, *detect_fragments=False*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.io.pdb.get_conect_lines(*atoms*, *coords*)

pysisyphus.io.pdb.get_parser(*widths*)

pysisyphus.io.pdb.parse_atom_name(*name*)

pysisyphus.io.pdb.parse_pdb(*fn*)

pysisyphus.io.pubchem module

pysisyphus.io.pubchem.cid_from_name(*name*)

pysisyphus.io.pubchem.geom_from_pubchem_name(*name*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.io.pubchem.sdf_from_cid(*cid*)

pysisyphus.io.sdf module

pysisyphus.io.sdf.geom_from_sdf(*text*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.io.sdf.parse_coord_line(*line*)

pysisyphus.io.sdf.parse_sdf(*text*)

pysisyphus.io.xyz module

pysisyphus.io.xyz.geom_from_xyz(*fn*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.io.xyz.geoms_from_inline_xyz(*inline_xyz*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.io.xyz.geoms_from_xyz(*fn*, ***kwargs*)

pysisyphus.io.zmat module

class pysisyphus.io.zmat.**ZLine**(atom, rind, r, aind, a, dind, d)

Bases: tuple

a

Alias for field number 4

aind

Alias for field number 3

atom

Alias for field number 0

d

Alias for field number 6

dind

Alias for field number 5

r

Alias for field number 2

rind

Alias for field number 1

pysisyphus.io.zmat.**geom_from_zmat**(zmat, atoms=None, coords3d=None, geom=None, start_at=None, drop_dummy=True, **geom_kwargs)

Adapted from <https://github.com/robashaw/geomConvert> by Robert Shaw.

pysisyphus.io.zmat.**geom_from_zmat_fn**(fn, **geom_kwargs)

pysisyphus.io.zmat.**geom_from_zmat_str**(text, coord_type='cart', coord_kwargs=None)

pysisyphus.io.zmat.**zmat_from_fn**(fn)

pysisyphus.io.zmat.**zmat_from_str**(text)

Module contents

pysisyphus.io.**geom_from_cjson**(fn, **kwargs)

pysisyphus.io.**geom_from_crd**(fn, **kwargs)

pysisyphus.io.**geom_from_hessian**(h5_fn, **geom_kwargs)

pysisyphus.io.**geom_from_mol2**(text, **kwargs)

pysisyphus.io.**geom_from_pdb**(fn, **kwargs)

pysisyphus.io.**geom_from_pubchem_name**(name, **kwargs)

pysisyphus.io.**geom_from_zmat**(zmat, atoms=None, coords3d=None, geom=None, start_at=None, drop_dummy=True, **geom_kwargs)

Adapted from <https://github.com/robashaw/geomConvert> by Robert Shaw.

```
pysisyphus.io.geoms_from_molden(fn, **kwargs)
pysisyphus.io.geoms_from_xyz(fn, **kwargs)
pysisyphus.io.save_hessian(h5_fn, geom, cart_hessian=None, energy=None, mult=None)
pysisyphus.io.save_third_deriv(h5_fn, geom, third_deriv_result, H_mw)
```

16.1.1.10 pysisyphus.irc package

Submodules

pysisyphus.irc.DWI module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.DWI.DWI(n=4, maxlen=2)
    Bases: object
    __init__(n=4, maxlen=2)
        Distance weighted interpolation.
    dump(fn)
    static from_h5(fn)
    interpolate(at_coords, gradient=False)
        See [1] Eq. (25) - (29)
    update(coords, energy, gradient, hessian)

pysisyphus.irc.DWI.taylor(energy, gradient, hessian, step)
    Taylor series expansion of the energy to second order.
pysisyphus.irc.DWI.taylor_grad(gradient, hessian, step)
    Gradient of a Taylor series expansion of the energy to second order.
```

pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet.DampedVelocityVerlet(geometry, v0=0.04, dt0=0.5,
    error_tol=0.003,
    max_cycles=150, **kwargs)

    Bases: IRC
    damp_velocity(velocity)
    estimate_error(new_mw_coords)
    mw_grad_to_acc(mw_grad)
        Takes care of the units for the mass-weighted gradient. Converts units of a mass-weighted gradient
        [Hartree/(Bohr*amu)] to units of acceleration [sqrt(amu)*Bohr/fs2]. The 1e30 comes from converting
        second2 to femto second2.
    prepare(direction)
    step()
```

pysisyphus.irc.Euler module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.Euler.Euler(geometry, step_length=0.01, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

step()

pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC.EulerPC(*args, hessian_recalc=None, hessian_update='bofill',
                                       hessian_init='calc', max_pred_steps=500, loose_cycles=3,
                                       dump_dwi=False, scipy_method=None, corr_func='mbs',
                                       **kwargs)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

corrector_step(init_mw_coords, step_length, dwi)

get_integration_length_func(init_mw_coords)

prepare(*args, **kwargs)

scipy_corrector_step(init_mw_coords, step_length, dwi)

Solve IRC equation $dx/ds = -g/|g|$ on DWI PES in mass-weighted coordinates. Integration done until self.step_length in unweighted coordinates is achieved.

step()

pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel.GonzalezSchlegel(geometry, max_micro_cycles=20,
                                                         micro_step_thresh=0.001,
                                                         hessian_recalc=None, line_search=False,
                                                         **kwargs)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

micro_step(counter)

Constrained optimization on a hypersphere.

perp_component(vec, perp_to)

postprocess()

step()

pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod.IMKMod(geometry, corr_first=True, corr_first_size=0.5,
                                   corr_first_energy=True, corr_bisec_size=0.0025,
                                   corr_bisec_energy=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

```
fit_grad_and_energies(energy0, grad0, energy1, direction)
```

```
fit_parabola(x, y)
```

```
step()
```

pysisyphus.irc.IRC module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC(geometry, step_length=0.1, max_cycles=125, downhill=False, forward=True,
                              backward=True, root=0, hessian_init=None, displ='energy',
                              displ_energy=0.001, displ_length=0.1, displ_third_h5=None,
                              rms_grad_thresh=0.001, hard_rms_grad_thresh=None, energy_thresh=1e-06,
                              imag_below=0.0, force_inflection=True, check_bonds=True, out_dir='.',
                              prefix="", dump_fn='irc_data.h5', dump_every=5)
```

Bases: `object`

```
__init__(geometry, step_length=0.1, max_cycles=125, downhill=False, forward=True, backward=True,
         root=0, hessian_init=None, displ='energy', displ_energy=0.001, displ_length=0.1,
         displ_third_h5=None, rms_grad_thresh=0.001, hard_rms_grad_thresh=None,
         energy_thresh=1e-06, imag_below=0.0, force_inflection=True, check_bonds=True, out_dir='.',
         prefix="", dump_fn='irc_data.h5', dump_every=5)
```

Base class for IRC calculations.

Parameters

- **geometry** ([Geometry](#)) -- Transition state geometry, or initial geometry for downhill run.
- **step_length** (*float*, *optional*) -- Step length in unweighted coordinates.
- **max_cycles** (*int*, *optional*) -- Positive integer, controlling the maximum number of IRC steps taken in a direction (forward/backward/downhill).
- **downhill** (*bool*, *default=False*) -- Downhill run from a non-stationary point with non-vanishing gradient. Disables forward and backward runs.
- **forward** (*bool*, *default=True*) -- Integrate IRC in positive *s* direction.
- **backward** (*bool*, *default=True*) -- Integrate IRC in negative *s* direction.
- **root** (*int*, *default=0*) -- Use *n*-th root for initial displacement from TS.
- **hessian_init** (*str*, *default=None*) -- Path to Hessian HDF5 file, e.g., from a previous TS calculation.
- **displ** (*str*, one of ("energy", "length", "energy_cubic")) -- Controls initial displacement from the TS. 'energy' assumes a quadratic model, from which a step length for a given energy lowering (see 'displ_energy') is determined. 'length' corresponds to a displacement along the transition vector. 'energy_cubic' considers 3rd derivatives of the energy along the transition vector.
- **displ_energy** (*float*, *default=1e-3*) -- Required energy lowering from the TS in au (Hartree). Used with 'displ: energy|energy_cubic'.

- **displ_length** (*float*, *default=0.1*) -- Step length along the transition vector. Used only with 'displ: length'.
- **displ_third_h5** (*str*, *optional*) -- Path to HDF5 file containing 3rd derivative information. Used with 'displ: energy_cubic'.
- **rms_grad_thresh** (*float*, *default=1e-3*,) -- Convergence is signalled when to root mean square of the unweighted gradient is less than or equal to this value
- **energy_thresh** (*float*, *default=1e-6*,) -- Signal convergence when the energy difference between two points is equal to or less than 'energy_thresh'.
- **imag_below** (*float*, *default=0.0*) -- Require the wavenumber of the imaginary mode to be below the given threshold. If given, it should be a negative number.
- **force_inflection** (*bool*, *optional*) -- Don't indicate convergence before passing an inflection point.
- **check_bonds** (*bool*, *optional*, *default=True*) -- Report whether bonds are formed/broken along the IRC, w.r.t the TS.
- **out_dir** (*str*, *optional*) -- Dump everything into 'out_dir' directory instead of the CWD.
- **prefix** (*str*, *optional*) -- Short string that is prepended to all files that are created by this class, e.g., trajectories and HDF5 dumps.
- **dump_fn** (*str*, *optional*) -- Base name for the HDF5 files.
- **dump_every** (*int*, *optional*) -- Dump to HDF5 every n-th cycle.

property coords

dump_data(*dump_fn=None*, *full=False*)

dump_ends(*path*, *prefix*, *coords=None*, *trj=False*)

property energy

get_conv_fact(*mw_grad*, *min_fact=2.0*)

get_endpoint_and_ts_geoms()

get_full_irc_data()

get_irc_data()

get_path_for_fn(*fn*)

property gradient

initial_displacement()

Returns non-mass-weighted steps in +s and -s direction for initial displacement from the TS. Earlier version only returned one step, that was later multiplied by either 1 or -1, depending on the desired IRC direction (forward/backward). The current implementation directly returns two steps for forward and backward direction. Whereas for plus and minus steps for displ 'length' and displ 'energy'

step_plus = -step_minus

is valid, it is not valid for displ 'energy_cubic' anymore. The latter step is formed as

$x(ds) = ds * v0 + ds**2 * v1$


```

so
    x(ds) != -x(ds)

as
    ds * v0 + ds**2 * v1 != -ds * v0 - ds**2 * v1 .

```

So, all required step are formed directly and later used as appropriate.

See

<https://aip.scitation.org/doi/pdf/10.1063/1.454172> <https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/j100338a027>
<https://aip.scitation.org/doi/pdf/10.1063/1.459634>

```

irc(direction)

log(msg)

property m_sqrt

mass_weigh_hessian(hessian)

property mw_coords

property mw_gradient

postprocess()

prepare(direction)

report_bonds(prefix, bonds)

report_conv_thresholds()

run()

set_data(prefix)

unweight_vec(vec)

valid_displs = ('energy', 'length', 'energy_cubic')

```

pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy module

```

class pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy.IRCDummy(all_coords, atoms, forward=True, backward=True,
                                         downhill=False)

```

```

Bases: object

all_coords: list

atoms: tuple

backward: bool = True

downhill: bool = False

forward: bool = True

```

pysisyphus.irc.Instanton module**class** pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.**Instanton**(*images, calc_getter, T*)

Bases: object

property P**P_bh**

the first image is connected to the last image. At k=0 the index k-1 will be -1, which points to the last image.

Below we pre-calculate some indices (assuming N images).unshifted indices ks: $k = \{0, 1, \dots, N-1\}$ shifted indices ksm1: $k-1 = \{-1, 0, 1, \dots, N-2\}$ shifted indices ksp1: $k+1 = \{1, 2, \dots, N-1, 0\}$ **Type**

The Instanton is periodic

action()

Action in au / fs, Hartree per femtosecond.

action_gradient()

kin_grad corresponds to the gradient of S_0 in (Eq. 1 in [1], or first term in Eq. 6 in [2].) It boils down to the derivative of a sum of vector norms

$$d \sum_k (\|y_k - y_{(k-1)}\|_2)^2 \text{ --- } d y_k$$

The derivative of a norm of a vector difference is quite simple, but care has to be taken to recognize, that y_k appears two times in the sum. It appears in the first summand for k and in the second summand for k+1.

$$\sum_k (\|y_k - y_{(k-1)}\|_2)^2$$

1. term 2. term

$$= (\|y_k - y_{(k-1)}\|_2)^2 + (\|y_{(k+1)} - y_k\|_2)^2 + \dots \text{ and so on}$$

The derivative of the first term is

$$2 * (y_k - y_{(k-1)})$$

and the derivative of the second term is

$$-2 * (y_{(k+1)} - y_k)$$

which is equal to

$$2 * (y_k - y_{(k+1)}) .$$

To summarize:

$$\begin{aligned} d \sum_k (\|y_k - y_{(k-1)}\|_2)^2 \text{ --- } d y_k \\ = 2 * (2 * y_k - y_{(k-1)} - y_{(k+1)}) . \end{aligned}$$

action_hessian()**as_xyz()****property** cart_coords**property** cart_forces

```
property cart_hessian
property coords
property energy
property forces
classmethod from_instanton(other, **kwargs)
classmethod from_ts(ts_geom, P, dr=0.4, delta_T=25, cart_hessian=None, **kwargs)
get_additional_print()
property gradient
property hessian
is_analytical_2d()
property path_length
pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.T_crossover_from_eigval(eigval)
pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.T_crossover_from_ts(ts_geom)
pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.log_progress(val, key, i)
```

pysisyphus.irc.LQA module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.LQA.LQA(geometry, N_euler=5000, **kwargs)
    Bases: IRC
    step()
```

pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill.ModeKill(geometry, kill_inds, nu_thresh=- 5.0, do_hess=True,
                                         hessian_update=True, **kwargs)
    Bases: IRC
    get_additional_print()
    postprocess()
    prepare(*args, **kwargs)
    step()
    update_mw_down_step()
```

pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot.ParamPlot(coords_list, param1_inds, param2_inds)
```

Bases: object

calc_angle(coords, ind1, ind2, ind3)

calc_bond(coords, ind1, ind2)

get_param(coords, param_inds)

plot()

save(path, prefix)

save_coords(path, prefix)

show()

pysisyphus.irc.RK4 module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.RK4.RK4(geometry, step_length=0.1, max_cycles=125, downhill=False, forward=True,
    backward=True, root=0, hessian_init=None, displ='energy',
    displ_energy=0.001, displ_length=0.1, displ_third_h5=None,
    rms_grad_thresh=0.001, hard_rms_grad_thresh=None, energy_thresh=1e-06,
    imag_below=0.0, force_inflection=True, check_bonds=True, out_dir='.',
    prefix="", dump_fn='irc_data.h5', dump_every=5)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

get_k(mw_coords)

step()

pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ module

```
class pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult(coords_plus, energy_plus, H_plus,
    coords_minus, energy_minus, H_minus, G_vec,
    vec, ds)
```

Bases: tuple

G_vec

Alias for field number 6

H_minus

Alias for field number 5

H_plus

Alias for field number 2

coords_minus

Alias for field number 3

coords_plus

Alias for field number 0

ds

Alias for field number 8

energy_minus

Alias for field number 4

energy_plus

Alias for field number 1

vec

Alias for field number 7

pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.**cubic_displ**(*H*, *v0*, *w0*, *Gv*, *dE*)

According to Eq. (26) in [2] **v1 does not depend on the sign of v0.**

$$v1 = (F0 - 2v0^T F0 v0 I)^1 \times ([G0v0] - v0^T [G0v0] v0 I) v0$$

The first term is obviously independent of v0's sign. Using $v0' = -v0$ the second term becomes

$$([G0v0'] - v0'^T [G0v0'] v0' I) v0' - ([G0v0] - v0^T [G0v0] v0 I) v0' - ([G0v0] + v0^T [G0v0] v0 I) v0' - ([G0v0] + v0^T [G0v0] v0 I) v0 ([G0v0] - v0^T [G0v0] v0 I) v0$$

Strictly speaking the contraction $[G0v0]$ should depend on the sign of $v0$. In the current implementation, the direction of $v0$ is not taken into account, but

$$\text{get_curv_vec}(H, Gv, v0, w0) == \text{get_curv_vec}(H, -Gv, -v0, w0) .$$

But somehow the Taylor expansion gives bogus results when called with $-Gv$ and $-v0$...

pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.**cubic_displ_for_geom**(*geom*, *dE*=- 0.0005)

pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.**cubic_displ_for_h5**(*h5_fn*='third_deriv.h5', *dE*=- 0.0005)

pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.**get_curv_vec**(*H*, *Gv*, *v0*, *w0*)

pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.**taylor_closure**(*H*, *Gv*, *v0*, *v1*, *w0*)

Taylor expansion of energy to 3rd order.

$$dx(ds) = ds*v0 + ds**2*v1 / 2 \quad dE(ds) = dx^T H dx / 2 + dx^T [Gv] dx / 6$$

H = Hessian Gv = 3rd derivative of energy along $v0$ $v0$ = Transition vector $v1$ = Curvature vector $w0$ = Eigenvalue belonging to $v0$

pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.**third_deriv_fd**(*geom*, *vec*, *ds*=0.001)

Third derivative of the energy in direction 'vec'.

Module contents

class pysisyphus.irc.**DampedVelocityVerlet**(*geometry*, *v0*=0.04, *dt0*=0.5, *error_tol*=0.003, *max_cycles*=150, ***kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

damp_velocity(*velocity*)

estimate_error(*new_mw_coords*)

mw_grad_to_acc(*mw_grad*)

Takes care of the units for the mass-weighted gradient. Converts units of a mass-weighted gradient [Hartree/(Bohr*amu)] to units of acceleration [$\sqrt{\text{amu}}$ *Bohr/fs²]. The 1e30 comes from converting second² to femto second².

prepare(*direction*)

step()

class pysisyphus.irc.**Euler**(*geometry, step_length=0.01, **kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

step()

class pysisyphus.irc.**EulerPC**(**args, hessian_recalc=None, hessian_update='bofill', hessian_init='calc', max_pred_steps=500, loose_cycles=3, dump_dwi=False, scipy_method=None, corr_func='mbs', **kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

corrector_step(*init_mw_coords, step_length, dwi*)

get_integration_length_func(*init_mw_coords*)

prepare(**args, **kwargs*)

scipy_corrector_step(*init_mw_coords, step_length, dwi*)

Solve IRC equation $dx/ds = -g/|g|$ on DWI PES in mass-weighted coordinates. Integration done until self.step_length in unweighted coordinates is achieved.

step()

class pysisyphus.irc.**GonzalezSchlegel**(*geometry, max_micro_cycles=20, micro_step_thresh=0.001, hessian_recalc=None, line_search=False, **kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

micro_step(*counter*)

Constrained optimization on a hypersphere.

perp_component(*vec, perp_to*)

postprocess()

step()

class pysisyphus.irc.**IMKMod**(*geometry, corr_first=True, corr_first_size=0.5, corr_first_energy=True, corr_bisec_size=0.0025, corr_bisec_energy=True, **kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

fit_grad_and_energies(*energy0, grad0, energy1, direction*)

fit_parabola(*x, y*)

step()

class pysisyphus.irc.**LQA**(*geometry, N_euler=5000, **kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

step()

class pysisyphus.irc.**ModeKill**(*geometry, kill_inds, nu_thresh=- 5.0, do_hess=True, hessian_update=True, **kwargs*)

Bases: [IRC](#)

get_additional_print()

`postprocess()`

`prepare(*args, **kwargs)`

`step()`

`update_mw_down_step()`

```
class pysisyphus.irc.RK4(geometry, step_length=0.1, max_cycles=125, downhill=False, forward=True,
    backward=True, root=0, hessian_init=None, displ='energy', displ_energy=0.001,
    displ_length=0.1, displ_third_h5=None, rms_grad_thresh=0.001,
    hard_rms_grad_thresh=None, energy_thresh=1e-06, imag_below=0.0,
    force_inflection=True, check_bonds=True, out_dir='.', prefix="",
    dump_fn='irc_data.h5', dump_every=5)
```

Bases: [IRC](#)

`get_k(mw_coords)`

`step()`

16.1.1.11 pysisyphus.line_searches package

Submodules

pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking module

```
class pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking.Backtracking(*args, rho_lo=0.05, rho_hi=0.9,
    use_grad=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [LineSearch](#)

```
__init__(*args, rho_lo=0.05, rho_hi=0.9, use_grad=False, **kwargs)
```

Backtracking line search enforcing Armijo conditions.

Uses only energy evaluations.

See [1], Chapter 3, Line Search methods, Section 3.1 p. 31 and Section 3.5 p. 56.

```
alpha_new_from_phi(cycle, phi0, dphi0, alpha, alpha_prev)
```

```
alpha_new_from_phi_dphi(cycle, phi0, dphi0, alpha)
```

```
run_line_search()
```

pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang module

```
class pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang(*args, alpha_prev=None, f_prev=None,
    dphi0_prev=None, quad_step=False,
    eps=1e-06, theta=0.5, gamma=0.5, rho=5,
    psi_0=0.01, psi_1=0.1, psi_2=2.0,
    psi_low=0.1, psi_hi=10, Delta=0.7,
    omega=0.001, max_bisects=10, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [LineSearch](#)

bisect(*a*, *b*)

Bisect interval [*a*, *b*].

bracket(*c*)

Generate initial interval [*a*, *b*] that satisfies the opposite slope condition ($\text{dphi}(a) < 0$, $\text{dphi}(b) > 0$).

double_secant(*a*, *b*)

Take secant² step.

initial()

Get an initial guess for alpha.

interval_update(*a*, *b*, *c*)

Narrows down the bracketing interval.

norm_inf(*arr*)

Returns infinity norm of given array.

prepare_line_search()

run_line_search()

secant(*a*, *b*)

Take secant step.

take_quad_step(*alpha*, *g0_*)

Try to get alpha for minimum step from quadratic interpolation.

pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch module

```
class pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch(p, cond='armijo', x0=None, geometry=None,
                                                    f=None, df=None, alpha_init=None, f0=None,
                                                    g0=None, c1=0.1, c2=0.9, max_cycles=10,
                                                    alpha_min=1e-06)
```

Bases: object

check_alpha(*alpha*)

curvature_condition(*alpha*)

get_fg(*what*, *alpha*)

Lookup raw function/gradient values for a given alpha.

get_phi_dphi(*what*, *alpha*, *check*=True)

Wrapper that handles function/gradient evaluations.

got_alpha_phi_dphi(*alpha*)

log(*message*)

prepare_line_search()

run()

abstract run_line_search()

strong_curvature_condition(*alpha*)

strong_wolfe_condition(*alpha*)

Strong wolfe condition.

sufficiently_decreased(*alpha*)

Sufficient decrease/Armijo condition.

wolfe_condition(*alpha*)

Normal, not strong, Wolfe condition.

exception pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.**LineSearchConverged**(*alpha*)

Bases: Exception

exception pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.**LineSearchNotConverged**

Bases: Exception

class pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.**LineSearchResult**(*converged, alpha, f_new, g_new, f_evals, df_evals, dphi0*)

Bases: tuple

alpha

Alias for field number 1

converged

Alias for field number 0

df_evals

Alias for field number 5

dphi0

Alias for field number 6

f_evals

Alias for field number 4

f_new

Alias for field number 2

g_new

Alias for field number 3

pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe module

class pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe.**StrongWolfe**(*args, *alpha_max=10.0, fac=2, **kwargs*)

Bases: [LineSearch](#)

__init__(*args, *alpha_max=10.0, fac=2, **kwargs*)

Wolfe line search.

Uses only energy & gradient evaluations.

See [1], Chapter 3, Line Search methods, Section 3.5 p. 60.

run_line_search()

zoom(*alpha_lo, alpha_hi, phi_lo, phi_alpha_=None, alpha_0_=None, max_cycles=10*)

pysisyphus.line_searches.interpol module

pysisyphus.line_searches.interpol.**interpol_alpha_cubic**(*f_0, df_0, f_alpha_0, f_alpha_1, alpha_0, alpha_1*)

pysisyphus.line_searches.interpol.**interpol_alpha_quad**(*f_0, df_0, f_alpha_0, alpha_0*)

Module contents

class pysisyphus.line_searches.**Backtracking**(**args, rho_lo=0.05, rho_hi=0.9, use_grad=False, **kwargs*)

Bases: [LineSearch](#)

__init__(**args, rho_lo=0.05, rho_hi=0.9, use_grad=False, **kwargs*)

Backtracking line search enforcing Armijo conditions.

Uses only energy evaluations.

See [1], Chapter 3, Line Search methods, Section 3.1 p. 31 and Section 3.5 p. 56.

alpha_new_from_phi(*cycle, phi0, dphi0, alpha, alpha_prev*)

alpha_new_from_phi_dphi(*cycle, phi0, dphi0, alpha*)

run_line_search()

class pysisyphus.line_searches.**HagerZhang**(**args, alpha_prev=None, f_prev=None, dphi0_prev=None, quad_step=False, eps=1e-06, theta=0.5, gamma=0.5, rho=5, psi_0=0.01, psi_1=0.1, psi_2=2.0, psi_low=0.1, psi_hi=10, Delta=0.7, omega=0.001, max_bisects=10, **kwargs*)

Bases: [LineSearch](#)

bisect(*a, b*)

Bisect interval [a, b].

bracket(*c*)

Generate initial interval [a, b] that satisfies the opposite slope condition ($d\phi(a) < 0$, $d\phi(b) > 0$).

double_secant(*a, b*)

Take secant² step.

initial()

Get an initial guess for alpha.

interval_update(*a, b, c*)

Narrows down the bracketing interval.

norm_inf(*arr*)

Returns infinity norm of given array.

prepare_line_search()

run_line_search()

secant(*a, b*)

Take secant step.

take_quad_step(*alpha*, *g0_*)

Try to get alpha for minimum step from quadratic interpolation.

class pysisyphus.line_searches.**StrongWolfe**(*args, alpha_max=10.0, fac=2, **kwargs)

Bases: [LineSearch](#)

__init__(*args, alpha_max=10.0, fac=2, **kwargs)

Wolfe line search.

Uses only energy & gradient evaluations.

See [1], Chapter 3, Line Search methods, Section 3.5 p. 60.

run_line_search()

zoom(alpha_lo, alpha_hi, phi_lo, phi_alpha_=None, alpha_0_=None, max_cycles=10)

16.1.1.12 pysisyphus.modelfollow package

Submodules

pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode module

class pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode.**NormalMode**(*l*, *masses*)

Bases: object

See <http://gaussian.com/vib/>

__init__(*l*, *masses*)

NormalMode class.

Cartesian displacements are normalized to 1.

Parameters

- **l** (*np.array*) -- Cartesian, non-mass-weighted displacements.
- **masses** (*np.array*) -- Atomic masses.

property **l_mw**

mw_norm_for_norm(*norm=0.01*)

property **red_mass**

pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson module

class pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson.**DavidsonResult**(*cur_cycle*, *converged*, *final_modes*, *qs*, *nus*,
mode_inds, *res_rms*)

Bases: tuple

converged

Alias for field number 1

cur_cycle

Alias for field number 0

final_modes

Alias for field number 2

mode_inds

Alias for field number 5

nus

Alias for field number 4

qs

Alias for field number 3

res_rms

Alias for field number 6

```
pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson.block_davidson(cart_coords, masses, forces_getter, guess_modes,
                                                lowest=None, trial_step_size=0.01,
                                                hessian_precon=None, max_cycles=25,
                                                res_rms_thresh=0.0001, start_precon=5,
                                                remove_trans_rot=True, print_level=1)
```

```
pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson.forces_fin_diff(forces_getter, coords, b, step_size)
```

```
pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson.geom_davidson(geom, *args, **kwargs)
```

pysisyphus.modelfollow.lanczos module

```
pysisyphus.modelfollow.lanczos.geom_lanczos(geom, *args, **kwargs)
```

Wraps Lanczos algorithm for use with Geometry objects.

```
pysisyphus.modelfollow.lanczos.lanczos(coords, grad_getter, dx=0.005, dl=0.01, guess=None,
                                         max_cycles=25, reortho=True, logger=None)
```

Lanczos method to determine smallest eigenvalue & -vector.

See [1] for description of algorithm.

Module contents

```
class pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode(l, masses)
```

Bases: object

See <http://gaussian.com/vib/>

```
__init__(l, masses)
```

NormalMode class.

Cartesian displacements are normalized to 1.

Parameters

- **l** (*np.array*) -- Cartesian, non-mass-weighted displacements.
- **masses** (*np.array*) -- Atomic masses.

```
property l_mw
```

mw_norm_for_norm(*norm=0.01*)

property red_mass

`pysisyphus.modelfollow.geom_davidson(geom, *args, **kwargs)`

`pysisyphus.modelfollow.geom_lanczos(geom, *args, **kwargs)`

Wraps Lanczos algorithm for use with Geometry objects.

16.1.1.13 pysisyphus.optimizers package

Submodules

pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS module

class `pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS.BFGS(geometry, *args, update='bfgs', **kwargs)`

Bases: *Optimizer*

bfgs_update(*s*, *y*)

damped_bfgs_update(*s*, *y*, *mu_1*=0.2)

Damped BFGS update of inverse Hessian.

Potentially updates *s*. See Section 3.2 of [2], Eq. (30) - (33). There is a typo ;) It should be

$$H_{\{k+1\}} = V_k H_k V_k^T + \dots$$

instead of

$$H_{\{k+1\}} = V_k^T H_k V_k + \dots$$

double_damped_bfgs_update(*s*, *y*, *mu_1*=0.2, *mu_2*=0.2)

Double damped BFGS update of inverse Hessian.

See [3]. Potentially updates *s* and *y*.

property eye

optimize()

prepare_opt()

pysisyphus.optimizers.BacktrackingOptimizer module

class `pysisyphus.optimizers.BacktrackingOptimizer.BacktrackingOptimizer(geometry, alpha,
bt_force=5,
dont_skip_after=2,
bt_max_scale=4,
bt_disable=False,
**kwargs)`

Bases: *Optimizer*

backtrack(*cur_forces*, *prev_forces*, *reset_hessian*=None)

Accelerated backtracking line search.

reset()

pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient.ConjugateGradient(geometry, alpha=0.1,  
                                                                formula='FR', dont_skip=True,  
                                                                **kwargs)
```

Bases: *BacktrackingOptimizer*

get_beta(cur_forces, prev_forces)

optimize()

prepare_opt()

reset()

pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton.CubicNewton(geometry, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *HessianOptimizer*

optimize()

postprocess_opt()

pysisyphus.optimizers.FIRE module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.FIRE.FIRE(geometry, dt=0.1, dt_max=1, N_acc=2, f_inc=1.1, f_acc=0.99,  
                                         f_dec=0.5, n_reset=0, a_start=0.1, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Optimizer*

optimize()

reset()

pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer(geometry, trust_radius=0.5,  
                                                                trust_update=True, trust_min=0.1,  
                                                                trust_max=1,  
                                                                max_energy_incr=None,  
                                                                hessian_update='bfgs',  
                                                                hessian_init='fischer',  
                                                                hessian_recalc=None,  
                                                                hessian_recalc_adapt=None,  
                                                                hessian_xtb=False,  
                                                                hessian_recalc_reset=False,  
                                                                small_eigval_thresh=1e-08,  
                                                                line_search=False, alpha0=1.0,  
                                                                max_micro_cycles=25,  
                                                                rfo_overlaps=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Optimizer*

```
__init__(geometry, trust_radius=0.5, trust_update=True, trust_min=0.1, trust_max=1,
max_energy_incr=None, hessian_update='bfgs', hessian_init='fischer', hessian_recalc=None,
hessian_recalc_adapt=None, hessian_xtb=False, hessian_recalc_reset=False,
small_eigval_thresh=1e-08, line_search=False, alpha0=1.0, max_micro_cycles=25,
rfo_overlaps=False, **kwargs)
```

Baseclass for optimizers utilizing Hessian information.

Parameters

- **geometry** (*Geometry*) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **trust_radius** (float, default: 0.5) -- Initial trust radius in whatever unit the optimization is carried out.
- **trust_update** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to update the trust radius throughout the optimization.
- **trust_min** (float, default: 0.1) -- Minimum trust radius.
- **trust_max** (float, default: 1) -- Maximum trust radius.
- **max_energy_incr** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Maximum allowed energy increased after a faulty step. Optimization is aborted when the threshold is exceeded.
- **hessian_update** (Literal['none', None, False, 'bfgs', 'damped_bfgs', 'flowchart', 'bofill', 'ts_bfgs', 'ts_bfgs_org', 'ts_bfgs_rev'], default: 'bfgs') -- Type of Hessian update. Defaults to BFGS for minimizations and Bofill for saddle point searches.
- **hessian_init** (Literal['calc', 'unit', 'fischer', 'lindh', 'simple', 'swart', 'xtb', 'xtb1', 'xtbff'], default: 'fischer') -- Type of initial model Hessian.
- **hessian_recalc** (Optional[int], default: None) -- Recalculate exact Hessian every n-th cycle instead of updating it.
- **hessian_recalc_adapt** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Use a more flexible scheme to determine Hessian recalculation. Undocumented.
- **hessian_xtb** (bool, default: False) -- Recalculate the Hessian at the GFN2-XTB level of theory.
- **hessian_recalc_reset** (bool, default: False) -- Whether to skip Hessian recalculation after reset. Undocumented.
- **small_eigval_thresh** (float, default: 1e-08) -- Threshold for small eigenvalues. Eigenvectors belonging to eigenvalues below this threshold are discarded.
- **line_search** (bool, default: False) -- Whether to carry out a line search. Not implemented by a subclassing optimizers.
- **alpha0** (float, default: 1.0) -- Initial alpha for restricted-step (RS) procedure.
- **max_micro_cycles** (int, default: 25) -- Maximum number of RS iterations.
- **rfo_overlaps** (bool, default: False) -- Enable mode-following in RS procedure.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Optimizer baseclass.

```
filter_small_eigvals(eigvals, eigvecs, mask=False)
```

```
get_alpha_step(cur_alpha, rfo_eigval, step_norm, eigvals, gradient)
```

```
get_augmented_hessian(eigvals, gradient, alpha=1.0)
```

```
static get_newton_step(eigvals, eigvecs, gradient)
```

```
get_newton_step_on_trust(eigvals, eigvecs, gradient, transform=True)
```

Step on trust-radius.

See Nocedal 4.3 Iterative solutions of the subproblem

```
get_rs_step(eigvals, eigvecs, gradient, name='RS')
```

```
static get_shifted_step_trans(eigvals, gradient_trans, shift)
```

```
get_step_func(eigvals, gradient, grad_rms_thresh=0.01)
```

```
housekeeping()
```

Calculate gradient and energy. Update trust radius and hessian if needed. Return energy, gradient and hessian for the current cycle.

```
log_negative_eigenvalues(eigvals, pre_str="")
```

```
prepare_opt(hessian_init=None)
```

```
property prev_eigvec_max
```

```
property prev_eigvec_min
```

```
static quadratic_model(gradient, hessian, step)
```

```
reset()
```

```
rfo_dict = {'max': (-1, 'max'), 'min': (0, 'min')}
```

```
static rfo_model(gradient, hessian, step)
```

```
save_hessian()
```

```
set_new_trust_radius(coeff, last_step_norm)
```

```
solve_rfo(rfo_mat, kind='min', prev_eigvec=None)
```

```
update_hessian()
```

```
update_trust_radius()
```

```
pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.dummy_hessian_update(H, dx, dg)
```

pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS.LBFGS(geometry, keep_last=7, beta=1, max_step=0.2,  
                                         double_damp=True, gamma_mult=False, line_search=False,  
                                         mu_reg=None, max_mu_reg_adaptions=10, control_step=True,  
                                         **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Optimizer](#)


```
__init__(geometry, keep_last=7, beta=1, max_step=0.2, double_damp=True, gamma_mult=False,
         line_search=False, mu_reg=None, max_mu_reg_adaptions=10, control_step=True, **kwargs)
```

Limited-memory BFGS optimizer.

See [1] Nocedal, Wright - Numerical Optimization, 2006 for a general discussion of LBFGS. See `pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates` for the references related to double damping and `pysisyphus.optimizers.closures` for references related to regularized LBFGS.

Parameters

- **geometry** (*Geometry*) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **keep_last** (int, default: 7) -- History size. Keep last 'keep_last' steps and gradient differences.
- **beta** (float, default: 1) -- Force constant in $-(H + I)^l g$.
- **max_step** (float, default: 0.2) -- Upper limit for the absolute component of the step vector in whatever unit the optimization is carried out.
- **double_damp** (bool, default: True) -- Use double damping procedure to modify steps s and gradient differences y to ensure $s^T y > 0$.
- **gamma_mult** (bool, default: False) -- Estimate γ from previous cycle. Eq. (7.20) in [1]. See 'beta' argument.
- **line_search** (bool, default: False) -- Enable implicit line searches.
- **mu_reg** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Initial guess for regularization constant in regularized LBFGS.
- **max_mu_reg_adaptions** (int, default: 10) -- Maximum number of trial steps in regularized LBFGS.
- **control_step** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to scale down the proposed step its biggest absolute component is equal to or below 'max_step'
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Optimizer baseclass.

```
get_lbfgs_step(forces)
```

```
optimize()
```

```
postprocess_opt()
```

```
reset()
```

pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.LayerOpt(geometry, layers=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Optimizer*

```
property layer_num: int
```

Return type
int

```
optimize()
```

Return type
None

postprocess_opt()

Return type

None

class pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.**Layers**(*geometry, opt_thresh, layers=None*)

Bases: object

classmethod **from_oniom_calculator**(*geometry, oniom_calc=None, layers=None, **kwargs*)

pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.**get_geom_kwargs**(*layer_ind, layer_mask*)

pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.**get_opt_kwargs**(*opt_key, layer_ind, thresh*)

pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer module

class pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer.**MicroOptimizer**(*geom, step='lbfgs', line_search=True, max_cycles=100000000, max_step=0.2, keep_last=10, rms_force=None, double_damp=True, dump=False, **kwargs*)

Bases: object

cg_step(*forces*)

lbfgs_step(*forces*)

log(*msg*)

optimize()

run()

sd_step(*forces*)

take_step(*energy, forces, return_step=False*)

pysisyphus.optimizers.NCOptimizer module

class pysisyphus.optimizers.NCOptimizer.**NCOptimizer**(*geometry, *args, freeze_modes=None, **kwargs*)

Bases: [HessianOptimizer](#)

optimize()

pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer(geometry, thresh='gau_loose', max_step=0.04,
                                                max_cycles=100, min_step_norm=1e-08,
                                                assert_min_step=True, rms_force=None,
                                                rms_force_only=False, max_force_only=False,
                                                converge_to_geom_rms_thresh=0.05, align=False,
                                                dump=False, dump_restart=False, prefix="",
                                                reparam_thresh=0.001, reparam_check_rms=True,
                                                reparam_when='after', overachieve_factor=0.0,
                                                restart_info=None, check_coord_diffs=True,
                                                coord_diff_thresh=0.01, fragments=None,
                                                monitor_frag_dists=0, out_dir='.',
                                                h5_fn='optimization.h5', h5_group_name='opt')
```

Bases: object

```
__init__(geometry, thresh='gau_loose', max_step=0.04, max_cycles=100, min_step_norm=1e-08,
         assert_min_step=True, rms_force=None, rms_force_only=False, max_force_only=False,
         converge_to_geom_rms_thresh=0.05, align=False, dump=False, dump_restart=False, prefix="",
         reparam_thresh=0.001, reparam_check_rms=True, reparam_when='after',
         overachieve_factor=0.0, restart_info=None, check_coord_diffs=True, coord_diff_thresh=0.01,
         fragments=None, monitor_frag_dists=0, out_dir='.', h5_fn='optimization.h5',
         h5_group_name='opt')
```

Optimizer baseclass. Meant to be subclassed.

Parameters

- **geometry** (*Geometry*) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **thresh** (Literal['gau_loose', 'gau', 'gau_tight', 'gau_vtight', 'baker', 'never'], default: 'gau_loose') -- Convergence threshold.
- **max_step** (float, default: 0.04) -- Maximum absolute component of the allowed step vector. Utilized in optimizers that don't support a trust region or line search.
- **max_cycles** (int, default: 100) -- Maximum number of allowed optimization cycles.
- **min_step_norm** (float, default: 1e-08) -- Minimum norm of an allowed step. If the step norm drops below this value a ZeroStepLength-exception is raised. The unit depends on the coordinate system of the supplied geometry.
- **assert_min_step** (bool, default: True) -- Flag that controls whether the norm of the proposed step is check for being too small.
- **rms_force** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Root-mean-square of the force from which user-defined thresholds are derived. When 'rms_force' is given 'thresh' is ignored.
- **rms_force_only** (bool, default: False) -- When set, convergence is signalled only based on rms(forces).
- **max_force_only** (bool, default: False) -- When set, convergence is signalled only based on max(|forces|).
- **converge_to_geom_rms_thresh** (float, default: 0.05) -- Threshold for the RMSD with another geometry. When the RMSD drops below this threshold convergence is signalled. Only used with Growing Newton trajectories.
- **align** (bool, default: False) -- Flag that controls whether the geometry is aligned in every step onto the coordinates of the previous step. Must not be used with internal coordinates.
- **dump** (bool, default: False) -- Flag to control dumping/writing of optimization progress to the filesystem

- **dump_restart** (bool, default: False) -- Flag to control whether restart information is dumped to the filesystem.
- **prefix** (str, default: ' ') -- Short string that is prepended to several files created by the optimizer. Allows distinguishing several optimizations carried out in the same directory.
- **reparam_thresh** (float, default: 0.001) -- Controls the minimal allowed similarity between coordinates after two successive reparametrizations. Convergence is signalled if the coordinates did not change significantly.
- **reparam_check_rms** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to check for (too) similar coordinates after reparametrization.
- **reparam_when** (Optional[Literal['before', 'after']], default: 'after') -- Reparametrize before or after calculating the step. Can also be turned off by setting it to None.
- **overachieve_factor** (float, default: 0.0) -- Signal convergence when max(forces) and rms(forces) fall below the chosen threshold, divided by this factor. Convergence of max(step) and rms(step) is ignored.
- **restart_info** -- Restart information. Undocumented.
- **check_coord_diffs** (bool, default: True) -- Whether coordinates of chain-of-sates images are checked for being too similar.
- **coord_diff_thresh** (float, default: 0.01) -- Unitless threshold for similary checking of COS image coordinates. The first image is assigned 0, the last image is assigned to 1.
- **fragments** (Optional[Tuple], default: None) -- Tuple of lists containing atom indices, defining two fragments.
- **monitor_frag_dists** (int, default: 0) -- Monitor fragment distances for N cycles. The optimization is terminated when the interfragment distances falls below the initial value after N cycles.
- **out_dir** (str, default: '. ') -- String poiting to a directory where optimization progress is dumped.
- **h5_fn** (str, default: 'optimization.h5') -- Basename of the HDF5 file used for dumping.
- **h5_group_name** (str, default: 'opt') -- Groupname used for dumping of this optimization.

check_convergence(*step=None, multiple=1.0, overachieve_factor=None, energy_thresh=1e-06*)

Check if the current convergence of the optimization is equal to or below the required thresholds, or a multiple thereof. The latter may be used in initiating the climbing image.

dump_restart_info()

final_summary()

get_path_for_fn(*fn, with_prefix=True*)

get_restart_info()

log(*message, level=50*)

make_conv_dict(*key, rms_force=None*)

abstract optimize()

```

postprocess_opt()
prepare_opt()
print_opt_progress()
report_conv_thresholds()
run()
scale_by_max_step(steps)
set_restart_info(restart_info)
write_cycle_to_file()
write_image_trjs()
write_results()
write_to_out_dir(out_fn, content, mode='w')

```

```
pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.get_data_model(geometry, is_cos, max_cycles)
```

pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS module

```

class pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS.PreconLBFGS(geometry, alpha_init=1.0, history=7,
                                                    precon=True, precon_update=1,
                                                    precon_getter_update=None, precon_kind='full',
                                                    max_step_element=None, line_search='armijo',
                                                    c_stab=None, **kwargs)

```

Bases: [Optimizer](#)

```

__init__(geometry, alpha_init=1.0, history=7, precon=True, precon_update=1,
         precon_getter_update=None, precon_kind='full', max_step_element=None, line_search='armijo',
         c_stab=None, **kwargs)

```

Preconditioned limited-memory BFGS optimizer.

See `pysisyphus.optimizers.precon` for related references.

Parameters

- **geometry** ([Geometry](#)) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **alpha_init** (float, default: 1.0) -- Initial scaling factor for the first trial step in the explicit line search.
- **history** (int, default: 7) -- History size. Keep last 'history' steps and gradient differences.
- **precon** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to use preconditioning or not.
- **precon_update** (int, default: 1) -- Recalculate preconditioner P in every n-th cycle with the same topology.
- **precon_getter_update** (Optional[int], default: None) -- Recalculate topology for preconditioner P in every n-th cycle. It is usually sufficient to only determine the topology once at the beginning.
- **precon_kind** (Literal['full', 'full_fast', 'bonds', 'bonds_bends'], default: 'full') -- What types of primitive internal coordinates to consider in the preconditioner.

- **max_step_element** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Maximum component of the absolute step vector when no line search is carried out.
- **line_search** (Literal['armijo', 'armijo_fg', 'strong_wolfe', 'hz', None, False], default: 'armijo') -- Whether to use explicit line searches and if so, which kind of line search.
- **c_stab** (Optional[float], default: None) -- Regularization constant c in $(H + cI)^{\dagger}$ in atomic units.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Optimizer baseclass.

get_precon_getter()

optimize()

prepare_opt()

scale_max_element(step, max_step_element)

pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconSteepestDescent module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconSteepestDescent.PreconSteepestDescent(geometry,
                                                                           alpha_init=0.5,
                                                                           **kwargs)
```

Bases: [PreconLBFGS](#)

pysisyphus.optimizers.QuickMin module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.QuickMin.QuickMin(geometry, dt=0.35, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Optimizer](#)

optimize()

prepare_opt()

reset()

pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer.RFOptimizer(geometry, line_search=True, gediis=False,
                                                         gdiis=True, gdiis_thresh=0.0025,
                                                         gediis_thresh=0.01, gdiis_test_direction=True,
                                                         max_micro_cycles=0, adapt_step_func=False,
                                                         **kwargs)
```

Bases: [HessianOptimizer](#)

```
__init__(geometry, line_search=True, gediis=False, gdiis=True, gdiis_thresh=0.0025, gediis_thresh=0.01,
          gdiis_test_direction=True, max_micro_cycles=0, adapt_step_func=False, **kwargs)
```

Rational function Optimizer.

Parameters

- **geometry** ([Geometry](#)) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **line_search** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to carry out implicit line searches.

- **gediis** (bool, default: False) -- Whether to enable GEDIIS.
- **gdiis** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to enable GDIIS.
- **gdiis_thresh** (float, default: 0.0025) -- Threshold for rms(forces) to enable GDIIS.
- **gediis_thresh** (float, default: 0.01) -- Threshold for rms(step) to enable GEDIIS.
- **gdiis_test_direction** (bool, default: True) -- Whether to the overlap of the RFO step and the GDIIS step.
- **max_micro_cycles** (int, default: 0) -- Number of restricted-step microcycles. Disabled by default.
- **adapt_step_func** (bool, default: False) -- Whether to switch between shifted Newton and RFO-steps.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the Optimizer/HessianOptimizer baseclass.

optimize()

postprocess_opt()

pysisyphus.optimizers.RSA module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.RSA.RSA(geometry, trust_radius=0.5, trust_update=True, trust_min=0.1,
                                     trust_max=1, max_energy_incr=None, hessian_update='bfgs',
                                     hessian_init='fischer', hessian_recalc=None,
                                     hessian_recalc_adapt=None, hessian_xtb=False,
                                     hessian_recalc_reset=False, small_eigval_thresh=1e-08,
                                     line_search=False, alpha0=1.0, max_micro_cycles=25,
                                     rfo_overlaps=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *HessianOptimizer*

The Importance of Step Control in Optimization Methods, del Campo, 2009.

optimize()

pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod.StabilizedQNMethod(geometry, alpha=0.5,
                                                                    alpha_max=1,
                                                                    alpha_stretch=0.5,
                                                                    alpha_stretch_max=1,
                                                                    eps=0.0001, hist_max=10,
                                                                    E_thresh=1e-06, bio=True,
                                                                    trust_radius=0.1,
                                                                    linesearch=True, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Optimizer*

adjust_alpha(gradient, precon_gradient)

adjust_alpha_stretch()

bio_mode(gradient)

```
property n_hist
optimize()
precondition_gradient(gradient, steps, grad_diffs, eps)
prepare_opt()
```

pysisyphus.optimizers.SteepestDescent module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.SteepestDescent.SteepestDescent(geometry, alpha=0.1, **kwargs)
    Bases: BacktrackingOptimizer
    optimize()
    prepare_opt()
```

pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer module

```
class pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer.StringOptimizer(geometry, max_step=0.1,
                                                            stop_in_when_full=-1, keep_last=10,
                                                            lbfgs_when_full=True,
                                                            gamma_mult=False,
                                                            double_damp=True,
                                                            scale_step='global', **kwargs)

    Bases: Optimizer
    check_convergence(*args, **kwargs)
        Check if the current convergence of the optimization is equal to or below the required thresholds, or a
        multiple thereof. The latter may be used in initiating the climbing image.
    optimize()
    prepare_opt()
    reset()
    restrict_step_components(steps)
```

pysisyphus.optimizers.closures module

```
pysisyphus.optimizers.closures.bfgs_multiply(s_list, y_list, vector, beta=1, P=None, logger=None,
                                              gamma_mult=True, mu_reg=None, inds=None,
                                              cur_size=None)
```

Matrix-vector product $H \cdot v$.

Multiplies given vector with inverse Hessian, obtained from repeated BFGS updates calculated from steps in 's_list' and gradient differences in 'y_list'.

Based on algorithm 7.4 Nocedal, Num. Opt., p. 178.

```
pysisyphus.optimizers.closures.get_update_mu_reg(mu_min=0.001, gamma_1=0.1, gamma_2=5.0,
                                                  eta_1=0.01, eta_2=0.9, logger=None)
```

See 5.1 in [1]

`pysisyphus.optimizers.closures.lbfgs_closure(force_getter, M=10, beta=1, restrict_step=None)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.closures.modified_broyden_closure(force_getter, M=5, beta=1, restrict_step=None)`

<https://doi.org/10.1006/jcph.1996.0059> F corresponds to the residual gradient, so we after calling `force_getter` we multiply the force by -1 to get the gradient.

`pysisyphus.optimizers.closures.small_lbfgs_closure(history=5, gamma_mult=True)`

Compact LBFGS closure.

The returned function takes two arguments: `forces` and `prev_step`. `forces` are the forces at the current iterate and `prev_step` is the previous step that lead us to the current iterate. In this way step restriction/line search can be done outside of the `lbfgs` function.

pysisyphus.optimizers.cls_map module

`pysisyphus.optimizers.cls_map.get_opt_cls(opt_key)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.cls_map.key_is_tsopt(opt_key)`

pysisyphus.optimizers.exceptions module

exception `pysisyphus.optimizers.exceptions.OptimizationError`

Bases: `Exception`

exception `pysisyphus.optimizers.exceptions.ZeroStepLength`

Bases: `Exception`

pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis module

class `pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.DIISResult(coeffs, coords, forces, energy, N, type)`

Bases: `tuple`

N

Alias for field number 4

coeffs

Alias for field number 0

coords

Alias for field number 1

energy

Alias for field number 3

forces

Alias for field number 2

type

Alias for field number 5

`pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.diis_result(coeffs, coords, forces, energy=None, prefix='')`

```
pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.from_coeffs(vec, coeffs)
pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.gdiis(err_vecs, coords, forces, ref_step, max_vecs=5, test_direction=True)
pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.gediis(coords, energies, forces, hessian=None, max_vecs=3)
pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.log(msg)
pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.valid_diis_direction(diis_step, ref_step, use)
```

pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians module

```
pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.fischer_guess(geom)
pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.get_guess_hessian(geometry, hessian_init, int_gradient=None,
                                                         cart_gradient=None, h5_fn=None)

    Obtain/calculate (model) Hessian.

    For hessian_init="calc" the Hessian will be in the coord_type of the geometry, otherwise a Hessian in primitive
    internals will be returned.

pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.get_lindh_alpha(atom1, atom2)
pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.improved_guess(geom, bond_func, bend_func, dihedral_func)
pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.lindh_guess(geom)
    Slightly modified Lindh model hessian as described in [1].

    Instead of using the tabulated r_ref,ij values from [1] we will use the 'true' covalent radii as pyberny. The tabulated
    r_ref,ij value for two carbons (2nd period) is 2.87 Bohr. Carbons covalent radius is ~ 1.44 Bohr, so 2*1.44 Bohr
    = 2.88 Bohr which fits nicely with the tabulate value. If values for elements > 3rd are requested the alpha values
    for the 3rd period will be (re)used.

pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.lindh_style_guess(geom, ks, rhos)
    Approximate force constants according to Lindh.[1]

    Bonds:  $k_{ij} = k_r * \rho_{ij}$  Bends:  $k_{ijk} = k_b * \rho_{ij} * \rho_{jk}$  Dihedrals:  $k_{ijkl} = k_d * \rho_{ij} * \rho_{jk} * \rho_{kl}$ 

pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.simple_guess(geom)
    Default force constants.

pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.swart_guess(geom)
pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.ts_hessian(hessian, coord_inds, damp=0.25)
    According to [3]
pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians.xtb_hessian(geom, gfn=None)
```

pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates module

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.bfgs_update(H, dx, dg)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.bofill_update(H, dx, dg)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.damped_bfgs_update(H, dx, dg)`

See [5]

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.double_damp(s, y, H=None, s_list=None, y_list=None, mu_1=0.2, mu_2=0.2, logger=None)`

Double damped step 's' and gradient differences 'y'.

H is the inverse Hessian! See [6]. Potentially updates s and y. y is only updated if mu_2 is not None.

Parameters

- **s** (*np.array, shape (N,), floats*) -- Coordiante differences/step.
- **y** (*np.array, shape (N,), floats*) -- Gradient differences
- **H** (*np.array, shape (N, N), floats, optional*) -- Inverse Hessian.
- **s_list** (*list of nd.array, shape (K, N), optional*) -- List of K previous steps. If no H is supplied and prev_ys is given the matrix-vector product Hy will be calculated through the two-loop LBFGS-recursion.
- **y_list** (*list of nd.array, shape (K, N), optional*) -- List of K previous gradient differences. See s_list.
- **mu_1** (*float, optional*) -- Parameter for 's' damping.
- **mu_2** (*float, optional*) -- Parameter for 'y' damping.
- **logger** (*logging.Logger, optional*) -- Logger to be used.

Returns

- **s** (*np.array, shape (N,), floats*) -- Damped coordiante differences/step.
- **y** (*np.array, shape (N,), floats*) -- Damped gradient differences

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.flowchart_update(H, dx, dg)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.mod_flowchart_update(H, dx, dg)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.psb_update(z, dx)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.sr1_update(z, dx)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.ts_bfgs_update(H, dx, dg)`

As described in [7]

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.ts_bfgs_update_org(H, dx, dg)`

Do not use! Implemented as described in the 1998 bofill paper [8].

This does not seem to work too well.

`pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates.ts_bfgs_update_revised(H, dx, dg)`

TS-BFGS update as described in [9].

Better than the original formula of Bofill, worse than the implementation in [7]. a is caluclated as described in the footnote 1 on page 38. Eq. (8) looks suspicious as it contains the inverse of a vector?! As also outlined in the paper abs(a) is used (**|a|** in the paper).

pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit module**class** pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.**FitResult**(*x, y, polys*)

Bases: tuple

polys

Alias for field number 2

x

Alias for field number 0

y

Alias for field number 1

pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.**cubic_fit**(*e0, e1, g0, g1*)pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.**gen_solutions**()Given two energies (*e0, e1*) and corresponding gradients (*g0, g1*) we can (try to) fit a quartic polynomial

$$f(x) = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4$$

s.t. the constraint $f'(x) \geq 0$, with the equality being fulfilled at only one point. There are five unknowns ($a_0 - a_4$) to be determined. Four equations can be derived from $f(x)$ and its first derivative

$$f'(x) = a_1 + 2a_2x + 3a_3x^2 + 4a_4x^3.$$

With (*e0, g0*) being given at $x=0$ and (*e1, g1*) being given at $x=1$ we can setup the following equations:

$$f(0) = a_0 \quad (1) \quad f'(0) = a_1 \quad (2)$$

using e_0 and g_0 at $x=0$, and

$$f(1) = a_0 + a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 \quad (3) \quad f'(1) = a_1 + 2a_2 + 3a_3 + 4a_4. \quad (4)$$

The missing last equation can be derived from the constraint. The second derivative of $f(x)$ is

$$f''(x) = 2a_2 + 6a_3x + 12a_4x^2$$

and shall be positive except at one point where it is allowed to be 0, that its two roots ($f''(x) = 0$) must be degenerate. This is fulfilled when the discriminant D of the quadratic polynomial $ax^2 + bx + c$ is zero.

$$D = b^2 - 4ac = 0$$

With

$$a = 12a_4 \quad b = 6a_3 \quad c = 2a_2$$

we get

$$0 = (6a_3)^2 - 4 \cdot 12a_4 \cdot 2a_2 = 36a_3^2 - 96a_4a_2 = 3a_3^2 - 8a_4a_2 \quad (5) \quad \text{or} \quad a_4 = \frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{a_3^2}{a_2}$$

Using (1) - (5) we can solve the set of equations for $a_0 - a_4$.

pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.**get_maximum**(*poly*)pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.**get_minimum**(*poly*)pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.**poly_line_search**(*cur_energy, prev_energy, cur_grad, prev_grad, prev_step, cubic_max_x=2.0, quartic_max_x=4.0, logger=None*)

Generate directional gradients by projecting them on the previous step.

`pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.quartic_fit(e0, e1, g0, g1, maximize=False)`

See `gen_solutions()` for derivation.

`pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.quintic_fit(e0, e1, g0, g1, H0, H1)`

pysisyphus.optimizers.precon module

`pysisyphus.optimizers.precon.get_lindh_k(atoms, coords3d, bonds=None, angles=None, torsions=None)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.precon.get_lindh_precon(atoms, coords, bonds=None, bends=None, dihedrals=None, c_stab=0.0103, logger=None)`

`c_stab = 0.00103 hartree/bohr2` corresponds to 0.1 eV/Å² as given in the paper.

`pysisyphus.optimizers.precon.precon_getter(geom, c_stab=0.0103, kind='full', logger=None)`

pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step module

`pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step.get_scale_max(max_element)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step.restrict_step(steps, max_step)`

`pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step.scale_by_max_step(steps, max_step)`

Module contents

`class pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton(geometry, **kwargs)`

Bases: [`HessianOptimizer`](#)

`optimize()`

`postprocess_opt()`

`class pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer(geom, step='lbfgs', line_search=True, max_cycles=100000000, max_step=0.2, keep_last=10, rms_force=None, double_damp=True, dump=False, **kwargs)`

Bases: `object`

`cg_step(forces)`

`lbfgs_step(forces)`

`log(msg)`

`optimize()`

`run()`

`sd_step(forces)`

`take_step(energy, forces, return_step=False)`

16.1.1.14 pysisyphus.plotters package

Submodules

pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot module

```
class pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot.AnimPlot(calculator, optimizer, xlim=None, ylim=None,
                                              levels=None, num=100, figsize=(8, 8), interval=250,
                                              energy_profile=True, colorbar=True, save=None,
                                              title=True, tight_layout=False)
```

Bases: object

animate()

as_html5(out_fn)

func(frame)

on_keypress(event)

Pause on SPACE press.

Module contents

16.1.1.15 pysisyphus.stochastic package

Submodules

pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick module

```
class pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick.FragmentKick(geom, fragments, fix_fragments=None,
                                                         displace_from=None,
                                                         random_displacement=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *Kick*

get_fragments(fragments)

get_input_geom(geom)

get_origin()

kick_fragment(frag_coords)

print_fragments()

pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick module

```
class pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick.Kick(geom, radius=0.5, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [Pipeline](#)

```
get_input_geom(geom)
```

```
get_kick()
```

```
run_cycle(geom)
```

pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline module

```
class pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline(geom, calc_getter=None, seed=None, max_cycles=5,
                                              cycle_size=15, rmsd_thresh=0.1, energy_thresh=0.001,
                                              energy_range=0.125, compare_num=25, break_after=2,
                                              calc_kwargs=None)
```

Bases: object

```
atoms_are_too_close(geom, factor=0.7)
```

Determine if atoms are too close.

```
geom_is_close_in_energy(geom)
```

```
geom_is_new(geom)
```

Determine if geometry is not already known.

```
geom_is_valid(geom)
```

Filter out geometries that are None, or were the atoms are too close or when they are already known.

```
get_input_geom(geom)
```

```
get_unique_geometries(geoms)
```

```
get_valid_index_set(to_intersect)
```

```
log(message)
```

Write a log message.

Wraps the logger variable.

Parameters

message (str) -- Message to be logged.

```
run()
```

```
run_geom_opt(geom)
```

```
write_geoms_to_trj(geoms, fn, comments=None)
```

pysisyphus.stochastic.align module

`pysisyphus.stochastic.align.apply_transform(coords3d, swap, reflection)`

Apply axis swaps and reflections to a coordinate array.

`pysisyphus.stochastic.align.match_geom_atoms(ref_geom, geom_to_match, hydrogen=True)`

Apply the hungarian method to geom_to_match.

Uses the scipy implementation of the Hungarian method/ Kuhn-Munkres algorithm in `scipy.optimize.linear_sum_assignment`.

See

[1] 10.1021/ci400534h [2] 10.1021/acs.jcim.6b00516

`pysisyphus.stochastic.align.matched_rmsd(geom1, geom2, thresh=0.05)`

RMSD for optimally aligned and matched geometries.

Returns

- **matched_rmsd** (*float*) -- RMSD of optimally aligned and matched geometries.
- **matched_geoms** (*tuple(Geometry, Geometry)*) -- Tuple of the optimally aligned and matched geometries.

Module contents

`class pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick(geom, fragments, fix_fragments=None, displace_from=None, random_displacement=False, **kwargs)`

Bases: [*Kick*](#)

`get_fragments(fragments)`

`get_input_geom(geom)`

`get_origin()`

`kick_fragment(frag_coords)`

`print_fragments()`

`class pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick(geom, radius=0.5, **kwargs)`

Bases: [*Pipeline*](#)

`get_input_geom(geom)`

`get_kick()`

`run_cycle(geom)`

16.1.1.16 pysisyphus.tests package

Submodules

pysisyphus.tests.test_calculators module

Module contents

16.1.1.17 pysisyphus.tsoptimizers package

Submodules

pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer module

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer.RSIRFOptimizer(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None,
                                                             prim_coord=None, rx_coords=None,
                                                             rx_mode=None, hessian_init='calc',
                                                             hessian_update='bofill',
                                                             hessian_recalc_reset=True,
                                                             max_micro_cycles=50,
                                                             trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5,
                                                             augment_bonds=False,
                                                             min_line_search=False,
                                                             max_line_search=False,
                                                             assert_neg_eigval=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *TSHessianOptimizer*

optimize()

pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer module

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer.RSPRFOptimizer(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None,
                                                             prim_coord=None, rx_coords=None,
                                                             rx_mode=None, hessian_init='calc',
                                                             hessian_update='bofill',
                                                             hessian_recalc_reset=True,
                                                             max_micro_cycles=50,
                                                             trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5,
                                                             augment_bonds=False,
                                                             min_line_search=False,
                                                             max_line_search=False,
                                                             assert_neg_eigval=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *TSHessianOptimizer*

optimize()

pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM module

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM.TRIM(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None, prim_coord=None,
    rx_coords=None, rx_mode=None, hessian_init='calc',
    hessian_update='bofill', hessian_recalc_reset=True,
    max_micro_cycles=50, trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5,
    augment_bonds=False, min_line_search=False,
    max_line_search=False, assert_neg_eigval=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *TSHessianOptimizer*

optimize()

pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer module

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer.TSHessianOptimizer(geometry, root=0,
    hessian_ref=None,
    prim_coord=None,
    rx_coords=None,
    rx_mode=None,
    hessian_init='calc',
    hessian_update='bofill',
    hessian_recalc_reset=True,
    max_micro_cycles=50,
    trust_radius=0.3,
    trust_max=0.5,
    augment_bonds=False,
    min_line_search=False,
    max_line_search=False,
    assert_neg_eigval=False,
    **kwargs)
```

Bases: *HessianOptimizer*

Optimizer to find first-order saddle points.

```
__init__(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None, prim_coord=None, rx_coords=None, rx_mode=None,
    hessian_init='calc', hessian_update='bofill', hessian_recalc_reset=True, max_micro_cycles=50,
    trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5, augment_bonds=False, min_line_search=False,
    max_line_search=False, assert_neg_eigval=False, **kwargs)
```

Baseclass for transition state optimizers utilizing Hessian information.

Several arguments expect a typed primitive or an iterable of typed primitives. A typed primitive is specified as (PrimType, int, int, ...), e.g., for a bond between atoms 0 and 1: (BOND, 0, 1) or for a bend between the atom triple 0, 1, 2 as (BEND, 0, 1, 2).

Parameters

- **geometry** (*Geometry*) -- Geometry to be optimized.
- **root** (int, default: 0) -- Index of imaginary mode to maximize along.
- **hessian_ref** (Optional[str], default: None) -- Filename pointing to a pysisyphus HDF5 Hessian.
- **prim_coord** (*typed_prim*) -- Select initial root/imaginary mode by overlap with this internal coordinate.

- **rx_coords** (*iterable of (typed_prim)*) -- Construct imaginary mode comprising the given typed prims by modifying a model Hessian.
- **rx_mode** (*iterable of (typed_prim, phase_factor)*) -- Select initial root by overlap with a mode constructed from the given typed primitives.
- **hessian_init** (*Literal['calc', 'unit', 'fischer', 'lindh', 'simple', 'swart', 'xtb', 'xtb1', 'xtbff']*, default: 'calc') -- Type of initial model Hessian.
- **hessian_update** (*Literal['none', None, False, 'bfgs', 'damped_bfgs', 'flowchart', 'bofill', 'ts_bfgs', 'ts_bfgs_org', 'ts_bfgs_rev']*, default: 'bofill') -- Type of Hessian update. Defaults to BFGS for minimizations and Bofill for saddle point searches.
- **hessian_recalc_reset** (*bool*, default: True) -- Whether to skip Hessian recalculation after reset. Undocumented.
- **max_micro_cycles** (*int*, default: 50) -- Maximum number of RS iterations.
- **trust_radius** (*float*, default: 0.3) -- Initial trust radius in whatever unit the optimization is carried out.
- **trust_max** (*float*, default: 0.5) -- Maximum trust radius.
- **augment_bonds** (*bool*, default: False) -- Try to derive additional stretching coordinates from the imaginary mode.
- **min_line_search** (*bool*, default: False) -- Carry out line search along the imaginary mode.
- **max_line_search** (*bool*, default: False) -- Carry out line search in the subspace that is minimized.
- **assert_neg_eigval** (*bool*, default: False) -- Check for the existences for at least one significant negative eigenvalue. If enabled and no negative eigenvalue is present the optimization will be aborted.
- ****kwargs** -- Keyword arguments passed to the HessianOptimizer/Optimizer baseclass.

```
static do_line_search(e0, e1, g0, g1, prev_step, maximize, logger=None)

prepare_opt(*args, **kwargs)

step_and_grad_from_line_search(energy, gradient_trans, eigvecs, min_indices)

update_ts_mode(eigvals, eigvecs)

valid_updates = ('bofill', 'ts_bfgs', 'ts_bfgs_org', 'ts_bfgs_rev')
```

Module contents

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None, prim_coord=None,
rx_coords=None, rx_mode=None, hessian_init='calc',
hessian_update='bofill', hessian_recalc_reset=True,
max_micro_cycles=50, trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5,
augment_bonds=False, min_line_search=False,
max_line_search=False, assert_neg_eigval=False,
**kwargs)
```

Bases: *TSHessianOptimizer*

```
optimize()
```

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None, prim_coord=None,
                                             rx_coords=None, rx_mode=None, hessian_init='calc',
                                             hessian_update='bofill', hessian_recalc_reset=True,
                                             max_micro_cycles=50, trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5,
                                             augment_bonds=False, min_line_search=False,
                                             max_line_search=False, assert_neg_eigval=False,
                                             **kwargs)
```

Bases: *TSHessianOptimizer*

optimize()

```
class pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM(geometry, root=0, hessian_ref=None, prim_coord=None,
                                     rx_coords=None, rx_mode=None, hessian_init='calc',
                                     hessian_update='bofill', hessian_recalc_reset=True,
                                     max_micro_cycles=50, trust_radius=0.3, trust_max=0.5,
                                     augment_bonds=False, min_line_search=False,
                                     max_line_search=False, assert_neg_eigval=False, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *TSHessianOptimizer*

optimize()

16.1.1.18 pysisyphus.wrapper package

Submodules

pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol module

`pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol.call_jmol(spt_str, show=False)`

`pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol.render_cdd_cube(cdd_cube, isoval=0.002, orient="")`

`pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol.render_geom_and_charges(geom, point_charges)`

pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn module

`pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn.call_mwfn(inp_fn, stdin, cwd=None)`

`pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn.get_mwfn_exc_str(energies, ci_coeffs, dexc_ci_coeffs=None, thresh=0.001)`

`pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn.log(msg)`

`pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn.make_cdd(inp_fn, state, log_fn, cwd=None, keep=False, quality=2, prefix='S')`

Create CDD cube in cwd.

Parameters

- **inp_fn** (*str*) -- Filename of a .molden/.fchk file.
- **state** (*int*) -- CDD cubes will be generated up to this state.
- **log_fn** (*str*) -- Filename of the .log file.
- **cwd** (*str* or *Path*, *optional*) -- If a different cwd should be used.
- **keep** (*bool*) -- Wether to keep electron.cub and hole.cub, default is False.

- **quality** (*int*) -- Quality of the cube. (1=low, 2=medium, 3=high).

`pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn.wrap_stdin(stdin)`

pysisyphus.wrapper.packmol module

`pysisyphus.wrapper.packmol.call_packmol(inp)`

`pysisyphus.wrapper.packmol.make_input(output_fn, solvent_fn, solvent_num, sphere_radius,
solute_fn=None, solute_num=None, tolerance=2.0)`

Module contents

16.1.2 Submodules

16.1.3 pysisyphus.Geometry module

class `pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry`(*atoms, coords, fragments=None, coord_type='cart',
coord_kwargs=None, isotopes=None, freeze_atoms=None,
comment="", name=""*)

Bases: `object`

__init__(*atoms, coords, fragments=None, coord_type='cart', coord_kwargs=None, isotopes=None,
freeze_atoms=None, comment="", name=""*)

Object representing atoms in a coordinate system.

The Geometry represents atoms and their positions in coordinate system. By default cartesian coordinates are used, but internal coordinates are also possible.

Parameters

- **atoms** (*iterable*) -- Iterable of length N, containing element symbols.
- **coords** (*1d iterable*) -- 1d iterable of length 3N, containing the cartesian coordinates of N atoms.
- **fragments** (*dict, optional*) -- Dict with different keys denoting different fragments. The values contain lists of atom indices.
- **coord_type** (*{ "cart", "redund"}, optional*) -- Type of coordinate system to use. Right now cartesian (cart) and redundand (redund) are supported.
- **coord_kwargs** (*dict, optional*) -- Dictionary containing additional arguments that get passed to the constructor of the internal coordinate class.
- **isotopes** (*iterable of pairs, optional*) -- Iterable of pairs consisting of 0-based atom index and either an integer or a float. If an integer is given the closest isotope mass will be selected. Given a float, this float will be directly used as mass.
- **freeze_atoms** (*iterable of integers*) -- Specifies which atoms should remain fixed at their initial positions.
- **comment** (*str, optional*) -- Comment string.
- **name** (*str, optional*) -- Verbose name of the geometry, e.g. methanal or water. Used for printing

align_principal_axes()

Align the principal axes to the cartesian axes.

<https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/145023>

approximate_radius()

Approximate molecule radius from the biggest atom distance along an axis.

as_ase_atoms()**as_g98_list()**

Returns data for fake Gaussian98 standard orientation output.

Returns

g98_list -- List with one row per atom. Every row contains [center number, atomic number, atomic type (always 0 for now), X Y Z coordinates in Angstrom.

Return type

list

as_xyz(comment="", atoms=None, cart_coords=None)

Current geometry as a string in XYZ-format.

Parameters

- **comment** (*str*, *optional*) -- Will be written in the second line (comment line) of the XYZ-string.
- **cart_coords** (*np.array*, *1d*, *shape* (*3 * atoms.size*,)) -- Cartesians for dumping instead of *self._coords*.

Returns

xyz_str -- Current geometry as string in XYZ-format.

Return type

str

assert_cart_coords(coords)**assert_compatibility(other)**

Assert that two Geometries can be subtracted from each other.

Parameters

other (*Geometry*) -- Geometry for comparison.

atom_indices()

Dict with atom types as key and corresponding indices as values.

Returns

inds_dict -- Unique atom types as keys, corresponding indices as values.

Return type

dict

property atom_types**atom_xyz_iter()****property atomic_numbers****property bond_sets**

calc_double_ao_overlap(*geom2*)

calc_energy_and_forces()

Force a calculation of the current energy and forces.

property **cart_coords**

property **cart_forces**

property **cart_gradient**

property **cart_hessian**

center()

property **center_of_mass**

Returns the center of mass.

Returns

R -- Center of mass.

Return type

np.array, shape(3,)

center_of_mass_at(*coords3d*)

Returns the center of mass at given coords3d.

Parameters

coords3d (np.array, shape(*N*, 3)) -- Cartesian coordiantes.

Returns

R -- Center of mass.

Return type

np.array, shape(3,)

property **centroid**

Geometric center of the Geometry.

Returns

R -- Geometric center of the Geometry.

Return type

np.array, shape(3,)

clear()

Reset the object state.

property **comment**

```
coord_types = {'cart': None, 'cartesian': <class
'pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords>', 'dlc': <class
'pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC>', 'hdlc': <class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.HDLC>',
'hredund': <class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.HybridRedundantCoords>',
'mwcartesian': <class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.MWCartesianCoords>',
'redund': <class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords>', 'tric':
<class 'pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.TRIC>'}
```

property coords

1d vector of atomic coordinates.

Returns

coords -- 1d array holding the current coordinates.

Return type

np.array

property coords3d

Coordinates in 3d.

Returns

coords3d -- Coordinates of the Geometry as 2D array.

Return type

np.array

property coords_by_type

Coordinates in 3d by atom type and their corresponding indices.

Returns

- **cbt** (*dict*) -- Dictionary with the unique atom types of the Geometry as keys. It's values are the 3d coordinates of the corresponding atom type.
- **inds** (*dict*) -- Dictionary with the unique atom types of the Geometry as keys. It's values are the original indices of the 3d coordinates in the whole coords3d array.

copy(*coord_type=None, coord_kwargs=None*)

Returns a new Geometry object with same atoms and coordinates.

Parameters

- **coord_type** (*str*) -- Desired coord_type, defaults to current coord_type.
- **coord_kwargs** (*dict, optional*) -- Any desired coord_kwargs that will be passed to the RedundantCoords object.

Returns

geom -- New Geometry object with the same atoms and coordinates.

Return type

Geometry

copy_all(*coord_type=None, coord_kwargs=None*)

property covalent_radii

del_atoms(*inds, **kwargs*)

describe()

dump_xyz(*fn*)

eckart_projection(*mw_hessian, return_P=False, full=False*)

property energy

Energy of the current atomic configuration.

Returns

energy -- Energy of the current atomic configuration.

Return type

float

fd_coords3d_gen(*step_size=0.001*)

Iterator returning 3d Cartesians for finite-differences.

property forces

Energy of the current atomic configuration.

Returns**force** -- 1d array containing the forces acting on the atoms. Negative of the gradient.**Return type**

np.array

get_energy_and_cart_forces_at(*cart_coords*)**get_energy_and_cart_hessian_at**(*cart_coords*)**get_energy_and_forces_at**(*coords*)

Calculate forces and energies at the given coordinates.

The results are not saved in the Geometry object.

get_energy_at(*coords*)**get_energy_at_cart_coords**(*cart_coords*)**get_fragments**(*regex*)**get_imag_frequencies**(*hessian=None, thresh=1e-06*)**get_normal_modes**(*cart_hessian=None, full=False*)

Normal mode wavenumbers, eigenvalues and Cartesian displacements Hessian.

get_restart_info()**get_sphere_radius**(*offset=4*)**get_subgeom**(*indices, coord_type='cart', sort=False*)

Return a Geometry containing a subset of the current Geometry.

Parameters

- **indices** (*iterable of ints*) -- Atomic indices that the define the subset of the current Geometry.
- **coord_type** (*str, ("cart", "redund"), optional*) -- Coordinate system of the new Geometry.

Returns**sub_geom** -- Subset of the current Geometry.**Return type***Geometry***get_subgeom_without**(*indices, **kwargs*)**get_temporary_coords**(*coords*)**get_thermoanalysis**(*energy=None, cart_hessian=None, T=298.15, p=101325, point_group='c1'*)

get_trans_rot_projector(*full=False*)

property gradient

Negative of the force.

Returns

gradient -- 1d array containing the negative of the current forces.

Return type

np.array

property hessian

Matrix of second derivatives of the energy in respect to atomic displacements.

Returns

hessian -- 2d array containing the second derivatives of the energy with respect to atomic/coordinate displacements depending on the type of coordiante system.

Return type

np.array

property inertia_tensor

property is_analytical_2d

jmol(*atoms=None, cart_coords=None*)

Show geometry in jmol.

property layers

mass_weigh_hessian(*hessian*)

property masses

property masses_rep

property mm_inv

Inverted mass matrix.

Returns a diagonal matrix containing the inverted atomic masses.

property mm_sqrt_inv

Inverted square root of the mass matrix.

property moving_atoms

moving_atoms_jmol()

property mw_coords

Mass-weighted coordinates.

Returns

mw_coords -- 1d array containing the mass-weighted cartesian coordiantes.

Return type

np.array

property mw_gradient

Mass-weighted gradient.

Returns

mw_gradient -- Returns the mass-weighted gradient.

Return type

np.array

property mw_hessian

Mass-weighted hessian.

Returns**mw_hessian** -- 2d array containing the mass-weighted hessian $M^{(-1/2)} H M^{(-1/2)}$.**Return type**

np.array

principal_axes_are_aligned()

Check if the principal axes are aligned with the cartesian axes.

Returns**aligned** -- Whether the principal axes are aligned or not.**Return type**

bool

reparametrize()**reset_coords**(*new_typed_prims=None*)**rmsd**(*geom*)**rotate**(*copy=False*)**set_calculator**(*calculator, clear=True*)

Reset the object and set a calculator.

set_coord(*ind, coord*)

Set a coordinate by index.

Parameters

- **ind** (*int*) -- Index in of the coordinate to set in the self.coords array.
- **coord** (*float*) -- Coordinate value.

set_coords(*coords, cartesian=False, update_constraints=False*)**set_h5_hessian**(*fn*)**set_restart_info**(*restart_info*)**set_results**(*results*)

Save the results from a dictionary.

Parameters**results** (*dict*) -- The keys in this dict will be set as attributes in the current object, with the corresponding item as value.**standard_orientation()****property sum_formula****property total_mass**

unweight_mw_hessian(*mw_hessian*)

Unweight a mass-weighted hessian.

Parameters

mw_hessian (*np.array*) -- Mass-weighted hessian to be unweighted.

Returns

hessian -- 2d array containing the hessian.

Return type

np.array

without_hydrogens()

zero_frozen_forces(*cart_forces*)

`pysisyphus.Geometry.get_trans_rot_projector(cart_coords, masses, full=False)`

`pysisyphus.Geometry.get_trans_rot_vectors(cart_coords, masses, rot_thresh=1e-06)`

Vectors describing translation and rotation.

These vectors are used for the Eckart projection by constructing a projector from them.

See Martin J. Field - A Practical Introduction to the simulation of Molecular Systems, 2007, Cambridge University Press, Eq. (8.23), (8.24) and (8.26) for the actual projection.

See also <https://chemistry.stackexchange.com/a/74923>.

Parameters

- **cart_coords** (*np.array*, 1d, shape (3 * *atoms.size*,)) -- Atomic masses in amu.
- **masses** (*iterable*, 1d, shape (*atoms.size*,)) -- Atomic masses in amu.

Returns

ortho_vecs -- 2d array containing row vectors describing translations and rotations.

Return type

np.array(6, 3**atoms.size*)

`pysisyphus.Geometry.inertia_tensor(coords3d, masses)`

Inertia tensor.

$x^2 \quad xy \quad xz \quad |$

$(x \ y \ z)^T \cdot (x \ y \ z) = | \quad xy \ y^2 \ yz \quad |$

$xz \ yz \ z^2 \quad |$

16.1.4 pysisyphus.TableFormatter module

`class pysisyphus.TableFormatter.TableFormatter(header, fmts, min_width=7, space=3)`

Bases: object

property header

join_format(*fmts*, *lst*)

Format a given iterable *lst* with formats given in the iterable *lst* and return the joined items of the formatted list.

```
line(*args)
```

```
min_width_fmts(raw_fmts=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.TableFormatter.run()
```

16.1.5 pysisyphus.TablePrinter module

```
class pysisyphus.TablePrinter.TablePrinter(header, col_fmts, width=12, sub_underline=True,
                                             shift_left=0, fmts_update=None)
```

Bases: object

```
print(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
print_header(with_sep=True)
```

```
print_row(args)
```

```
print_sep()
```

16.1.6 pysisyphus.color module

```
pysisyphus.color.bool_color(bool_, str_=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.color.green(str_)
```

```
pysisyphus.color.red(str_)
```

16.1.7 pysisyphus.config module

```
pysisyphus.config.detect_paths()
```

```
pysisyphus.config.get_cmd(section, key='cmd', use_defaults=True)
```

```
pysisyphus.config.parse_args(args)
```

```
pysisyphus.config.run_detect_paths()
```

16.1.8 pysisyphus.constants module

16.1.9 pysisyphus.elem_data module

16.1.10 pysisyphus.exceptions module

```
exception pysisyphus.exceptions.HEIIsFirstOrLastException
```

Bases: Exception

16.1.11 pysisyphus.filtertrj module

`pysisyphus.filtertrj.get_unique_internals(geom)`

`pysisyphus.filtertrj.parse_args(args)`

`pysisyphus.filtertrj.parse_filter(raw_filter)`

`pysisyphus.filtertrj.run()`

16.1.12 pysisyphus.helpers module

`class pysisyphus.helpers.FinalHessianResult(neg_eigvals, eigvals, nus, imag_fns, thermo)`

Bases: tuple

eigvals

Alias for field number 1

imag_fns

Alias for field number 3

neg_eigvals

Alias for field number 0

nus

Alias for field number 2

thermo

Alias for field number 4

`pysisyphus.helpers.align_coords(coords_list)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.align_geoms(geoms)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.check_for_end_sign(check_user=True, cwd='.')`

`pysisyphus.helpers.complete_fragments(atoms, fragments)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.confirm_input(message)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.do_final_hessian(geom, save_hessian=True, write_imag_modes=False, is_ts=False, prefix='', T=298.15, p=101325, ev_thresh=- 1e-06, print_thermo=False, out_dir=None)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.fit_rigid(geometry, vectors=(), vector_lists=(), hessian=None)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.geom_from_xyz_file(xyz_fn, coord_type='cart', **coord_kwargs)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.geom_loader(fn, coord_type='cart', iterable=False, **coord_kwargs)`

After introducing the pubchem functionality I don't like this function anymore :) Too complicated.

`pysisyphus.helpers.geoms_from_trj(trj_fn, first=None, coord_type='cart', **coord_kwargs)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.get_coords_diffs(coords, align=False, normalize=True)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.get_geom_getter(ref_geom, calc_setter)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.get_tangent_trj_str(atoms, coords, tangent, comment=None, points=10, displ=None)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.imag_modes_from_geom(geom, freq_thresh=-10, points=10, displ=None)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.index_array_from_overlaps(overlaps, axis=1)`

It is assumed that the overlaps between two points with indices *i* and *j* with (*j* > *i*) are computed and that *i* changes along the first axis (*axis*=0) and *j* changes along the second axis (*axis*=1).

So the first row of the overlap matrix (`overlaps[0]`) should contain the overlaps between state 0 at index *i* and all states at index *j*.

`argmax` along axis 1 returns the indices of the most overlapping states at index *j* with the states at index *i*, given by the item index in the indices array. E.g.:

[0 1 3 2] indicates a root flip in a system with four states when going from index *i* to index *j*. Root 2 at *i* became root 3 at *j* and vice versa.

`pysisyphus.helpers.match_geoms(ref_geom, geom_to_match, hydrogen=False)`

See

[1] 10.1021/ci400534h [2] 10.1021/acs.jcim.6b00516

`pysisyphus.helpers.norm_max_rms(arr)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.np_print(func, precision=2, suppress=True, linewidth=120)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.pick_image_inds(cart_coords, images)`

Pick approx. evenly distributed images from given Cartesian coordinates.

`pysisyphus.helpers.print_barrier(ref_energy, comp_energy, ref_str, comp_str)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.procrustes(geometry)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.rms(arr)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.shake_coords(coords, scale=0.1, seed=None)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.simple_peaks(data)`

`pysisyphus.helpers.slugify_worker(dask_worker)`

16.1.13 pysisyphus.helpers_pure module

`class pysisyphus.helpers_pure.OrderedEnum(value)`

Bases: Enum

An enumeration.

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.approx_float(num, expected, abs_tol=1e-06, rel_tol=1e-12)`

Return type

bool

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.check_mem(mem, pal, avail_frac=0.85, logger=None)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.chunks(l, n)`

Yield successive n-sized chunks from l. <https://stackoverflow.com/a/312464>

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.describe(arr)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.eigval_to_wavenumber(ev)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.expand(to_expand)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.file_or_str(*args, method=False)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.filter_fixture_store(test_name)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.find_closest_sequence(str_, comp_strs)`

Return type

Tuple[str, float]

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.full_expand(to_expand)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.get_clock()`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.get_input(data, prompt, lbl_func=None)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.get_molecular_radius(coords3d, min_offset=0.9452)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.get_ratio(str_, comp_str)`

See <https://stackoverflow.com/a/17388505>

Return type

str

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.hash_args(*args, precision=4)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.hash_arr(arr, precision=4)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.highlight_text(text, width=80, level=0)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.increment_fn(org_fn, suffix=None)`

Append, or increase a suffixed counter on a given filename. If no counter is present it will be set to zero. Otherwise it is incremented by one.

```
>>> increment_fn("opt", "rebuilt")
'opt_rebuilt_000'
>>> increment_fn("opt")
'opt_000'
>>> increment_fn("opt_rebuilt_000", "rebuilt")
'opt_rebuilt_001'
```

Parameters

- **org_fn** (str) -- The original, unaltered filename.
- **suffix** (Optional[str], default: None) -- Optional suffix to be append.

Returns

Modified filename with optional suffix and incremented counter.

Return type

incr_fn

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.interpolate_colors(values, c1, c2, num=32)`

Expects two RGB colors c1 and c2.

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.json_to_results(as_json)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.log(logger, msg, level=10)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.merge_sets(fragments)`

Merge a list of iterables.

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.recursive_update(d, u)`

Recursive update of d with keys/values from u.

From <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/3232943>

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.remove_duplicates(seq)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.report_frozen_atoms(geom)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.report_isotopes(geom, affect_str)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.results_to_json(results)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.sort_by_central(set1, set2)`

Determines a common index in two sets and returns a length 3 tuple with the central index at the middle position and the two terminal indices as first and last indices.

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.standard_state_corr(T=298.15, p=101325, n=1)`

dG for change of standard state from gas to solution of 1 mol/l

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.timed(logger)`

`pysisyphus.helpers_pure.touch(fn)`

16.1.14 pysisyphus.init_logging module

`pysisyphus.init_logging.get_fh_logger(name, log_fn)`

Initialize a logger with 'name', level DEBUG and a FileHandler.

`pysisyphus.init_logging.init_logging(log_dir='.', scheduler=None)`

Prepare the logger in log_path. When called with scheduler loggers for every worker are prepared.

`pysisyphus.init_logging.init_logging_base(dask_worker, log_path)`

Prepare individual loggers for one dask_worker.

16.1.15 pysisyphus.linalg module

`pysisyphus.linalg.cross3(a, b)`

10x as fast as np.cross for two 1d arrays of size 3.

`pysisyphus.linalg.eigvec_grad(w, v, ind, mat_grad)`

Gradient of 'ind'-th eigenvector.

$dv_i / dx_i = (w_i I - mat)^{-1} dmat / dx_i v_i$

`pysisyphus.linalg.finite_difference_hessian(coords, grad_func, step_size=0.01, acc=2)`

Numerical Hessian from central finite gradient differences.

See central differences in

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Finite_difference_coefficient

for the different accuracies.

Return type

`ndarray[Any, dtype[float]]`

`pysisyphus.linalg.get_rot_mat(abc=None)`

`pysisyphus.linalg.get_rot_mat_for_coords(coords3d_1, coords3d_2)`

`pysisyphus.linalg.gram_schmidt(vecs, thresh=1e-08)`

`pysisyphus.linalg.make_unit_vec(vec1, vec2)`

Return unit vector pointing from vec2 to vec1.

`pysisyphus.linalg.norm3(a)`

5x as fast as `np.linalg.norm` for a 1d array of size 3.

`pysisyphus.linalg.orthogonalize_against(mat, vecs, max_cycles=5, thresh=1e-10)`

Orthogonalize rows of 'mat' against rows in 'vecs'

Returns a (modified) copy of mat.

`pysisyphus.linalg.perp_comp(vec, along)`

Return the perpendicular component of vec along along.

`pysisyphus.linalg.svd_inv(array, thresh, hermitian=False)`

16.1.16 pysisyphus.pack module

`pysisyphus.pack.as_pdb(fn)`

`pysisyphus.pack.parse_args(args)`

`pysisyphus.pack.print_info(title, geom)`

`pysisyphus.pack.run()`

`pysisyphus.pack.sphere_radius_from_volume(volume)`

`pysisyphus.pack.volume_for_density(molecule_num, mol_mass, density)`

16.1.17 pysisyphus.peakdetect module

`pysisyphus.peakdetect.peakdetect(y_axis, x_axis=None, lookahead=200, delta=0)`

Converted from/based on a MATLAB script at: <http://billauer.co.il/peakdet.html>

function for detecting local maxima and minima in a signal. Discovers peaks by searching for values which are surrounded by lower or larger values for maxima and minima respectively

keyword arguments: `y_axis` -- A list containing the signal over which to find peaks

x_axis -- A x-axis whose values correspond to the y_axis list and is used

in the return to specify the position of the peaks. If omitted an index of the y_axis is used. (default: None)

lookahead -- distance to look ahead from a peak candidate to determine if

it is the actual peak (default: 200) '(samples / period) / f' where '4 >= f >= 1.25' might be a good value

delta -- this specifies a minimum difference between a peak and

the following points, before a peak may be considered a peak. Useful to hinder the function from picking up false peaks towards to end of the signal. To work well delta should be set to $\text{delta} \geq \text{RMSnoise} * 5$. (default: 0)

When omitted delta function causes a 20% decrease in speed. When used Correctly it can double the speed of the function

return: two lists [max_peaks, min_peaks] containing the positive and

negative peaks respectively. Each cell of the lists contains a tuple of: (position, peak_value) to get the average peak value do: `np.mean(max_peaks, 0)[1]` on the results to unpack one of the lists into x, y coordinates do: `x, y = zip(*max_peaks)`

`pysisyphus.peakdetect.peakdetect_fft(y_axis, x_axis, pad_len=20)`

Performs a FFT calculation on the data and zero-pads the results to increase the time domain resolution after performing the inverse fft and send the data to the 'peakdetect' function for peak detection.

Omitting the x_axis is forbidden as it would make the resulting x_axis value silly if it was returned as the index 50.234 or similar.

Will find at least 1 less peak then the 'peakdetect_zero_crossing' function, but should result in a more precise value of the peak as resolution has been increased. Some peaks are lost in an attempt to minimize spectral leakage by calculating the fft between two zero crossings for n amount of signal periods.

The biggest time eater in this function is the ifft and thereafter it's the 'peakdetect' function which takes only half the time of the ifft. Speed improvements could include to check if 2^{**n} points could be used for fft and ifft or change the 'peakdetect' to the 'peakdetect_zero_crossing', which is maybe 10 times faster than 'peakdetect'. The pro of 'peakdetect' is that it results in one less lost peak. It should also be noted that the time used by the ifft function can change greatly depending on the input.

keyword arguments: y_axis -- A list containing the signal over which to find peaks

x_axis -- A x-axis whose values correspond to the y_axis list and is used

in the return to specify the position of the peaks.

pad_len -- By how many times the time resolution should be

increased by, e.g. 1 doubles the resolution. The amount is rounded up to the nearest 2^{**n} amount (default: 20)

return: two lists [max_peaks, min_peaks] containing the positive and

negative peaks respectively. Each cell of the lists contains a tuple of: (position, peak_value) to get the average peak value do: `np.mean(max_peaks, 0)[1]` on the results to unpack one of the lists into x, y coordinates do: `x, y = zip(*max_peaks)`

`pysisyphus.peakdetect.peakdetect_parabola(y_axis, x_axis, points=31)`

Function for detecting local maxima and minima in a signal. Discovers peaks by fitting the model function: $y = k(x - \tau)^2 + m$ to the peaks. The amount of points used in the fitting is set by the points argument.

Omitting the x_axis is forbidden as it would make the resulting x_axis value silly, if it was returned as index 50.234 or similar.

will find the same amount of peaks as the 'peakdetect_zero_crossing' function, but might result in a more precise value of the peak.

keyword arguments: y_axis -- A list containing the signal over which to find peaks

x_axis -- A x-axis whose values correspond to the y_axis list and is used in the return to specify the position of the peaks.

points -- How many points around the peak should be used during curve fitting (default: 31)

return: two lists [max_peaks, min_peaks] containing the positive and negative peaks respectively. Each cell of the lists contains a tuple of: (position, peak_value) to get the average peak value do: `np.mean(max_peaks, 0)[1]` on the results to unpack one of the lists into x, y coordinates do: `x, y = zip(*max_peaks)`

`pysisyphus.peakdetect.peakdetect_sine(y_axis, x_axis, points=31, lock_frequency=False)`

Function for detecting local maxima and minima in a signal. Discovers peaks by fitting the model function: $y = A * \sin(2 * \pi * f * (x - \tau))$ to the peaks. The amount of points used in the fitting is set by the points argument.

Omitting the x_axis is forbidden as it would make the resulting x_axis value silly if it was returned as index 50.234 or similar.

will find the same amount of peaks as the 'peakdetect_zero_crossing' function, but might result in a more precise value of the peak.

The function might have some problems if the sine wave has a non-negligible total angle i.e. a $k*x$ component, as this messes with the internal offset calculation of the peaks, might be fixed by fitting a $y = k * x + m$ function to the peaks for offset calculation.

keyword arguments: y_axis -- A list containing the signal over which to find peaks

x_axis -- A x-axis whose values correspond to the y_axis list and is used in the return to specify the position of the peaks.

points -- How many points around the peak should be used during curve fitting (default: 31)

lock_frequency -- Specifies if the frequency argument of the model function should be locked to the value calculated from the raw peaks or if optimization process may tinker with it. (default: False)

return: two lists [max_peaks, min_peaks] containing the positive and negative peaks respectively. Each cell of the lists contains a tuple of: (position, peak_value) to get the average peak value do: `np.mean(max_peaks, 0)[1]` on the results to unpack one of the lists into x, y coordinates do: `x, y = zip(*max_peaks)`

`pysisyphus.peakdetect.peakdetect_sine_locked(y_axis, x_axis, points=31)`

Convenience function for calling the 'peakdetect_sine' function with the lock_frequency argument as True.

keyword arguments: y_axis -- A list containing the signal over which to find peaks x_axis -- A x-axis whose values correspond to the y_axis list and is used

in the return to specify the position of the peaks.

points -- How many points around the peak should be used during curve fitting (default: 31)

return: see the function 'peakdetect_sine'

`pysisyphus.peakdetect.peakdetect_spline(y_axis, x_axis, pad_len=20)`

Performs a b-spline interpolation on the data to increase resolution and send the data to the 'peakdetect_zero_crossing' function for peak detection.

Omitting the x_axis is forbidden as it would make the resulting x_axis value silly if it was returned as the index 50.234 or similar.

will find the same amount of peaks as the 'peakdetect_zero_crossing' function, but might result in a more precise value of the peak.

keyword arguments: **y_axis** -- A list containing the signal over which to find peaks

x_axis -- A x-axis whose values correspond to the y_axis list and is used in the return to specify the position of the peaks. x-axis must be equally spaced.

pad_len -- By how many times the time resolution should be increased by, e.g. 1 doubles the resolution. (default: 20)

return: two lists [max_peaks, min_peaks] containing the positive and negative peaks respectively. Each cell of the lists contains a tuple of: (position, peak_value) to get the average peak value do: `np.mean(max_peaks, 0)[1]` on the results to unpack one of the lists into x, y coordinates do: `x, y = zip(*max_peaks)`

`pysisyphus.peakdetect.peakdetect_zero_crossing(y_axis, x_axis=None, window=11)`

Function for detecting local maxima and minima in a signal. Discovers peaks by dividing the signal into bins and retrieving the maximum and minimum value of each the even and odd bins respectively. Division into bins is performed by smoothing the curve and finding the zero crossings.

Suitable for repeatable signals, where some noise is tolerated. Executes faster than 'peakdetect', although this function will break if the offset of the signal is too large. It should also be noted that the first and last peak will probably not be found, as this function only can find peaks between the first and last zero crossing.

keyword arguments: **y_axis** -- A list containing the signal over which to find peaks

x_axis -- A x-axis whose values correspond to the y_axis list and is used in the return to specify the position of the peaks. If omitted an index of the y_axis is used. (default: None)

window -- the dimension of the smoothing window; should be an odd integer (default: 11)

return: two lists [max_peaks, min_peaks] containing the positive and negative peaks respectively. Each cell of the lists contains a tuple of: (position, peak_value) to get the average peak value do: `np.mean(max_peaks, 0)[1]` on the results to unpack one of the lists into x, y coordinates do: `x, y = zip(*max_peaks)`

`pysisyphus.peakdetect.zero_crossings(y_axis, window_len=11, window_f='hanning', offset_corrected=False)`

Algorithm to find zero crossings. Smooths the curve and finds the zero-crossings by looking for a sign change.

keyword arguments: **y_axis** -- A list containing the signal over which to find zero-crossings

window_len -- the dimension of the smoothing window; should be an odd integer (default: 11)

window_f -- the type of window from 'flat', 'hanning', 'hamming', 'bartlett', 'blackman' (default: 'hanning')

offset_corrected -- Used for recursive calling to remove offset when needed

return: the index for each zero-crossing

`pysisyphus.peakdetect.zero_crossings_sine_fit(y_axis, x_axis, fit_window=None, smooth_window=11)`

Detects the zero crossings of a signal by fitting a sine model function around the zero crossings: $y = A * \sin(2 * \pi * Hz * (x - \tau)) + k * x + m$ Only τ (the zero crossing) is varied during fitting.

Offset and a linear drift of offset is accounted for by fitting a linear function the negative respective positive raw peaks of the wave-shape and the amplitude is calculated using data from the offset calculation i.e. the 'm' constant from the negative peaks is subtracted from the positive one to obtain amplitude.

Frequency is calculated using the mean time between raw peaks.

Algorithm seems to be sensitive to first guess e.g. a large `smooth_window` will give an error in the results.

keyword arguments: `y_axis` -- A list containing the signal over which to find peaks

`x_axis` -- A x-axis whose values correspond to the `y_axis` list

and is used in the return to specify the position of the peaks. If omitted an index of the `y_axis` is used.
(default: None)

`fit_window` -- Number of points around the approximate zero crossing that

should be used when fitting the sine wave. Must be small enough that no other zero crossing will be seen.
If set to none then the mean distance between zero crossings will be used (default: None)

`smooth_window` -- the dimension of the smoothing window; should be an odd

integer (default: 11)

return: A list containing the positions of all the zero crossings.

16.1.18 pysisyphus.plot module

```
pysisyphus.plot.CDD_PNG_FNS = 'cdd_png_fns'
```

Default to kJ mol^{-1} . `DE_LABEL` and `get_en_conv` will be overwritten when `run()` is executed. Both are still defined here, to make the functions from `plot.py` importable.

```
pysisyphus.plot.anim_cos(cart_coords, energies)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.get_en_conv()
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.get_force_unit(coord_type)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.list_h5_groups(h5_fn)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.load_h5(h5_fn, h5_group, datasets=None, attrs=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.parse_args(args)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_afir(h5_fn='afir.h5', h5_group='afir')
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_all_energies(h5)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_cos_energies(h5_fn='optimization.h5', h5_group='opt')
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_cos_forces(h5_fn='optimization.h5', h5_group='opt', last=15)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_cycle(cart_coords, energies)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_gau(gau_fns, num=50)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_irc()
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_irc_h5(h5, title=None)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_md(h5_group='run')
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_opt(h5_fn='optimization.h5', h5_group='opt')
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_overlaps(h5, thresh=0.1)
```

```
pysisyphus.plot.plot_scan(h5_fn='scan.h5')
```

`pysisyphus.plot.plot_trj_energies(trj)`

Parse comments of .xyz/.trj as energies and plot.

`pysisyphus.plot.render_cdds(h5)`

`pysisyphus.plot.run()`

`pysisyphus.plot.spline_plot_cycles(cart_coords, energies)`

16.1.19 pysisyphus.run module

class `pysisyphus.run.RunResult`(*preopt_first_geom, preopt_last_geom, cos, cos_opt, ts_geom, ts_opt, end_geoms, irc, irc_geom, mdp_result, opt_geom, opt, calced_geoms, calced_results, stochastic, calc_getter, scan_geoms, scan_vals, scan_energies, perf_results*)

Bases: `tuple`

calc_getter

Alias for field number 15

calced_geoms

Alias for field number 12

calced_results

Alias for field number 13

cos

Alias for field number 2

cos_opt

Alias for field number 3

end_geoms

Alias for field number 6

irc

Alias for field number 7

irc_geom

Alias for field number 8

mdp_result

Alias for field number 9

opt

Alias for field number 11

opt_geom

Alias for field number 10

perf_results

Alias for field number 19

preopt_first_geom

Alias for field number 0

preopt_last_geom

Alias for field number 1

scan_energies

Alias for field number 18

scan_geoms

Alias for field number 16

scan_vals

Alias for field number 17

stochastic

Alias for field number 14

ts_geom

Alias for field number 4

ts_opt

Alias for field number 5

`pysisyphus.run.check_asserts(results, run_dict)`

`pysisyphus.run.copy_yaml_and_geometries(run_dict, yaml_fn, dest_and_add_cp, new_yaml_fn=None)`

`pysisyphus.run.do_clean(force=False)`

Deletes files from previous runs in the cwd. A similar function could be used to store everything ...

`pysisyphus.run.do_rmsds(xyz, geoms, end_fns, end_geoms, preopt_map=None, similar_thresh=0.25)`

`pysisyphus.run.get_calc_closure(base_name, calc_key, calc_kwargs, iter_dict=None, index=None)`

`pysisyphus.run.get_defaults(conf_dict, T_default=298.15, p_default=101325)`

`pysisyphus.run.get_last_calc_cycle()`

`pysisyphus.run.main(run_dict, restart=False, yaml_dir='.', scheduler=None)`

`pysisyphus.run.parse_args(args)`

`pysisyphus.run.print_bibtex()`

`pysisyphus.run.print_header()`

Generated from <https://asciartgen.now.sh/?s=pysisyphus&style=colossal>

`pysisyphus.run.run()`

`pysisyphus.run.run_calculations(geoms, calc_getter, scheduler=None, assert_track=False, run_func=None)`

`pysisyphus.run.run_endopt(irc, endopt_key, endopt_kwargs, calc_getter)`

`pysisyphus.run.run_from_dict(run_dict, cwd=None, set_defaults=True, yaml_fn=None, cp=None,
scheduler=None, clean=False, fclean=False, version=False, restart=False)`

`pysisyphus.run.run_irc(geom, irc_key, irc_kwargs, calc_getter)`

`pysisyphus.run.run_md(geom, calc_getter, md_kwargs)`

`pysisyphus.run.run_mdp(geom, calc_getter, mdp_kwargs)`


```
pysisyphus.run.run_preopt(first_geom, last_geom, calc_getter, preopt_key, preopt_kwargs)
pysisyphus.run.run_scan(geom, calc_getter, scan_kwargs, callback=None)
pysisyphus.run.run_stochastic(stoc)
pysisyphus.run.run_tsopt_from_cos(cos, tsopt_key, tsopt_kwargs, calc_getter=None, ovlp_thresh=0.4,
                                   coordinate_union='bonds')
pysisyphus.run.setup_run_dict(run_dict)
```

16.1.20 pysisyphus.socket_helper module

```
pysisyphus.socket_helper.get_fmts(cartesians)
pysisyphus.socket_helper.recv_closure(sock, hdrlen, fmts, verbose=False)
pysisyphus.socket_helper.send_closure(sock, hdrlen, fmts, verbose=False)
```

16.1.21 pysisyphus.testing module

```
class pysisyphus.testing.DummyMark(available)
    Bases: object
pysisyphus.testing.available(calculator, **kwargs)
pysisyphus.testing.module_available(calculator)
pysisyphus.testing.using(calculator, set_pytest_mark=True)
    Calling disabling set_pytest_mark avoids a runtime dependency on pytest.
```

16.1.22 pysisyphus.thermo module

```
pysisyphus.thermo.get_thermoanalysis_from_hess_h5(h5_fn, T=298.15, p=101325, point_group='c1',
                                                    return_geom=False)
pysisyphus.thermo.print_thermoanalysis(thermo, geom=None, is_ts=False, unit='joule', level=0,
                                         title=None)

    Print thermochemical analysis.
```

16.1.23 pysisyphus.trj module

```
exception pysisyphus.trj.GotNoGeometryException
    Bases: Exception
pysisyphus.trj.align(geoms)
    Align all geometries onto the first using partial procrustes.
pysisyphus.trj.append(geoms)
pysisyphus.trj.center(geoms)
```

```
pysisyphus.trj.centerm(geoms)
pysisyphus.trj.dump_geoms(geoms, fn_base, trj_infix="", dump_trj=True, dump_xyz=True, dump_pdb=False,
                           ang=False)
pysisyphus.trj.every(geoms, every_nth)
pysisyphus.trj.frag_sort(geoms)
pysisyphus.trj.get(geoms, index)
pysisyphus.trj.get_geoms(xyz_fns, coord_type='cart', geom_kwargs=None, union=False, same_prims=True,
                          quiet=False, interpol_kwargs=None)
    Returns a list of Geometry objects in the given coordinate system and interpolates if necessary.
pysisyphus.trj.get_interactively(geoms)
pysisyphus.trj.match(ref_geom, geom_to_match)
pysisyphus.trj.origin(geoms)
pysisyphus.trj.parse_args(args)
pysisyphus.trj.print_internals(geoms, filter_atoms=None, add_prims="")
pysisyphus.trj.read_geoms(xyz_fns, coord_type='cart', geom_kwargs=None)
pysisyphus.trj.run()
pysisyphus.trj.shake(geoms, scale=0.1, seed=None)
pysisyphus.trj.spline_redistribute(geoms)
pysisyphus.trj.standard_orientation(geoms)
pysisyphus.trj.standardize_geoms(geoms, coord_type, geom_kwargs, same_prims=True, union=False)
pysisyphus.trj.translate(geoms, trans)
```

16.1.24 pysisyphus.version module

16.1.25 pysisyphus.xyzloader module

```
pysisyphus.xyzloader.coords_to_trj(trj_fn, atoms, coords_list, comments=None)
pysisyphus.xyzloader.make_trj_str(atoms, coords_list, comments=None)
pysisyphus.xyzloader.make_trj_str_from_geoms(geoms, comments=None, energy_comments=False)
pysisyphus.xyzloader.make_xyz_str(atoms, coords, comment="")
pysisyphus.xyzloader.parse_trj_file(trj_fn, with_comments=False)
pysisyphus.xyzloader.parse_trj_str(trj_str, with_comments=False)
pysisyphus.xyzloader.parse_xyz_file(xyz_fn, with_comment=False)
```

`pysisyphus.xyzloader.parse_xyz_str(xyz_str, with_comment)`

Parse a xyz string.

xyz_str

[str] The contents of a .xyz file.

with_comment

[bool] Return comment line if True.

Returns

- **atoms** (*list*) -- List of length N (N = number of atoms) holding the element symbols.
- **coords** (*np.array*) -- An array of shape (N, 3) holding the xyz coordinates.
- **comment_line** (*str, optional*) -- Comment line if with_comment argument was True.

`pysisyphus.xyzloader.split_xyz_str(xyz_str)`

Example:

xyz:

1

X -1.2 1.4 0.0 1

X 2.0 4.0 0.0

`pysisyphus.xyzloader.write_geoms_to_trj(geoms, fn, comments=None)`

16.1.26 pysisyphus.yaml_mods module

`pysisyphus.yaml_mods.get_constructor(unit)`

`pysisyphus.yaml_mods.get_loader(units=['Eh', 'kJpermol', 'kcalpermol', 'eV', 'fs', 'ps', 'ns', 'a0', 'angstrom', 'nm'])`

16.1.27 Module contents

INDICES AND TABLES

- search

PYTHON MODULE INDEX

p

pysisyphus, 309
pysisyphus.benchmarks, 138
pysisyphus.benchmarks.Benchmark, 137
pysisyphus.benchmarks.data, 137
pysisyphus.calculators, 177
pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR, 66
pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot, 140
pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot2, 140
pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot3, 141
pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot4, 141
pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase, 71
pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotCBM, 142
pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque, 142
pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator, 46
pysisyphus.calculators.CerjanMiller, 147
pysisyphus.calculators.Composite, 147
pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection, 147
pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton, 64
pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp, 60
pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer, 70
pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy, 151
pysisyphus.calculators.EGO, 151
pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin, 151
pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential, 152
pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotential, 65
pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.HarmonicSphere, 66
pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.LogFermi, 66
pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.Restrict, 65
pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE, 73
pysisyphus.calculators.FourWellAnaPot, 154
pysisyphus.calculators.FreeEndNEBPot, 154
pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09, 53
pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16, 53
pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere, 155
pysisyphus.calculators.IDPPCalculator, 156
pysisyphus.calculators.IPIClient, 156
pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer, 156
pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones, 72
pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSBase, 157
pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSExpr, 157
pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC, 61
pysisyphus.calculators.MullerBrownSympyPot, 159
pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc, 159
pysisyphus.calculators.Obabel, 65
pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2, 68
pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM, 164
pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas, 55
pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA, 56
pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA5, 164
pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator, 50
pysisyphus.calculators.parser, 177
pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4, 62
pysisyphus.calculators.PyPsi4, 169
pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB, 169
pysisyphus.calculators.Rastrigin, 169
pysisyphus.calculators.Remote, 169
pysisyphus.calculators.Rosenbrock, 170
pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc, 170
pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P, 73
pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque, 171
pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole, 58
pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper, 173
pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2, 174
pysisyphus.calculators.XTB, 62
pysisyphus.color, 295
pysisyphus.config, 295
pysisyphus.constants, 295
pysisyphus.cos, 203
pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB, 105
pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates, 102
pysisyphus.cos.FreeEndNEB, 106
pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString, 200
pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates, 106
pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT, 201
pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString, 106
pysisyphus.cos.NEB, 104

pysisyphus.cos.SimpleZTS, 106
pysisyphus.db, 204
pysisyphus.db.generate_db, 203
pysisyphus.db.helpers, 204
pysisyphus.db.level, 204
pysisyphus.db.molecules, 204
pysisyphus.drivers, 212
pysisyphus.drivers.afir, 204
pysisyphus.drivers.barriers, 205
pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz, 205
pysisyphus.drivers.merge, 206
pysisyphus.drivers.opt, 206
pysisyphus.drivers.perf, 207
pysisyphus.drivers.pka, 207
pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot, 207
pysisyphus.drivers.rates, 208
pysisyphus.drivers.replace, 211
pysisyphus.drivers.scan, 211
pysisyphus.drivers.thermo, 211
pysisyphus.dynamics, 218
pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars, 212
pysisyphus.dynamics.driver, 213
pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian, 212
pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers, 214
pysisyphus.dynamics.lincs, 217
pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp, 217
pysisyphus.dynamics.rattle, 217
pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats, 217
pysisyphus.elem_data, 295
pysisyphus.exceptions, 295
pysisyphus.filtertrj, 296
pysisyphus.Geometry, 33
pysisyphus.helpers, 296
pysisyphus.helpers_pure, 297
pysisyphus.init_logging, 299
pysisyphus.intcoords, 237
pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds, 228
pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend, 218
pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend2, 218
pysisyphus.intcoords.BondedFragment, 218
pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian, 218
pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords, 219
pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords, 220
pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives, 229
pysisyphus.intcoords.DistanceFunction, 222
pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC, 221
pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion, 222
pysisyphus.intcoords.eval, 230
pysisyphus.intcoords.exceptions, 230
pysisyphus.intcoords.findiffs, 231
pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives, 231
pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers, 231
pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend, 222
pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement, 222
pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives, 232
pysisyphus.intcoords.OutOfPlane, 223
pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive, 224
pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes, 223
pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords, 40
pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation, 227
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup, 234
pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast, 235
pysisyphus.intcoords.Stretch, 228
pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion, 228
pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion2, 228
pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation, 228
pysisyphus.intcoords.update, 236
pysisyphus.intcoords.valid, 236
pysisyphus.interpolate, 244
pysisyphus.interpolate.helpers, 243
pysisyphus.interpolate.IDPP, 242
pysisyphus.interpolate.Interpolator, 243
pysisyphus.interpolate.LST, 243
pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund, 243
pysisyphus.io, 246
pysisyphus.io.cjson, 244
pysisyphus.io.crd, 244
pysisyphus.io.hdf5, 244
pysisyphus.io.hessian, 244
pysisyphus.io.mol2, 245
pysisyphus.io.molden, 245
pysisyphus.io.pdb, 245
pysisyphus.io.pubchem, 245
pysisyphus.io.sdf, 245
pysisyphus.io.xyz, 245
pysisyphus.io.zmat, 246
pysisyphus.irc, 255
pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet, 120
pysisyphus.irc.DWI, 247
pysisyphus.irc.Euler, 121
pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC, 121
pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel, 121
pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod, 122
pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ, 254
pysisyphus.irc.Instanton, 252
pysisyphus.irc.IRC, 118
pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy, 251
pysisyphus.irc.LQA, 122
pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill, 253
pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot, 254
pysisyphus.irc.RK4, 122
pysisyphus.linalg, 299
pysisyphus.line_searches, 260
pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking, 257
pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang, 257
pysisyphus.line_searches.interpol, 260
pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch, 258

[pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe](#), 259
[pysisyphus.modelfollow](#), 262
[pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson](#), 261
[pysisyphus.modelfollow.lanczos](#), 262
[pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode](#), 261
[pysisyphus.optimizers](#), 279
[pysisyphus.optimizers.BacktrackingOptimizer](#), 263
[pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS](#), 263
[pysisyphus.optimizers.closures](#), 274
[pysisyphus.optimizers.cls_map](#), 275
[pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient](#), 264
[pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton](#), 264
[pysisyphus.optimizers.exceptions](#), 275
[pysisyphus.optimizers.FIRE](#), 264
[pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis](#), 275
[pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians](#), 276
[pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates](#), 277
[pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer](#), 80
[pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt](#), 90
[pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS](#), 90
[pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer](#), 268
[pysisyphus.optimizers.NCOptimizer](#), 268
[pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer](#), 78
[pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit](#), 278
[pysisyphus.optimizers.precon](#), 279
[pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS](#), 91
[pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconSteepestDescent](#), 272
[pysisyphus.optimizers.QuickMin](#), 272
[pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step](#), 279
[pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer](#), 82
[pysisyphus.optimizers.RSA](#), 273
[pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod](#), 273
[pysisyphus.optimizers.SteepestDescent](#), 274
[pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer](#), 274
[pysisyphus.pack](#), 300
[pysisyphus.peakdetect](#), 300
[pysisyphus.plot](#), 304
[pysisyphus.plotters](#), 280
[pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot](#), 280
[pysisyphus.run](#), 305
[pysisyphus.socket_helper](#), 307
[pysisyphus.stochastic](#), 282
[pysisyphus.stochastic.align](#), 282
[pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick](#), 280
[pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick](#), 281
[pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline](#), 281
[pysisyphus.TableFormatter](#), 294
[pysisyphus.TablePrinter](#), 295
[pysisyphus.testing](#), 307
[pysisyphus.tests](#), 283
[pysisyphus.thermo](#), 307
[pysisyphus.trj](#), 307
[pysisyphus.tsoptimizers](#), 285
[pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer](#), 114
[pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer](#), 113
[pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM](#), 114
[pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer](#), 112
[pysisyphus.version](#), 308
[pysisyphus.wrapper](#), 287
[pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol](#), 286
[pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn](#), 286
[pysisyphus.wrapper.packmol](#), 287
[pysisyphus.xyzloader](#), 308
[pysisyphus.yaml_mods](#), 309

Symbols

- `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 33, 287
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR* method), 177
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR* method), 66, 138
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque* method), 178
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque.AtomAtomTransTorque* method), 142
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 46, 142
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin* method), 181
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin.EnergyMin* method), 151
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.LogFermi* method), 153
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.FreeEndNEBPot.FreeEndNEBPot* method), 154
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere* method), 184
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere.HardSphere* method), 155
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr* method), 157
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM* method), 186
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM* method), 69, 161
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 187
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 56, 162
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque* method), 192
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque.TransTorque* method), 171
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* method), 194
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* method), 62, 175
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB.AdaptiveNEB* method), 105, 196
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.cos.FreeEndNEB.FreeEndNEB* method), 106, 199
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.Gaussian* method), 212
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.irc.DWI.DWI* method), 247
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 118, 249
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking* method), 260
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking.Backtracking* method), 257
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe* method), 261
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe.StrongWolfe* method), 259
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode* method), 262
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode.NormalMode* method), 261
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 80, 264
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS.LBFGS* method), 90, 266
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer* method), 78, 269
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS.PreconLBFGS* method), 91, 271
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer.RFOptimizer* method), 82, 272
 - `__init__()` (*pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer.TSHessianOptimizer* method), 112, 284
- ## A
- `a` (*pysisyphus.io.zmat.ZLine* attribute), 246
 - `a8()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.crd*), 244
 - `action()` (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton* method), 252
 - `action_gradient()` (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton* method), 252
 - `action_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton* method), 252
 - `adapt_this_cycle()` (*pysisy-*

- phus.cos.AdaptiveNEB.AdaptiveNEB* method), 105, 197
- AdaptiveNEB* (class in *pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB*), 105, 196
- add_gaussian()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* method), 180
- add_gaussian()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* method), 70, 115, 149
- adjust_alpha()* (*pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMMethod.StabilizedQNMMethod* method), 273
- adjust_alpha_stretch()* (*pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMMethod.StabilizedQNMMethod* method), 273
- AFIR* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 177
- AFIR* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR*), 66, 138
- afir_closure()* (in module *pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR*), 67, 140
- afir_fd_hessian_wrapper()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR* method), 178
- afir_fd_hessian_wrapper()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR* method), 67, 139
- AFIRPath* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR*), 67, 140
- aHOH* (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P* attribute), 192
- aHOH* (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P* attribute), 73, 170
- aio* (*pysisyphus.io.zmat.ZLine* attribute), 246
- align()* (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 307
- align_coords()* (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- align_geoms()* (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- align_on_subset()* (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.merge*), 206
- align_principal_axes()* (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 33, 287
- all_coords* (*pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy.IRCDummy* attribute), 251
- all_geoms_to_trj()* (*pysisyphus.interpolate.Interpolator.Interpolator* method), 243
- all_overlaps()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2* method), 174
- allcoords* (*pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString* property), 200
- alpha* (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearchResult* attribute), 259
- alpha_new_from_phi()* (*pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking* method), 260
- alpha_new_from_phi()* (*pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking.Backtracking* method), 257
- alpha_new_from_phi_dphi()* (*pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking.Backtracking* method), 257
- analyze_afir_path()* (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.afir*), 204
- AnaPot* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot*), 140
- AnaPot2* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot2*), 140
- AnaPot2_* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot2*), 140
- AnaPot3* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot3*), 141
- AnaPot4* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot4*), 141
- AnaPotBase* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase*), 71, 141
- AnaPotCBM* (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotCBM*), 142
- anim_coords()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnanPotBase* method), 71, 141
- anim_cos()* (in module *pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- anim_opt()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnanPotBase.AnanPotBase* method), 72, 141
- animate()* (*pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot.AnimPlot* method), 280
- AnimPlot* (class in *pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot*), 280
- append()* (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 307
- append_control()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 193
- append_control()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 58, 171
- apply_transform()* (in module *pysisyphus.stochastic.align*), 282
- approx_float()* (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 297
- approximate_radius()* (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 33, 288
- arc_dims* (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates.GrowingChainOfStates* property), 106, 200
- are_collinear()* (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.valid*), 236
- as_ase_atoms()* (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 34, 288
- as_calculator()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model* method), 68, 160
- as_g98_list()* (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 34, 288
- as_geom()* (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model* method), 68, 160
- as_html5()* (*pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot.AnimPlot* method), 280
- as_pdb()* (in module *pysisyphus.pack*), 300
- as_xyz()* (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 260

- method), 102, 197
- as_xyz() (pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString method), 200
- as_xyz() (pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT method), 201
- as_xyz() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 34, 288
- as_xyz() (pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton method), 252
- assert_cart_coords() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 34, 288
- assert_compatibility() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 34, 288
- atom (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Link attribute), 68, 160
- atom (pysisyphus.io.zmat.ZLine attribute), 246
- atom_indices() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 34, 288
- atom_inds_in_layer() (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM method), 187
- atom_inds_in_layer() (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM method), 69, 161
- atom_inds_to_cart_inds() (in module pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2), 70, 162
- atom_types (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 34, 288
- atom_xyz_iter() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 34, 288
- AtomAtomTransTorque (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 178
- AtomAtomTransTorque (class in pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque), 142
- atomic_numbers (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 34, 288
- atoms (pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIRPath attribute), 67, 140
- atoms (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates property), 102, 197
- atoms (pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT property), 201
- atoms (pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy.IRCDummy attribute), 251
- atoms_are_too_close() (pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline method), 281
- atoms_coords_to_crd_str() (in module pysisyphus.io.crd), 244
- atoms_coords_to_pdb_str() (in module pysisyphus.io.pdb), 245
- augment_bonds() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds), 228
- augment_primitives() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.eval), 230
- automatic_fragmentation() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.afir), 204
- AUX_BOND (pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute), 223
- AUX_INTERFRAG_BOND (pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute), 223
- aux_interfrag_bonds (pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo attribute), 234
- available() (in module pysisyphus.testing), 307
- available_potentials (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential attribute), 182
- available_potentials (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotential attribute), 152
- ## B
- B (pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC property), 238
- B (pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC property), 221
- B (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- B (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 225
- B_inv (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- B_inv (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 225
- B_inv_prim (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- B_inv_prim (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 225
- B_prim (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- B_prim (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 225
- backtrack() (pysisyphus.optimizers.BacktrackingOptimizer.BacktrackingOptimizer method), 263
- Backtracking (class in pysisyphus.line_searches), 260
- Backtracking (class in pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking), 257
- BacktrackingOptimizer (class in pysisyphus.optimizers.BacktrackingOptimizer), 263
- backtransform_hessian() (pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC method), 238
- backtransform_hessian() (pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC method), 221
- backtransform_hessian() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method), 240
- backtransform_hessian() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method), 240

- method), 41, 225
- backward (pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy.IRCDummy attribute), 251
- barrier (pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates attribute), 208
- barrier_si (pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates attribute), 208
- base_cmd (pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC attribute), 185
- base_cmd (pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC attribute), 61, 158
- bell_corr() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.rates), 208
- Benchmark (class in pysisyphus.benchmarks.Benchmark), 137
- Bend (class in pysisyphus.intcoords), 237
- Bend (class in pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend), 218
- BEND (pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute), 223
- Bend2 (class in pysisyphus.intcoords), 237
- Bend2 (class in pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend2), 218
- BEND2 (pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute), 223
- bend_atom_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- bend_atom_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 225
- bend_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- bend_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 226
- bend_valid() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.valid), 236
- bends (pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo attribute), 234
- berendsen_closure() (in module pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats), 217
- BFGS (class in pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS), 263
- bfgs_multiply() (in module pysisyphus.optimizers.closures), 274
- bfgs_update() (in module pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates), 277
- bfgs_update() (pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS.BFGS method), 263
- bio_mode() (pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod.StabilizedQNMethod method), 273
- birkholz_interpolation() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz), 205
- bisect() (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang method), 260
- bisect() (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang method), 257
- block_davidson() (in module pysisyphus.modefollow.davidson), 262
- blowup_ci_coeffs() (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 51, 166
- bofill_update() (in module pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates), 277
- BOND (pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute), 223
- bond_atom_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- bond_atom_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 226
- bond_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- bond_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 226
- bond_order() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz), 205
- bond_orders() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz), 205
- bond_orders_for_geom() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz), 205
- bond_sets (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 34, 288
- bond_typed_prims (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- bond_typed_prims (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 226
- BONDED_FRAGMENT (pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute), 223
- BondedFragment (class in pysisyphus.intcoords.BondedFragment), 218
- bonds (pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo attribute), 234
- bool_color() (in module pysisyphus.color), 295
- bracket() (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang method), 260
- bracket() (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang method), 258
- Bt_inv (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- Bt_inv_prim (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- Bt_inv_prim (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 225

build_rassi_str() (pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas method), 190
 build_rassi_str() (pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas method), 55, 165
 build_supsym_str() (pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas method), 190
 build_supsym_str() (pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas method), 55, 165

C

C (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer property), 180
 C (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer property), 70, 115, 149
 C (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
 C (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 41, 225
 calc() (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.Harmonicsphere method), 153
 calc() (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.LogFermi method), 153
 calc() (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.Restraint method), 153
 calc_angle() (pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot.ParamPlot method), 254
 calc_bond() (pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot.ParamPlot method), 254
 calc_cdd_cube() (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 51, 166
 calc_double_ao_overlap() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 34, 288
 calc_energy_and_forces() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 34, 289
 calc_getter (pysisyphus.run.RunResult attribute), 305
 calc_hessian_for() (pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT method), 201
 calc_ipi_client() (in module pysisyphus.calculators.IPIClient), 156
 calc_layer() (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM method), 187
 calc_layer() (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM method), 69, 161
 calc_prim_restraint() (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.Restraint static method), 153
 CALC_TYPES (pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC attribute), 185
 CALC_TYPES (pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC attribute), 61, 158
 calced_geoms (pysisyphus.run.RunResult attribute), 305
 calced_results (pysisyphus.run.RunResult attribute), 305
 calcs_from_dict() (in module pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc), 159
 calculate() (pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones method), 185
 calculate() (pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones.LennardJones method), 72, 158
 calculate() (pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P method), 192
 calculate() (pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P method), 73, 170
 calculate() (pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.Gaussian method), 212
 calculate() (pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend method), 239
 calculate() (pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend.LinearBend method), 222
 calculate() (pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement method), 239
 calculate() (pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement.LinearDisplacement method), 222
 calculate() (pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive.Primitive method), 224
 calculate_forces() (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 102, 197
 calculate_state_ntos() (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 51, 166
 Calculator (class in pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator), 46, 142
 calculator (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates property), 102, 197
 call_jmol() (in module pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol), 286
 call_mwfn() (in module pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn), 286
 call_packmol() (in module pysisyphus.wrapper.packmol), 287
 can_bias_f0 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer property), 180
 can_bias_f0 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer property), 70, 115, 149
 can_bias_f1 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer property), 180
 can_bias_f1 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer property), 70, 115, 149
 cap_fragment() (in module pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2), 70, 162
 capped_atoms_coords() (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model method), 68, 160
 cart_axis (pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian.CartesianX attribute), 218
 cart_axis (pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian.CartesianY

- attribute*), 218
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian.CartesianZ attribute*), 218
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianX attribute*), 238
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianY attribute*), 238
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianZ attribute*), 238
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation.TranslationX attribute*), 228
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation.TranslationY attribute*), 228
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation.TranslationZ attribute*), 228
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.TranslationX attribute*), 242
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.TranslationY attribute*), 242
- `cart_axis` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.TranslationZ attribute*), 242
- `cart_coords` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIRPath attribute*), 67, 140
- `cart_coords` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfState property*), 102, 197
- `cart_coords` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT property*), 201
- `cart_coords` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property*), 34, 289
- `cart_coords` (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton property*), 252
- `cart_forces` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT property*), 201
- `cart_forces` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property*), 35, 289
- `cart_forces` (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton property*), 252
- `cart_gradient` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property*), 35, 289
- `cart_hessian` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property*), 35, 289
- `cart_hessian` (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton property*), 252
- `Cartesian` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian*), 218
- `CARTESIAN` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute*), 223
- `cartesian_indices` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property*), 240
- `cartesian_indices` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property*), 41, 226
- `cartesian_inds` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo attribute*), 234
- `CARTESIAN_X` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute*), 223
- `CARTESIAN_Y` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute*), 223
- `CARTESIAN_Z` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute*), 223
- `CartesianCoords` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords*), 237
- `CartesianCoords` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords*), 219
- `CartesianX` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords*), 238
- `CartesianX` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian*), 218
- `CartesianY` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords*), 238
- `CartesianY` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian*), 218
- `CartesianZ` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords*), 238
- `CartesianZ` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian*), 218
- `CDD_PNG_FNS` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `center()` (*in module pysisyphus.trj*), 307
- `center()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method*), 35, 289
- `center_fragments()` (*in module pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot*), 207
- `center_of_mass` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property*), 35, 289
- `center_of_mass_at()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method*), 35, 289
- `centerm()` (*in module pysisyphus.trj*), 307
- `centroid` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property*), 35, 289
- `CerjanMiller` (*class in pysisyphus.calculators.CerjanMiller*), 147
- `cg_step()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer method*), 279
- `cg_step()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer.MicroOptimizer method*), 268
- `ChainOfStates` (*class in pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates*), 102, 197
- `charge` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR property*), 178
- `charge` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR property*), 67, 139
- `charge` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM property*), 187
- `charge` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc property*), 68, 160
- `charge` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM property*), 69, 161
- `charge` (*pysisyphus.db.molecules.Molecule attribute*), 204
- `charges` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P attribute*), 192
- `charges` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P attribute*), 73, 170
- `check_alpha()` (*pysisy-*

- phus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch* method), 258
- `check_asserts()` (in module *pysisyphus.run*), 306
- `check_convergence()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT* method), 201
- `check_convergence()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer* method), 79, 270
- `check_convergence()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer.StringOptimizer* method), 274
- `check_for_climbing_start()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 102, 197
- `check_for_end_sign()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- `check_mem()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 297
- `check_primitives()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.eval*), 230
- `check_termination()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 188
- `check_termination()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 56, 162
- `check_termination()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* static method), 195
- `check_termination()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* static method), 63, 175
- `check_typed_prims()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.valid*), 236
- `chunks()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 297
- `ci_coeffs_above_thresh()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper* method), 173
- `ci_coeffs_above_thresh()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2* method), 174
- `cid_from_name()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.pubchem*), 245
- `CIQuantities` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection*), 147
- `clean()` (in module *pysisyphus.db.generate_db*), 203
- `clean()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 46, 143
- `clean_tmp()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 188
- `clean_tmp()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 56, 162
- `clear()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 102, 198
- `clear()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 35, 289
- `clear()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords* method), 240
- `clear()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords* method), 41, 226
- `clear_passed()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT* method), 201
- `coeffs` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.DIISResult* attribute), 275
- `Colvar` (class in *pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars*), 213
- `comment` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* property), 35, 289
- `compare_to_geometric()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation*), 227
- `complete_fragments()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- `Composite` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 179
- `Composite` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.Composite*), 147
- `compute()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton.Dalton* method), 64, 149
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* attribute), 46, 143
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton.Dalton* attribute), 64, 149
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp* attribute), 179
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp* attribute), 60, 148
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09* attribute), 183
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09.Gaussian09* attribute), 53, 154
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16* attribute), 183
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16* attribute), 53, 154
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC* attribute), 186
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC* attribute), 61, 158
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas* attribute), 190
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas* attribute), 55, 165
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* attribute), 188
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* attribute), 56, 162
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA5* attribute), 190
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA5.ORCA5* attribute), 164
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4* attribute), 191
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4* attribute), 62, 168
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* attribute),

- 193
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* attribute), 58, 171
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* attribute), 195
- `conf_key` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* attribute), 63, 175
- `conf_thresh` (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper* property), 173
- `confirm_input()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- `ConicalIntersection` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 179
- `ConicalIntersection` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection*), 147
- `ConjugateGradient` (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient*), 264
- `connect_fragments()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 234
- `constrained_indices` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords* property), 240
- `constrained_indices` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords* property), 41, 226
- `constraints` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC* property), 238
- `constraints` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC* property), 221
- `conv_dict` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OBabel.OBabel* attribute), 65, 159
- `converged` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch* attribute), 259
- `converged` (*pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson.DavidsonResult* attribute), 261
- `coord_types` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* attribute), 35, 289
- `coordinates_similar()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.afir*), 204
- `CoordInfo` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 234
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* property), 102, 198
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString* property), 200
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT* property), 201
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.dynamics.driver.MDResult* attribute), 213
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* property), 35, 289
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords* property), 237
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords* property), 219
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords.CoordSys* property), 220
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC* property), 238
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC* property), 221
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords* property), 240
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords* property), 42, 226
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton* property), 253
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* property), 119, 250
- `coords` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.DIISResult* attribute), 275
- `coords0` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* property), 180
- `coords0` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* property), 70, 115, 149
- `coords1` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* property), 180
- `coords1` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* property), 70, 115, 149
- `coords3d` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* property), 102, 198
- `coords3d` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* property), 35, 290
- `coords3d` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords* property), 237
- `coords3d` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords* property), 219
- `coords3d` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords.CoordSys* property), 220
- `coords3d` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords* property), 240
- `coords3d` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords* property), 42, 226
- `coords_by_type` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* property), 36, 290
- `coords_minus` (*pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult* attribute), 254
- `coords_plus` (*pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult* attribute), 254
- `coords_to_trj()` (in module *pysisyphus.xyzloader*), 308
- `CoordSys` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords*), 220
- `copy()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 36, 290
- `copy_all()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 36, 290
- `copy_yaml_and_geometries()` (in module *pysisyphus.run*), 306
- `correct_dihedrals()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.update*), 236
- `corrector_step()` (*pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC* method), 256
- `corrector_step()` (*pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC.EulerPC* method), 121, 248
- `cos` (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult* attribute), 305
- `cos_opt` (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult* attribute), 305

- `cost_function()` (*pysisyphus.interpolate.LST.LST method*), 243
`coulomb()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P method*), 192
`coulomb()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P method*), 73, 170
`covalent_radii` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property*), 36, 290
`create_bond_vec_getters()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model method*), 68, 160
`create_links()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model method*), 68, 160
`cross3()` (*in module pysisyphus.linalg*), 299
`csvr_closure()` (*in module pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats*), 217
`csvr_closure_2()` (*in module pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats*), 217
`cubic_displ()` (*in module pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ*), 255
`cubic_displ_for_geom()` (*in module pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ*), 255
`cubic_displ_for_h5()` (*in module pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ*), 255
`cubic_fit()` (*in module pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit*), 278
`CubicNewton` (*class in pysisyphus.optimizers*), 279
`CubicNewton` (*class in pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton*), 264
`cur_cycle` (*pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson.DavidsonResult attribute*), 261
`curvature()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer method*), 180
`curvature()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer method*), 70, 115, 150
`curvature_condition()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch method*), 258
`CVBend` (*class in pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars*), 212
`CVDistance` (*class in pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars*), 212
`CVTorsion` (*class in pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars*), 212
- ## D
- `d` (*pysisyphus.io.zmat.ZLine attribute*), 246
`d0` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.FuncResult attribute*), 231
`d1` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.FuncResult attribute*), 231
`d2` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.FuncResult attribute*), 231
`d2q_a()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
`d2q_a()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
`d2q_a2()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
`d2q_a2()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*), 232
`d2q_b()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
`d2q_b()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*), 232
`d2q_d()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
`d2q_d()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*), 232
`d2q_d2()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
`d2q_d2()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*), 232
`d2q_lb()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
`d2q_lb()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*), 232
`d2q_ld()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
`d2q_ld()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*), 232
`d2q_oop()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
`d2q_oop()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*), 233
`Dalton` (*class in pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton*), 64, 149
`damp_velocity()` (*pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet method*), 255
`damp_velocity()` (*pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet.DampedVelocityVerlet method*), 120, 247
`damped_bfgs_update()` (*in module pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates*), 277
`damped_bfgs_update()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS.BFGS method*), 263
`DampedVelocityVerlet` (*class in pysisyphus.irc*), 255
`DampedVelocityVerlet` (*class in pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet*), 120, 247
`data_funcs` (*pysisyphus.benchmarks.Benchmark.Benchmark attribute*), 137
`data_model` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator property*), 51, 166
`DavidsonResult` (*class in pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson*), 261
`decrease_distance()` (*in module pysisyphus.drivers.afir*), 204
`del_atoms()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method*), 36, 290
`density` (*pysisyphus.db.molecules.Molecule attribute*), 204

- `describe()` (in module `pysisyphus.helpers_pure`), 297
- `describe()` (`pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates` method), 102, 198
- `describe()` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` method), 36, 290
- `detect_paths()` (in module `pysisyphus.config`), 295
- `determine_target_pairs()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.afir`), 204
- `determine_target_pairs_for_geom()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.afir`), 205
- `df_evals` (`pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearchResult` attribute), 259
- `DFTBp` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators`), 179
- `DFTBp` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp`), 60, 148
- `DifferentCoordLengthsException`, 230
- `DifferentPrimitivesException`, 230
- `dihedral_atom_indices` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords` property), 240
- `dihedral_atom_indices` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords` property), 42, 226
- `dihedral_indices` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords` property), 241
- `dihedral_indices` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords` property), 42, 226
- `dihedral_valid()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.valid`), 236
- `dihedrals_are_valid()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.valid`), 236
- `diis_result()` (in module `pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis`), 275
- `DIISResult` (class in `pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis`), 275
- `Dimer` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators`), 180
- `Dimer` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer`), 70, 115, 149
- `dind` (`pysisyphus.io.zmat.ZLine` attribute), 246
- `direct_cycle()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.pka`), 207
- `direct_rotation()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer` method), 180
- `direct_rotation()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer` method), 70, 115, 150
- `DISTANCE_FUNCTION` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes` attribute), 223
- `DistanceFunction` (class in `pysisyphus.intcoords`), 239
- `DistanceFunction` (class in `pysisyphus.intcoords.DistanceFunction`), 222
- `DLC` (class in `pysisyphus.intcoords`), 238
- `DLC` (class in `pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC`), 221
- `do_calculations()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin` method), 182
- `do_calculations()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin.EnergyMin` method), 152
- `do_clean()` (in module `pysisyphus.run`), 306
- `do_dimer_rotations()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer` method), 180
- `do_dimer_rotations()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer` method), 70, 115, 150
- `do_endopt_ts_barriers()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.barriers`), 205
- `do_final_hessian()` (in module `pysisyphus.helpers`), 296
- `do_line_search()` (`pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer.TSHessianOptimizer` static method), 113, 285
- `do_parent()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc` method), 68, 160
- `do_rmsds()` (in module `pysisyphus.run`), 306
- `double_damp()` (in module `pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates`), 277
- `double_damped_bfgs_update()` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS.BFGS` method), 263
- `double_secant()` (`pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang` method), 260
- `double_secant()` (`pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang` method), 258
- `downhill` (`pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy.IRCDummy` attribute), 251
- `dphi0` (`pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearchResult` attribute), 259
- `dq_a()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives`), 229
- `dq_a()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives`), 233
- `dq_a2()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives`), 229
- `dq_a2()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives`), 233
- `dq_b()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives`), 229
- `dq_b()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives`), 233
- `dq_d()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives`), 229
- `dq_d()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives`), 233
- `dq_d2()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives`), 229
- `dq_d2()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives`), 233
- `dq_lb()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives`), 229

- `dq_lb()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives`), 233
`dq_ld()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives`), 229
`dq_ld()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives`), 233
`dq_oop()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives`), 229
`dq_oop()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives`), 233
`ds` (`pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult` attribute), 254
`Dummy` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators`), 181
`Dummy` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy`), 151
`dummy_hessian_update()` (in module `pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer`), 82, 266
`DUMMY_TORSION` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes` attribute), 223
`DummyColvar` (class in `pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian`), 212
`DummyMark` (class in `pysisyphus.testing`), 307
`DummyTorsion` (class in `pysisyphus.intcoords`), 239
`DummyTorsion` (class in `pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion`), 222
`dump()` (`pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.Gaussian` method), 212
`dump()` (`pysisyphus.irc.DWI.DWI` method), 247
`dump_coords()` (in module `pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers`), 214
`dump_data()` (`pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC` method), 119, 250
`dump_ends()` (`pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC` method), 119, 250
`dump_geoms()` (in module `pysisyphus.trj`), 308
`dump_h5()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR` method), 178
`dump_h5()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR` method), 67, 139
`dump_overlap_data()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator` method), 51, 166
`dump_progress()` (`pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund.Redund` method), 243
`dump_restart_info()` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer` method), 79, 270
`dump_xyz()` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` method), 36, 290
`DWI` (class in `pysisyphus.irc.DWI`), 247
- ## E
- `E_tot` (`pysisyphus.dynamics.driver.MDResult` attribute), 213
`eckart_corr()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.rates`), 208
`eckart_corr_brown()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.rates`), 209
`eckart_projection()` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` method), 36, 290
`EGO` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators`), 181
`EGO` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators.EGO`), 151
`eigval_to_wavenumber()` (in module `pysisyphus.helpers_pure`), 297
`eigvals` (`pysisyphus.helpers.FinalHessianResult` attribute), 296
`eigvec_grad()` (in module `pysisyphus.linalg`), 299
`embeddings` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM` attribute), 187
`embeddings` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM` attribute), 69, 161
`end_geoms` (`pysisyphus.run.RunResult` attribute), 305
`energies` (`pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIRPath` attribute), 67, 140
`energy` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities` attribute), 147
`energy` (`pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates` property), 102, 198
`energy` (`pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString` property), 200
`energy` (`pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT` property), 201
`energy` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` property), 36, 290
`energy` (`pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton` property), 253
`energy` (`pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC` property), 119, 250
`energy` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.DIISResult` attribute), 275
`energy()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Gaussian` method), 71, 116, 150
`energy0` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer` property), 180
`energy0` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer` property), 70, 115, 150
`energy1` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities` attribute), 147
`energy2` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities` attribute), 147
`energy_diff` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities` attribute), 147
`energy_forces_getter_closure()` (in module `pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers`), 214
`energy_from_results()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc` static method), 68, 160
`energy_minus` (`pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult` attribute), 255

- energy_plus (pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult attribute), 255
- EnergyMin (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 181
- EnergyMin (class in pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin), 151
- epsilon (pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P attribute), 192
- epsilon (pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P attribute), 73, 170
- estimate_error() (pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet method), 255
- estimate_error() (pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet.DampedVelocityVerlet method), 120, 247
- Euler (class in pysisyphus.irc), 256
- Euler (class in pysisyphus.irc.Euler), 121, 248
- EulerPC (class in pysisyphus.irc), 256
- EulerPC (class in pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC), 121, 248
- eval() (pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.Colvar method), 213
- eval() (pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.DummyColvar method), 212
- eval() (pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.Gaussian method), 212
- eval() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method), 241
- eval() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method), 42, 226
- eval_B() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.eval), 230
- eval_primitives() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.eval), 230
- every() (in module pysisyphus.trj), 308
- expand() (in module pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 298
- ExternalPotential (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 182
- ExternalPotential (class in pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential), 152
- eye (pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS.BFGS property), 263
- eyring_rate() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.rates), 209
- ## F
- f0 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer property), 180
- f0 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer property), 70, 115, 150
- f0 (pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.FuncResult attribute), 231
- f1 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer property), 180
- f1 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer property), 70, 115, 150
- f1 (pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.FuncResult attribute), 231
- f1_bias (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer property), 180
- f1_bias (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer property), 71, 115, 150
- f2 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer property), 180
- f2 (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer property), 71, 115, 150
- f2 (pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives.FuncResult attribute), 231
- f20() (in module pysisyphus.io.crd), 244
- f_evals (pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearchResult attribute), 259
- f_new (pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearchResult attribute), 259
- fake_turbo_mos() (pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper method), 173
- fake_turbo_mos() (pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2 static method), 174
- FakeASE (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 183
- FakeASE (class in pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE), 73, 153
- fd_coords3d_gen() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 36, 291
- file_or_str() (in module pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 298
- filter_fixture_store() (in module pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 298
- filter_small_eigvals() (pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer method), 81, 265
- fin_diff_B() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.findiffs), 231
- fin_diff_prim() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.findiffs), 231
- final_modes (pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson.DavidsonResult attribute), 261
- final_summary() (pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer method), 79, 270
- FinalHessianResult (class in pysisyphus.helpers), 296
- find_bends() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast), 235
- find_bonds() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast), 235
- find_bonds_bends() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast), 235
- find_bonds_for_geom() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast), 235
- find_candidates() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.afir), 205
- find_closest_sequence() (in module pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 298
- find_dihedrals() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast), 235

- `find_missing_bonds_by_projection()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds`), 228
- `find_missing_strong_bonds()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds`), 228
- `finite_difference_hessian()` (in module `pysisyphus.linalg`), 299
- `FIRE` (class in `pysisyphus.optimizers.FIRE`), 264
- `fischer_guess()` (in module `pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians`), 276
- `fit_grad_and_energies()` (`pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod` method), 256
- `fit_grad_and_energies()` (`pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod.IMKMod` method), 122, 249
- `fit_parabola()` (`pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod` method), 256
- `fit_parabola()` (`pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod.IMKMod` method), 122, 249
- `fit_rigid()` (in module `pysisyphus.helpers`), 296
- `FitResult` (class in `pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit`), 278
- `flowchart_update()` (in module `pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates`), 277
- `fmt_k()` (`pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB` method), 104, 203
- `fn` (`pysisyphus.db.molecules.Molecule` attribute), 204
- `fn` (`pysisyphus.drivers.opt.OptResult` attribute), 206
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIRPath` attribute), 67, 140
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantum` attribute), 147
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB.AdaptiveNEB` property), 105, 197
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates` property), 102, 198
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString` property), 200
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT` property), 201
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString` property), 106, 202
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB` property), 104, 203
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` property), 36, 291
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton` property), 253
- `forces` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.DIISResult` attribute), 275
- `forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Gaussian` method), 71, 116, 150
- `forces_fin_diff()` (in module `pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson`), 262
- `form_A()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot`), 207
- `form_coordinate_union()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers`), 231
- `forward` (`pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy.IRCDummy` attribute), 251
- `fourier_rotation()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer` method), 180
- `fourier_rotation()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer` method), 71, 115, 150
- `FourWellAnaPot` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators.FourWellAnaPot`), 154
- `frag_sort()` (in module `pysisyphus.trj`), 308
- `FragmentKick` (class in `pysisyphus.stochastic`), 282
- `FragmentKick` (class in `pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick`), 280
- `fragments` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo` attribute), 234
- `FreeEndNEB` (class in `pysisyphus.cos.FreeEndNEB`), 106, 199
- `FreeEndNEBPot` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators.FreeEndNEBPot`), 154
- `freeze_primitives()` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC` method), 238
- `freeze_primitives()` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC` method), 221
- `FreezingString` (class in `pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString`), 200
- `from_` (`pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates` attribute), 208
- `from_coeffs()` (in module `pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis`), 275
- `from_h5()` (`pysisyphus.irc.DWI.DWI` static method), 247
- `from_instanton()` (`pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton` class method), 253
- `from_oniom_calculator()` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.Layers` class method), 90, 268
- `from_overlap_data()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator` static method), 51, 166
- `from_ts()` (`pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton` class method), 253
- `full_expand()` (in module `pysisyphus.helpers_pure`), 298
- `full_name()` (in module `pysisyphus.db.helpers`), 204
- `full_string_image_inds` (`pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString` property), 107, 202
- `fully_grown` (`pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString` property), 200
- `fully_grown` (`pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString` property), 107, 202
- `func()` (`pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot.AnimPlot` method), 280
- `FuncResult` (class in `pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives`), 231

G

- `g` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Link* attribute), 68, 160
- `G()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr* method), 157
- `G_aq_from_h5_hessian()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.pka*), 207
- `g_new` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearchResult* attribute), 259
- `G_vec` (*pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult* attribute), 254
- `Gaussian` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer*), 71, 116, 150
- `Gaussian` (class in *pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian*), 212
- `Gaussian09` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 183
- `Gaussian09` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09*), 53, 154
- `Gaussian16` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 183
- `Gaussian16` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16*), 53, 154
- `gdiis()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis*), 276
- `Gdimer()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr* method), 157
- `gediis()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis*), 276
- `gen_solutions()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit*), 278
- `generate_all_dets()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper* method), 173
- `generate_all_dets()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2* method), 174
- `generate_db()` (in module *pysisyphus.db.generate_db*), 203
- `generate_random_union()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.afir*), 205
- `generate_wilson()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives*), 231
- `geom` (*pysisyphus.drivers.opt.OptResult* attribute), 206
- `geom_davidson()` (in module *pysisyphus.modelfollow*), 263
- `geom_davidson()` (in module *pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson*), 262
- `geom_from_cjson()` (in module *pysisyphus.io*), 246
- `geom_from_cjson()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.cjson*), 244
- `geom_from_crd()` (in module *pysisyphus.io*), 246
- `geom_from_crd()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.crd*), 244
- `geom_from_hessian()` (in module *pysisyphus.io*), 246
- `geom_from_hessian()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.hessian*), 244
- `geom_from_mol2()` (in module *pysisyphus.io*), 246
- `geom_from_mol2()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.mol2*), 245
- `geom_from_pdb()` (in module *pysisyphus.io*), 246
- `geom_from_pdb()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.pdb*), 245
- `geom_from_pubchem_name()` (in module *pysisyphus.io*), 246
- `geom_from_pubchem_name()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.pubchem*), 245
- `geom_from_sdf()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.sdf*), 245
- `geom_from_xyz()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.xyz*), 245
- `geom_from_xyz_file()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- `geom_from_zmat()` (in module *pysisyphus.io*), 246
- `geom_from_zmat()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.zmat*), 246
- `geom_from_zmat_fn()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.zmat*), 246
- `geom_from_zmat_str()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.zmat*), 246
- `geom_is_close_in_energy()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline* method), 281
- `geom_is_new()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline* method), 281
- `geom_is_valid()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline* method), 281
- `geom_iter` (*pysisyphus.benchmarks.Benchmark.Benchmark* property), 137
- `geom_lanczos()` (in module *pysisyphus.modelfollow*), 263
- `geom_lanczos()` (in module *pysisyphus.modelfollow.lanczos*), 262
- `geom_loader()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- `geom_similar()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.afir*), 205
- `geom_to_crd_str()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.crd*), 244
- `geom_to_pdb_str()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.pdb*), 245
- `Geometry` (class in *pysisyphus.Geometry*), 33, 287
- `geoms` (*pysisyphus.benchmarks.Benchmark.Benchmark* property), 137
- `geoms_from_inline_xyz()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.xyz*), 245
- `geoms_from_molden()` (in module *pysisyphus.io*), 246
- `geoms_from_molden()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.molden*), 245
- `geoms_from_trj()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- `geoms_from_xyz()` (in module *pysisyphus.io*), 247
- `geoms_from_xyz()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.xyz*), 245
- `get()` (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 308
- `get_active_set()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC* method), 238
- `get_active_set()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC* method), 221
- `get_additional_print()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT* method), 201
- `get_additional_print()` (*pysisyphus* method), 201

- phus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* method), 107, 202
- `get_additional_print()` (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton* method), 253
- `get_additional_print()` (*pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill* method), 256
- `get_additional_print()` (*pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill.ModeKill* method), 253
- `get_alpha_step()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 81, 265
- `get_atoms_coords()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE* method), 183
- `get_atoms_coords()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE.FakeASE* method), 73, 153
- `get_augmented_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 81, 265
- `get_baker_data()` (in module *pysisyphus.benchmarks.data*), 137
- `get_baker_ts_data()` (in module *pysisyphus.benchmarks.data*), 137
- `get_bend_inds()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 234
- `get_beta()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient.ConjugateGradient* method), 264
- `get_birkholz_rx_data()` (in module *pysisyphus.benchmarks.data*), 137
- `get_block_str()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 188
- `get_block_str()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 56, 162
- `get_bond_difference()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers*), 231
- `get_bond_differences_verbose()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers*), 231
- `get_bond_mat()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 234
- `get_bond_sets()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 235
- `get_bond_subgeom()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.replace*), 211
- `get_bond_vec_getter()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast*), 235
- `get_bonded_frag_coord()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes*), 224
- `get_calc_closure()` (in module *pysisyphus.run*), 306
- `get_calculator()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB* method), 191
- `get_calculator()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB.PyXTB* method), 169
- `get_charges()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM.OpenMM* method), 164
- `get_chkfiles()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin* method), 182
- `get_chkfiles()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin.EnergyMin* method), 152
- `get_chkfiles()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16* method), 183
- `get_chkfiles()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16* method), 53, 154
- `get_chkfiles()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 188
- `get_chkfiles()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 56, 162
- `get_chkfiles()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 193
- `get_chkfiles()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 58, 171
- `get_ci_quantities()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection* method), 179
- `get_ci_quantities()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.ConicalIntersection* method), 148
- `get_climbing_forces()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 102, 198
- `get_climbing_indices()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 102, 198
- `get_clock()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 298
- `get_cmd()` (in module *pysisyphus.config*), 295
- `get_cmd()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 47, 143
- `get_colvar()` (in module *pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars*), 213
- `get_conect_lines()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.pdb*), 245
- `get_constrained_U()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC* method), 238
- `get_constrained_U()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC* method), 221
- `get_constructor()` (in module *pysisyphus.yaml_mods*), 309
- `get_conv_fact()` (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 119, 250
- `get_coords3d_and_indices_ext()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion* static method), 239
- `get_coords3d_and_indices_ext()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion* static method), 239

- phus.intcoords.DummyTorsion.DummyTorsion* static method), 222
- `get_coords_diffs()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- `get_cur_param_density()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* method), 107, 202
- `get_curv_vec()` (in module *pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ*), 255
- `get_dask_client()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 103, 198
- `get_data_model()` (in module *pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR*), 67, 140
- `get_data_model()` (in module *pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator*), 53, 168
- `get_data_model()` (in module *pysisyphus.dynamics.driver*), 213
- `get_data_model()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer*), 80, 271
- `get_defaults()` (in module *pysisyphus.run*), 306
- `get_dihedral_inds()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 235
- `get_dimer()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr* method), 157
- `get_dipole_moment()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM.OpenMM* method), 164
- `get_dist_func()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes*), 224
- `get_embedding_charges()` (in module *pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2*), 70, 162
- `get_en_conv()` (in module *pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `get_endpoint_and_ts_geoms()` (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 119, 250
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR* method), 178
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR* method), 67, 139
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot2.AnaPot2_* method), 140
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase* method), 72, 141
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 47, 143
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Composite* method), 179
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Composite.Composite* method), 147
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection* method), 179
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.ConicalIntersection* method), 148
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton.Dalton* method), 64, 149
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp* method), 179
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp* method), 60, 148
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy* method), 181
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy.Dummy* method), 151
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.EGO* method), 181
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.EGO.EGO* method), 151
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin* method), 182
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin.EnergyMin* method), 152
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential* method), 183
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotential* method), 152
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16* method), 183
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16* method), 53, 154
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer* method), 185
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer* method), 156
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones* method), 185
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones.LennardJones* method), 72, 158
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC* method), 186
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC* method), 61, 158
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OBabel.OBabel* method), 65, 159
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM* method), 187

- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc method*), 68, 160
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model method*), 68, 160
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ModelDummyCalc method*), 69, 161
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM method*), 69, 161
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM.OpenMM method*), 164
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas method*), 190
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas method*), 55, 165
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method*), 188
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method*), 56, 162
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4 method*), 191
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4 method*), 62, 168
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB method*), 191
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB.PyXTB method*), 169
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Remote method*), 191
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Remote.Remote method*), 169
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc.SocketCalc method*), 170
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P method*), 192
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P method*), 73, 170
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 193
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 58, 171
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 195
- `get_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 63, 175
- `get_energy_and_cart_forces_at()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method*), 37, 291
- `get_energy_and_cart_hessian_at()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method*), 37, 291
- `get_energy_and_forces_at()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT method*), 201
- `get_energy_and_forces_at()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method*), 37, 291
- `get_energy_at()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT method*), 201
- `get_energy_at()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method*), 37, 291
- `get_energy_at_cart_coords()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method*), 37, 291
- `get_excited_state_str()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp static method*), 179
- `get_excited_state_str()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp static method*), 60, 148
- `get_expr()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr method*), 157
- `get_fchk_str()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4 method*), 191
- `get_fchk_str()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4 method*), 62, 168
- `get_fg()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch method*), 258
- `get_fh_logger()` (*in module pysisyphus.init_logging*), 299
- `get_fixed_indices()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method*), 103, 198
- `get_fmfs()` (*in module pysisyphus.socket_helper*), 307
- `get_force_unit()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `get_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR method*), 178
- `get_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR method*), 67, 139
- `get_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method*), 72, 141
- `get_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque method*), 178
- `get_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque.AtomAtomTransTorque method*), 142
- `get_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator method*), 47, 143
- `get_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Composite method*), 179
- `get_forces()` (*pysisy-*

`pysisyphus.calculators.Composite.Composite`
`method`), 147
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection` `method`), 179
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.ConicalIntersection` `method`), 148
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton.Dalton` `method`), 65, 149
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp` `method`), 179
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp` `method`), 60, 148
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer` `method`), 180
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer` `method`), 71, 115, 150
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy` `method`), 181
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy.Dummy` `method`), 151
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EGO` `method`), 181
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EGO.EGO` `method`), 151
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin` `method`), 182
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin.EnergyMin` `method`), 152
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential` `method`), 183
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotential` `method`), 152
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE` `method`), 183
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE.FakeASE` `method`), 73, 153
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16` `method`), 183
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16` `method`), 53, 154
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere` `method`), 184
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere.HardSphere` `method`), 155
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.IDPPCalculator.IDPPCalculator` `method`), 156
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer` `method`), 185
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer` `method`), 156
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones` `method`), 185
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones.LennardJones` `method`), 72, 158
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC` `method`), 186
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC` `method`), 61, 158
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.OBabel.OBabel` `method`), 65, 159
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM` `method`), 187
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc` `method`), 68, 160
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model` `method`), 68, 160
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ModelDummyCalc` `method`), 69, 161
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM` `method`), 69, 161
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM.OpenMM` `method`), 164
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas` `method`), 190
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas` `method`), 55, 165
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA` `method`), 188
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA` `method`), 56, 163
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4` `method`), 191
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4` `method`), 62, 168
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.PyPsi4` `method`), 191
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.PyPsi4.PyPsi4` `method`), 169
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB` `method`), 191
`get_forces()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB.PyXTB` `method`), 191

- method), 169
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.Remote method), 191
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.Remote.Remote method), 169
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc.SocketCalc method), 170
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P method), 192
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P method), 73, 170
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque method), 192
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque.TransTorque method), 171
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method), 193
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method), 58, 171
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method), 195
- get_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method), 63, 175
- get_forces_naive() (pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque method), 192
- get_forces_naive() (pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque.TransTorque method), 171
- get_fourth_coords() (pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion static method), 239
- get_fourth_coords() (pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion.DummyTorsion static method), 222
- get_fragments() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.setup), 235
- get_fragments() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 37, 291
- get_fragments() (pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick method), 282
- get_fragments() (pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick.FragmentKick method), 280
- get_fragments_and_bonds() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot), 207
- get_from_to_sets() (pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper method), 173
- get_full_irc_data() (pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC method), 119, 250
- get_g_value() (in module pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2), 70, 162
- get_gaussian_energies() (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer method), 180
- get_gaussian_energies() (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer method), 71, 115, 150
- get_gaussian_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer method), 180
- get_gaussian_forces() (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer method), 71, 115, 150
- get_gen_str() (pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp static method), 179
- get_gen_str() (pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp static method), 60, 148
- get_geom() (pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase class method), 72, 141
- get_geom_getter() (in module pysisyphus.helpers), 296
- get_geom_kwargs() (in module pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt), 90, 268
- get_geoms() (in module pysisyphus.trj), 308
- get_geoms() (pysisyphus.benchmarks.Benchmark.Benchmark method), 137
- get_geoms_from_stored_coords() (pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method), 72, 141
- get_gs_line() (pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper method), 173
- get_guess_hessian() (in module pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians), 276
- get_h5_group() (in module pysisyphus.io.hdf5), 244
- get_h5_group() (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 51, 166
- get_harmonic() (pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr method), 157
- get_hei_index() (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 103, 198
- get_hessian() (pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR method), 178
- get_hessian() (pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR method), 67, 139
- get_hessian() (pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method), 72, 141
- get_hessian() (pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator method), 47, 143
- get_hessian() (pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection method),

- 179
`get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.ConicalIntersection method), 148
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer method), 181
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer method), 71, 115, 150
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy method), 181
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy.Dummy method), 151
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin method), 182
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin.EnergyMin method), 152
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential method), 183
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotential method), 153
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method), 183
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method), 53, 154
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer method), 185
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer method), 156
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC method), 186
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC method), 61, 158
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM method), 187
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc method), 68, 160
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model method), 68, 160
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM method), 69, 161
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method), 188
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method), 56, 163
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4 method), 191
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4 method), 62, 168
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Remote method), 191
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Remote.Remote method), 169
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc.SocketCalc method), 170
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method), 193
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method), 58, 171
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method), 195
- `get_hessian()` (pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method), 63, 175
- `get_hydrogen_bond_inds()` (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.setup), 235
- `get_imag_frequencies()` (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 37, 291
- `get_image_calc_counter_sum()` (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 103, 198
- `get_index_of_typed_prim()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method), 241
- `get_index_of_typed_prim()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method), 42, 226
- `get_indices()` (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 51, 166
- `get_input()` (in module pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 298
- `get_input_geom()` (pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick method), 282
- `get_input_geom()` (pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick.FragmentKick method), 280
- `get_input_geom()` (pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick method), 282
- `get_input_geom()` (pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick.Kick method), 281
- `get_input_geom()` (pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline method), 281
- `get_integration_length_func()` (pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC method), 256
- `get_integration_length_func()` (pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC.EulerPC method), 121, 248

- get_interactively() (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 308
- get_irc_data() (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 119, 250
- get_iteration() (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2* method), 174
- get_jacobian() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model* method), 68, 160
- get_k() (*pysisyphus.irc.RK4* method), 257
- get_k() (*pysisyphus.irc.RK4.RK4* method), 122, 254
- get_K_matrix() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords* method), 241
- get_K_matrix() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords* method), 42, 226
- get_kick() (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick* method), 282
- get_kick() (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick.Kick* method), 281
- get_last_calc_cycle() (in module *pysisyphus.run*), 306
- get_layer_calc() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM* method), 187
- get_layer_calc() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM* method), 69, 161
- get_lbfgs_step() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS.LBFGS* method), 91, 267
- get_leps() (*pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr* method), 157
- get_lindh_alpha() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians*), 276
- get_lindh_k() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.precon*), 279
- get_lindh_precon() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.precon*), 279
- get_linear_bend_inds() (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 235
- get_loader() (in module *pysisyphus.yaml_mods*), 309
- get_max_bond_dists() (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast*), 235
- get_maximum() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit*), 278
- get_mb_velocities() (in module *pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers*), 214
- get_mb_velocities_for_geom() (in module *pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers*), 214
- get_mdrestart_str() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* method), 195
- get_mdrestart_str() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* method), 63, 175
- get_minima() (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase* method), 72, 141
- get_minimum() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit*), 278
- get_mo_norms() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* static method), 51, 167
- get_mods() (*pysisyphus.calculators.EGO* method), 181
- get_mods() (*pysisyphus.calculators.EGO.EGO* method), 151
- get_moinp_str() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 188
- get_moinp_str() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 56, 163
- get_molecular_radius() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 298
- get_molecules_levels() (in module *pysisyphus.db.helpers*), 204
- get_mwfn_exc_str() (in module *pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn*), 286
- get_N_raw_from_hessian() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* method), 180
- get_N_raw_from_hessian() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* method), 71, 115, 150
- get_new_image() (*pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString* method), 200
- get_new_image() (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* method), 107, 202
- get_new_image_from_coords() (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates.GrowingChainOfStates* method), 106, 200
- get_newton_step() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* static method), 81, 265
- get_newton_step_on_trust() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 81, 266
- get_normal_modes() (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 37, 291
- get_nto_overlaps() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 51, 167
- get_opt_cls() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.cls_map*), 275
- get_opt_kwargs() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt*), 90, 268
- get_orbital_matrices() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167

`get_origin()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick* method), 282
`get_origin()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick.FragmentKick* method), 280
`get_P()` (in module *pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection*), 148
`get_pair_covalent_radii()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 235
`get_pal_env()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas* method), 190
`get_pal_env()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas* method), 55, 165
`get_pal_env()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 193
`get_pal_env()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 58, 171
`get_pal_env()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* method), 195
`get_pal_env()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* method), 63, 175
`get_parallel_forces()` (*pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB* method), 104, 203
`get_param()` (*pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot.ParamPlot* method), 254
`get_parser()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.pdb*), 245
`get_path()` (in module *pysisyphus.db.helpers*), 204
`get_path()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase* method), 72, 141
`get_path()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT* method), 201
`get_path_for_fn()` (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 119, 250
`get_path_for_fn()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer* method), 79, 270
`get_perpendicular_forces()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 103, 198
`get_phi_dphi()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch* method), 258
`get_potential_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential* method), 183
`get_potential_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotential* method), 153
`get_potential_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE* method), 183
`get_potential_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE.FakeASE* method), 73, 153
`get_potential_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential* method), 183
`get_potential_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotential* method), 153
`get_precon_getter()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS.PreconLBFGS* method), 92, 272
`get_precon_pos_rot_data()` (in module *pysisyphus.benchmarks.data*), 138
`get_prim_internals_by_indices()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords* method), 241
`get_prim_internals_by_indices()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords* method), 42, 226
`get_primitives()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 235
`get_quenched_dneb_forces()` (*pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB* method), 104, 203
`get_r()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT* static method), 201
`get_r0s()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz*), 206
`get_rates()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.rates*), 209
`get_rates_for_geoms()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.rates*), 209
`get_rates_for_hessians()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.rates*), 209
`get_ratio()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 298
`get_ref_mos()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167
`get_restart_info()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 47, 143
`get_restart_info()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 37, 291
`get_restart_info()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer* method), 79, 270
`get_retry_args()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* method), 195
`get_retry_args()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* method), 63, 175
`get_ricc2_root()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 193
`get_ricc2_root()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 58, 171
`get_rot_coord()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes*), 224
`get_rot_mat()` (in module *pysisy-*

- phus.drivers.precon_pos_rot*), 207
- `get_rot_mat()` (in module *pysisyphus.linalg*), 300
- `get_rot_mat_for_coords()` (in module *pysisyphus.linalg*), 300
- `get_rs_step()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 81, 266
- `get_s22_data()` (in module *pysisyphus.benchmarks.data*), 138
- `get_saddles()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase* method), 72, 141
- `get_sao_from_mo_coeffs()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* static method), 52, 167
- `get_sao_from_mo_coeffs_and_dump()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167
- `get_scale_max()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step*), 279
- `get_shifted_step_trans()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* static method), 81, 266
- `get_sparse_jacobian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model* method), 68, 160
- `get_sphere_radius()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 37, 291
- `get_splined_hei()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 103, 198
- `get_spring_forces()` (*pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB* method), 104, 203
- `get_stable_wavefunction()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 188
- `get_stable_wavefunction()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 56, 163
- `get_step()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers*), 231
- `get_step_func()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 81, 266
- `get_steps_to_active_atom_mean()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot*), 207
- `get_subgeom()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 37, 291
- `get_subgeom_without()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 37, 291
- `get_tangent()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers*), 231
- `get_tangent()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 103, 198
- `get_tangent()` (*pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString* method), 200
- `get_tangent()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* method), 107, 202
- `get_tangent_trj_str()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 296
- `get_tangents()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 103, 198
- `get_tden_overlaps()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167
- `get_temporary_coords()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 37, 291
- `get_thermoanalysis()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 37, 291
- `get_thermoanalysis_from_hess_h5()` (in module *pysisyphus.thermo*), 307
- `get_tot()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr* method), 157
- `get_trans_rot_projector()` (in module *pysisyphus.Geometry*), 40, 294
- `get_trans_rot_projector()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 37, 291
- `get_trans_rot_vectors()` (in module *pysisyphus.Geometry*), 40, 294
- `get_trans_torque_forces()` (in module *pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque*), 171
- `get_unique_geometries()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline* method), 281
- `get_unique_internals()` (in module *pysisyphus.filtertrj*), 296
- `get_update_mu_reg()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.closures*), 274
- `get_valid_index_set()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline* method), 281
- `get_weighted_bond_mode()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers*), 232
- `get_weighted_bond_mode_getter()` (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers*), 232
- `get_wf_overlaps()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167
- `get_which_frag()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot*), 207
- `get_xtb_rx_data()` (in module *pysisyphus.benchmarks.data*), 138
- `get_zimmerman_data()` (in module *pysisyphus.benchmarks.data*), 138
- `get_zimmerman_xtb_data()` (in module *pysisyphus*

- phus.benchmarks.data*), 138
- GonzalezSchlegel (class in *pysisyphus.irc*), 256
- GonzalezSchlegel (class in *pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel*), 121, 248
- got_alpha_phi_dphi() (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch* method), 258
- GotNoGeometryException, 307
- gradient (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* property), 103, 198
- gradient (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* property), 37, 292
- gradient (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton* property), 253
- gradient (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* property), 119, 250
- gradient() (*pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.Colvar* method), 213
- gradient() (*pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.Gaussian* method), 212
- gradient1 (*pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities* attribute), 147
- gradient2 (*pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities* attribute), 147
- gradient_diff (*pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities* attribute), 147
- gradient_mean (*pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities* attribute), 147
- gram_schmidt() (in module *pysisyphus.linalg*), 300
- green() (in module *pysisyphus.color*), 295
- grow_image() (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT* method), 201
- GrowingChainOfStates (class in *pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates*), 106, 200
- GrowingNT (class in *pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT*), 201
- GrowingString (class in *pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString*), 106, 202
- ## H
- H5_MAP (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* attribute), 51, 166
- H_minus (*pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult* attribute), 254
- H_plus (*pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult* attribute), 254
- HagerZhang (class in *pysisyphus.line_searches*), 260
- HagerZhang (class in *pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang*), 257
- HardSphere (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 184
- HardSphere (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere*), 155
- hardsphere_merge() (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.merge*), 206
- harmonic_tst_rate() (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.rates*), 209
- HarmonicSphere (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential*), 153
- hash_args() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 298
- hash_arr() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 298
- HDLC (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords*), 239
- HDLC (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC*), 221
- header (*pysisyphus.TableFormatter.TableFormatter* property), 294
- HEIIsFirstOrLastException, 295
- hessian (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* property), 38, 292
- hessian (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton* property), 253
- HessianOptimizer (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer*), 80, 264
- highlight_text() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 298
- housekeeping() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 81, 266
- HybridRedundantCoords (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords*), 239
- HybridRedundantCoords (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords*), 40, 225
- HYDROGEN_BOND (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 223
- hydrogen_bonds (*pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo* attribute), 234
- ## I
- i10() (in module *pysisyphus.io.crd*), 244
- IDPP (class in *pysisyphus.interpolate.IDPP*), 242
- IDPPCalculator (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.IDPPCalculator*), 156
- imag_fns (*pysisyphus.helpers.FinalHessianResult* attribute), 296
- imag_frequency (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- imag_modes_from_geom() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
- imag_wavenumber (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- image_inds (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* property), 103, 198
- image_inds (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* property), 107, 202
- IMKMod (class in *pysisyphus.irc*), 256
- IMKMod (class in *pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod*), 122, 249

IMPROPER_DIHEDRAL (pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute), 223
 improper_dihedrals (pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo attribute), 234
 improved_guess() (in module pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians), 276
 increment_fn() (in module pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 298
 ind (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Link attribute), 68, 160
 index (pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.Rotation attribute), 227
 index (pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.RotationA attribute), 227
 index (pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.RotationB attribute), 227
 index (pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.RotationC attribute), 227
 index (pysisyphus.intcoords.RotationA attribute), 242
 index (pysisyphus.intcoords.RotationB attribute), 242
 index (pysisyphus.intcoords.RotationC attribute), 242
 index_array_from_overlaps() (in module pysisyphus.helpers), 297
 inds_from_prim_types() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.update), 236
 inertia_tensor (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 38, 292
 inertia_tensor() (in module pysisyphus.Geometry), 40, 294
 init_h5_group() (in module pysisyphus.io.hdf5), 244
 init_h5_group() (pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR method), 178
 init_h5_group() (pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR method), 67, 139
 init_logging() (in module pysisyphus.init_logging), 299
 init_logging_base() (in module pysisyphus.init_logging), 299
 initial() (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang method), 260
 initial() (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang method), 258
 initial_displacement() (pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC method), 119, 250
 initialize() (pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT method), 201
 instant_pressure() (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.HarmonicSphere method), 153
 Instanton (class in pysisyphus.irc.Instanton), 252
 INTERFRAG_BOND (pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute), 223
 interfrag_bonds (pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo attribute), 234
 interfragment_distance() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers), 232
 interpol_alpha_cubic() (in module pysisyphus.line_searches.interpol), 260
 interpol_alpha_quad() (in module pysisyphus.line_searches.interpol), 260
 interpolate() (in module pysisyphus.interpolate.helpers), 243
 interpolate() (pysisyphus.interpolate.IDPP.IDPP method), 242
 interpolate() (pysisyphus.interpolate.Interpolator.Interpolator method), 243
 interpolate() (pysisyphus.interpolate.LST.LST method), 243
 interpolate() (pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund.Redund method), 243
 interpolate() (pysisyphus.irc.DWI.DWI method), 247
 interpolate_all() (in module pysisyphus.interpolate.helpers), 243
 interpolate_all() (pysisyphus.interpolate.Interpolator.Interpolator method), 243
 interpolate_colors() (in module pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 298
 Interpolator (class in pysisyphus.interpolate.Interpolator), 243
 interval_update() (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang method), 260
 interval_update() (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang method), 258
 inv_B() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method), 241
 inv_B() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method), 42, 226
 inv_Bt() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method), 241
 inv_Bt() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method), 42, 226
 inv_masses_rep_sqrt (pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords property), 237
 inv_masses_rep_sqrt (pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords property), 219
 ipi_client() (in module pysisyphus.calculators.IPIClient), 156
 IPIServer (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 184

- IPIServer (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer*), 156
- IRC (class in *pysisyphus.irc.IRC*), 118, 249
- irc (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult* attribute), 305
- irc() (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 120, 251
- irc_geom (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult* attribute), 305
- IRCDummy (class in *pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy*), 251
- is_analytical_2d (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* property), 38, 292
- is_analytical_2d() (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton* method), 253
- ## J
- J() (*pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEXP.LEPSEXP* method), 157
- jacobian() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend* method), 239
- jacobian() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend.LinearBend* method), 222
- jacobian() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement* method), 239
- jacobian() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement.LinearDisplacement* method), 222
- jacobian() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive.Primitive* method), 224
- jmol() (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 38, 292
- join_format() (*pysisyphus.TableFormatter.TableFormatter* method), 294
- json_to_results() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 298
- ## K
- kappa_bell (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- kappa_eckart (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- kappa_eyring (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- kappa_wigner (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 47, 143
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16* method), 183
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16* method), 53, 154
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas* method), 190
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas* method), 55, 165
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 188
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 56, 163
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 193
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 58, 171
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* method), 195
- keep() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* method), 63, 175
- key_is_tsopt() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.cls_map*), 275
- Kick (class in *pysisyphus.stochastic*), 282
- Kick (class in *pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick*), 281
- kick_fragment() (*pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick* method), 282
- kick_fragment() (*pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick.FragmentKick* method), 280
- kinetic_energy_for_temperature() (in module *pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers*), 214
- kinetic_energy_from_velocities() (in module *pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers*), 215
- ## L
- l_mw (*pysisyphus.modefollow.NormalMode* property), 262
- l_mw (*pysisyphus.modefollow.NormalMode.NormalMode* property), 261
- lambdas (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.NTOs* attribute), 50, 166
- lanczos() (in module *pysisyphus.modefollow.lanczos*), 262
- last_index (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* property), 103, 198
- last_two_coords (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2* property), 174
- layer_num (*pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.LayerOpt* property), 90, 267
- LayerCalc (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2*), 68, 160
- LayerOpt (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt*), 90, 267
- Layers (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt*), 90, 268
- layers (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* property), 38, 292
- LBFGS (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS*), 90, 266
- lbfgs_closure() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.closures*), 274
- lbfgs_step() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer* method), 279
- lbfgs_step() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer.MicroOptimizer* method), 268

`left_frontier` (*pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString* property), 200
`left_size` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* property), 107, 202
`length_for_bond_order()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz*), 206
`LennardJones` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 185
`LennardJones` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones*), 72, 158
`LEPSBase` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSBase*), 157
`LEPSEExpr` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr*), 157
`lf_ind` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* property), 107, 202
`lincs_closure()` (in module *pysisyphus.dynamics.lincs*), 217
`lindh_guess()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians*), 276
`lindh_style_guess()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians*), 276
`line()` (*pysisyphus.TableFormatter.TableFormatter* method), 294
`LINEAR_BEND` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 223
`LINEAR_BEND_COMPLEMENT` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 223
`linear_bend_complements` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo* attribute), 234
`linear_bend_indices` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords* property), 241
`linear_bend_indices` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords* property), 42, 226
`linear_bends` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo* attribute), 234
`LINEAR_DISPLACEMENT` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 223
`LINEAR_DISPLACEMENT_COMPLEMENT` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 223
`LinearBend` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords*), 239
`LinearBend` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend*), 222
`LinearDisplacement` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords*), 239
`LinearDisplacement` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement*), 222
`LineSearch` (class in *pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch*), 258
`LineSearchConverged`, 259
`LineSearchNotConverged`, 259
`LineSearchResult` (class in *pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch*), 259
`Link` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2*), 68, 160
`list_h5_groups()` (in module *pysisyphus.plot*), 304
`listen_for()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer* method), 185
`listen_for()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer* method), 156
`listen_for()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc.SocketCalc* method), 170
`listen_for_client_atom_num()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer* method), 185
`listen_for_client_atom_num()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer* method), 156
`listen_for_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer* method), 185
`listen_for_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer* method), 156
`listen_for_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer* method), 185
`listen_for_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer* method), 156
`listen_for_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer* method), 185
`listen_for_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer* method), 156
`listen_kinds` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer* attribute), 185
`listen_kinds` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer* attribute), 156
`load_h5()` (in module *pysisyphus.plot*), 304
`log()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 299
`log()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis*), 276
`log()` (in module *pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn*), 286
`log()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 47, 143
`log()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model* method), 69, 161
`log()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper* method), 173
`log()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2* method), 174
`log()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 103, 198

- log() (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT method*), 201
- log() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive.Primitive method*), 224
- log() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method*), 241
- log() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method*), 42, 226
- log() (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC method*), 120, 251
- log() (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch method*), 258
- log() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer method*), 279
- log() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer.MicroOptimizer method*), 268
- log() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer method*), 79, 270
- log() (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline method*), 281
- log_dbg() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive.Primitive method*), 224
- log_fragments() (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR method*), 178
- log_fragments() (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR method*), 67, 139
- log_int_grad_msg() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method*), 241
- log_int_grad_msg() (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method*), 42, 226
- log_negative_eigenvalues() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer method*), 82, 266
- log_progress() (*in module pysisyphus.irc.Instanton*), 253
- LogFermi (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential*), 153
- logger (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper attribute*), 173
- logger (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2 attribute*), 174
- logger (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates attribute*), 103, 198
- logger (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT attribute*), 201
- LQA (class in *pysisyphus.irc*), 256
- LQA (class in *pysisyphus.irc.LQA*), 122, 253
- LST (class in *pysisyphus.interpolate.LST*), 243
- lstsq_with_reference() (*in module pysisyphus.drivers.afir*), 205
- main() (*in module pysisyphus.run*), 306
- make_cdd() (*in module pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn*), 286
- make_conv_dict() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer method*), 80, 270
- make_deriv_funcs() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives*), 231
- make_det_string() (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper method*), 173
- make_det_string() (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2 method*), 174
- make_dets_header() (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper method*), 173
- make_dets_header() (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2 method*), 174
- make_exc_str() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 183
- make_exc_str() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 53, 154
- make_fchk() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 183
- make_fchk() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 154
- make_float_class() (*in module pysisyphus.calculators.parser*), 177
- make_fn() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator method*), 47, 143
- make_full_dets_list() (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper method*), 173
- make_full_dets_list() (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2 method*), 174
- make_gbs_str() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
- make_gbs_str() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
- make_input() (*in module pysisyphus.wrapper.packmol*), 287
- make_molden() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 193
- make_molden() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 59, 172
- make_py_func() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives*), 231
- make_sym_mat() (*in module pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA*), 58, 164

M

m_sqrt (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC property*), 120, 251

- `make_trj_str()` (in module `pysisyphus.xyzloader`), 308
`make_trj_str_from_geoms()` (in module `pysisyphus.xyzloader`), 308
`make_unit_vec()` (in module `pysisyphus.linalg`), 300
`make_xyz_str()` (in module `pysisyphus.xyzloader`), 308
`mass_weigh_hessian()` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` method), 38, 292
`mass_weigh_hessian()` (`pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC` method), 120, 251
`masses` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` property), 38, 292
`masses` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords` property), 237
`masses` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords` property), 219
`masses_rep` (`pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates` property), 103, 198
`masses_rep` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` property), 38, 292
`masses_sqrt` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords` property), 237
`masses_sqrt` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords` property), 219
`match()` (in module `pysisyphus.trj`), 308
`match_geom_atoms()` (in module `pysisyphus.stochastic.align`), 282
`match_geoms()` (in module `pysisyphus.helpers`), 297
`matched_rmsd()` (in module `pysisyphus.stochastic.align`), 282
`matrix_types` (`pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper` attribute), 173
`matrix_types` (`pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2` attribute), 174
`max_ang_moms` (`pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp` attribute), 179
`max_ang_moms` (`pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp` attribute), 60, 148
`max_image_num` (`pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates` property), 103, 198
`max_image_num` (`pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates.GrowingChainOfStates` property), 106, 200
`md()` (in module `pysisyphus.dynamics.driver`), 213
`mdp()` (in module `pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp`), 217
`mdp_result` (`pysisyphus.run.RunResult` attribute), 305
`MDPResult` (in module `pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp`), 217
`MDResult` (class in `pysisyphus.dynamics.driver`), 213
`merge_coordinate_definitions()` (in module `pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers`), 232
`merge_geoms()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.merge`), 206
`merge_opt()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.merge`), 206
`merge_sets()` (in module `pysisyphus.helpers_pure`), 299
`merge_with_frozen_geom()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.merge`), 206
`METHODS` (`pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC` attribute), 185
`METHODS` (`pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC` attribute), 61, 158
`micro_step()` (`pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel` method), 256
`micro_step()` (`pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel.GonzalezSchlegel` method), 121, 248
`MicroOptimizer` (class in `pysisyphus.optimizers`), 279
`MicroOptimizer` (class in `pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer`), 268
`min_width_fmfs()` (`pysisyphus.TableFormatter.TableFormatter` method), 295
`mm_inv` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` property), 38, 292
`mm_sqrt_inv` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` property), 38, 292
`mod_flowchart_update()` (in module `pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates`), 277
`mode_inds` (`pysisyphus.modefollow.davidson.DavidsonResult` attribute), 262
`ModeKill` (class in `pysisyphus.irc`), 256
`ModeKill` (class in `pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill`), 253
`Model` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2`), 68, 160
`model_iter` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM` property), 187
`model_iter` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM` property), 70, 162
`ModelDummyCalc` (class in `pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2`), 69, 161
`modified_broyden_closure()` (in module `pysisyphus.optimizers.closures`), 275
module

 pysisyphus.benchmarks.data, 137
 pysisyphus.calculators, 177
 pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR, 66, 138
 pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot, 140
 pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot2, 140
 pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot3, 141
 pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot4, 141
 pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase, 71, 141
 pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotCBM, 142
 pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque, 142
 pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator, 46, 142

pysisyphus.calculators.CerjanMiller, 147
 pysisyphus.calculators.Composite, 147
 pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection, 147
 pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton, 64, 149
 pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp, 60, 148
 pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer, 70, 115, 149
 pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy, 151
 pysisyphus.calculators.EGO, 151
 pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin, 151
 pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential, 152
 pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotentialAdo, 65
 pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.HarmonicSphere, 66
 pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.LogFermi, 66
 pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.Restricted, 65
 pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE, 73, 153
 pysisyphus.calculators.FourWellAnaPot, 154
 pysisyphus.calculators.FreeEndNEBPot, 154
 pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09, 53, 154
 pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16, 53, 154
 pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere, 155
 pysisyphus.calculators.IDPPCalculator, 156
 pysisyphus.calculators.IPIClient, 156
 pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer, 156
 pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones, 72, 158
 pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSBase, 157
 pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSExpr, 157
 pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC, 61, 158
 pysisyphus.calculators.MullerBrownSympyPot, 159
 pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc, 159
 pysisyphus.calculators.Obabel, 65, 159
 pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2, 68, 160
 pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM, 164
 pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas, 55, 165
 pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA, 56, 162
 pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA5, 164
 pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator, 50, 166
 pysisyphus.calculators.parser, 177
 pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4, 62, 168
 pysisyphus.calculators.PyPsi4, 169
 pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB, 169
 pysisyphus.calculators.Rastrigin, 169
 pysisyphus.calculators.Remote, 169
 pysisyphus.calculators.Rosenbrock, 170
 pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc, 170
 pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P, 73, 170
 pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque, 171
 pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole, 58, 171
 pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper, 173
 pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2, 174
 pysisyphus.calculators.XTB, 62, 174
 pysisyphus.color, 295
 pysisyphus.config, 295
 pysisyphus.constants, 295
 pysisyphus.cos, 203
 pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB, 105, 196
 pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates, 102, 197
 pysisyphus.cos.FreeEndNEB, 106, 199
 pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString, 200
 pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates, 106, 200
 pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT, 201
 pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString, 106, 202
 pysisyphus.cos.NEB, 104, 203
 pysisyphus.cos.SimpleZTS, 106, 203
 pysisyphus.db, 204
 pysisyphus.db.generate_db, 203
 pysisyphus.db.helpers, 204
 pysisyphus.db.level, 204
 pysisyphus.db.molecules, 204
 pysisyphus.drivers, 212
 pysisyphus.drivers.afir, 204
 pysisyphus.drivers.barriers, 205
 pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz, 205
 pysisyphus.drivers.merge, 206
 pysisyphus.drivers.opt, 206
 pysisyphus.drivers.perf, 207
 pysisyphus.drivers.pk, 207
 pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot, 207
 pysisyphus.drivers.rates, 208
 pysisyphus.drivers.replace, 211
 pysisyphus.drivers.scan, 211
 pysisyphus.drivers.thermo, 211
 pysisyphus.dynamics, 218
 pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars, 212
 pysisyphus.dynamics.driver, 213
 pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian, 212
 pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers, 214
 pysisyphus.dynamics.lincs, 217
 pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp, 217
 pysisyphus.dynamics.rattle, 217
 pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats, 217
 pysisyphus.elem_data, 295
 pysisyphus.exceptions, 295
 pysisyphus.filtertrj, 296
 pysisyphus.Geometry, 33, 287
 pysisyphus.helpers, 296
 pysisyphus.helpers_pure, 297

pysisyphus.init_logging, 299
 pysisyphus.intcoords, 237
 pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds, 228
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend, 218
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend2, 218
 pysisyphus.intcoords.BondedFragment, 218
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian, 218
 pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords, 219
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords, 220
 pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives, 229
 pysisyphus.intcoords.DistanceFunction, 222
 pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC, 221
 pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion, 222
 pysisyphus.intcoords.eval, 230
 pysisyphus.intcoords.exceptions, 230
 pysisyphus.intcoords.findiffs, 231
 pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives, 231
 pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers, 231
 pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend, 222
 pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement, 222
 pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives, 232
 pysisyphus.intcoords.OutOfPlane, 223
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive, 224
 pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes, 223
 pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords, 40, 225
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation, 227
 pysisyphus.intcoords.setup, 234
 pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast, 235
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Stretch, 228
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion, 228
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion2, 228
 pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation, 228
 pysisyphus.intcoords.update, 236
 pysisyphus.intcoords.valid, 236
 pysisyphus.interpolate, 244
 pysisyphus.interpolate.helpers, 243
 pysisyphus.interpolate.IDPP, 242
 pysisyphus.interpolate.Interpolator, 243
 pysisyphus.interpolate.LST, 243
 pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund, 243
 pysisyphus.io, 246
 pysisyphus.io.cjson, 244
 pysisyphus.io.crd, 244
 pysisyphus.io.hdf5, 244
 pysisyphus.io.hessian, 244
 pysisyphus.io.mol2, 245
 pysisyphus.io.molden, 245
 pysisyphus.io.pdb, 245
 pysisyphus.io.pubchem, 245
 pysisyphus.io.sdf, 245
 pysisyphus.io.xyz, 245
 pysisyphus.io.zmat, 246
 pysisyphus.irc, 255
 pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet, 120, 247
 pysisyphus.irc.DWI, 247
 pysisyphus.irc.Euler, 121, 248
 pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC, 121, 248
 pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel, 121, 248
 pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod, 122, 249
 pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ, 254
 pysisyphus.irc.Instanton, 252
 pysisyphus.irc.IRC, 118, 249
 pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy, 251
 pysisyphus.irc.LQA, 122, 253
 pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill, 253
 pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot, 254
 pysisyphus.irc.RK4, 122, 254
 pysisyphus.linalg, 299
 pysisyphus.line_searches, 260
 pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking, 257
 pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang, 257
 pysisyphus.line_searches.interpol, 260
 pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch, 258
 pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe, 259
 pysisyphus.modelfollow, 262
 pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson, 261
 pysisyphus.modelfollow.lanczos, 262
 pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode, 261
 pysisyphus.optimizers, 279
 pysisyphus.optimizers.BacktrackingOptimizer, 263
 pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS, 263
 pysisyphus.optimizers.closures, 274
 pysisyphus.optimizers.cls_map, 275
 pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient, 264
 pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton, 264
 pysisyphus.optimizers.exceptions, 275
 pysisyphus.optimizers.FIRE, 264
 pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis, 275
 pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians, 276
 pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates, 277
 pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer, 80, 264
 pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt, 90, 267
 pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS, 90, 266
 pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer, 268
 pysisyphus.optimizers.NCOptimizer, 268
 pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer, 78, 268
 pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit, 278
 pysisyphus.optimizers.precon, 279

- pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS, 91, 271
- pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconSteepestDescent, 272
- pysisyphus.optimizers.QuickMin, 272
- pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step, 279
- pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer, 82, 272
- pysisyphus.optimizers.RSA, 273
- pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMMethod, 273
- pysisyphus.optimizers.SteepestDescent, 274
- pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer, 274
- pysisyphus.pack, 300
- pysisyphus.peakdetect, 300
- pysisyphus.plot, 304
- pysisyphus.plotters, 280
- pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot, 280
- pysisyphus.run, 305
- pysisyphus.socket_helper, 307
- pysisyphus.stochastic, 282
- pysisyphus.stochastic.align, 282
- pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick, 280
- pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick, 281
- pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline, 281
- pysisyphus.TableFormatter, 294
- pysisyphus.TablePrinter, 295
- pysisyphus.testing, 307
- pysisyphus.tests, 283
- pysisyphus.thermo, 307
- pysisyphus.trj, 307
- pysisyphus.tsoptimizers, 285
- pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer, 114, 283
- pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer, 113, 283
- pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM, 114, 284
- pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer, 112, 284
- pysisyphus.version, 308
- pysisyphus.wrapper, 287
- pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol, 286
- pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn, 286
- pysisyphus.wrapper.packmol, 287
- pysisyphus.xyzloader, 308
- pysisyphus.yaml_mods, 309
- module_available() (in module pysisyphus.testing), 307
- Molecule (class in pysisyphus.db.molecules), 204
- MOPAC (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 185
- MOPAC (class in pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC), 61, 158
- moving_atoms (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 38, 292
- moving_atoms_jmol() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 38, 292
- moving_images (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates property), 103, 198
- moving_indices (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates property), 103, 198
- MullerBrownPot (class in pysisyphus.calculators.MullerBrownSympyPot), 159
- mult (pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR property), 178
- mult (pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR property), 67, 139
- mult (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM property), 187
- mult (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc property), 68, 160
- mult (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM property), 70, 162
- mult (pysisyphus.db.molecules.Molecule attribute), 204
- MULT_STRS (pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC attribute), 185
- MULT_STRS (pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC attribute), 61, 158
- MultiCalc (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 186
- MultiCalc (class in pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc), 159
- multicomponent_afir() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.afir), 205
- mw_coords (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 38, 292
- mw_coords (pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC property), 120, 251
- mw_grad_to_acc() (pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet method), 255
- mw_grad_to_acc() (pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet.DampedVelocityVerlet method), 120, 247
- mw_gradient (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 38, 292
- mw_gradient (pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC property), 120, 251
- mw_hessian (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 39, 293
- mw_norm_for_norm() (pysisyphus.modefollow.NormalMode method), 262
- mw_norm_for_norm() (pysisyphus.modefollow.NormalMode.NormalMode method), 261
- MWCartesianCoords (class in pysisyphus.intcoords), 239
- MWCartesianCoords (class in pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords), 219

N

N (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* property), 180
N (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* property), 70, 115, 149
N (*pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.DIISResult* attribute), 275
n_hist (*pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod.StabilizedQNMethod* property), 273
name (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* property), 47, 144
name (*pysisyphus.db.molecules.Molecule* attribute), 204
NCOptimizer (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.NCOptimizer*), 268
NEB (class in *pysisyphus.cos.NEB*), 104, 203
NeedNewInternalsException, 230
neg_eigvals (*pysisyphus.helpers.FinalHessianResult* attribute), 296
new_node_coords() (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates.GrowingChainOfStates* method), 106, 200
nodes_missing (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* property), 107, 202
norm3() (in module *pysisyphus.linalg*), 300
norm_inf() (*pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang* method), 260
norm_inf() (*pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang* method), 258
norm_max_rms() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
normalize_prim_input() (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes*), 224
normalize_prim_inputs() (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes*), 224
normalize_replacements() (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.replace*), 211
NormalMode (class in *pysisyphus.modefollow*), 262
NormalMode (class in *pysisyphus.modefollow.NormalMode*), 261
np_print() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
nto_org_overlaps() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167
nto_overlaps() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167
NTOs (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator*), 50, 166
ntos (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.NTOs* attribute), 50, 166
nus (*pysisyphus.helpers.FinalHessianResult* attribute), 296
nus (*pysisyphus.modefollow.davidson.DavidsonResult* attribute), 262

O

OBabel (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.OBabel*), 65, 159
on_keypress() (*pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot.AnimPlot* method), 280
ONIOM (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 186
ONIOMMethod (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2*), 69, 161
OpenMM (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM*), 164
OpenMolcas (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 190
OpenMolcas (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas*), 55, 165
opt (*pysisyphus.drivers.opt.OptResult* attribute), 206
opt (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult* attribute), 305
opt_davidson() (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.opt*), 206
opt_geom (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.OptResult* attribute), 62, 174
opt_geom (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult* attribute), 305
opt_is_converged (*pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIRPath* attribute), 67, 140
opt_log (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.OptResult* attribute), 62, 174
OptimizationError, 275
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS.BFGS* method), 263
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient.ConjugateGradient* method), 264
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton* method), 279
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton.CubicNewton* method), 264
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.FIRE.FIRE* method), 264
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.LayerOpt* method), 90, 267
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS.LBFGS* method), 91, 267
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer* method), 279
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer.MicroOptimizer* method), 268
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.NCOptimizer.NCOptimizer* method), 268
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer* method), 80, 270
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS.PreconLBFGS* method), 92, 272
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.QuickMin.QuickMin* method), 272
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer.RFOptimizer* method), 83, 273
optimize() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.RSA.RSA* method), 273

- optimize() (pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod.StabilizedQNMethod attribute), 240
 method), 274
- optimize() (pysisyphus.optimizers.SteepestDescent.SteepestDescent property), 41, 225
 method), 274
- optimize() (pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer.StringOptimizer attribute), 252
 method), 274
- optimize() (pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer.RSIRFOptimizer attribute), 103, 198
 method), 285
- optimize() (pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer.RSIRFOptimizer attribute), 103, 198
 method), 114, 283
- optimize() (pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer.RSPRFOptimizer attribute), 104, 203
 method), 286
- optimize() (pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer.RSPRFOptimizer attribute), 104, 203
 method), 114, 283
- optimize() (pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM method), 286
- optimize() (pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM.TRIM method), 114, 284
- Optimizer (class in pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer), 78, 268
- OptResult (class in pysisyphus.calculators.XTB), 62, 174
- OptResult (class in pysisyphus.drivers.opt), 206
- ORCA (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 187
- ORCA (class in pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA), 56, 162
- ORCA5 (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 189
- ORCA5 (class in pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA5), 164
- OrderedEnum (class in pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 297
- origin() (in module pysisyphus.trj), 308
- orthogonalize_against() (in module pysisyphus.linalg), 300
- OUT_OF_PLANE (pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute), 223
- OutOfPlane (class in pysisyphus.intcoords), 239
- OutOfPlane (class in pysisyphus.intcoords.OutOfPlane), 223
- outofplane_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords property), 241
- outofplane_indices (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 42, 226
- OverlapCalculator (class in pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator), 50, 166
- OVLP_TYPE_VERBOSE (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator attribute), 51, 166
- P**
- P (pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities attribute), 147
- P (pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT property), 201
- P (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- P (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property), 240
- P (pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton property), 252
- par_image_calc() (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 103, 198
- parallel_forces (pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB property), 104, 203
- ParamPlot (class in pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot), 254
- parent_ind (pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Link attribute), 68, 160
- parse_635r_dump() (pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method), 184
- parse_635r_dump() (pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method), 54, 155
- parse_all_energies() (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method), 188
- parse_all_energies() (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method), 57, 163
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.config), 295
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.db.generate_db), 203
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.merge), 206
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.replace), 211
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.drivers.thermo), 211
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.filtertrj), 296
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.pack), 300
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.plot), 304
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.run), 306
- parse_args() (in module pysisyphus.trj), 308
- parse_atom_name() (in module pysisyphus.io.pdb), 245
- parse_atoms_coords() (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA static method), 189
- parse_atoms_coords() (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA static method), 57, 163
- parse_cc2_vectors() (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method), 193
- parse_cc2_vectors() (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method), 59, 172
- parse_charges() (pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method), 184
- parse_charges() (pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method), 54, 155

- method*), 54, 155
- `parse_charges()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.Model method*), 69, 161
- `parse_charges()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 195
- `parse_charges()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 63, 176
- `parse_charges_from_json()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 195
- `parse_charges_from_json()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 64, 176
- `parse_cis()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method*), 189
- `parse_cis()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method*), 57, 163
- `parse_cjson()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.cjson*), 244
- `parse_coord_line()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.sdf*), 245
- `parse_double_mol()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
- `parse_double_mol()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
- `parse_double_mol()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 193
- `parse_double_mol()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 59, 172
- `parse_energies()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas method*), 190
- `parse_energies()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas method*), 55, 165
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp method*), 179
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp method*), 60, 148
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC method*), 186
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC method*), 61, 158
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method*), 189
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method*), 57, 163
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4 method*), 191
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4 method*), 62, 168
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 193
- `parse_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 59, 172
- `parse_energy_from_aux()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC static method*), 186
- `parse_energy_from_aux()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC static method*), 61, 158
- `parse_engrad()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method*), 189
- `parse_engrad()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method*), 57, 163
- `parse_engrad_info()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA static method*), 189
- `parse_engrad_info()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA static method*), 57, 163
- `parse_exc_dat()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp static method*), 179
- `parse_exc_dat()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp static method*), 60, 148
- `parse_fchk()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 static method*), 184
- `parse_fchk()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 static method*), 54, 155
- `parse_filter()` (in module *pysisyphus.filtertrj*), 296
- `parse_force()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
- `parse_force()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
- `parse_force()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 193
- `parse_force()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 59, 172
- `parse_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp method*), 179
- `parse_forces()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp method*), 60, 148
- `parse_gbw()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method*), 189
- `parse_gbw()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method*), 57, 163
- `parse_grad()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC*

- method*), 186
- `parse_grad()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC method*), 61, 158
- `parse_grad()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4 method*), 191
- `parse_grad()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4 method*), 62, 168
- `parse_gradient()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas method*), 190
- `parse_gradient()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas method*), 55, 165
- `parse_gradient()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 195
- `parse_gradient()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 64, 176
- `parse_gs_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 193
- `parse_gs_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 59, 172
- `parse_hess_file()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA static method*), 189
- `parse_hess_file()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA static method*), 57, 163
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC method*), 186
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC method*), 61, 158
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method*), 189
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method*), 57, 163
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4 method*), 191
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4 method*), 62, 168
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 193
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 59, 172
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 195
- `parse_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 64, 176
- `parse_hessian_from_aux()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC static method*), 186
- `parse_hessian_from_aux()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC static method*), 61, 158
- `parse_keyword()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
- `parse_keyword()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
- `parse_log()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
- `parse_log()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
- `parse_md()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 195
- `parse_md()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 64, 176
- `parse_mo()` (*in module pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp*), 60, 149
- `parse_mo_numbers()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method*), 189
- `parse_mo_numbers()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method*), 57, 163
- `parse_mos()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 193
- `parse_mos()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 59, 172
- `parse_opt()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 195
- `parse_opt()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 64, 176
- `parse_pdb()` (*in module pysisyphus.io.pdb*), 245
- `parse_rassi_track()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas method*), 190
- `parse_rassi_track()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas method*), 55, 165
- `parse_raw_term_func()` (*in module pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp*), 217
- `parse_raw_term_funcs()` (*in module pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp*), 217
- `parse_results()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Remote method*), 192
- `parse_results()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Remote.Remote method*), 169
- `parse_sdf()` (*in module pysisyphus.io.sdf*), 245
- `parse_stable()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
- `parse_stable()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
- `parse_stable()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA*

- method*), 189
- `parse_stable()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method*), 57, 163
- `parse_td_vectors()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 193
- `parse_td_vectors()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 59, 172
- `parse_tddft()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
- `parse_tddft()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
- `parse_topo()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 195
- `parse_topo()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 64, 176
- `parse_total_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp method*), 179
- `parse_total_energy()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp method*), 60, 148
- `parse_trj_file()` (*in module pysisyphus.xyzloader*), 308
- `parse_trj_str()` (*in module pysisyphus.xyzloader*), 308
- `parse_turbo_ccre0_ascii()` (*in module pysisyphus.calculators.parser*), 177
- `parse_turbo_exstates()` (*in module pysisyphus.calculators.parser*), 177
- `parse_turbo_gradient()` (*in module pysisyphus.calculators.parser*), 177
- `parse_turbo_mos()` (*in module pysisyphus.calculators.parser*), 177
- `parse_wfoverlap_out()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper method*), 173
- `parse_wfoverlap_out()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2 method*), 174
- `parse_xplusy()` (*in module pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp*), 60, 149
- `parse_xyz_file()` (*in module pysisyphus.xyzloader*), 308
- `parse_xyz_str()` (*in module pysisyphus.xyzloader*), 308
- `path_length` (*pysisyphus.irc.Instanton.Instanton property*), 253
- `peakdetect()` (*in module pysisyphus.peakdetect*), 300
- `peakdetect_fft()` (*in module pysisyphus.peakdetect*), 301
- `peakdetect_parabola()` (*in module pysisyphus.peakdetect*), 301
- `peakdetect_sine()` (*in module pysisyphus.peakdetect*), 302
- `peakdetect_sine_locked()` (*in module pysisyphus.peakdetect*), 302
- `peakdetect_spline()` (*in module pysisyphus.peakdetect*), 302
- `peakdetect_zero_crossing()` (*in module pysisyphus.peakdetect*), 303
- `perf_results` (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult attribute*), 305
- `perp_comp()` (*in module pysisyphus.linalg*), 300
- `perp_component()` (*pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel method*), 256
- `perp_component()` (*pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel.GonzalezSchlegel method*), 121, 248
- `perpendicular_forces` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates property*), 103, 198
- `pick_image_inds()` (*in module pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
- `Pipeline` (*class in pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline*), 281
- `plot()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method*), 72, 141
- `plot()` (*pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot.ParamPlot method*), 254
- `plot3d()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method*), 72, 141
- `plot_afir()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_all_energies()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_coords()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method*), 72, 141
- `plot_cos_energies()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_cos_forces()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_cycle()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_eigenvalue_structure()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method*), 72, 141
- `plot_gau()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_geoms()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method*), 72, 141
- `plot_irc()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_irc()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method*), 72, 141
- `plot_irc_h5()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_md()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_opt()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_opt()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase method*), 72, 141
- `plot_overlaps()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_scan()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `plot_trj_energies()` (*in module pysisyphus.plot*), 304
- `poly_line_search()` (*in module pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit*), 278

polys (*pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.FitResult* attribute), 278
 postprocess() (*pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel* method), 256
 postprocess() (*pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel.GonzalezSchlegel* method), 121, 248
 postprocess() (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 120, 251
 postprocess() (*pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill* method), 256
 postprocess() (*pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill.ModeKill* method), 253
 postprocess_opt() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton* method), 279
 postprocess_opt() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton.CubicNewton* method), 264
 postprocess_opt() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt.LayerOpt* method), 90, 267
 postprocess_opt() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS.LBFGS* method), 91, 267
 postprocess_opt() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer* method), 80, 270
 postprocess_opt() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer.RFOptimizer* method), 83, 273
 precon_getter() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.precon*), 279
 precon_pos_rot() (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot*), 207
 precondition_gradient() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod.StabilizedQNMethod* method), 274
 PreconLBFGS (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS*), 91, 271
 PreconSteepestDescent (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconSteepestDescent*), 272
 preopt_first_geom (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult* attribute), 305
 preopt_last_geom (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult* attribute), 305
 prepare() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 48, 144
 prepare() (*pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet* method), 255
 prepare() (*pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet.DampedVelocityVerlet* method), 120, 247
 prepare() (*pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC* method), 256
 prepare() (*pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC.EulerPC* method), 121, 248
 prepare() (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 120, 251
 prepare() (*pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill* method), 257
 prepare() (*pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill.ModeKill* method), 253
 prepare_add_args() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* method), 195
 prepare_add_args() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* method), 64, 176
 prepare_coords() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 48, 144
 prepare_coords() (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC* method), 186
 prepare_coords() (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC* method), 61, 158
 prepare_coords() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas* method), 190
 prepare_coords() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas* method), 55, 165
 prepare_coords() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* method), 195
 prepare_coords() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* method), 64, 176
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 48, 144
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton.Dalton* method), 65, 149
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp* method), 179
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp* method), 60, 148
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16* method), 184
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16* method), 54, 155
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC* method), 186
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC* method), 62, 159
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas* method), 190
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas* method), 55, 165
 prepare_input() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 189

`prepare_input()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 57, 163
`prepare_input()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4* method), 191
`prepare_input()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4* method), 62, 168
`prepare_input()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 194
`prepare_input()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 59, 172
`prepare_input()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* method), 196
`prepare_input()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* method), 64, 176
`prepare_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang* method), 260
`prepare_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang* method), 258
`prepare_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch* method), 258
`prepare_merge()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.merge*), 206
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS.BFGS* method), 263
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient.ConjugateGradient* method), 264
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 82, 266
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer* method), 80, 271
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS.PreconLBFGS* method), 92, 272
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.QuickMin.QuickMin* method), 272
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod.StabilizedQNMethod* method), 274
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.SteepestDescent.SteepestDescent* method), 274
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer.StringOptimizer* method), 274
`prepare_opt()` (*pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer.TSHessianOptimizer* method), 113, 285
`prepare_opt_cycle()` (*pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB.AdaptiveNEB* method), 105, 197
`prepare_opt_cycle()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 103, 198
`prepare_opt_cycle()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates.GrowingChainOfStates* method), 106, 200
`prepare_overlap_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp* method), 179
`prepare_overlap_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp* method), 60, 148
`prepare_overlap_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16* method), 184
`prepare_overlap_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16* method), 54, 155
`prepare_overlap_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 189
`prepare_overlap_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 57, 163
`prepare_overlap_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167
`prepare_overlap_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 194
`prepare_overlap_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 59, 172
`prepare_path()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 48, 144
`prepare_pattern()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 48, 144
`prepare_point_charges()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 194
`prepare_point_charges()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 59, 172
`prepare_single_component_afir()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.afir*), 205
`prepare_td()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 194
`prepare_td()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 59, 172
`prepare_turbo_coords()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 48, 144

- method*), 49, 145
- `prepare_xyz_string()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator method*), 49, 145
- `prev_eigvec_max` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer property*), 82, 266
- `prev_eigvec_min` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer property*), 82, 266
- `prim_coords` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property*), 241
- `prim_coords` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property*), 42, 226
- `prim_indices_set` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property*), 241
- `prim_indices_set` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property*), 42, 226
- `prim_internals` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property*), 241
- `prim_internals` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property*), 42, 226
- `PrimInternal` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords.eval*), 230
- `Primitive` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive*), 224
- `PrimitiveNotDefinedException`, 230, 239
- `primitives` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property*), 241
- `primitives` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords property*), 42, 226
- `prims_from_prim_inputs()` (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes*), 224
- `PrimTypes` (*class in pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes*), 223
- `principal_axes_are_aligned()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method*), 39, 293
- `print()` (*pysisyphus.TablePrinter.TablePrinter method*), 295
- `print_barrier()` (*in module pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
- `print_bibtex()` (*in module pysisyphus.run*), 306
- `print_capabilities()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator method*), 49, 145
- `print_fragments()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick method*), 282
- `print_fragments()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick.FragmentKick method*), 280
- `print_header()` (*in module pysisyphus.run*), 306
- `print_header()` (*pysisyphus.TablePrinter.TablePrinter method*), 295
- `print_info()` (*in module pysisyphus.pack*), 300
- `print_internals()` (*in module pysisyphus.trj*), 308
- `print_opt_progress()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer method*), 80, 271
- `print_out_fn()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator method*), 49, 145
- `print_perf_results()` (*in module pysisyphus.drivers.perf*), 207
- `print_row()` (*pysisyphus.TablePrinter.TablePrinter method*), 295
- `print_sep()` (*pysisyphus.TablePrinter.TablePrinter method*), 295
- `print_thermoanalysis()` (*in module pysisyphus.thermo*), 307
- `print_typed_prims()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method*), 241
- `print_typed_prims()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method*), 42, 226
- `procrustes()` (*in module pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
- `project_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords method*), 237
- `project_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords method*), 219
- `project_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords.CoordSys method*), 230
- `project_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC method*), 238
- `project_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC method*), 221
- `project_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method*), 241
- `project_hessian()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method*), 42, 226
- `project_primitive_on_active_set()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC method*), 238
- `project_primitive_on_active_set()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC method*), 221
- `project_vector()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method*), 241
- `project_vector()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method*), 42, 226
- `PROPER_DIHEDRAL` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes attribute*), 230

- tribute*), 223
- PROPER_DIHEDRAL2 (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 224
- proper_dihedrals (*pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo* attribute), 234
- psb_update() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates*), 277
- Psi4 (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 191
- Psi4 (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4*), 62, 168
- PT (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes*), 223
- PyPsi4 (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 191
- PyPsi4 (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.PyPsi4*), 169
- pysisyphus
 - module, 309
- pysisyphus.benchmarks
 - module, 138
- pysisyphus.benchmarks.Benchmark
 - module, 137
- pysisyphus.benchmarks.data
 - module, 137
- pysisyphus.calculators
 - module, 177
- pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR
 - module, 66, 138
- pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot
 - module, 140
- pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot2
 - module, 140
- pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot3
 - module, 141
- pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPot4
 - module, 141
- pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase
 - module, 71, 141
- pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotCBM
 - module, 142
- pysisyphus.calculators.AtomAtomTransTorque
 - module, 142
- pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator
 - module, 46, 142
- pysisyphus.calculators.CerjanMiller
 - module, 147
- pysisyphus.calculators.Composite
 - module, 147
- pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection
 - module, 147
- pysisyphus.calculators.Dalton
 - module, 64, 149
- pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp
 - module, 60, 148
- pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer
 - module, 70, 115, 149
- pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy
 - module, 151
- pysisyphus.calculators.EGO
 - module, 151
- pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin
 - module, 151
- pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential
 - module, 152
- pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.ExternalPotential
 - module, 65
- pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.HarmonicSphere
 - module, 66
- pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.LogFermi
 - module, 66
- pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.Restraint
 - module, 65
- pysisyphus.calculators.FakeASE
 - module, 73, 153
- pysisyphus.calculators.FourWellAnaPot
 - module, 154
- pysisyphus.calculators.FreeEndNEBPot
 - module, 154
- pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian09
 - module, 53, 154
- pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16
 - module, 53, 154
- pysisyphus.calculators.HardSphere
 - module, 155
- pysisyphus.calculators.IDPPCalculator
 - module, 156
- pysisyphus.calculators.IPIClient
 - module, 156
- pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer
 - module, 156
- pysisyphus.calculators.LennardJones
 - module, 72, 158
- pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSBase
 - module, 157
- pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSExpr
 - module, 157
- pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC
 - module, 61, 158
- pysisyphus.calculators.MullerBrownSymPyPot
 - module, 159
- pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc
 - module, 159
- pysisyphus.calculators.OBabel
 - module, 65, 159
- pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2
 - module, 68, 160
- pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM
 - module, 164
- pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas
 - module, 55, 165

pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA
module, [56](#), [162](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA5
module, [164](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator
module, [50](#), [166](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.parser
module, [177](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4
module, [62](#), [168](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.PyPsi4
module, [169](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB
module, [169](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.Rastrigin
module, [169](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.Remote
module, [169](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.Rosenbrock
module, [170](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc
module, [170](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P
module, [73](#), [170](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque
module, [171](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole
module, [58](#), [171](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper
module, [173](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2
module, [174](#)

pysisyphus.calculators.XTB
module, [62](#), [174](#)

pysisyphus.color
module, [295](#)

pysisyphus.config
module, [295](#)

pysisyphus.constants
module, [295](#)

pysisyphus.cos
module, [203](#)

pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB
module, [105](#), [196](#)

pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates
module, [102](#), [197](#)

pysisyphus.cos.FreeEndNEB
module, [106](#), [199](#)

pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString
module, [200](#)

pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates
module, [106](#), [200](#)

pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT
module, [201](#)

pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString
module, [106](#), [202](#)

pysisyphus.cos.NEB
module, [104](#), [203](#)

pysisyphus.cos.SimpleZTS
module, [106](#), [203](#)

pysisyphus.db
module, [204](#)

pysisyphus.db.generate_db
module, [203](#)

pysisyphus.db.helpers
module, [204](#)

pysisyphus.db.level
module, [204](#)

pysisyphus.db.molecules
module, [204](#)

pysisyphus.drivers
module, [212](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.afir
module, [204](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.barriers
module, [205](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.birkholz
module, [205](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.merge
module, [206](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.opt
module, [206](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.perf
module, [207](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.pka
module, [207](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot
module, [207](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.rates
module, [208](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.replace
module, [211](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.scan
module, [211](#)

pysisyphus.drivers.thermo
module, [211](#)

pysisyphus.dynamics
module, [218](#)

pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars
module, [212](#)

pysisyphus.dynamics.driver
module, [213](#)

pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian
module, [212](#)

pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers
module, [214](#)

pysisyphus.dynamics.lincs
module, [217](#)

pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp
module, 217

pysisyphus.dynamics.rattle
module, 217

pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats
module, 217

pysisyphus.elem_data
module, 295

pysisyphus.exceptions
module, 295

pysisyphus.filtertrj
module, 296

pysisyphus.Geometry
module, 33, 287

pysisyphus.helpers
module, 296

pysisyphus.helpers_pure
module, 297

pysisyphus.init_logging
module, 299

pysisyphus.intcoords
module, 237

pysisyphus.intcoords.augment_bonds
module, 228

pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend
module, 218

pysisyphus.intcoords.Bend2
module, 218

pysisyphus.intcoords.BondedFragment
module, 218

pysisyphus.intcoords.Cartesian
module, 218

pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords
module, 219

pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords
module, 220

pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives
module, 229

pysisyphus.intcoords.DistanceFunction
module, 222

pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC
module, 221

pysisyphus.intcoords.DummyTorsion
module, 222

pysisyphus.intcoords.eval
module, 230

pysisyphus.intcoords.exceptions
module, 230

pysisyphus.intcoords.findiffs
module, 231

pysisyphus.intcoords.generate_derivatives
module, 231

pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers
module, 231

pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearBend
module, 222

pysisyphus.intcoords.LinearDisplacement
module, 222

pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives
module, 232

pysisyphus.intcoords.OutOfPlane
module, 223

pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive
module, 224

pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes
module, 223

pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords
module, 40, 225

pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation
module, 227

pysisyphus.intcoords.setup
module, 234

pysisyphus.intcoords.setup_fast
module, 235

pysisyphus.intcoords.Stretch
module, 228

pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion
module, 228

pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion2
module, 228

pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation
module, 228

pysisyphus.intcoords.update
module, 236

pysisyphus.intcoords.valid
module, 236

pysisyphus.interpolate
module, 244

pysisyphus.interpolate.helpers
module, 243

pysisyphus.interpolate.IDPP
module, 242

pysisyphus.interpolate.Interpolator
module, 243

pysisyphus.interpolate.LST
module, 243

pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund
module, 243

pysisyphus.io
module, 246

pysisyphus.io.cjson
module, 244

pysisyphus.io.crd
module, 244

pysisyphus.io.hdf5
module, 244

pysisyphus.io.hessian
module, 244

pysisyphus.io.mol2
module, 245

pysisyphus.io.molden
module, 245

pysisyphus.io.pdb
module, 245

pysisyphus.io.pubchem
module, 245

pysisyphus.io.sdf
module, 245

pysisyphus.io.xyz
module, 245

pysisyphus.io.zmat
module, 246

pysisyphus.irc
module, 255

pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet
module, 120, 247

pysisyphus.irc.DWI
module, 247

pysisyphus.irc.Euler
module, 121, 248

pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC
module, 121, 248

pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel
module, 121, 248

pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod
module, 122, 249

pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ
module, 254

pysisyphus.irc.Instanton
module, 252

pysisyphus.irc.IRC
module, 118, 249

pysisyphus.irc.IRCDummy
module, 251

pysisyphus.irc.LQA
module, 122, 253

pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill
module, 253

pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot
module, 254

pysisyphus.irc.RK4
module, 122, 254

pysisyphus.linalg
module, 299

pysisyphus.line_searches
module, 260

pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking
module, 257

pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang
module, 257

pysisyphus.line_searches.interpol
module, 260

pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch
module, 258

pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe
module, 259

pysisyphus.modelfollow
module, 262

pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson
module, 261

pysisyphus.modelfollow.lanczos
module, 262

pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode
module, 261

pysisyphus.optimizers
module, 279

pysisyphus.optimizers.BacktrackingOptimizer
module, 263

pysisyphus.optimizers.BFGS
module, 263

pysisyphus.optimizers.closures
module, 274

pysisyphus.optimizers.cls_map
module, 275

pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient
module, 264

pysisyphus.optimizers.CubicNewton
module, 264

pysisyphus.optimizers.exceptions
module, 275

pysisyphus.optimizers.FIRE
module, 264

pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis
module, 275

pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians
module, 276

pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates
module, 277

pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer
module, 80, 264

pysisyphus.optimizers.LayerOpt
module, 90, 267

pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS
module, 90, 266

pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer
module, 268

pysisyphus.optimizers.NCOptimizer
module, 268

pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer
module, 78, 268

pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit
module, 278

pysisyphus.optimizers.precon
module, 279

pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS
module, 91, 271

pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconSteepestDescent
 module, 272
 pysisyphus.optimizers.QuickMin
 module, 272
 pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step
 module, 279
 pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer
 module, 82, 272
 pysisyphus.optimizers.RSA
 module, 273
 pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod
 module, 273
 pysisyphus.optimizers.SteepestDescent
 module, 274
 pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer
 module, 274
 pysisyphus.pack
 module, 300
 pysisyphus.peakdetect
 module, 300
 pysisyphus.plot
 module, 304
 pysisyphus.plotters
 module, 280
 pysisyphus.plotters.AnimPlot
 module, 280
 pysisyphus.run
 module, 305
 pysisyphus.socket_helper
 module, 307
 pysisyphus.stochastic
 module, 282
 pysisyphus.stochastic.align
 module, 282
 pysisyphus.stochastic.FragmentKick
 module, 280
 pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick
 module, 281
 pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline
 module, 281
 pysisyphus.TableFormatter
 module, 294
 pysisyphus.TablePrinter
 module, 295
 pysisyphus.testing
 module, 307
 pysisyphus.tests
 module, 283
 pysisyphus.thermo
 module, 307
 pysisyphus.trj
 module, 307
 pysisyphus.tsoptimizers
 module, 285
 pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer
 module, 114, 283
 pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer
 module, 113, 283
 pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM
 module, 114, 284
 pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer
 module, 112, 284
 pysisyphus.version
 module, 308
 pysisyphus.wrapper
 module, 287
 pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol
 module, 286
 pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn
 module, 286
 pysisyphus.wrapper.packmol
 module, 287
 pysisyphus.xyzloader
 module, 308
 pysisyphus.yaml_mods
 module, 309
 PyXTB (*class in pysisyphus.calculators*), 191
 PyXTB (*class in pysisyphus.calculators.PyXTB*), 169

Q

Q() (*pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr
 method*), 157
 q_a() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
 q_a() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*),
 233
 q_a2() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
 q_a2() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*),
 233
 q_b() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
 q_b() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*),
 233
 q_d() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 229
 q_d() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*),
 233
 q_d2() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 230
 q_d2() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*),
 233
 q_lb() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 230
 q_lb() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*),
 233
 q_ld() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*), 230
 q_ld() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*),
 233
 q_oop() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.derivatives*),
 230
 q_oop() (*in module pysisyphus.intcoords.mp_derivatives*), 233
 qH (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P attribute*), 192

- qH (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P* attribute), 73, 170
- q0 (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P* attribute), 192
- q0 (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P* attribute), 73, 171
- qs (*pysisyphus.modelfollow.davidson.DavidsonResult* attribute), 262
- quadratic_model() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* static method), 82, 266
- quartic_fit() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit*), 278
- QuickMin (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.QuickMin*), 272
- quintic_fit() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit*), 279
- ## R
- r (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT* property), 201
- r (*pysisyphus.io.zmat.ZLine* attribute), 246
- raise_exception() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy* method), 181
- raise_exception() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy.Dummy* method), 151
- Rastrigin (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.Rastrigin*), 169
- rate_bell (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- rate_eckart (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- rate_eyring (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- rate_wigner (*pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates* attribute), 208
- rattle_closure() (in module *pysisyphus.dynamics.rattle*), 217
- ReactionRates (class in *pysisyphus.drivers.rates*), 208
- read_aux() (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC* method), 186
- read_aux() (*pysisyphus.calculators.MOPAC.MOPAC* method), 62, 159
- read_geoms() (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 308
- reattach() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas* method), 191
- reattach() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMolcas.OpenMolcas* method), 55, 165
- reattach() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 189
- reattach() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 57, 164
- reattach() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB* method), 196
- reattach() (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB* method), 64, 176
- RebuiltInternalsException, 230
- recursive_update() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 299
- recv_closure() (in module *pysisyphus.socket_helper*), 307
- red() (in module *pysisyphus.color*), 295
- red_mass (*pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode* property), 263
- red_mass (*pysisyphus.modelfollow.NormalMode.NormalMode* property), 261
- Redund (class in *pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund*), 243
- RedundantCoords (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords*), 239
- RedundantCoords (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords*), 40, 225
- ref_hessian (*pysisyphus.calculators.EGO* property), 181
- ref_hessian (*pysisyphus.calculators.EGO.EGO* property), 151
- relax_afir_path() (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.afir*), 205
- relaxed_1d_scan() (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.scan*), 211
- relaxed_scan() (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.scan*), 211
- Remote (class in *pysisyphus.calculators*), 191
- Remote (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.Remote*), 169
- remove_com_velocity() (in module *pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers*), 215
- remove_duplicates() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 299
- remove_translation() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* method), 181
- remove_translation() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* method), 71, 116, 150
- render_cdd_cube() (in module *pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol*), 286
- render_cdd_cube() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167
- render_cdds() (in module *pysisyphus.plot*), 305
- render_geom_and_charges() (in module *pysisyphus.wrapper.jmol*), 286
- render_rx_rates() (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.rates*), 210
- renorm_mos() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* static method), 52, 167
- reparam_cart() (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* method), 107, 202
- reparam_dlc() (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* method), 107, 202

- `reparametrize()` (*pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString* method), 200
- `reparametrize()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingNT.GrowingNT* method), 201
- `reparametrize()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* method), 107, 202
- `reparametrize()` (*pysisyphus.cos.SimpleZTS.SimpleZTS* method), 106, 203
- `reparametrize()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 39, 293
- `replace_atom()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.replace*), 211
- `replace_atoms()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.replace*), 211
- `report_bonds()` (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 120, 251
- `report_charges()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OpenMM.OpenMM* method), 164
- `report_conv_thresholds()` (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 120, 251
- `report_conv_thresholds()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer* method), 80, 271
- `report_frgs()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot*), 207
- `report_frozen_atoms()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 299
- `report_isotopes()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 299
- `report_mats()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot*), 207
- `res_rms` (*pysisyphus.modefollow.davidson.DavidsonResult* attribute), 262
- `reset()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.BacktrackingOptimizer.BacktrackingOptimizer* method), 263
- `reset()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.ConjugateGradient.ConjugateGradient* method), 264
- `reset()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.FIRE.FIRE* method), 264
- `reset()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 82, 266
- `reset()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.LBFGS.LBFGS* method), 91, 267
- `reset()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.QuickMin.QuickMin* method), 272
- `reset()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer.StringOptimizer* method), 274
- `reset_client_connection()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer* method), 185
- `reset_client_connection()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer* method), 156
- `reset_constraints()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC* method), 238
- `reset_constraints()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC* method), 221
- `reset_coords()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 39, 293
- `reset_geometries()` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* method), 107, 202
- `resize_h5_group()` (in module *pysisyphus.io.hdf5*), 244
- `resname` (*pysisyphus.db.molecules.Molecule* attribute), 204
- `restart_interpolate()` (*pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund.Redund* method), 243
- `Restraint` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential*), 153
- `restrict_step()` (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step*), 279
- `restrict_step_components()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer.StringOptimizer* method), 274
- `results` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* property), 103, 199
- `results_to_json()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 299
- `retried_listen_for()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer* method), 185
- `retried_listen_for()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer* method), 156
- `return_inds()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords* method), 241
- `return_inds()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords* method), 42, 226
- `reuse_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16* method), 184
- `reuse_data()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16* method), 54, 155
- `rf_ind` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* property), 107, 202
- `rfo_dict` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* attribute), 82, 266
- `rfomodel()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* static method), 82, 266
- `RFOptimizer` (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.RFOptimizer*), 82, 272

- `rho()` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive.Primitive* static method), 225
- `right_frontier` (*pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString* property), 200
- `right_size` (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* property), 107, 202
- `rind` (*pysisyphus.io.zmat.ZLine* attribute), 246
- `RK4` (class in *pysisyphus.irc*), 257
- `RK4` (class in *pysisyphus.irc.RK4*), 122, 254
- `rms()` (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
- `rms()` (*pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates* method), 103, 199
- `rmsd()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 39, 293
- `rOH` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P* attribute), 192
- `rOH` (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P* attribute), 73, 171
- `roots_number` (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* property), 52, 167
- `Rosenbrock` (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.Rosenbrock*), 170
- `rot_force` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* property), 181
- `rot_force` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* property), 71, 116, 150
- `rotate()` (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 39, 293
- `rotate_coords1()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* method), 181
- `rotate_coords1()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* method), 71, 116, 150
- `Rotation` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation*), 227
- `ROTATION` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 224
- `ROTATION_A` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 224
- `ROTATION_B` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 224
- `ROTATION_C` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes* attribute), 224
- `rotation_indices` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords* property), 241
- `rotation_indices` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords* property), 42, 227
- `rotation_inds` (*pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo* attribute), 234
- `RotationA` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords*), 241
- `RotationA` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation*), 227
- `RotationB` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords*), 242
- `RotationB` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation*), 227
- `RotationC` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords*), 242
- `RotationC` (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation*), 227
- `RotationConverged`, 71, 116, 150
- `RSA` (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.RSA*), 273
- `RSIRFOptimizer` (class in *pysisyphus.tsoptimizers*), 285
- `RSIRFOptimizer` (class in *pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSIRFOptimizer*), 114, 283
- `RSPRFOptimizer` (class in *pysisyphus.tsoptimizers*), 285
- `RSPRFOptimizer` (class in *pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.RSPRFOptimizer*), 113, 283
- `run()` (in module *pysisyphus.db.generate_db*), 203
- `run()` (in module *pysisyphus.drivers.replace*), 211
- `run()` (in module *pysisyphus.filtertrj*), 296
- `run()` (in module *pysisyphus.pack*), 300
- `run()` (in module *pysisyphus.plot*), 305
- `run()` (in module *pysisyphus.run*), 306
- `run()` (in module *pysisyphus.TableFormatter*), 295
- `run()` (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 308
- `run()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 49, 145
- `run()` (*pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot.SteepestDescent* method), 207
- `run()` (*pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC* method), 120, 251
- `run()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch* method), 258
- `run()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer* method), 279
- `run()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer.MicroOptimizer* method), 268
- `run()` (*pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer* method), 80, 271
- `run()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline* method), 281
- `run_after()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator* method), 50, 146
- `run_after()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16* method), 184
- `run_after()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16* method), 54, 155
- `run_after()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 189
- `run_after()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 57, 164
- `run_after()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 194
- `run_after()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 59, 172
- `run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Composite* method), 179
- `run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Composite.Composite* method), 147

`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp method*), 180
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.DFTBp.DFTBp method*), 60, 149
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy method*), 181
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dummy.Dummy method*), 151
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc method*), 186
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.MultiCalc.MultiCalc method*), 159
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM method*), 187
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM method*), 70, 162
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method*), 189
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method*), 57, 164
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4 method*), 191
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Psi4.Psi4 method*), 62, 168
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Remote method*), 192
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Remote.Remote method*), 169
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 194
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 59, 172
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 196
`run_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 64, 176
`run_calculations()` (*in module pysisyphus.run*), 306
`run_calculations()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOM method*), 187
`run_calculations()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.LayerCalc method*), 68, 160
`run_calculations()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.ONIOMv2.ONIOM method*), 70, 162
`run_cycle()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick method*), 282
`run_cycle()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Kick.Kick method*), 281
`run_detect_paths()` (*in module pysisyphus.config*), 295
`run_double_mol_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16 method*), 184
`run_double_mol_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16 method*), 54, 155
`run_double_mol_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method*), 194
`run_double_mol_calculation()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method*), 60, 173
`run_endopt()` (*in module pysisyphus.run*), 306
`run_from_dict()` (*in module pysisyphus.run*), 306
`run_geom_opt()` (*pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline method*), 281
`run_irc()` (*in module pysisyphus.run*), 306
`run_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking method*), 260
`run_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.Backtracking.Backtracking method*), 257
`run_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang method*), 260
`run_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang method*), 258
`run_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch method*), 258
`run_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe method*), 261
`run_line_search()` (*pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe.StrongWolfe method*), 259
`run_mc_afir_paths()` (*in module pysisyphus.drivers.afir*), 205
`run_md()` (*in module pysisyphus.dynamics.mdp*), 217
`run_md()` (*in module pysisyphus.run*), 306
`run_md()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method*), 196
`run_md()` (*pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method*), 64, 176
`run_mdp()` (*in module pysisyphus.run*), 306
`run_merge()` (*in module pysisyphus.drivers.merge*), 206

- `run_opt()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.opt`), 206
`run_opt()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.replace`), 211
`run_opt()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.XTB` method), 196
`run_opt()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB` method), 64, 176
`run_perf()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.perf`), 207
`run_precontr()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot`), 207
`run_preopt()` (in module `pysisyphus.run`), 306
`run_rwfddump()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16` method), 184
`run_rwfddump()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16` method), 54, 155
`run_scan()` (in module `pysisyphus.run`), 307
`run_stable()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16` method), 184
`run_stable()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16` method), 54, 155
`run_stochastic()` (in module `pysisyphus.run`), 307
`run_thermo()` (in module `pysisyphus.drivers.thermo`), 211
`run_topo()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.XTB` method), 196
`run_topo()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB` method), 64, 176
`run_tsopt_from_cos()` (in module `pysisyphus.run`), 307
`RunResult` (class in `pysisyphus.run`), 305
- ## S
- `s` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EGO` property), 181
`s` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EGO.EGO` property), 151
`s` (`pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.Gaussian` property), 212
`save()` (`pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot.ParamPlot` method), 254
`save_coords()` (`pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot.ParamPlot` method), 254
`save_hessian()` (in module `pysisyphus.io`), 247
`save_hessian()` (in module `pysisyphus.io.hessian`), 244
`save_hessian()` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer` method), 82, 266
`save_orca_pc_file()` (in module `pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA`), 58, 164
`save_third_deriv()` (in module `pysisyphus.io`), 247
`save_third_deriv()` (in module `pysisyphus.io.hessian`), 244
`scale_by_max_step()` (in module `pysisyphus.optimizers.restrict_step`), 279
`scale_by_max_step()` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer` method), 80, 271
`scale_max_element()` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.PreconLBFGS.PreconLBFGS` method), 92, 272
`scale_velocities_to_energy()` (in module `pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers`), 215
`scale_velocities_to_temperatue()` (in module `pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers`), 216
`scan_energies` (`pysisyphus.run.RunResult` attribute), 306
`scan_geoms` (`pysisyphus.run.RunResult` attribute), 306
`scan_vals` (`pysisyphus.run.RunResult` attribute), 306
`scipy_corrector_step()` (`pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC` method), 256
`scipy_corrector_step()` (`pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC.EulerPC` method), 121, 248
`sd_step()` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer` method), 279
`sd_step()` (`pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer.MicroOptimizer` method), 268
`sdf_from_cid()` (in module `pysisyphus.io.pubchem`), 245
`secant()` (`pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang` method), 260
`secant()` (`pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang` method), 258
`send_closure()` (in module `pysisyphus.socket_helper`), 307
`set_active_set()` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC` method), 238
`set_active_set()` (`pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC` method), 221
`set_atoms_and_funcs()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR` method), 178
`set_atoms_and_funcs()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR` method), 67, 139
`set_calculator()` (`pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry` method), 39, 293
`set_chkfiles()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin` method), 182
`set_chkfiles()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.EnergyMin.EnergyMin` method), 152
`set_chkfiles()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16` method), 184
`set_chkfiles()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Gaussian16.Gaussian16` method), 54, 155
`set_chkfiles()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA` method), 189
`set_chkfiles()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA` method), 57, 164
`set_chkfiles()` (`pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole`

method), 194

set_chkfiles() (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method), 60, 173

set_climbing_forces() (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 104, 199

set_coord() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 39, 293

set_coords() (pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString method), 107, 202

set_coords() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 39, 293

set_coords_at() (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 104, 199

set_cross_vec() (pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive.Primitive method), 225

set_data() (pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2 method), 174

set_data() (pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC method), 120, 251

set_from_nested_list() (pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper method), 173

set_from_nested_list() (pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2 method), 174

set_h5_hessian() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 39, 293

set_images() (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 104, 199

set_inds_from_typed_prims() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method), 241

set_inds_from_typed_prims() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method), 42, 227

set_mo_coeffs() (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA method), 189

set_mo_coeffs() (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA method), 57, 164

set_mo_coeffs_in_gbw() (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA static method), 189

set_mo_coeffs_in_gbw() (pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA static method), 57, 164

set_N_invs() (pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque method), 192

set_N_invs() (pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque.TransTorque method), 171

set_N_raw() (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer method), 181

set_N_raw() (pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer method), 71, 116, 150

set_new_frontier_nodes() (pysisyphus.cos.FreezingString.FreezingString method), 200

set_new_node() (pysisyphus.cos.GrowingChainOfStates.GrowingChainOfStates method), 106, 200

set_new_trust_radius() (pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer method), 82, 266

set_ntos() (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 52, 167

set_occ_and_mo_nums() (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole method), 194

set_occ_and_mo_nums() (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method), 60, 173

set_primitive_indices() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method), 241

set_primitive_indices() (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method), 42, 227

set_restart_info() (pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator method), 50, 146

set_restart_info() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 39, 293

set_restart_info() (pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer method), 80, 271

set_results() (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 39, 293

set_variable_springs() (pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB method), 104, 203

set_vector() (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 104, 199

set_wfow() (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 52, 167

set_zero_forces_for_fixed_images() (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 104, 199

setup() (pysisyphus.calculators.OBabel.OBabel method), 65, 159

setup_redundant() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.setup), 235

setup_redundant_from_geom() (in module pysisyphus.intcoords.setup), 235

setup_run_dict() (in module pysisyphus.run), 307

- shake() (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 308
- shake_coords() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
- should_bias_f0 (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* property), 181
- should_bias_f0 (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* property), 71, 116, 150
- should_bias_f1 (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer* property), 181
- should_bias_f1 (*pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer* property), 71, 116, 150
- show() (*pysisyphus.irc.ParamPlot.ParamPlot* method), 254
- sigma (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P* attribute), 192
- sigma (*pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P.TIP3P* attribute), 73, 171
- simple_guess() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians*), 276
- simple_peaks() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
- SimpleZTS (class in *pysisyphus.cos.SimpleZTS*), 106, 203
- slugify_worker() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers*), 297
- small_lbfgs_closure() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.closures*), 275
- SocketCalc (class in *pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc*), 170
- solve_rfo() (*pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer* method), 82, 266
- sort_by_central() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 299
- sort_by_prim_type() (in module *pysisyphus.intcoords.setup*), 235
- sphere_radius_from_volume() (in module *pysisyphus.pack*), 300
- spline() (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* method), 107, 202
- spline_plot_cycles() (in module *pysisyphus.plot*), 305
- spline_redistribute() (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 308
- split_xyz_str() (in module *pysisyphus.xyzloader*), 309
- sr1_update() (in module *pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates*), 277
- StabilizedQNMethod (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.StabilizedQNMethod*), 273
- standard_orientation() (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 308
- standard_orientation() (*pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry* method), 39, 293
- standard_state_corr() (in module *pysisyphus.helpers_pure*), 299
- standardize_geoms() (in module *pysisyphus.trj*), 308
- statistics() (*pysisyphus.calculators.AnaPotBase.AnaPotBase* method), 72, 141
- SteepestDescent (class in *pysisyphus.drivers.precon_pos_rot*), 207
- SteepestDescent (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.SteepestDescent*), 274
- step (*pysisyphus.dynamics.driver.MDResult* attribute), 213
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet* method), 256
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.DampedVelocityVerlet.DampedVelocityVerlet* method), 121, 247
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.Euler* method), 256
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.Euler.Euler* method), 121, 248
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC* method), 256
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.EulerPC.EulerPC* method), 121, 248
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel* method), 256
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.GonzalezSchlegel.GonzalezSchlegel* method), 121, 248
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod* method), 256
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.IMKMod.IMKMod* method), 122, 249
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.LQA* method), 256
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.LQA.LQA* method), 122, 253
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill* method), 257
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill.ModeKill* method), 253
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.RK4* method), 257
- step() (*pysisyphus.irc.RK4.RK4* method), 122, 254
- step_along_tangent() (*pysisyphus.interpolate.Redund.Redund* method), 243
- step_and_grad_from_line_search() (*pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer.TSHessianOptimizer* method), 113, 285
- stochastic (*pysisyphus.run.RunResult* attribute), 306
- store_and_track() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA* method), 189
- store_and_track() (*pysisyphus.calculators.ORCA.ORCA* method), 58, 164
- store_and_track() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole* method), 194
- store_and_track() (*pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole* method), 60, 173
- store_overlap_data() (*pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator* method), 52, 167
- Stretch (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords*), 242
- Stretch (class in *pysisyphus.intcoords.Stretch*), 228
- string_size (*pysisyphus.cos.GrowingString.GrowingString* property), 107, 202
- StringOptimizer (class in *pysisyphus.optimizers.StringOptimizer*), 274

- `strong_curvature_condition()` (pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch method), 258
- `strong_wolfe_condition()` (pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch method), 258
- `StrongWolfe` (class in pysisyphus.line_searches), 261
- `StrongWolfe` (class in pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe), 259
- `sub_control()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method), 194
- `sub_control()` (pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole.Turbomole method), 60, 173
- `sufficiently_decreased()` (pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch method), 259
- `sum_formula` (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 39, 293
- `sum_noises()` (in module pysisyphus.dynamics.thermostats), 217
- `surface_area` (pysisyphus.calculators.ExternalPotential.HarmonicSphere property), 153
- `svd_inv()` (in module pysisyphus.linalg), 300
- `swart_guess()` (in module pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians), 276
- ## T
- `T` (pysisyphus.dynamics.driver.MDResult attribute), 213
- `T_crossover_from_eigval()` (in module pysisyphus.irc.Instanton), 253
- `T_crossover_from_ts()` (in module pysisyphus.irc.Instanton), 253
- `t_ps` (pysisyphus.dynamics.driver.MDResult attribute), 213
- `TableFormatter` (class in pysisyphus.TableFormatter), 294
- `TablePrinter` (class in pysisyphus.TablePrinter), 295
- `take_quad_step()` (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang method), 260
- `take_quad_step()` (pysisyphus.line_searches.HagerZhang.HagerZhang method), 258
- `take_step()` (pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer.MicroOptimizer method), 279
- `take_step()` (pysisyphus.optimizers.MicroOptimizer.MicroOptimizer method), 268
- `taylor()` (in module pysisyphus.irc.DWI), 247
- `taylor_closure()` (in module pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ), 255
- `taylor_grad()` (in module pysisyphus.irc.DWI), 247
- `tdden_overlap_with_calculator()` (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 52, 167
- `tdden_overlaps()` (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 52, 168
- `temperature` (pysisyphus.drivers.rates.ReactionRates attribute), 208
- `temperature_for_kinetic_energy()` (in module pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers), 216
- `terminated` (pysisyphus.dynamics.driver.MDResult attribute), 213
- `thermo` (pysisyphus.helpers.FinalHessianResult attribute), 296
- `third_deriv_fd()` (in module pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ), 255
- `ThirdDerivResult` (class in pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ), 254
- `timed()` (in module pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 299
- `TIP3P` (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 192
- `TIP3P` (class in pysisyphus.calculators.TIP3P), 73, 170
- `to_float()` (in module pysisyphus.calculators.parser), 177
- `to_origin()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.Rotation.Rotation static method), 227
- `Torsion` (class in pysisyphus.intcoords), 242
- `Torsion` (class in pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion), 228
- `Torsion2` (class in pysisyphus.intcoords), 242
- `Torsion2` (class in pysisyphus.intcoords.Torsion2), 228
- `total_mass` (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry property), 39, 293
- `touch()` (in module pysisyphus.helpers_pure), 299
- `track_root()` (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 52, 168
- `transform_forces()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords method), 237
- `transform_forces()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords method), 219
- `transform_forces()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords.CoordSys method), 220
- `transform_forces()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords method), 241
- `transform_forces()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method), 42, 227
- `transform_hessian()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords method), 237
- `transform_hessian()` (pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords method), 42, 227

<i>phus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords</i> method), 219	<i>phus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes</i> attribute), 224
<code>transform_hessian()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords.CoordSys</i> method), 220	<code>TRANSLATION_Z</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes</i> attribute), 224
<code>transform_hessian()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC</i> method), 238	<code>TranslationX</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.intcoords</i>), 242
<code>transform_hessian()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC</i> method), 221	<code>TranslationX</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation</i>), 228
<code>transform_hessian()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords</i> method), 241	<code>TranslationY</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.intcoords</i>), 242
<code>transform_hessian()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords</i> method), 42, 227	<code>TranslationY</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation</i>), 228
<code>transform_int_step()</code> (in module <i>pysisyphus.intcoords.update</i>), 236	<code>TranslationZ</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.intcoords</i>), 242
<code>transform_int_step()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords</i> method), 237	<code>TranslationZ</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation</i>), 228
<code>transform_int_step()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords</i> method), 219	<code>TransTorque</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.calculators</i>), 192
<code>transform_int_step()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords.CoordSys</i> method), 220	<code>TransTorque</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.calculators.TransTorque</i>), 171
<code>transform_int_step()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC</i> method), 239	<code>TRIC</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.intcoords</i>), 242
<code>transform_int_step()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC</i> method), 221	<code>TRIC</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords</i>), 43, 227
<code>transform_int_step()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords</i> method), 241	<code>TRIM</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.tsoptimizers</i>), 286
<code>transform_int_step()</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords</i> method), 42, 227	<code>TRIM</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TRIM</i>), 114, 284
<code>translate()</code> (in module <i>pysisyphus.trj</i>), 308	<code>ts_bfgs_update()</code> (in module <i>pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates</i>), 277
<code>Translation</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.intcoords.Translation</i>), 228	<code>ts_bfgs_update_org()</code> (in module <i>pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates</i>), 277
<code>TRANSLATION</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes</i> attribute), 224	<code>ts_bfgs_update_revised()</code> (in module <i>pysisyphus.optimizers.hessian_updates</i>), 277
<code>translation_indices</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords</i> property), 241	<code>ts_geom</code> (<i>pysisyphus.run.RunResult</i> attribute), 306
<code>translation_indices</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords</i> property), 43, 227	<code>ts_hessian()</code> (in module <i>pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians</i>), 276
<code>translation_inds</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo</i> attribute), 234	<code>ts_opt</code> (<i>pysisyphus.run.RunResult</i> attribute), 306
<code>TRANSLATION_X</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes</i> attribute), 224	<code>TSHessianOptimizer</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer</i>), 112, 284
<code>TRANSLATION_Y</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.PrimTypes.PrimTypes</i> attribute), 224	<code>tunl()</code> (in module <i>pysisyphus.drivers.rates</i>), 210
	<code>Turbomole</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.calculators</i>), 192
	<code>Turbomole</code> (class in <i>pysisyphus.calculators.Turbomole</i>), 58, 171
	<code>type</code> (<i>pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis.DIISResult</i> attribute), 275
	<code>typed_prims</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords</i> property), 237
	<code>typed_prims</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.CartesianCoords.CartesianCoords</i> property), 219
	<code>typed_prims</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.Coords.CoordSys</i> property), 220
	<code>typed_prims</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords</i> property), 241
	<code>typed_prims</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.RedundantCoords.RedundantCoords</i> property), 43, 227
	<code>typed_prims</code> (<i>pysisyphus.intcoords.setup.CoordInfo</i> attribute), 234

U

[U](#) ([pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC](#) property), 238
[U](#) ([pysisyphus.intcoords.DLC.DLC](#) property), 221
[unlink\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer](#) method), 185
[unlink\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.IPIServer.IPIServer](#) method), 156
[unscaled_velocity_distribution\(\)](#) (in module [pysisyphus.dynamics.helpers](#)), 216
[unweight_mw_hessian\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.cos.Geometry.Geometry](#) method), 39, 293
[unweight_vec\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC](#) method), 120, 251
[update\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.irc.DWI.DWI](#) method), 247
[update_adapt_thresh\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.cos.AdaptiveNEB.AdaptiveNEB](#) method), 105, 197
[update_array_dims\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator](#) method), 53, 168
[update_hessian\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer](#) method), 82, 266
[update_internals\(\)](#) (in module [pysisyphus.intcoords.update](#)), 236
[update_mw_down_step\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill](#) method), 257
[update_mw_down_step\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.irc.ModeKill.ModeKill](#) method), 253
[update_orientation\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer](#) method), 181
[update_orientation\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.Dimer.Dimer](#) method), 71, 116, 150
[update_springs\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.cos.NEB.NEB](#) method), 104, 203
[update_trust_radius\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.optimizers.HessianOptimizer.HessianOptimizer](#) method), 82, 266
[update_ts_mode\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer.TSHessianOptimizer](#) method), 113, 285
[update_y\(\)](#) (in module [pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection](#)), 148
[using\(\)](#) (in module [pysisyphus.testing](#)), 307

V

[V_dimer\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr](#) method), 157
[V_harmonic\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr](#) method), 157
[V_LEPS\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr](#) method), 157

[V_tot\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.LEPSEExpr.LEPSEExpr](#) method), 157
[VALID_CDDS](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator](#) attribute), 51, 166
[valid_coord_types](#) ([pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates](#) attribute), 104, 199
[valid_diis_direction\(\)](#) (in module [pysisyphus.optimizers.gdiis](#)), 276
[valid_displs](#) ([pysisyphus.irc.IRC.IRC](#) attribute), 120, 251
[VALID_KEYS](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator](#) attribute), 51, 166
[valid_requests](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.SocketCalc.SocketCalc](#) attribute), 170
[valid_updates](#) ([pysisyphus.tsoptimizers.TSHessianOptimizer.TSHessianOptimizer](#) attribute), 113, 285
[VALID_XY](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator](#) attribute), 51, 166
[value\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.Colvar](#) method), 213
[value\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.CVBend](#) method), 212
[value\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.CVDistance](#) method), 212
[value\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.dynamics.colvars.CVTorsion](#) method), 212
[value\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.Gaussian](#) method), 212
[vec](#) ([pysisyphus.irc.initial_displ.ThirdDerivResult](#) attribute), 255
[verbose_bond_difference\(\)](#) (in module [pysisyphus.intcoords.helpers](#)), 232
[verify_chkfiles\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.Calculator.Calculator](#) method), 50, 146
[volume_for_density\(\)](#) (in module [pysisyphus.pack](#)), 300

W

[w](#) ([pysisyphus.dynamics.Gaussian.Gaussian](#) property), 212
[weight\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.intcoords.Primitive.Primitive](#) method), 225
[weight_function\(\)](#) (in module [pysisyphus.drivers.afir](#)), 205
[wf_overlap\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper.WFOWrapper](#) method), 173
[wf_overlap\(\)](#) ([pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2.WFOWrapper2](#) method), 174

`wf_overlap_with_calculator()` (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 53, 168
`wf_overlaps()` (pysisyphus.calculators.OverlapCalculator.OverlapCalculator method), 53, 168
`WFOWrapper` (class in pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper), 173
`WFOWrapper2` (class in pysisyphus.calculators.WFOWrapper2), 174
`wigner_corr()` (in module pysisyphus.drivers.rates), 210
`without_hydrogens()` (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 40, 294
`wolfe_condition()` (pysisyphus.line_searches.LineSearch.LineSearch method), 259
`wrap_stdin()` (in module pysisyphus.wrapper.mwfn), 287
`write_cycle_to_file()` (pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer method), 80, 271
`write_fragment_geoms()` (pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR method), 178
`write_fragment_geoms()` (pysisyphus.calculators.AFIR.AFIR method), 67, 140
`write_geoms_to_trj()` (in module pysisyphus.xyzloader), 309
`write_geoms_to_trj()` (pysisyphus.stochastic.Pipeline.Pipeline method), 281
`write_image_trjs()` (pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer method), 80, 271
`write_mdrestart()` (pysisyphus.calculators.XTB method), 196
`write_mdrestart()` (pysisyphus.calculators.XTB.XTB method), 64, 176
`write_results()` (pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer method), 80, 271
`write_to_out_dir()` (pysisyphus.optimizers.Optimizer.Optimizer method), 80, 271

X

`x` (pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities attribute), 147
`x` (pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.FitResult attribute), 278
`XTB` (class in pysisyphus.calculators), 194
`XTB` (class in pysisyphus.calculators.XTB), 62, 174
`xtb_hessian()` (in module pysisyphus.optimizers.guess_hessians), 276

Y

`y` (pysisyphus.calculators.ConicalIntersection.CIQuantities attribute), 147

`y` (pysisyphus.optimizers.poly_fit.FitResult attribute), 278

Z

`zero_crossings()` (in module pysisyphus.peakdetect), 303

`zero_crossings_sine_fit()` (in module pysisyphus.peakdetect), 303

`zero_fixed_vector()` (pysisyphus.cos.ChainOfStates.ChainOfStates method), 104, 199

`zero_frozen_forces()` (pysisyphus.Geometry.Geometry method), 40, 294

`ZeroStepLength`, 275

`ZLine` (class in pysisyphus.io.zmat), 246

`zmat_from_fn()` (in module pysisyphus.io.zmat), 246

`zmat_from_str()` (in module pysisyphus.io.zmat), 246

`zoom()` (pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe method), 261

`zoom()` (pysisyphus.line_searches.StrongWolfe.StrongWolfe method), 259